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MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

2024 ATTENDANCE ANALYSIS

INCLUDES SUMMER COLLEGIATE LEAGUE DATA

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Reporter's Note:

A special thank you to all the teams that post their Game Notes and/or their Media Guides on their Websites. The information they contain is very helpful when compiling this report, and those documents and publications are so well done.

2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE ANALYSIS

This report is an analysis of Minor League Baseball attendance for the 2024 season. Features include:

- A complete listing of the reorganized Minor League system.
- The summary of **2024** Minor League Baseball attendance highlights.
- Attendance notes for each league and for all individual teams.
- Listing of **2024** total attendance and per-game average attendance for every league and team.
- Comparing **2024 vs. 2023** attendance. Tables show attendance for these seasons for all teams. League comparisons differ from past reports due to the reorganization of the MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues. Tables also note the year current Minor League ballparks opened.
- Listings of MLB-affiliated and independent league teams with the biggest gains and worst declines in total attendance and average attendance for **2024 vs. 2023**.
- 1990-2024 total attendance and average per date yearly figures and changes for each league. This includes all the current reorganized MLB-affiliated leagues, and their predecessor leagues.
- The growth of Minor League Baseball in Major League Baseball markets, and in markets that have teams in the NBA, NFL, and NHL. These tables are updated to include 2024 data.
- A section about the tremendous increase in Minor League Baseball attendance over the past 55 years. Tables show how league attendance has grown vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979, and 1969. There is a comparison of Minor League attendance growth with attendance gains for other sports.
- Comparing individual team attendance in 2024 with attendance in 2014, 2004, 1994, 1984, and 1974.
- 2024 Minor League Playoff attendance.
- 2024 attendance by month for each league, and by day-of-the-week for MLB-affiliated teams.
- 1963-2024 Season total attendance for full-season, MLB-affiliated teams.
- Looking back at 1949, when Minor League attendance was a then-record-high 39,640,443. That record was not broken until 1999 (for the combined total of NAPBL and Independent leagues), and 2004, just for NAPBL teams. There were many more teams and leagues in 1949 than now. This section lists attendance for each 1949 league, and also lists the individual teams with the highest and the lowest attendance in each league. It also notes attendance in cities which had Minor League teams in 1949, but now are in the Major Leagues.
- A look back at 1961, when Minor League average attendance per team reached its lowest post World War II low, and at 1962, when total attendance was at its post-war low.
- A yearly listing of teams leading the Major League-affiliated (NAPBL) Minor Leagues in attendance, which includes all full-season and short-season leaders since 1940. Yearly total MLB-affiliated Minor League attendance since 1940, and total full-season leagues attendance since 1963, is listed.
- Yearly total independent leagues attendance since 1993, along with team leaders.
- Each current Minor League market's record-high season attendance, and average per date.
- Noting record-high Minor League attendance in cities that later joined the Major Leagues.
- A listing of teams that drew at least 500,000 in a season. Notes about teams topping one million.
- Information about teams that were in professional Minor Leagues in 2019, but are now in Summer Collegiate Leagues.

SOURCES

The Communications and Media Relations Department of Minor League Baseball (formerly known as the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues), provided attendance data for the Major League Baseball affiliated leagues for 1994 through 2019. 1997-2024 independent league data, and figures from the Summer Collegiate leagues, is from each league's official Website. 2021-2024 data from Major League Baseball affiliated teams and leagues, plus the Mexican, Atlantic, Appalachian, and MLB Draft Leagues, comes from the MLB Stats Reporting Platform. Information from individual teams sometimes came from that team's Website. Major League attendance data is from the Major League Baseball Information System, and from the MLB Stats Reporting Platform.

MLB-affiliated teams data from years prior to 1994 is from The Sporting News Official Baseball Guides, (1949, 1961, 1969-1980, 1989-1993 seasons), the Website 'thebaseballcube.com' (1982-1988), the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball, Third Edition (pre-1969 and 1980's NAPBL), edited by Lloyd Johnson and Miles Wolff (2007 – Baseball America), and from "Mud Hens and Mavericks" by Judith Blahnik and Phillip S. Schulz (1995 – Viking Penguin). Much of this data was verified with attendance books provided on Ioan by Minor League Baseball. Special thanks to Jeff Lantz, Senior Manager of Communications of Major League and Minor League Baseball for this information.

Independent league data prior to 1997 came from the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball, the "Independent Baseball Page" Website, "The History of Independent Baseball Leagues 1993-2002" by David Kemp and Miles Wolff, and league Media Guides. Some 2015 playoff data is from Bob Wirz of Indy Baseball Chatter.

The Websites 'oursportscentral.com,' 'baseballparks.com,' 'ballparkbiz.com,' and 'ballparkdigest.com,' plus the "Baseball America Directory," were sources of some information about ballparks, and Summer Collegiate leagues.

The Website 'archive.org' posted the 1950 and 1962 Sporting News Baseball Guides online, from the University of Florida library. This is how the league and team 1949 and 1961 attendance figures were obtained.

The raw data was compiled and analyzed by David P. Kronheim of Number Tamer, which is a marketing research service with clients in the sports industry. He has visited more than 120 Minor League ballparks over the past 4 decades.

There is a section on 2024 and prior years, post-season attendance. All other figures in this report are for regular season games only, and exclude exhibition, All-Star, and post-season games, unless noted otherwise.

With the exception of the Pecos League, baseball's Minor Leagues follow the current policy of all North American professional sports leagues, which is that official announced attendance is for tickets sold, not for actual in-stadium attendance. It includes 'no-shows,' which are tickets sold, but not used. In addition, Minor League announced attendance figures often include fans who are admitted to games for free. A 'sellout' usually means that all fixed seats were sold-out for a particular game. For some teams, it might mean that the total number of tickets sold, including lawn seating, exceeded the number of fixed seats. Many parks have standing-room, or lawn seating tickets available, and all those tickets don't have to be sold for most teams to list a game as a 'sellout.' The independent Pecos Baseball League does not include 'no-shows' in their attendance, so their actual ticket sales may be higher than the figures they report.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUES ATTENDANCE FOR SOME YEARS WAS SLIGHTLY HIGHER THAN LISTED

Actual 2010, and 2012 through 2024 total attendance for independent leagues was slightly higher, and average per date was a bit lower, than what is listed in this report. In 2010, the Continental League didn't finish its season, and no attendance figures were compiled. It is doubtful that average attendance per date in that league was more than 200. Total attendance for the Continental League in 2010 was probably not above 17,000, and perhaps, considerably less.

In 2014, the Independent Baseball League did not report attendance, which was estimated to be very low. The Freedom Pro League didn't report attendance in 2012 and 2013, the 2 seasons that it operated. It too, was low.

2016-2024 attendance from the Empire Pro League, was unavailable, but was probably quite low. 2011-2024 data for the Pecos Baseball League was estimated by the league office, as was some Mavericks League and United Shore League attendance.

ATTENTION: ENGLISH TEACHERS:

Team names in this report are spelled exactly as they appear in the Information Guide of Minor League Baseball, and on the Websites of the independent leagues. Starting in 2022, Class AAA is referred to as 'Triple-A' and Class AA is referred to as 'Double-A.' Class A leagues are either 'High-A' or 'Single-A' (formerly 'Low-A'). The terms 'NAPBL' and 'MLB-affiliated' both describe Major League farm leagues and teams.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER DATE OR GAME GUIDELINES USED IN NUMBER TAMER REPORTS

2020 through 2024 average attendance per date or per game figures in any of these Number Tamer reports, are only, as far as can be determined, for games played with fans in attendance. Games played with no fans in attendance are not counted, when figuring an average per date or game figure. Some leagues in various sports, have included all games, whether fans were in attendance or not, in their reported average attendance per date or game. This is why their 2020 through 2024 reported average attendance per date or game figures are sometimes lower than those shown in these Number Tamer reports. Since 2021, Palm Beach and Jupiter of the Florida State League played some games with no fans in attendance. Those games are not included in the number dates played in the attendance tables of this report.

WHAT'S MISSING FROM THE 2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE ANALYSIS

Every attempt has been made to get full attendance data from each league and team. In certain cases, attendance data was missing from some games, and figures reported on league Websites were incorrect. This was a problem, particularly with the independent leagues. With the help from league and team officials, almost all of the missing data was found. To all those who provided the numbers: – Thank you so much.

Attendance is still missing from 2 dates of the Kansas City Monarchs of the American Association, and from the Empire League. The Empire League has never reported attendance.

As for Kansas City, their reported average of 1,774 per date was applied to the 2 dates in 2024 with missing attendance. It is not a perfect formula to determine total attendance for a team, but it is better than listing nothing for those dates. The same was done for 2 Kansas City games in 2023.

In the event these missing figures are released, the data in this report will be updated. The goal is to provide a complete and accurate listing of Minor League attendance, and any assistance given is much appreciated.

NOTE TO LEAGUES, TEAMS, MEDIA, AND WEBSITES

You can download this report, and the 2009 through 2024 Major and Minor League Baseball Attendance Analyses, at numbertamer.com. Go to the site's 'Major League' and 'Minor League' pages for the PDF links to each report.

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PRE-GAME WARM UP" - AN OVERVIEW OF HOW BASEBALL'S MINOR LEAGUES ARE ORGANIZED

There are two types of 'leagues' in Minor League Baseball. The majority of them are affiliated with Major League Baseball, as part of its player development program, or 'farm system.'

MAJOR LEAGUE AFFILIATED LEAGUES (Formerly part of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues)

Until 2021, the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues (NAPBL), also known as "Minor League Baseball," had been the governing body of those minor leagues which are affiliated with Major League Baseball. Starting in 2021, Major League Baseball has taken over the operation of its affiliated Minor Leagues.

These leagues are divided into 5 classifications: Triple-A (International and Pacific Coast); Double-A (Eastern, Southern, and Texas); High-A (South Atlantic, Midwest, Northwest); Single-A (Carolina, Florida State, California); Rookie Level Complex Leagues (Arizona and Gulf Coast Leagues) that play at Major League Spring Training sites in Florida and Arizona, and don't charge admission to their games, and the Dominican Summer League. All Triple- A, Double-A, and A Leagues now play a full-season schedule, as noted in the next few pages. The short season MLB-affiliated leagues that operated through 2019, and charged admission, have been eliminated.

Admission is charged at games of the Arizona Fall League, which is a brief extra season for advanced Minor Leaguers. Each Major League team sends a few of their Minor League players to this league. Arizona Fall League attendance is noted in the Page 324 table, and is in the 2024 professional baseball attendance table on Page 37. Figures for this league are not part of other tables, and are not included in total Minor League attendance.

Every Major League team has a Triple-A, Double-A, High-A, and Single-A team, plus one or two Complex League teams. 25 Major League teams have at least one team in the Dominican Summer League.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUES

9 independent leagues operated in **2024**. The same leagues also operated in 2023 Some are now considered to be MLB-Partner Leagues, and have been laboratories for rules experiments. The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues have gone from being MLB-affiliated leagues to being independent leagues, effective in 2021. Otherwise, the independent leagues are independent of Major League Baseball. Their players, managers, and coaches are under contract to their individual leagues or teams. (Uniformed personnel, such as players, managers, coaches, and trainers in MLB-affiliated leagues are under contract to their specific Major League parent teams.) Major League organizations can, and quite often do, sign independent league players to contracts. Independent leagues were once the rule in Minor League Baseball. But as the modern Major League farm systems developed in the 1920's and 1930's, Minor League teams began to affiliate with Major League teams, and independent leagues and teams pretty much disappeared.

The current generation of independent leagues began in 1993 with the start of the Northern and the Frontier Leagues. All independent leagues have been through major reorganizations, and in some cases, name changes. The Can-Am League first played in 1995, as the Northeast League. This league was merged into the Frontier League for 2021. The American Association is a combination of former Northern League and Central League teams. The Central League began as the Texas-Louisiana League in 1994. Some leagues were unable to survive even one full season.

A significant reorganization of independent leagues took place in 2011. The Northern, Continental, United Baseball, and Golden Baseball Leagues disbanded. Some teams from those leagues played in the new North American and Pecos Baseball Leagues. Others moved into the Frontier League or the American Association.

Since 2021, the 9 independent leagues that operated are the American Association, Atlantic League, Mexican League, Frontier League, Pioneer Baseball League, Pecos Baseball League, Empire Baseball League, United Shore Baseball League (all games in Utica, MI), and the Mavericks League (all games in Keizer, OR). The Empire and United Shore Leagues began play in 2016, and 2021 was the first season for the Mavericks League.

In order to avoid confusion, this report will refer to leagues and teams affiliated with Major League Baseball as "MLB-affiliated" leagues or teams. In reports prior to 2020, these leagues and teams were often called "NAPBL" leagues or teams, and that term still may appear in this report. Attendance listings and individual league analyses for MLB-affiliated leagues and teams will be kept separate from the data of the independent leagues, unless otherwise noted.

This report has attendance data for Summer Collegiate leagues that sell tickets. There is also data from teams that recently were in the pro Minor Leagues, but now play in Summer Collegiate leagues

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL 2021 REALIGNMENT

Significant changes were made to the structure of Minor League Baseball for the 2021 season, as Major League Baseball has taken over the operation of its affiliated Minor leagues.

The number of U.S./Canadian Minor League teams that charge admission to their games, and that are affiliated with Major League teams, was reduced by MLB from 160 in 2019, to 120 since 2021. They all now play a full-season schedule (132 games for High-A, and Single-A (formerly Low-A), 138 games for Double-A, and 150 games for Triple-A. Each of the 30 MLB teams still has a Triple-A, Double-A, High-A and Single-A team. Also, each MLB team has one or two short-season 'Complex' teams that play at their Spring Training facility, and don't charge admission to their games.

All MLB-affiliated short-season leagues operating through 2019, either no longer exist, or are now Independent or Summer Collegiate MLB-Partner Leagues. 9 teams from those short-season leagues now play in full-season MLB-affiliated leagues. The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues have become MLB-Partner independent pro leagues.

Traditional league names returned in 2022 for the MLB-affiliated leagues, but numerous teams have changed classification since 2019. 3 former independent league teams (St. Paul, Sugar Land, and Somerset) are now MLB farm clubs, while some former MLB-affiliated teams now play in pro independent leagues, or in Summer Collegiate leagues.

The International League now includes some former PCL teams. Most former Triple-A Pacific Coast League teams remain there. In Double-A, nearly all Eastern, Southern, and Texas League teams are in the same leagues as in 2019. All Midwest League teams played in that league in 2019. All current Northwest League teams played in the short-season league of that name in 2019. The South Atlantic League is made up of teams that had been in 4 different leagues in 2019. The Carolina League has former South Atlantic League and Carolina League teams. All Florida State League teams were in the league in 2019, and all but one California League team was in that league in 2019.

In **2025**, for the first time since 2021, there are changes to the list of MLB-affiliated Minor League teams. In the Southern League, the Mississippi (Pearl) Braves become the Columbus (GA) Clingstones. The Carolina League Down East Wood Ducks (Kinston, NC) become the Hub City (Spartanburg, SC) Spartanburgers of the South Atlantic League. Mississippi and Down East will play in the independent Frontier League in 2025. Hickory moves from the South Atlantic to the Carolina League. More changes, noted in the league sections, are planned for 2026.

The Pioneer League is now a professional independent MLB Partner League, and the Appalachian League is an MLB Partner Collegiate Summer League. Both of these leagues had been in the short-season Rookie league classification through 2019. Most of the teams from the short-season Class A Northwest League are now in the High-A Northwest League. Teams from the former short-season Class-A New York-Penn League are scattered among the South Atlantic League, independent leagues, Summer Collegiate Leagues, or are no longer playing. 6 former MLB-affiliated Minor League clubs are now part of the Summer Collegiate/Minor League MLB Draft League.

Some of the other independent and Summer Collegiate leagues are also now 'MLB Partner' Leagues, with a closer association to Major League Baseball. All of the independent leagues, except for the United Shore League, had some changes in their roster of teams for 2021. Can-Am League teams were merged into the Frontier League. The Pacific Association did not play after 2019, but two of their former teams went to the Pecos League. The Mavericks League, has all 4 of its teams playing in Keizer, OR, the location of a Short-A Northwest League club through 2019.

The tables on the next few pages list the 2024 Minor League Baseball leagues and teams that charge admission to their games. This listing also includes each team's 2024 MLB parent club, and what league the team played in 2019, the last 'normal' Minor League season until 2022. There is also a roster of teams from each of the independent leagues, including the Mexican and Pioneer Leagues, and from the Summer Collegiate Appalachian, and MLB Draft Leagues. Another table lists the 43 teams that had been MLB farm clubs in 2019, but no longer have that relationship.

Major League Baseball has stated that the main purpose of this realignment was to reduce the number of Minor League players they have under contract, and to save some money on team travel. There will be future changes in which places have Minor League teams, as MLB is instituting more standards regarding Minor League ballparks.

Whether all these changes will be successful in terms of attendance can't really be known now. Due to Covid-19, there was plenty of uncertainty going into the 2021 season. Teams couldn't do much of their normal off-season marketing and ticket selling. Quite a few teams began the 2021 season only being able to admit a reduced number of fans to their ballparks. Minor league teams based in Canada were forced to play much of their seasons in the United States.

2022 was close to being a normal season. But there were some Covid-related postponements. Uncertainty due to Covid outbreaks probably did have some negative effect on attendance. 2023 and 2024 were totally normal seasons.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL – 2023, 2024, and 2025 LEAGUES AND TEAMS

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL AFFILIATED LEAGUES

TRIPLE-A INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE-20 Teams (March 29-Sep. 22 in 2024, March 28-Sep. 21 in 2025-150 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Buffalo Bisons	Blue Jays	International	Memphis Redbirds	Cardinals	Pacific Coast
Charlotte Knights	White Sox	International	Nashville Sounds	Brewers	Pacific Coast
Columbus Clippers	Indians	International	Norfolk Tides	Orioles	International
Durham Bulls	Rays	International	Omaha Storm Chasers	Royals	Pacific Coast
Gwinnett Stripers	Braves	International	Rochester Red Wings	Nationals	International
Indianapolis Indians	Pirates	International	St. Paul Saints	Twins	American Assn. (Independent)
Iowa Cubs	Cubs	Pacific Coast	Syracuse Mets	Mets	International
Jacksonville Jumbo Shrimp	Marlins	Southern (AA)	Scranton/Wilkes Barre RailRiders	Yankees	International
Lehigh Valley IronPigs	Phillies	International	Toledo Mud Hens	Tigers	International
Louisville Bats	Reds	International	Worcester Red Sox (Pawtucket in 2019)	Red Sox	International

TRIPLE-A PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE-10 Teams (March 29-Sept. 22 in 2024, March 28-Sept. 21 in 2025-150 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Albuquerque Isotopes	Rockies	Pacific Coast	Round Rock Express	Rangers	Pacific Coast
El Paso Chihuahuas	Padres	Pacific Coast	Sacramento River Cats	Giants	Pacific Coast
Las Vegas Aviators	Athletics	Pacific Coast	Salt Lake Bees	Angels	Pacific Coast
Oklahoma City Comets	Dodgers	Pacific Coast	Sugar Land Space	Astros	Atlantic
			Cowboys		(Independent)
Reno Aces	Diamondbacks	Pacific Coast	Tacoma Rainiers	Mariners	Pacific Coast

DOUBLE-A EASTERN LEAGUE-12 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 15 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 14 in 2025 - 138 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Akron Rubber Ducks	Indians	Eastern	Hartford Yard Goats	Rockies	Eastern
Altoona Curve	Pirates	Eastern	Portland Sea Dogs	Red Sox	Eastern
Binghamton Rumble Ponies	Mets	Eastern	New Hampshire Fisher Cats	Blue Jays	Eastern
Chesapeake Baysox	Orioles	Eastern	Reading Fightin' Phils	Phillies	Eastern
Erie Seawolves	Tigers	Eastern	Richmond Flying Squirrels	Giants	Eastern
Harrisburg Senators	Nationals	Eastern	Somerset Patriots	Yankees	Atlantic (Independent)

DOUBLE-A TEXAS LEAGUE - 10 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 15 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 14 in 2025 - 138 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Amarillo Sod Poodles	Diamondbacks	Texas	Northwest Arkansas Naturals	Royals	Texas
Arkansas Travelers	Mariners	Texas	San Antonio Missions	Padres	Pacific Coast
Corpus Christi Hooks	Astros	Texas	Springfield Cardinals	Cardinals	Texas
Frisco Roughriders	Rangers	Texas	Tulsa Drillers	Dodgers	Texas
Midland Rock Hounds	Athletics	Texas	Wichita Wind Surge (New Orleans in 2019)	Twins	Pacific Coast

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL AFFILIATED LEAGUES

DOUBLE-A SOUTHERN LEAGUE - 8 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 15 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 14 in 2025 - 138 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Biloxi Shuckers	Brewers	Southern	Montgomery Biscuits	Rays	Southern
Birmingham Barons	White Sox	Southern	Pensacola Blue Wahoos	Marlins	Southern
Chattanooga Lookouts	Reds	Southern	Rocket City (Madison, AL) Trash Pandas (Mobile in 2019)	Angels	Southern
Mississippi Braves	Braves	Southern	Tennessee Smokies	Cubs	Southern

Mississippi moves to Columbus, GA in 2025. The team will be named the Clingstones.

HIGH-A SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE - 12 Teams (April 5-Sept. 8 in 2024, April 4-Sept. 7 in 2025 - 132 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Aberdeen Ironbirds	Orioles	New York-Penn	Hub City (Spartanburg) Spartanburgers	Rangers	None
Asheville Tourists	Astros	South Atlantic	Hudson Valley Renegades	Yankees	New York-Penn
Bowling Green (KY) Hot Rods	Rays	Midwest	Jersey Shore (Lakewood) Blue Claws	Phillies	South Atlantic
Brooklyn Cyclones	Mets	New York-Penn	Rome Emperors	Braves	South Atlantic
Greensboro Grasshoppers	Pirates	South Atlantic	Wilmington (DE) Blue Rocks	Nationals	Carolina
Greenville (SC) Drive	Red Sox	South Atlantic	Winston-Salem Dash	White Sox	Carolina

Spartanburg, SC replaced Hickory in 2025. Hickory moved to the Carolina League.

HIGH-A MIDWEST LEAGUE - 12 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 8 in 2024, April 4 - Sept, 7 in 2025 - 132 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Beloit Sky Carp	Marlins	Midwest	Lansing Lugnuts	Athletics	Midwest
Cedar Rapids Kernels	Twins	Midwest	Peoria Chiefs	Cardinals	Midwest
Dayton Dragons	Reds	Midwest	Quad Cities River Bandits	Royals	Midwest
Fort Wayne Tincaps	Padres	Midwest	South Bend Cubs	Cubs	Midwest
Great Lakes Loons	Dodgers	Midwest	West Michigan Whitecaps	Tigers	Midwest
Lake County Captains	Indians	Midwest	Wisconsin Timber Rattlers	Brewers	Midwest

HIGH-A NORTHWEST LEAGUE - 6 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 8 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 7 in 2025 - 132 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Eugene Emeralds	Giants	Northwest	Spokane Indians	Rockies	Northwest
Everett Aquasox	Mariners	Northwest	Tri-City (WA) Dust Devils	Angels	Northwest
Hillsboro Hops	Diamondbacks	Northwest	Vancouver Canadians	Blue Jays	Northwest

SINGLE-A CALIFORNIA LEAGUE - 8 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 8 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 7 in 2025 - 132 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Fresno Grizzlies	Rockies	Pacific Coast	San Jose Giants	Giants	California
Inland Empire 66ers of	Angels	California	Rancho Cucamonga	Dodgers	California
San Bernadino	_		Quakes	_	
Lake Elsinore Storm	Padres	California	Stockton Ports	Athletics	California
Modesto Nuts	Mariners	California	Visalia Rawhide	Diamondbacks	California

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL AFFILIATED LEAGUES

SINGLE-A CAROLINA LEAGUE - 12 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 8 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 7 in 2025 - 132 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Augusta Greenjackets	Braves	South Atlantic	Fayetteville (NC) Woodpeckers	Astros	Carolina
Carolina Mudcats	Brewers	Carolina	Fredericksburg Nationals (Potomac-2019)	Nationals	Carolina
Charleston (SC) Riverdogs	Rays	South Atlantic	Kannapolis Cannon Ballers (Intimidators-2019)	White Sox	South Atlantic
Columbia (SC) Fireflies	Royals	South Atlantic	Lynchburg Hillcats	Indians	Carolina
Delmarva Shorebirds	Orioles	South Atlantic	Myrtle Beach Pelicans	Cubs	Carolina
Hickory Crawdads	Rangers	South Atlantic	Salem (VA) Red Sox	Red Sox	Carolina

Down East moves to Spartanburg, SC in 2025, and will be in the South Atlantic League. The team will be the Hub City Spartanburgers. Hickory replaced Down East in the Carolina League in 2025.

SINGLE-A FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE-10 Teams (April 5 - Sept. 8 in 2024, April 4 - Sept. 7 in 2025 - 132 games)

Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League	Team	MLB Affiliate	2019 League
Bradenton Marauders	Pirates	Florida State	Jupiter Hammerheads	Marlins	Florida State
Clearwater Threshers	Phillies	Florida State	Lakeland Flying Tigers	Tigers	Florida State
Daytona Tortugas	Reds	Florida State	Palm Beach Cardinals	Cardinals	Florida State
Dunedin Blue Jays	Blue Jays	Florida State	St. Lucie Mets	Mets	Florida State
Fort Myers Mighty	Twins	Florida State	Tampa Tarpons	Yankees	Florida State
Mussels (Miracle-2019)					

Source: Minor League Baseball Information Guide. Traditional league names returned in 2022.

2021-2025 INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUES – INCLUDES MLB PARTNER LEAGUES

MEXICAN LEAGUE - 20 Teams, April 12 - August 1 in 2024, April 17 - August 7 in 2025 - 93 games)

Equipo (Team)	Equipo (Team)
Rieleros de Auguascalientes (Railroadmen)	Saraperos de Santillo (Sarape Makers)
Algodoneros de Union Laguna (Cotton Makers)	Olmecas de Tabasco (Olmecs)
Bravos de Leon (Braves)	Toros de Tijuana (Bulls)
Diablos Rojos de la Ciudad de Mexico (Red Devils)	Tecolotes de Dos Laredos (Owls of the Two Laredos)
Acereros de Monclova (Steelers)	Piratas de Campeche (Pirates)
Dorados de Chihuahua (new in 2024)	Conspiradores de Queretaro
Sultanes de Monterrey (Sultans)	Leones de Yucatan (Lions)
Guerreros de Oaxaca (Warriors)	Caliente de Durango (Heat)
Pericos de Puebla (Parrots)	Charros de Jaliisco (Guadalajara).same in English)
Tigres de Quintana Roo – Cancun (Tigers)	El Aguila de Vercruz (Eagle)

Guadalajara and Veracruz were added for 2021. All other Mexican League teams also played in the league in 2019.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE – 10 Teams (April 25 – Sept. 15 in 2024, April 25 – Sept. 18 in 2025 – 126 games)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Gastonia Ghost Peppers	Expansion Team	Long Island Ducks	Atlantic
High Point Rockers	Atlantic	Southern Maryland Blue Crabs	Atlantic
Lancaster (PA) Barnstormers	Atlantic	Charleston (WV) Dirty Birds	South Atlantic
Lexington (KY) Counter Clocks	South Atlantic	York Revolution	Atlantic
Hagerstown Flying Boxcars (2024)	South Atlantic	Staten Island Ferry Hawks (2022)	New York-Penn

2021-2025 INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUES – INCLUDES MLB PARTNER LEAGUES

FRONTIER LEAGUE - 16 Teams in 2024 (May 9 - Sept. 1, 18 teams in 2025 (May 8 - August 31) - 96 games

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Tri-City (Troy, NY) Valley Cats	New York-Penn	Florence (KY) Y'alls	Frontier
Trois Rivieres Aigles	Can-Am	Evansville Otters	Frontier
Ottawa Titans	Can-Am	Quebec Capitales (2022)	Can-Am
New York Boulders	Can-Am	Windy City (IL)Thunderbolts	Frontier
Mississippi Mud Monsters (2025)	Southern	Down East (Kinston) Bird Dawgs	Carolina
New Jersey Jackals	Can-Am	Lake Erie (OH) Crushers	Frontier
Sussex County (NJ) Miners	Can-Am	Joliet Slammers	Frontier
Washington (PA) Wild Things	Frontier	Schaumburg Boomers	Frontier
Gateway (Sauget, IL) Grizzlies	Frontier	N.E. Knockouts (Brockton,MA)	New team – 2024

Down East (Kinston, NC) and Mississippi (Pearl) move from MLB-affiliates to the Frontier League in 2025.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION - 12 Teams (May 9 - Sept. 2 in 2024, May 8 - Sept. 1 in 2025 - 100 games)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Chicago Dogs	American Assn.	Cleburne Railroaders	American Assn.
Fargo-Moorhead RedHawks	American Assn.	Kansas City (KS) Monarchs	American Assn.
Gary-Southshore RailCats	American Assn.	Lincoln Saltdogs	American Assn.
Kane County Cougars	Midwest	Sioux City (IA) Explorers	American Assn.
Milwaukee Milkmen	American Assn.	Sioux Falls (SD) Canaries	American Assn.
Winnipeg Goldeyes	American Assn.	Lake Country (WI) DockHounds	New Team in 2022

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE – 16 teams in 2024 and 2025, number of games based on team location, (May 22 – July 28 in 2024, May 19 – July 29 in 2025)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Alpine Cowboys	Pecos	North Platte (NE) 80's	New in 2024
Austin Weirdos (2022)	New 2022, out 2024	Pecos, (TX) Bills	New in 2024
Bakersfield Train Robbers	Pecos	Roswell Invaders	Pecos
Blackwell, OK Flycatchers	New in 2023	San Rafael Pacifics	Pacific Assn.
Colorado Springs Snow Sox	Out in 2023	Santa Cruz Seaweed	New team in 2021
Garden City (KS) Wind	Pecos	Santa Fe Fuego	Pecos
Lancaster, CA Sound Breakers	New-2023,out-2024	Santa Rosa Scuba Divers	New team in 2022
Martinez Sturgeon	Pacific Assn. (2018)	Trinidad Triggers	Pecos
Marysville Drakes	New in 2023	Tucson Saguaros	Pecos
Monterey (CA) Amberjacks	Pecos-out in 2024	Wasco Reserve	Pecos–Out in 2023

In 2025, the Kansas City, MO Hormigas will be added, and Monterey, CA returns. Marysville and Austin will be dropped.

UNITED SHORE BASEBALL LEAGUE-4 Teams, all in Utica MI (May 17-Aug. 31 in 2024, May 16-Aug. 30 in 2025) 55 dates, 70 games in 2025

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Birmingham-Bloomfield Beavers	United Shore	Utica Unicorns	United Shore
Eastside Diamond Hoppers	United Shore	West Side Wooley Mammoths	United Shore

2021-2025 INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUES – INCLUDES MLB PARTNER LEAGUES

PIONEER LEAGUE - 12 teams (May 21 - Sept. 8 in 2024, May 20 - Sept. 7 in 2025, 96 games)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Billings Mustangs	Pioneer	Idaho Falls Chukars	Pioneer
Boise Hawks	Northwest	Missoula Paddleheads	Pioneer
Grand Junction Jackalopes	Pioneer	Ogden Raptors	Pioneer
Great Falls Voyagers	Pioneer	Rocky Mountain (Colorado	Pioneer
		Springs) Vibe	
Glacier Range Riders (Kalispell, MT)	New team in 2022	Northern Colorado Owlz	New team in 2022
Oakland Ballers	New team in 2024	Yuba-Sutter High Wheelers	New team in 2024

Yuba-Sutter (Marysville, CA) replaces Yolo (Davis) in 2025

EMPIRE BASEBALL LEAGUE – 4 Teams, (72 games for the league (June 7 – July 17 in 2024)

4 reams, (# of games to be announced (June 1 – July 31 in 2025)					
Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League		
Malone Border Hounds	New in 2023	Saranac Lake Surge	Empire		
North Country.(Plattsburgh) Thunderbirds	Empire	Tupper Lake River Pigs	New team in 2021		

MAVERICKS LEAGUE – 4 Teams, all in Keizer, OR (May 8 – August 25 in 2024) 4 Teams – 96 games for the league (May 10 – August 27 in 2025)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Campesinos de Salem-Keizer	None	Salem Senators	None
Portland Mavericks	None	Salem-Keizer Volcanoes	Northwest

SUMMER COLLEGIATE LEAGUES WITH TEAMS THAT WERE ALL IN 2019 MINOR LEAGUES

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL DRAFT LEAGUE - 6 Teams (June 4-Sept. 4 2024, June 4-Sept. 3 2025, 80 games)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Frederick Keys	Carolina	Trenton Thunder	Eastern
Mahoning Valley (OH) Scrappers	New York-Penn	West Virginia Black Bears	New York–Penn
State College Spikes	New York–Penn	Williamsport Crosscutters	New York–Penn

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE - 10 Teams (June 4 - July 31 in 2024, June 5 - July 30 in 2025 - 48 games)

Team	2019 League	Team	2019 League
Bluefield Ridge Runners	Appalachian	Greeneville (TN) Flyboys	Appalachian
Bristol State Lines	Appalachian	Johnson City Doughboys	Appalachian
Burlington (NC) Sock Puppets	Appalachian	Kingsport Axmen	Appalachian
Danville Otterbots	Appalachian	Princeton Whistle Pigs (out 2024)	Appalachian
Elizabethton River Riders	Appalachian	Pulaski River Turtles	Appalachian
Tri-State (Hunting, WV) Coal Cats	New in 2024		

2019 MLB AFFILIATED TEAMS NOT IN MLB AFFILIATED LEAGUES IN 2021-2025

2019 Team	2019 League	2025 League	2019 Team	2019 League	2025 League
Trenton Thunder	Eastern	MLB Draft	Jackson, TN Generals	Southern	Prospect
Mahoning Valley (OH) Scrappers	New York-Penn	MLB Draft	West Virginia Black Bears (Morgantown)	New York- Penn	MLB Draft
Williamsport Crosscutters	New York-Penn	MLB Draft	Staten Island Yankees	New York- Penn	None in 2021 Atlantic in 2022
Lancaster JetHawks	California	None	Kane County (IL) Cougars	Midwest	American Assn.
Frederick Keys	Carolina	MLB Draft	Bluefield Blue Jays	Appalachian	Appalachian
(Port) Charlotte Stone Crabs	Florida State	None	Bristol Pirates	Appalachian	Appalachian
Florida Fire Frogs	Florida State	None	Burlington (NC) Royals	Appalachian	Appalachian
Burlington (IA) Bees	Midwest	Prospect	Danville Braves	Appalachian	Appalachian
Clinton Lumberkings	Midwest	Prospect	Elizabethton Twins	Appalachian	Appalachian
Hagerstown Suns	South Atlantic	Atlantic	Greeneville (TN) Reds	Appalachian	Appalachian
Lexington Legends	South Atlantic	Atlantic	Johnson City Cardinals	Appalachian	Appalachian
West Virginia Power (Charleston)	South Atlantic	Atlantic	Kingsport Mets	Appalachian	Appalachian
State College Spikes	New York-Penn	MLB Draft	Princeton Rays	Appalachian	Appalachian
Auburn Doubledays	New York-Penn	Perfect Game	Pulaski Yankees	Appalachian	Appalachian
Batavia Muckdogs	New York-Penn	Perfect Game	Billings Mustangs	Pioneer	Pioneer
Norwich Sea Unicorns	New York-Penn	Futures Colleg.	Grand Junction Rockies	Pioneer	Pioneer
Lowell Spinners	New York-Penn	None	Great Falls Voyagers	Pioneer	Pioneer
Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats	New York-Penn	Frontier	Idaho Falls Chukars	Pioneer	Pioneer
Vermont Lake Monsters	New York-Penn	Futures Collegiate	Missoula Paddleheads	Pioneer	Pioneer
Boise Hawks	Northwest	Pioneer	Ogden Raptors	Pioneer	Pioneer
Salem-Keiser Volcanoes	Northwest	Mavericks	Rocky Mountain Vibes (Colorado Springs)	Pioneer	Pioneer
Orem	Pioneer	None	Down East (Kinston)	Carolina	Frontier (2025)
Mississippi (Pearl)	Southern	Frontier (2025)			

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE CHANGES SINCE 2019

2019 Team	2019 League	2021-25 League	Team	2019 League	2021-24 League
St. Paul Saints	American Assn.	International – MLB Affiliated	Ottawa Champions	Can-Am	None in 2021, Frontier in 2022
Sugar Land Skeeters	Atlantic	Pacific Coast – MLB Affiliated	O'Fallon (MO) Hoots – River City in 2019	Frontier	Prospect Summer Colleg.
Somerset (NJ) Patriots	Atlantic	Eastern–MLB Aff	High Desert Yardbirds	Pecos	None
New Britain Bees	Atlantic	Futures Colleg.	California City Whiptails	Pecos	None
Texas Airhogs	American Assn.	None	White Sands Pupfish	Pecos	None
Southern Illinois Miners	Frontier	Prospect			

The Appalachian League has gone from a professional Minor League to an MLB-Partner Summer Collegiate league. The MLB Draft, Prospect, Perfect Game, Futures Collegiate, and Appalachian Leagues are Summer Collegiate. The Atlantic, American Association, Frontier, Pecos, Mexican, Empire, Pioneer, United Shore, and Mavericks Leagues are pro independent leagues.

MINOR LEAGUE SCHEDULING IN RECENT SEASONS

Close to normality returned to Minor League Baseball in 2022, and fully in 2023. But the landscape was quite different, as noted in the tables on the previous pages, from what it was in 2019, the last 'normal' season before 2022.

In 2021, the Major League affiliated leagues underwent a large realignment, with leagues getting reorganized, and the number of teams and leagues were reduced. This reorganization was planned before the Covid-19 outbreak. Teams often didn't know if they would be part of Minor League Baseball until December, 2020, so their usual off-season marketing, ticket sales, and promotional planning was delayed. There were changes to the independent leagues as well.

Then there was the Covid-19 pandemic. Would games be played? Would fans be admitted, and if so, how many? The 4 Canadian Minor League teams had to be relocated to the United States for much of the season since the U.S./Canadian border was closed. As it turned out, a few teams played some home games without fans in attendance, and other games were cancelled due to Covid breakouts. The 2021-22 off-season was closer to normal, but there were still some uncertainties due to Covid, and those concerns probably influenced 2022 attendance.

All this uncertainty, especially going into 2021, led to reductions in planned ticket sales campaigns, promotions, and group sales, all of which had a significant impact on Minor League attendance. A particular example of this, was the very sharp decline in the number of Monday through Friday day games in the Minor Leagues in 2021. These games, which usually draw very well, attract many school and summer-camp groups. Many more Monday-Friday day games were back on the schedule in 2022, and 2023 had a significant increase in the number of such games.

The table below shows the number of Monday-Friday (excluding holidays) day games scheduled by the 120 U.S. full-season Major League-affiliated teams, each year from 2016 through 2025. It has the same data for the leading U.S./Canadian independent leagues. This table includes scheduled games that were postponed due to weather, and the 2020 scheduled games, which of course, were not played. 2025 data is not complete. It will be updated.

MAJOR LEAGUE AFFILIATED LEAGUES			INDEPENDENT LEAGUES			
Year	# of Full - Season Teams	# Teams with Mon-Fri Day Games	# of Mon-Fri Day Games Scheduled	# of Full - Season Teams	# Teams with Mon-Fri Day Games	# of Mon-Fri Day Games Scheduled
2025	120	Guines	Concurca	52	Guilles	Concurca
2024	120	108	430	50	36	153
2023	120	106	409	47	35	154
2022	120	99	353	49	31	97
2021	120	46	122	40	18	44
2020	118	112	517	29	25	80
2019	120	111	548	36	32	105
2018	120	112	503	37	31	90
2017	120	113	517	38	31	98
2016	119	114	488	38	31	93

MINOR LEAGUE MONDAY-FRIDAY DAY GAMES SCHEDULED

In 2016, Hartford played all its games on the road, and is not included in the number of teams. The number of 2020 teams in this table only includes those who listed game times in their 2020 schedules. All Jupiter and Palm Beach 2021 day games were closed to the public, and are not included in this table.

Other Schedule Notes

110 of the 120 MLB-affiliated 2021 teams had a shorter schedule in 2021 (120 or 130 games each) than in 2019 (140 games each). The St. Paul Saints, now in the International League, had a 100-game schedule in the independent American Association in 2019. 9 other teams played the 2019 season in now-eliminated short-season leagues with 76-game schedules. The 120 MLB-affiliated teams had 1,050 fewer scheduled dates in 2021 than the 120 full-season MLB-affiliated teams had scheduled in 2019. The 2021 season started in early May. The 2022 season began on April 5.

Among the 2021 independent leagues, the Mexican League played a shortened 66-game schedule in 2021, compared to 120 games in 2019, when they were an NAPBL League. The Atlantic League had a 120-game schedule in 2021, down from 140 games in 2019. The Frontier League had 96-game schedule in both 2021 and 2019. The Can-Am League, which merged into the Frontier League in 2020, played a 100-game schedule in 2019. American Association schedules were the same length, 100 games, in both 2021 and 2019. The Pioneer League had a 96-game schedule starting in 2021, compared to a 76-game schedule in 2019, when it was an MLB-affiliated Rookie League. The United Shore League, with all its teams based in Utica, Michigan, played a slightly shorter schedule in 2021, than in 2019.

2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE HIGHLIGHTS

2024 Minor League Regular Season MLB-affiliated League and Team Attendance

- The 120 Major League affiliated Minor League teams couldn't follow-up their impressive 2023 attendance increases in 2024. Total 2024 attendance was 31,346,469. That total was down 805,915 (2.5%) from 2023. There were 5 fewer dates in 2024 compared to 2023. 412 dates were lost in 2024, vs. 406 lost dates in 2023, 408 lost dates in 2022, 503 lost dates in 2021, and 402 lost dates (for these same 120 teams) in 2019. Lost dates each year include games in Jupiter for Jupiter and Palm Beach, that were played with no fans in attendance. Average per date was 3,985 in 2024, down 99 (2.4%) vs. 2023. Average per team in 2024 was 261,221, down 6,716 (2.5%) vs. 2023. All 2024 MLB-affiliated Minor League teams played in the same markets as in 2023, 2022, and 2021. Changes are coming in 2025, as Mississippi moves to Columbus, GA, and Down East (Kinston, NC) moves to Spartanburg, SC.
- Of the 11 MLB-affiliated leagues, only 2 leagues had **2024 vs. 2023** increases. Midwest League total attendance rose 2,788 (0.1%), and average per date was up 57 (1.4%). The Florida State League was up 32,322 (4.6%) in total attendance, and up 50 (4.1%) in average per date. Biggest declines were by the International League, whose total declined 263,364 (3.1%), with an average per date dip of 181 (3.0%), and by the Carolina League, with declines of 131,980 (5.5%) in total attendance, and 172 (5.4%) in average per date.
- 48 of the 120 teams had increases in total attendance for 2024 vs. 2023, and 41 were up in average per date.
- Triple-A teams drew 12,492,947 in 2024, down 351,679 (2.7%), with a 5,792 average per date, down 169 (2.8%). Double-A drew 8,389,769, down 208,673 (2.4%). Average per date fell 94 (2.2%), to 4,235. In High-A, the total was 6,406,158, down 116,172 (1.8%), and average per date dipped 63 (1.8%) to 3,395. Single-A teams had a 4,057,595 total, down 129,391 (3.1%), with a 2,203 average per date, down 67 (2.9%).
- Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA) had the highest 2024 total attendance (588,788) among the MLB-affiliates, followed in total attendance by Indianapolis (588,363), Columbus (530,992), High-A Dayton (528,778), Albuquerque (503,525), and Nashville (500,241). 23 teams drew over 400,000, and 43 teams topped 300,000.
- Indianapolis had the best 2024 average per date (8,405), followed by Lehigh Valley (8,066), Dayton (8,012), Columbus (7,586), and Nashville (7,046). 21 teams topped 6,000, and 33 teams reached 5,000 per date.
- Indianapolis had the top numerical increases for 2024 vs. 2023 of any MLB-affiliated team, with total attendance up 31,588 (5.7%), and average per date up 563 (7.2%). Reading had the 2nd best numerical gain (28,784), followed by Salt Lake (25,984), Frisco (23,391), and Dunedin (23,156). 7 teams were up at least 20,000. Best average per date gains following Indianapolis were by Rochester (377), Arkansas and Dunedin (each 368), and Sacramento (357). 12 teams had increases of at least 200.
- The best total attendance percentage gains were by Dunedin (74.2%), Palm Beach (39.0%), Jupiter (19.8%), Lake Elsinore (9.0%), and Lake County, OH (8.4%). 15 teams were up at least 5%. Palm Beach and Jupiter played most Tuesday and Sunday games with no fans in their park. Top average per date percentage growth was by Dunedin (74.2%), Palm Beach (17.4%), Jupiter (11.2%), Lakeland (9.3%), and Arkansas (8.0%). 16 teams had 5%+ gains.
- Largest 2024 numerical declines in total attendance were by Binghamton, NY (60,850), Charlotte (59,729), Nashville (56,721), Round Rock (45,525), and Mississippi (44,241). 12 teams declined 30,000+ Biggest average per date declines were by Binghamton (865), Nashville (690), Gwinnett (634), Winston-Salem (615), and Worcester (572). There were 9 teams down at least 500 per date.
- The worst percentage losses in total attendance were by Binghamton (29.4%), Mississippi (27.2%), Fort Myers (23.4%), Down East-Kinston (22.1%), and Gwinnett (18.3%). 18 teams fell at least 10%. For average per date, they were by Binghamton (27.2%), Gwinnett (19.5%), Mississippi (18.2%), Carolina (16.1%), and Delmarva (15.9%). 12 teams declined at least 10% in average per date.
- The largest crowd of the year among MLB-affiliated teams was 14,524 at Triple-A Buffalo. Frisco had the top crowd in Double-A (12,051). Biggest High-A attendance was 9,917 at Lansing, and Fresno (9,939) had the Single-A high.

2024 Minor League Regular Season MLB-affiliated League and Team Attendance

- 2023 was a very special attendance year for the MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues.
- In 2023, 90 of the 120 MLB-affiliated Minor League teams had increases in total attendance vs. 2022, and 91 of those teams had growth in average per date. It was the largest percentage of 'same market' teams showing attendance increases in decades (certainly since at least 1970, and probably ever). The significance of this achievement is that it was done with a smaller group of teams. The last time at least 90 teams had gains was in 2007, when 114 of 171 NAPBL 'same market' teams, including Mexican League teams, did it. That year 104 of 158 (65.8%) U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams (excludes the Mexican League) showed gains in total attendance. In 1991, 99 of the 148 (66.9%) U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams posted increases, the highest percentage of teams achieving gains between 1970 and 2019.
- Since 1970, the other seasons with at least 90 'same market' U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams with total attendance gains vs. the previous year were: 1993 90 of 140 teams (64.3%); 1991 99 of 148 teams (66.9%); 1990 96 of 148 teams (64.9%). In 1987, 66.7% (88 of 132) 'same market' teams achieved increases. The term 'same market' team only includes teams that played in the same market in the two seasons being compared. It does include teams that moved into a new ballpark in their same market.
- The 4.0% increase in total attendance for 2023 vs. 2022 was very impressive because it was accomplished without any team relocations or new ballparks. Teams moving to new markets or new ballparks have accounted for much of Minor League Baseball's yearly attendance growth over the past 4 decades. Since 2000, and until 2023, the largest yearly percentage increase in total attendance among the U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams playing in the same market and ballpark in the 2 years being compared, was 1.5% for 2007 vs. 2006. (If the now independent Mexican League is included, the 2007 vs. 2006 gain was 1.1%.)
- The last time U.S./Canadian 'same market-same ballpark' teams had a combined gains of at least 4% was in 1991, when they had a 4.6% increase. In 1990, these types of teams had a 6.3% gain. Figures through 2019 include the short-season MLB-affiliated leagues that were in operation during that period. The numerical 2023 'same market, same ballpark' attendance increase of 1,231,662 was the highest since 1990.
- Each of the 11 leagues had a 2023 vs. 2022 increase in both total attendance and average per date. The Midwest League posted the top total attendance growth, up 283,618 (10.3%). The Eastern League had the highest average per date gain, up 323 (7.3%). The Texas, Midwest, and South Atlantic Leagues, also were up at least 200 in average per date.
- Only 30 MLB-affiliated teams had declines in 2023 vs. 2022 total attendance, and only 29 had average per date losses.
- The 120 Major League Baseball affiliated Minor League teams drew a total regular season attendance of 32,152,384 in **2023**, with an average per date of 4,084, and an average per team of 267,937. It was 30,920,722 in **2022**, averaging 3,933 per date, and 257,673 per team. They drew 22,089,014 in **2021**, with 6,814 dates with fans in attendance. Average per date with fans in attendance was 3,242. Average per team was 184,075. Many 2021 early season games were played with stadium capacity restrictions.
- In **2019**, these same 120 teams, regardless of what league, or what market, they were in that year, drew a total of 33,740,110 in 7,675 dates, an average of 4,396 per date.
- The Dayton Dragons sold out every game again in 2024. Dayton has now sold out 1,573 straight regular season dates, through 2024, since the team began play in 2000. This streak, which excludes 2021, is the longest sellout streak ever for a North American sports team.

2024 vs. 2019 MLB-Affiliated Minor League Attendance

• This report has eliminated many comparisons with attendance in 2019, which was the last year prior to the Minor League reorganization. But here are a few notes comparing 2024 attendance for the 120 MLB-affiliated teams, with what those same teams drew in 2019, regardless of what league or market they played in that year. The 2024 total was down 2,393,641 (7.1%) from 2019, and average per date was down 411 (9.3%). 37 of the 117 MLB-affiliated teams that played in the same market in 2024 and 2019 had higher total attendance in 2024 than in 2019. 32 of these teams were up for 2024 vs. 2019 in average per date.

2024 Minor League Regular Season Independent League and Team Attendance

- As noted earlier, the Empire League has never reported attendance. Attendance was missing for 2 games in both 2023 and 2024 from the Kansas City Monarchs. The Monarchs' missing attendance games were credited with their same average per date figure for the games with reported attendance. Not a perfect solution, but better than listing attendance for those games as zero, or not including those games in the number of dates played.
- The 85 independent league teams with reported attendance, (United Shore League, and Mavericks League, each count as one team because all of each of those league's teams play in the same ballpark. Northern Colorado and Yolo of the Pioneer League did not report.) drew an estimated 10,555,082 in 2024, up 394,547 (3.9%) from 2023. Average per date was 2,754 in 2024, down 7 (0.3%). There were 3,833 independent league dates played in 2024, up 153 from 2023. All figures include playoff games from the United Shore, Pecos, and Mavericks Leagues. 170 dates were lost among the 5 top indy leagues in 2024, 134 in 2023, 149 in 2022, 164 in 2021, and 126 in 2019.
- The Frontier, Pioneer, United Shore, and Mavericks Leagues set new record-highs in total attendance in 2024.
- Among the 8 leagues with reported attendance, 6 were up in total attendance for 2024 vs. 2023, and 2 were down. 5 leagues had growth in average per date. The Atlantic League had the biggest increase in total attendance, up 107,602 (7.2%), and the United Shore League, up 497 (17.8%) had the top growth in average per date, and the best total attendance percent gain (20.7%). The Mexican League, with 2 more teams in 2024, had the largest decrease in total attendance, down 8,433 (0.2%), and in average per date, down 553 (10.4%).
- 14 of the 15 teams playing in 2024 and 2023 in the Frontier League had average per date gains in 2024. The only team with a decline dipped just 4 per date. 11 teams in the league had increases of at least 160 per date.
- Among the 78 independent teams playing in the same market in **2024 and 2023**, 47 had gains in total attendance, and 31 had declines. 54 teams were up in average per date, 23 were down, and one team (Trinidad of the Pecos League), had the same average per date for both years.
- Los Diablos Rojos (Red Devils) of Mexico City had the top 2024 total attendance among independent teams (505,761), and their average per date of 11,761, was the best among all Minor League teams. This total was just below the best-ever by a modern independent league team (506,785 by 2023 Yucatan). Other 2024 leaders were Tijuana (419,200), Monterrey (354,094), Union Laguna (332,273), Saltillo (292,105), Long Island (290,073), and Kane County, IL (274,694). Mexican League teams had 12 of the 21 highest independent total attendance figures.
- Following Mexico City's 11,761 in average per date, were Tijuana (9,527), and Monterrey (8,431). These 3 teams had a higher average per date than all MLB-affiliated teams. Union Laguna (7,070), and Saltillo (6,491) were next. 15 of the 24 independent teams with the highest 2024 average per date play in the Mexican League. Kane County (5,606), Schaumburg (4,721), Long Island (4,679), and Chicago (4,467), posted the top average per date figures among U.S./Canadian independent teams.
- The largest numerical total attendance gains were by Union Laguna, (72,073), Aguascalientes (71,619), Jalisco (60,163), and Mexico City (53,842). Among U.S./Canadian teams, the United Shore League rose 46,872, New Jersey, whose 2023 attendance was estimated, increased 40,051, and Cleburne was up 22,317. On a percentage basis, only counting teams with at least 20,000 in attendance, top gains were by Bakersfield (112.8%), Aguascalientes (95.5%), New Jersey (88.1%), Jalisco (56.5%), and Cleburne (37.3%).
- Jalisco (1,491), Aguascalientes (1,487), Mexico City (1,252), Union Laguna (1,155), New Jersey (991), and Puebla (676), had the biggest gains in average per date among all Minor League teams. Other large increases by U.S. or Canadian teams were by the United Shore League (497), Sussex (463), Cleburne (446), and Quebec (401). New Jersey had the highest percentage gain in average per date (109.0%), followed by Bakersfield (89.8%), Aguascalientes (77.3%), and Jalisco (60.3%).
- Yucatan, down 371,984 (73.4%) in total attendance, and down 7,270 (68.9%) in average per date, had the biggest numerical and percentage declines among all Minor League teams. Other top total attendance losses were by Veracruz (43,735), Leon (24,871), Tabasco (22,298), Southern Maryland (20,176), and Gastonia (19,628).
- Yucatan (7,270), Veracruz (1,436), Tabasco (1,182), Saltillo (832), and Leon (592), had the highest average per date losses among all Minor League teams. Among U.S./Canadian independent teams, the biggest average per date declines were by Ogden (373), and Boise (256). Gastonia, down 14.9%, had the biggest % dip among U.S. teams.
- The largest crowd of the 2024 season at any Minor League Baseball game was 19,989 in Mexico City.

2024 Combined MLB-Affiliated and Independent League Regular Season Attendance

- Combined Major League-affiliated and independent leagues regular season attendance in 2024 was an estimated 41,901,551 in 11,700 dates, an average of 3,580 per date. These figures include playoff games from the United Shore, Pecos, and Mavericks Leagues, but do not include playoff attendance from any other leagues.
- **2024** combined total attendance dipped 411,368 (1.0%), and average per date fell 81 (2.2%) **vs. 2023**, with 148 more dates. 94 teams had gains in total attendance, and 104 had declines. 95 teams posted average per date increases, 102 had declines, and one team had the same average per date in both seasons. 582 dates were lost in 2024 among the leagues that report daily attendance. There were 540 combined lost dates in 2023, 557 in 2022, and 667 in 2021, compared to 546 in 2019.
- Teams that were in professional Minor Leagues in **2019**, but played in Summer Collegiate leagues in 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024, played around 600 dates with fans in attendance in 2021, 713 dates in 2022, 682 dates in 2023, and 698 dates (excludes Auburn, which did not report their attendance) in 2024.

2024 MLB-affiliated and Independent League Post-Season Attendance

- All leagues had playoffs in 2024. The MLB-affiliated leagues drew 221,857 for 70 playoff dates, averaging 3,169 per date. The largest playoff crowd was 8,052 in Dayton. The Triple-A Championship Game at Las Vegas drew 8,007.
- While the Mexican League continued to play a shorter regular season than prior to **2021**, they had their usual playoff format, and those games drew very well. The 70 Mexican League playoff dates drew 608,241, averaging 8,689 per date. 18 of these games drew over 10,000, with 13 of them topping 15,000. Monterrey had the largest crowd (21,909), and they averaged 13,712 for their 10 playoff dates. **The 11 playoff dates in Mexico City drew an average of 17,253 per date.**
- The 117 independent league playoff games (from the Mexican, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Frontier Leagues, and the American Association) drew 726,020, averaging 6,205 per date. The 4 U.S./Canadian Independent Leagues drew 117,779 in 47 dates, an average of 2,506 per date. Winnipeg (5,828) had the largest playoff crowd among the U.S./Canadian group of independent leagues. Combined MLB-affiliated and independent league 2024 playoff attendance was 947,877 in 187 dates, averaging 5,069 per date. United Shore, Pecos, Mavericks, and Empire Leagues playoff data was not available.

League Changes in 2025

• The Down East (Kinston, NC) Wood Ducks move to Spartanburg, SC, and become the Hub City Spartanburgers. The team moves from the Single-A Carolina League to the High-A South Atlantic League. Down East and Mississippi join the Frontier League. Mississippi played in the Southern League through 2024, and moved to Columbus, GA in 2025. The Hickory Crawdads move from the South Atlantic League to the Carolina League. Yuba-Sutter (Marysville, CA) moves from the Pecos Baseball League to the Pioneer League, replacing Yolo (Davis, CA).

7 New Minor League Ballparks in 2021, Just One in 2022, None in 2023, but 3 in 2024, and More in 2025

- In **2024**, 3 new parks opened for independent league teams at Queretaro of the Mexican League, Hagerstown of the Atlantic League, and Oakland of the Pioneer League. For Hagerstown, it was a return to pro ball, and that city had its best total attendance (175,079) since 1991, and the highest average per date (2,824) since at least 1991.
- Worcester replaced Pawtucket in 2021. Most games at new Polar Park drew near-capacity, or sellout crowds. In 2022, the Woosox drew a City of Worcester record-high of 532,152 in total attendance, and 7,290 in average per date. This was the 5th best total attendance, and the 6th best average per date among MLB-affiliated teams. Total attendance was 201,142 (60.8%) higher, and average per date was 2,036 (38.7%) higher than it was in Pawtucket in 2019. In 2023, Worcester drew 519,651 in total attendance, which ranked 7th among MLB-affiliated teams, and a team-record-high 7,424 per date, which was 6th best.
- Kannapolis, NC more than doubled its 2019 attendance, and set team records in 2022 for total attendance and average per date in their new downtown park. The 2022 vs. 2019 total attendance growth of 116,230, and the average per date gain of 1,778, along with the percentage increases in these categories, were best among all teams that played in the same market in 2022 and 2019. The Cannon Ballers set new record-highs in both total attendance (195,500), and average per date (3,055) in 2023, and drew a new record-high 195,795 in 2024.
- Fredericksburg, VA replaced relatively nearby Woodbridge VA (Potomac). In 2022, their total attendance (260,546), and average per date (4,136), was higher than it ever was in Woodbridge. The total was up a same market 3rd best 68,072, and average per date rose 873, which was 2nd best among teams in the same market in 2022 and 2019. Attendance rose in 2023 to new record-highs, with a total of 267,400, and an average per date of 4,178, but there were declines in 2024.
- Wichita's new park (replacing New Orleans) was a big attendance and marketing success in 2021. While their attendance was lower in 2022 than in 2021, the 2022 Wind Surge still drew 32,436 (402 per date) above their 2019 attendance in larger market of New Orleans. Wichita drew 322,637, averaging 4,676, in 2023, and had the biggest increase in both total attendance and average per date for 2023 vs. 2022 among MLB-affiliated teams. 2024 attendance was down.
- Rocket City (Madison, AL) more than tripled what they drew in Mobile in 2019. The Trash Pandas posted a 2022 vs, 2019 increase of 231,930 (243.9%) in total attendance, and a 3,446 (217.4%) gain in average per date. In 2024, Rocket City drew 319,417, and averaged 4,563 per date.
- Beloit's new park wasn't ready until August, 2021, so they didn't get all the attendance benefits from it in 2021. But in 2022, they set new team record-highs in both total attendance and average per date. Total attendance was up a 5th best 29,594 vs. 2019, and average per date rose a 4th best 451, among same market teams. The Sky Carp set another total attendance record-high in 2023 (104,411), and they averaged a record-high 1,654 per date in 2024.
- Gastonia got a new Atlantic League team in 2021, and a new park. But attendance fell in 2023 and 2024.
- Glacier (Kalispell, Montana), a 2022 Pioneer League expansion team, had the only park that opened in **2022**. The Range Riders had a 21.0% increase in total attendance and average per date in **2023**, and a 10.1% gain in **2024**, with new highs in total attendance, average per date, and for a single game.
- According to Ballparkdigest.com, new ballparks are expected to be completed in 2025 for the Northern Colorado Owlz of the Pioneer League, in Spartanburg, SC for the new Hub City Spartanburgers, in Knoxville for the Knoxville (formerly Tennessee) Smokies, and for the Salt Lake Bees. Sports Business Journal reported that ground has been broken for a new park near Portland, OR for the Hillsboro Hops. It will open in 2026. The Mississippi Braves are relocating to Columbus, GA in 2025, where the ballpark, originally opened in 1926, has undergone a major renovation. Chattanooga, Hillsboro, and Richmond are expected to open new parks in 2026.
- Construction has begun on a new park in Ontario, CA, opening in 2026, that will likely host the Dodgers' California League team currently in Rancho Cucamonga. Reports indicate that an Angels' farm club will then move from San Bernadino (Inland Empire) to Rancho Cucamonga. No official announcements have been made about these moves. Another 2026 move has the Carolina Mudcats relocating to a new park in nearby Wilson, NC. They will be named the Wilson Warbirds.

2024 League and Team Attendance Leaders

- The Triple-A International League had the most teams (20), the most dates played (1,419), the highest total attendance (8,345,881) and average per team (417,294), and the top average per date (5,882) of any league. The 10-team Pacific Coast League averaged 414,707 per team and 5,619 per date.
- In Double-A, the Eastern League posted the best total (3,659,775), average per team (304,981), and average per date (4,621). The Texas League was close behind, averaging 294,610 per team with a 2,946,097 total, and a 4,391 average per date.
- The Midwest League had the top High-A total (3,042,514), average per team (253,543), and average per date (4,041).
- Best drawing Single-A league was the Carolina (2,246,298 total, 187,192 average per team, 2,999 average per date).
- In the independent leagues, the Mexican League (20 teams), had the top total (4,032,870), best average per team (201,644), and highest average per date (4,750). The American Association drew 1,615,340, averaging 134,612 per team, and 2,804 per date, to lead the U.S./Canadian independent leagues with teams in multiple sites in total attendance and average per date. The United Shore League, with all teams in Utica, MI, drew 273,182, averaging 3,291 per date. The Atlantic League had the highest U.S./Canadian independent average per team (160,050). The Frontier, Pioneer, and Mavericks Leagues all set record-highs in total attendance, and the Mavericks League had a record-high average per date.
- Among MLB-affiliated teams, Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA) had the 2024 highest total attendance (588,788), followed by Indianapolis (588,363), Columbus, OH (530,992), High-A Dayton (528,778), Albuquerque (503,525), and Nashville (500,241).
 23 teams topped 400,000, and 43 teams drew above 300,000.
- In 2024 average per date, Indianapolis was the top draw (8,405), followed by Lehigh Valley (8,066), Dayton (8,012), Columbus, OH (7,586), Nashville (7,046), and Worcester (6,852). 21 teams topped 6,000, and 33 teams drew an average of better than 5,000 per date.
- In 2022, High-A Dayton led the MLB-affiliated leagues in average per date (7,935). (The last Class A team to lead Minor League Baseball in total attendance was Denver in 1952, but Toronto had a higher average per date that year.) Average per date for 1952 Denver is not available.
- For the independent teams, Mexico City had the highest **2024** total attendance (505,761), followed by Tijuana (419,200), Monterrey (354,094), Laguna (332,273) and Saltillo (292,105). Long Island (290,073) had the highest total among U.S./Canadian independent teams, followed by Kane County (274,694).
- Mexico City had the top average per date (11,761), which was the best in all Minor League Baseball in 2024, followed in the independent leagues by Tijuana (9.527), Monterrey (8,431), Union Laguna (7,070) and Saltillo (6,481). Among U.S./Canadian independent teams, Kane County, IL (5,606) had the highest average per date, followed by Schaumburg (4,721), Long Island (4,679), and Chicago (4,467).

July 3 and July 4 Crowds in Full-Season MLB-Affiliated Leagues, plus the pre-2021 Northwest League

- July 3 and July 4 are often the best attendance days of the Minor League season, with most teams having Fireworks shows after their games on at least one of these days.
- The 60 dates played by MLB-affiliated teams on **July 3**, **2024** drew 380,773, averaging 6,346 per date. Buffalo (12,529), Toledo (10,700), and Round Rock (10,219), all in Triple-A, reached 10,000. (Triple-A teams tend to have bigger parks that can host such large crowds.) Bowie (8,975) had the largest Double-A crowd, Lansing (9,917) drew the best High-A figure, and Clearwater (8,703) topped Single-A.
- Attendance for the 59 dates on July 4, 2024 was 427,045, an average of 7,238. Triple-A teams reaching 10,000 were Salt Lake (14,455), Indianapolis (13,323), Charlotte (11,211), Durham (11,183), Nashville (10,997), Rochester (10,566), and Scranton-Wilkes Barre (10,000). Frisco (12,051) had the Double-A high, Fort Wayne (9,337) topped High-A, and Fresno (9,939) led Single-A.
- On **July 3, 2023**, 52 MLB-affiliated teams had home games, which drew a total of 320,382, an average of 6,161 per game. 7 Triple-A teams, drew at least 10,000. The biggest crowd was 15,192 at Buffalo. Also drawing at least 10,000 were Albuquerque (11,601), Las Vegas (10,554), Jacksonville (10,280), Lehigh Valley (10,100), Sacramento (10,267), and Syracuse (10,058).
- 59 MLB-affiliated teams hosted games on July 4, 2023, drawing 457,919, averaging 7,761 per game. 15 teams drew at least 10,000. Salt Lake (14,354) had the largest crowd. Other 10,000+ crowds were in Triple-A Charlotte (10,990), Durham (11,090), Gwinnett (10,067), Indianapolis (14,130), Nashville (10,704), Reno (10,275), Rochester (10,507), Round Rock (11,639), Scranton-Wilkes Barre (10,000), and Toledo (10,374), at Double-A Frisco (12,045), and at Class-A Fresno (11,076), Lansing (11,521), and Winston-Salem (10,200).
- In **2022**, 58 MLB-affiliated games drew 359,268 on July 3, an average of 6,194 per game, with 7 crowds of at least 10,000. On July 4, 58 games drew 413,258, an average of 7,125 per game, also with 7 crowds of at least 10,000.
- In **2021**, the 59 July 3 games drew 333,120, an average of 5,646 per game, with 5 crowds above 10,000. On July 4, 2021, 60 teams drew 362,632, an average of 6,044 per game, with 8 crowds of 10,000+. In **2019**, the 64 games on July 3 in full-season or Northwest League parks, drew 437,811, averaging 6,841, with 14 above 10,000, and 60 July 4 games drew 444,947, (7,416 average), with 12 games drawing at least 10,000.
- The 64 July 3, **2018** games drew 443,697, averaging 6,933, with 9 10,000+ crowds. The next day, 62 games drew 459,594 (7,413 average), with 13 games reaching 10,000. In **2017**, July 3 attendance for 64 games was 469,814, averaging 7,341, and on July 4, 482,776 attended 64 games (average-7,543). On each of these days in 2017, 14 games drew at least 10,000.

Largest 2024 Crowds

- The largest Triple-A and MLB-affiliated league 2024 single game attendance was 14,524 in Buffalo (International), followed closely by a crowd of 14,455 in Salt Lake City (Pacific Coast). Frisco (Texas) had the biggest crowd in Double-A (12,051). Other Double-A league highs were at Richmond (Eastern- 9,810), and Birmingham (Southern 8,026). Lansing's (Midwest) 9,917 crowd was tops in High-A, with Jersey Shore (South Atlantic 9,462), and Spokane (Northwest 6,813) topping the other High-A leagues. Fresno (California) drew a Single-A best crowd of 9,939. Also in Single-A, top crowds were at Columbia (Carolina 8,134), and Clearwater (Florida State 8,703).
- Among the independent leagues, Mexico City of the Mexican League, drew the largest crowd for any regular season game in 2024 (19,989). Monterrey drew 21,909 for a playoff game. The biggest crowds in each of the other independent leagues that reported daily attendance were: Kane County (American Association 9,307); Lancaster (Atlantic 8,636); Schaumburg (Frontier 8,066); and Rocky Mountain-Colorado Springs (Pioneer 8,427).

Record Highs for Total Attendance, Average per Date, and Single Game Attendance, set in 2024

- 12 teams, and the Mavericks, Pioneer, United Shore, and Frontier Leagues, set new record-highs in total attendance in **2024**. The Mavericks League, and 14 teams, had all-time highs in average per date. At least 17 teams had or tied their biggest single game attendance. (Mexican League data for single game highs is available only since 2005.
- In their 4rd season as an independent, the Pioneer League, playing a longer schedule than they did as an MLB-affiliated short-season league, drew a league record-high 1,052,267, breaking a mark set in 2023. This total does not include any attendance by Northern Colorado or Yolo. The Pioneer League is not counting any Northern Colorado or Yolo attendance in their official 2024 attendance figures.
- The Frontier League added New England (Brockton) in 2024, and drew a league record-high 1,736,211. 14 of the 15 teams that played in both 2024 and 2023 had 2024 increases in average per date.
- The Mavericks League, with all 4 teams based in Keizer, OR, had the highest total attendance (119,480) and average per date (1,219) in its 4-year history.
- Total attendance was a record-high 273,182 for the United Shore Baseball League's 4 teams, who are all based in Utica, MI.
- Tacoma of the MLB-affiliated Pacific Coast League, and independent teams Chicago, Glacier, Bakersfield, Dublin, and Blackwell, set new record-highs in both total attendance and average per date in 2024. (Bakersfield drew higher figures when it was in the MLB-affiliated California League, playing a much longer schedule.)
- Single game record-highs were set by Charlotte, Rochester, Worcester, Amarillo, Chattanooga, South Bend, Hudson Valley, plus independent league teams Glacier, Schaumburg, Quintana Roo (Cancun), Jalisco (Guadalajara), and Lancaster, PA in 2024. There were 6 other teams that tied their record-high, sellout, single-game attendance. It is possible that some other independent teams also drew single-game record-high crowds.

ATTENTION INDEPENDENT LEAGUE TEAMS:

The Number Tamer Minor League Attendance Analysis is missing single game record high attendance figures for the following independent teams: Florence; Joliet; Lake Erie; Brockton (New England); New Jersey; Sussex; Washington PA; all in the Frontier League. Also missing are game-high records for Bristol and Bluefield of the Appalachian League. If you know the largest crowd your team, or a previous team in the same market, has ever drawn, and in what year this record was set, please contact David Kronheim (<u>d.kronheim@verizon.net</u>), and your team's record will be included in the section listing team record-highs. Thank you for your assistance.

RECORD-HIGHS IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE, AVERAGE PER DATE, OR SINGLE GAMES, SET OR TIED IN 2024

The following MLB-affiliated leagues and teams set or tied their team attendance records in **2024** in season total attendance, average per date, or for a single game. Some teams set a single-game record in 2024, for their current park, but have drawn bigger crowds in a larger, former park, in the same market. Attendance records set by Rocket City (Madison, AL) broke records set by the Huntsville Stars. Records set by Worcester are for any team in that market.

TOTAL ATTENDANCE		AVERAGE PER DATE		SINGLE GAME RECORD	
Tacoma	401,027	Tacoma	5,494	Rochester	13,605
Hudson Valley	195,791	Visalia	1,934	Myrtle Beach	6,600-T
Eugene	153,067	Beloit	1,654	Charlotte	11,211
Spokane	254,807			Lehigh Valley, PA	10,100-T
Tri-City, WA	121,949			Worcester	9,700
Kannapolis	195,795			Portland, ME	7,368-T
Chicago	218,897	Union Laguna	7,070	Amarillo	7,704
Glacier	110,858	Mexico City	11,761	Chattanooga	6,477
Bakersfield	23,458	Quintana Roo	5,214	Pensacola	5,038-T
Dublin	2,484	Hagerstown	2,824	Rocket City	7,500-T
Blackwell	4,959	Chicago	4,467	South Bend	8,169
Alpine	13,328				
		Glacier	2,310	Hudson Valley	6,176
		Bakersfield	634	Lancaster, PA	8,636
		Dublin	138	Glacier	5,365
		Blackwell	171	Schaumburg	8,066
		Santa Fe	501		
		Jalisco (Guadalajara)	3,966	Quintana Roo	10,285
United Shore League	273,182			Jalisco (Guadalajara)	9,513
Mavericks League	119,480	Mavericks League	1,219		
Frontier League	1,736,211				
Pioneer League	1,052,267				

T – Tied single game record-high, and may be for multiple games. This is usually the ballpark's full sellout figure.

Largest Single-Game Crowds (based on available data)

- **2024** Overall Mexico City (19,989); Triple-A Buffalo (14,524); Double-A Frisco (12,051); High-A – Lansing (9,917); Single-A – Fresno (9,939); U.S. Independent (Kane County (9,307)
- **2023** Overall Mexico City (18,842); Triple-A Buffalo (15,851); Double-A Frisco (12,045) High-A – Lansing (11,521); Single-A – Fresno (11.076); U.S. Independent - Kane County (10,181)
- 2022 Overall Tijuana Mexican League (17,986); Triple-A Albuquerque (15,619); Double-A Richmond (9,810) High-A – Lansing (10,055); Single-A – Fresno (11.302); U.S. Independent - Kane County (9,421)
- 2021 Overall Tijuana Mexican League (15,240); Triple-A Albuquerque (13,035); Double-A Richmond (9,560); High-A – Lansing (10,109); Single-A – Fresno (10,877); U.S. Independent - Atlantic – Kane County (8,415).

SOURCES: Office of Minor League Baseball, MLB Stats Reporting Platform, Independent leagues, Brennan Mense, Director of Broadcasting and Media Relations of the Daytona Tortugas.

NOTE TO MINOR LEAGUE TEAM PERSONNEL: If your team set a single-game record high in 2024, and it does not appear not on this list, please contact David Kronheim (<u>d.kronheim@verizon.net</u>) with the data, and your team will be added. Thank you for your assistance.

Numerical Attendance Increases - 2024 vs. 2023

- These MLB-affiliated teams had the biggest numerical gains in **total attendance**: Indianapolis (31,588); Reading (28,784); Salt Lake (25,984); Frisco (23,391); Dunedin (23,156); Lehigh Valley (21,466); Sacramento (21,225).
- The MLB-affiliated teams with the best numerical gains in **average attendance per date**: Indianapolis (563); Rochester (377); Arkansas (368); Dunedin (368); Sacramento (357); Frisco (349); Reading (346); Norfolk (344).
- Among the independent leagues, the highest total attendance numerical gains were by: Union Laguna (72,073); Aguascalientes (71,619); Jalisco (60,163); Mexico City (53,842); United Shore league (46,872); Puebla (41,107); New Jersey (estimated 40,051); Cleburne (22,317). Mexican League teams had 5 top gains in total attendance in this group.
- Top independent league average per date numerical growth: Jalisco (1,491); Aguascalientes (1,487); Mexico City (1,252); Union Laguna (1,155); New Jersey (estimated 991); Puebla (676); Oaxaca (489); Sussex (463); Cleburne (446); Quebec (401); Quintana Roo (377). Mexican League teams had the 4 biggest gains in this group.

Percentage Attendance Increases – 2024 vs. 2023

Percentage gains and losses rankings excludes those Pecos Baseball League teams which drew under 20,000, since relatively minor changes in their total attendance and average per date figures, result in distortedly high percentage changes. Most of their teams play in very small ballparks.

- MLB-affiliated teams with the top percentage gains in **total attendance**: Dunedin (74.2%); Palm Beach (39.0%); Jupiter (19.8%); Lake Elsinore (9.0%); Lake County, OH (8.4%); Great Lakes, MI (7.9%); Reading (7.5%).
- MLB-affiliated top percentage gains in **average per date**: Dunedin (74.2%); Palm Beach (17.4%); Jupiter (11.2%); Lakeland (9.3%); Arkansas (8.0%); Indianapolis (7.2%); Sacramento (6.9%); Frisco (6.7%); Great Lakes, MI (6.2%).
- Independent best **total attendance** percentage gains: Bakersfield (112.8%); Aguascalientes (95.5%); New Jersey (estimated 88.1%); Jalisco (56.5%); Cleburne (37.3%); Sussex (29.2%); Union Laguna (27.7%); Puebla (24.3%).
- Best independent average per date percentage growth: New Jersey (estimated 109.0%); Bakersfield (89.8%); Aguascalientes (77.3%); Jalisco (60.3%); Cleburne (37.3%); Sussex (29.2%); Sioux Falls, SD (23.7%); Staten Island (22.2%).

Numerical Attendance Declines – 2024 vs. 2023

- The MLB-affiliated teams with biggest numerical **total attendance** declines were: Binghamton, NY (60,850); Charlotte (59,729); Nashville (56,721); Round Rock (45,525); Mississippi (44,241); Gwinnett (42,375); Worcester (40,015).
- MLB-affiliated teams with the largest **average per date** decreases were: Binghamton, NY (865); Nashville (690); Gwinnett (634); Winston-Salem (615); Worcester (572); Charlotte (560); Greensboro (547); Buffalo (510).
- For the independent leagues, the largest total attendance declines were by: Yucatan (371,984); Veracruz (43,735); Leon (24,871); Tabasco (22,298), Southern Maryland (20,176); Gastonia (19,628); Ogden (17,552). Monterrey, MEX (17,168)
- The biggest independent **average per date** declines were by: Yucatan (7,270); Veracruz (1,436); Tabasco (1,182); Saltillo (832); Leon (592); Ogden (373); Boise (256); Billings (238).

Percentage Attendance Declines - 2024 vs. 2023

- MLB-affiliated teams with the largest percentage declines in **total attendance** were: Binghamton, NY (29.4%); Mississippi (27.2%); Fort Myers (23.4%); Down East (22.1%); Gwinnett (18.3%); Rome (17.6%); Memphis (13.7%).
- MLB-affiliated teams with the worst percentage losses in **average per date** were: Binghamton, NY (27.2%); Gwinnett (19.5%); Mississippi (18.2%); Carolina (16.1%); Delmarva (15.9%); Memphis (13.7%); Winston-Salem (13.0%).
- Independent 'same market' teams with the biggest **total attendance** percentage decreases were: Yucatan (73.4%); Veracruz (22.5%); Gastonia (21.5%); Leon (12.9%); Kansas City (12.6%); High Point (11.9%); Tabasco (11.8%).
- 'Same market' independent teams with the worst percentage losses in average per date were: Yucatan (68.9%); Veracruz (29.6%); Tabasco (23.9%); Gastonia (14.9%); Leon (12.9%); High Point (11.9%); Saltillo (11.4%).

An Excel worksheet with complete top to bottom rankings of MLB-affiliated teams, and independent teams, in the categories of total attendance and average per date, is available. It includes **2024 vs. 2023** changes ranked by team from the highest increase to the largest decline in total attendance and average per date, by both numerical and percentage change. If you'd like a free copy of this worksheet, please contact David Kronheim (<u>d.kronheim@verizon.net</u> or at 718-380-3851 or 718-591-2043, and it will be e-mailed to you.

2024 Lost Dates Due to Weather, Played Without Fans, or Didn't Have Reported Attendance

- Postponed games in the Minor Leagues are almost always made up as part of a single-admission doubleheader. Some postponed games are never made up. In both these cases, they are listed as 'lost dates.' Almost never in the MLB-affiliated leagues, and rarely in the independent leagues, are postponed games made up as part of a separateadmission doubleheader. There were many Covid postponements in 2021, but only a handful in 2022, and likely none in 2023 and 2024.
- There were 412 lost dates among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams in 2024, 6 more than in 2023. Independent league teams from the American Association, and the Frontier, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Mexican Leagues, had a combined 170 lost dates, 36 more than in 2023, due in part to 14 Mexican League games that didn't have any reported attendance. The combined 11 MLB-affiliated leagues, and the 5 independent leagues noted, had a combined 582 lost dates in 2024, 42 more than in 2023.
- Jupiter and Palm Beach (Florida State League) share Roger Dean Chevrolet Stadium in Jupiter. Since 2021, these two teams have played some home games with no fans in the park. In this report, these games count as 'lost dates.' In 2024, Jupiter had 24 lost dates, but only one was a rainout. The rest were played without fans. Palm Beach had 21 lost dates, but none were weather postponements.
- Other MLB-affiliated teams with a high number of **2024** postponements include: Rome, Down East, Tampa, and Fort Myers (10 each), Scranton-Wilkes Barre, Mississippi, and Vancouver (7 each), Norfolk, Rochester, Binghamton, Chattanooga, Beloit, Bowling Green, Charleston, SC, and Lakeland (6 each). The independent teams from the 5 best drawing leagues (Atlantic, Mexican, Frontier, Pioneer, and the American Association) with the most postponements were: Kansas City, Puebla, and Yucatan, (7 each); Quintana Roo and Campeche (6 each), Oaxaca, Aguascalientes, Ottawa, Sussex (5 each). Chihuahua is listed with 13 lost dates, but 10 were played with no attendance listed. 4 of Queretaro's 7 lost dates were played, but with no reported attendance. It is unknown if fans were in attendance for those Chihuahua and Queretaro games.
- Blessed with good weather and no **2024** postponements, were 8 teams from the MLB-affiliated leagues (El Paso, Wichita, Dayton (they had 10 postponements in 2022 and none in 2023), Stockton, Durham, Albuquerque, St. Lucie, Lake Elsinore), and 9 independent teams from the 5 best drawing leagues (Cleburne, Schaumburg, Quebec, Glacier, Grand Junction, Gateway, Billings, Oakland, Rocky Mountain).
- 26 MLB-affiliated teams, and 19 independent teams from the 5 best drawing leagues, had only one lost date each.

- Triple-A The 30 Triple-A teams drew a combined 12,492,947 in 2024, averaging 416,432 per team and 5,792 per date, with 93 lost dates. They had 2 more dates in 2024 than in 2023. These same teams drew 12,844,626 in 2023, averaging 428,154 per team, and 5,960 per date, with 95 lost dates.
- **2024 vs. 2023** Triple-A total attendance was down 351,679 (2.7%), and average per date fell 169 (2.8%). 11 teams had gains in total attendance, and 8 were up in average per date. 9 teams had more dates in 2024 than in 2023.
- International League 20 teams. The league consists of all 14 teams from the 2019 International League, plus lowa, Memphis, Nashville, and Omaha, from the Pacific Coast League, Jacksonville, from the Double-A Southern League, and St. Paul, who played in the independent American Association in 2019.
- This league has the most teams of any league, and it drew the highest attendance of any league in **2024**. But it had the largest numerical declines of any MLB-affiliated league. Total **2024** attendance was 8,345,881, averaging 417,294 per team, and 5,882 per date. There were 81 lost dates, and one less date than in **2023**. 4 teams (Nashville, Lehigh Valley, Indianapolis, Columbus) drew over 500,000, and 9 other teams topped 400,000. The league had the top 3, and 12 of the top 18, MLB-affiliated teams in total attendance, and 10 of the 15 MLB-affiliated teams with the highest average per date. 4 teams averaged at least 7,000 per date, and 8 other teams averaged better than 6,000.
- Lehigh Valley drew 588,788, the best total of <u>any</u> Minor League team in 2024, and averaged 8,066 per date, the 2nd best average per date among all MLB-affiliated teams. Indianapolis was a very close 2nd in total attendance (588,363), and led all MLB-affiliated teams with an 8,405 average per date.
- For **2024 vs. 2023**, total attendance was down 263,364 (3.1%), and average per date fell 181 (3.0%). 8 teams had gains in total attendance, and 5 teams were up in average per date.
- Indianapolis had the largest numerical gains (31,588 in total attendance, 563 in average per date) of any MLBaffiliated team. Lehigh Valley also had a 20,000+ increase in total attendance. Norfolk, Rochester, and Toledo also had average per date growth of better than 200.
- Charlotte had 3 fewer dates than in 2023, and had the league's top total attendance decline (59,729), which was the 2nd highest loss among MLB-affiliates. Nashville's 690 dip in average per date was the worst in the league, and the 2nd largest among the MLB-affiliated teams. Charlotte, Gwinnett, Nashville, and Worcester all had total attendance declines of at least 40,000. Those same 4 teams, plus Buffalo, had average per date declines of at least 500.
- Buffalo had the largest crowd (14,524) of 2024 among all MLB-affiliated teams.
- In 2019, the 14-team International League drew 6,445,838, and averaged 6,887 per date.
- **Pacific Coast League** 10 teams. 9 of the teams in this league played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League in 2019. Sugar Land was in the independent Atlantic League.
- Total **2024** attendance was 4,147,066, down 88,315 (2.1%) from **2023**. Average per team was 414,707. Average per date fell 143 (2.5%) to 5,619. There were 3 more dates in **2024 than in 2023**, and 12 dates were lost. 3 teams had gains in total attendance, led by Salt Lake, up 25,984. 3 teams had average per date increases, topped by Sacramento, up 357. Round Rock had the largest declines in the league, down 45,525 in total, and 478 in average.
- Albuquerque led the league with 503,525 in total attendance, which was the 5th highest among MLB-affiliated teams in 2024, and in average per date (6,714). Salt Lake, which moves to a new park in 2025, had the league's largest crowd of 2024 (14,455). El Paso, Las Vegas, Sacramento, Tacoma, and Salt Lake also topped 400,000 in total attendance, and El Paso, Las Vegas, and Salt Lake also averaged better than 6,000 per date. Sugar Land was the only team that didn't average at least 4,800 per date.
- Tacoma set new team record-highs in total attendance (401,027) and average per date (5,494).
- Total **2019** attendance in the 16-team Pacific Coast League was 7,054,538, with a 6,532 average per date.

- **Double-A** The 30 teams drew 8,389,769 in **2024**, averaging 279,659 per team, and 4,235 per date, with 88 lost dates, and 5 fewer dates played than in 2023.
- **2024** Double-A total attendance fell 208,673 (2.4%) **from 2023**, and average per date declined by 94 (2.2%). 10 teams had increases in total attendance, and 8 teams had gains in average per date.
- **Texas League** 10 teams. Made up of all 8 of the 2019 Texas League teams, plus San Antonio, who played in the Pacific Coast League in 2019, and Wichita, also from the PCL, but who played in New Orleans in 2019.
- The league drew a **2024** total of 2,946,097, with just 19 lost dates, averaging 294,610 per team, and 4,391 per date. The total was down 69,975 (2.3%) from **2023**, and average per date fell 78 (1.7%), with 4 fewer dates. Arkansas, Frisco, and Springfield, MO had total attendance increases, and Arkansas and Frisco were up in average per date.
- Frisco had the Texas League top total (371,149), top average per date (5,540), best total attendance increase (23,391), and largest crowd (12,051). Arkansas posted the highest average per date gain, up 368. Amarillo, Arkansas, Tulsa, and Wichita also surpassed 300,000 in total attendance, and Amarillo and Tulsa also averaged better than 5,000 per date. Biggest losses were by Northwest Arkansas in total attendance, down 25,953, with 2 fewer dates than in 2023, and by Wichita, down 301, in average per date.
- The 8 teams that played in the Texas League in 2019, drew 2,791,180 that year, averaging 5,131 per date.
- **Eastern League** 12 teams. 11 of the teams were in the Eastern League in 2019. Somerset played in the independent Atlantic League that year.
- The league drew 3,659,775 in **2024**, averaging 304,981 per team, and 4,621 per date. These figures are the highest among the Double-A leagues. There were 36 lost dates, and 7 more dates played than in **2023**. The total was down 46,734 (1.3%), and average per date declined 101 (2.1%). 6 teams had increases in total attendance, and 5 were up in average per date. The top crowd was 9,810 in Richmond.
- Richmond had the top total attendance (435,295) and average per date (6,595) among all Double-A teams. Hartford and Reading also topped 400,000 in total attendance and 6,000 in average per date. Portland's average per date was also above 6,000. Altoona, Portland ME, and Somerset drew over 300,000 in total attendance.
- In 2023, Binghamton had the 3rd best total attendance gain, and the 2nd highest average per date increase, among all MLB-affiliated teams. But 2024, was not so good for the Rumble Ponies. The declines of 60,850 (29.4%) in total attendance, and 865 (27.2%) in average per date, were the highest numerical and percentage decreases among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams. The weather didn't help as Binghamton had 6 lost dates, the most of any Eastern League team.
- Reading had the top increases in the league, with total attendance up 28,784, and average per date up 346.
- Teams in the **2019 Eastern League** drew 3,749,124, and averaged 4,764 per date.

- Southern League 8 teams, all of whom played in the Southern League in 2019.
- **2024** total attendance was 1,783,897, averaging 222,987 per team, and 3,444 per date, with 33 lost dates. Rocket City (Madison, AL) had the league's best attendance, with a 319,417 total and a 4,563 average per date. Their home total included 11,150 for 4 dates originally scheduled in Mississippi. (One more Mississippi 'home' date at Rocket City was rained out.) Pensacola and Tennessee also topped 285,000 in total attendance, and averaged above 4,200 per date. Largest crowd of the season was 8,026 in Birmingham.
- Compared to **2023**, the **2024** total was down 91,964 (4.9%), and average per date dropped by 122 (3.4%), with 8 fewer dates. Rocket City had the league's only increase in total attendance, up 5,111. Montgomery, up 5, had the only average per date gain. Biggest losses were by Mississippi, down 44,241 in total attendance, and down 464 in average per date. As a result of those 5 scheduled dates moved to Rocket City, and 7 home rainouts, Mississippi only played 57 home dates. This team moves to Columbus, GA in 2025, and will be named the Clingstones.
- The 10-team **2019 Southern League** drew 2,242,303, and averaged 3,439 per date.
- In 2021, the Rocket City (Madison, AL) Trash Pandas, who moved from Mobile, and had a great first season, in both marketing and attendance. They led the league in total attendance (274,858), and led all of Double-A in average per date (5,726), despite 12 lost dates. Their 2021 total was up 179,771, and the average per date rose 4,141, from 2019 in Mobile. According to Ballparkdigest.com, the Trash Pandas had \$1.4 million in merchandise sales before ever playing a game in Madison.
- **High-A** The 30 teams in this group drew a total of 6,406,158 in **2024**, averaging 213,539 per team, and 3,395 per date, with 93 lost dates. There was one more date played than in 2023.
- **2024** High-A total attendance was down 116,172 (1.8%) **from 2023**. Average per date fell 63 (1.8%). 15 teams were up in total attendance **vs. 2023**, with Lake County (OH), up 16,322, having the best gain. 12 teams had average per date increases, led by a 277 gain by Fort Wayne. Winston-Salem had the largest declines, down 38,151 in total attendance, and 615 in average per date. Top crowd was 9,917 in Lansing.
- South Atlantic League 12 teams. Asheville, Greensboro, Greenville, Hickory, Jersey Shore (Lakewood), and Rome, were in the South Atlantic League in 2019. Wilmington, DE and Winston-Salem played in the Carolina League in 2019. Bowling Green, KY was in the Midwest League, and Aberdeen, Brooklyn, and Hudson Valley played in the short-season New York-Penn League in 2019.
- This league drew 2,269,663 in 2024, averaging 189,139 per team, and 3,022 per date, with 41 lost dates, and 6 more dates than in 2023. Greenville SC led the league in both total attendance (304,653) and average per date (4,687). Greensboro, Jersey Shore (Lakewood, NJ), and Winston-Salem also topped 250,000 in total attendance, and Jersey and Winston-Salem also drew above 4,000 in average per date. Top crowd was 9,462 at Jersey Shore.
- Comparing **2024 with 2023**, total attendance decreased 100,492 (4.2%), and average per date was down 159 (5.0%). 5 teams had gains in total attendance, and 3 were up in average per date.
- Hudson Valley drew a team record-high total of 195,791. The Renegades also had the league's best increases in total attendance (up 12,142) and in average per date (up 143). As noted above, Winston-Salem had the biggest declines among High-A teams.
- The Hub City Spartanburgers (Spartanburg, SC) join the league in 2025. They replace the Hickory Crawdads, who move to the Carolina League.

- Midwest League 12 teams. All these teams played in the Midwest League in 2019.
- Drew 3,042,514 in **2024**, averaging 253,543 per team, and 4,041 per date, which were the highest figures by any Class A league. There were 39 lost dates. Lansing had the highest single game attendance 9,917.
- **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance rose 2,788 (0.1%), despite 10 fewer dates than in 2023. Average per date was up 57 (1.4%). 7 teams had gains in total attendance, led by Lake County, up 16,322. 8 teams were up in average per date, led by Fort Wayne, up 277. Wisconsin had a 201 average per date increase. Lansing, down 33,060 in total attendance, and down 382 in average per date, had the biggest declines.
- Beloit set a new team record-high in average per date (1,654).
- For the 18th straight year, Dayton had the highest attendance of any team below Triple-A, drawing an MLBaffiliated 4th best 2024 total of 528,778. They averaged 8,012 per date, 3rd highest among the MLB-affiliates. In 2022, the Dragons led all MLB-affiliated teams with a 7,935 average per date. This may have been the first time a Class A team led the Minor Leagues in average per date. Class-A Denver had the highest Minor League total attendance in 1952, but Triple-A Toronto had a higher average per date. Through 2019, Dayton had 20 of the 21 top season attendance totals by a Class A team. West Michigan had the other Top 21 total.
- Dayton holds the record for the longest consecutive sellout streak in North American sports. It was 1,385 regular season dates from the team's inception in 2000 through the 2019 season. The Dragons started the 2021 season with a greatly reduced allowable capacity in their ballpark. They did draw at least 6,000 to 33 dates. Their final 2021 Game Notes didn't mention sellouts, so it can be assumed that they didn't sell out every game in 2021. But it really wouldn't be fair to end such a great streak under circumstances mostly beyond the team's control. They sold out all 2022 dates. In both 2023 and 2024, all 66 Dayton home dates drew above their park's seating capacity, an amazing feat, especially considering they had no rainouts, and thus didn't have any redeemed rainchecks to add to their daily attendance. The sellout streak through 2024 is at 1,573, again excluding 2021. Every date in Dayton drew over 7,300 in 2024, with 29 dates attracting more than 8,000.
- Dayton, Fort Wayne, South Bend, and West Michigan drew over 300,000. Lansing, South Bend, West Michigan and Fort Wayne, along with Dayton, topped 4,000 per date.
- Northwest League 6 teams, all played in the short-season Northwest League in 2019.
- 2024 total attendance was 1,093,981, averaging 182,330 per team, and 2,856 per date. There were 5 more dates played than in 2023. Record-highs in total attendance were achieved by Spokane (254,807 as a Northwest League team), Tri-City (121,949), and Eugene (153,067 also as a Northwest League team). Eugene and Spokane had higher totals when they played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League. The short-season Northwest League record for average attendance per team occurred in 2019, when the 8-team league averaged 139,452 per team. 3 teams had 2024 total attendance gains, but only one club had an average per date increase.
- Vancouver led the league, drawing 274,892, with a 4,659 average per date, and 19 sellouts. But the Canadians had the biggest **2024 vs. 2023** declines in the league, down 22,245 in total attendance, and down 217 in average per date. As usual, Spokane drew well, with their Northwest League record-high total noted above, and a 3,920 average per date, along with the league's biggest crowd of the year (6,813).
- **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance fell 18,468 (1.7%), and average per date was down 87 (2.9%). Eugene posted the top gain in total attendance (7,171). Tri-City had the league's only average per date gain, up 51.
- With the longer schedule starting in 2021, the Northwest League now has more lost dates than in the past. There were 13 lost dates in 2024, 18 lost dates in 2023, and 21 lost dates in 2022. The 6 teams in the league had no lost dates in 2019, 1 each in 2018 and 2017, 4 in 2016 and 2013, 2 in 2015, and 3 in 2014 and 2012. The teams also play more games now on school days and nights, which tends to lead to a lower average per date, compared to when the league had a mid-June to Labor Day (Labour Day in Vancouver) schedule.

- Single-A (formerly Low-A) Combined total attendance for the 30 teams in 2024 was 4,057,595. Average per team was 135,253, and average per date was 2,203. There were 138 lost dates, which include games played by Jupiter and Palm Beach when fans were not allowed to attend. Top crowd was 9,939 at Fresno.
- **2024 vs. 2023** Single-A total attendance was down 129,391 (3.1%). Average per date fell 67 (2.9%), with 3 fewer dates with fans in attendance. 12 teams had gains in total attendance, and 13 were up in average per date. Dunedin had the largest gains in total attendance (23,156) and average per date (368). Fredericksburg suffered the biggest total attendance decline, down 34,710. Delmarva, down 504, had the biggest average per date decline.
- Carolina League 12 teams, 7 were in the Carolina League, and 5 had been in the South Atlantic League, in 2019.
- **2024** total attendance was a Single-A best 2,246,298, averaging 187,192 per team, and 2,999 per date, with 43 lost dates. The largest crowd was 8,134 at Columbia.
- It was a very close race for the total attendance lead with Charleston, SC drawing 256,695, followed by Augusta, GA (254,054), Myrtle Beach (249,349), and Fredericksburg (232,690). Charleston also had the best average per date (4,278), with Augusta (3,970), Myrtle Beach (3,958), and Fredericksburg (3,693), close behind.
- Kannapolis set a new team record-high in total attendance in 2024, with a 195,795 total.
- 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance fell 131,980 (5.5%). Average per date was down 172 (5.4%), with 1 less date. The percentage declines were the highest of any MLB-affiliated leagues. 3 teams had increases in total attendance and one was up in average per date. Salem, up 8,701, had the top total increase, and Fayetteville, had the league's only average per date gain, up 79. As noted above, Fredericksburg and Delmarva had the largest declines.
- Kannapolis moved into a new downtown ballpark in **2021**. Their **2024** total attendance was up 119,864 (157.9%) **from 2019**, their last year in the old park, with average per date increasing by 1,879 (165.8%).
- In 2025, the Hickory Crawdads move to the Carolina League from the South Atlantic League. They replace the Down East (Kinston, NC) Wood Ducks, who moved to Spartanburg, SC, and joined the South Atlantic League.
- Florida State League 10 teams, all played in the 2019 Florida State League.
- The league drew 728,122 in **2024**, an average of 72,812 per team, and 1,264 per date. There were a Minor League high 84 lost dates, which include 44 home dates played by Jupiter and Palm Beach with no fans allowed to attend.
- 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance was up 32,322 (4.6%). Average per date rose 50 (4.1%). These were the best increases among the 11 MLB-affiliated leagues. 3 more dates were played in 2024 than in 2023. 7 teams had total attendance gains, led by Dunedin, whose 23,156 increase was 5th best among MLB-affiliates. 7 teams had average per date growth, again led by Dunedin, with a 368 gain, which tied Arkansas for 3rd best among MLB-affiliates. Fort Myers had the league's top losses in total attendance (25,470), and in average per date (186).
- Dunedin, Palm Beach, and Jupiter finished 1-2-3 in 2024 vs. 2023 percentage increase for both total attendance and average per date among all MLB-affiliated teams.
- Clearwater led the league in **2024** total attendance (164,074), and average per date (2,646), and had the largest crowd (8,703). The Threshers have led the Florida State League in attendance in each of the last 13 seasons, and in 19 of 20 years since 2004.
- Both Jupiter and Palm Beach share Roger Dean Stadium in Jupiter. In 2021, local Covid-19 restrictions forced both teams to play many home games with no fans permitted to attend. This policy continued in 2022, 2023 and 2024. In **2024**, Palm Beach had 21 lost dates, but no rainouts. Jupiter lost 24 dates, but only one was rained out. Only dates with fans in attendance are counted in this report for compiling average per date. St. Lucie achieved a Florida State League rarity. They played all 66 home dates in 2024 with no postponements.

- California League 8 teams. 7 of these teams were in the 2019 California League. Fresno came from the Triple-A
 Pacific Coast League, replacing Lancaster. In 2023, Lancaster played in the independent Pecos League, and set alltime highs for any team in that league in total attendance and average per date. But that team didn't play in 2024
 because their ballpark was converted to a soccer facility.
- Total attendance was 1,083,175 in 2024, averaging 135,397 per team, and 2,095 per date. 11 dates were lost.
 Fresno, which had been in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League through 2019, was the league attendance leader by a wide margin, with a 256,446 total, a 4,007 average per date, and they drew the top crowd of the year among Class-A teams (9,939). Rancho Cucamonga came in 2nd, drawing 152,895, and averaging 2,389 per date. Visalia again drew a team record-high average per date (1,934).
- The **2024 vs. 2023** comparison shows a 29,733 (2.7%) decline in total attendance, and a 37 (1.7%) loss in average per date, with 5 fewer dates played. 2 teams were up in total attendance, and 5 teams had gains in average per date. Lake Elsinore had the biggest increase in total attendance (8,535), and Rancho Cucamonga had the best average per date gain (100). Fresno had the largest declines, down 20,643 in total attendance and down 191 in average per date.
- Weather, other than heat, is rarely an issue in the California League. There were 11 postponements in 2024, 6 in 2023, and only 2 dates were postponed in 2022, one in Fresno, and the other in Lake Elsinore. Weather was a slight issue in 2021 and 2019, with 12 lost dates each year. Only one game in 2018 was postponed. 3 dates were lost in 2017, and there were 4 in 2016. There were 8 lost dates in 2015, including one due to high winds. There were 2 lost dates in 2014, 4 in 2013, 10 in 2012, 8 in 2011, 9 in 2010, and 6 in 2009. The most rainouts over the last 25 years of this league were 23 in 1998 and 22 in 2003.
- Changes may be coming to the California League team lineup in 2026. Ground has been broken for a new park in Ontario, CA. It is thought that the Dodgers' team in nearby Rancho Cucamonga might move there, and that an Angels' team will then go to Rancho Cucamonga from San Bernadino. Modesto's team will than move to San Bernadino. No official announcement has been made.

Independent Leagues 2024 Attendance Summaries

- The same 9 independent leagues played in **2024**, **2023**, **2022**, **and 2021**. Attendance was available for the American Association, and the Mexican, Atlantic, Frontier, Pioneer, United Shore, Mavericks, and Pecos Baseball Leagues. Attendance has never been reported by the 4-team Empire Baseball League.
- Also missing is attendance from 2 dates played by Kansas City of the American Association. Attempts to get this data were not successful. So the average per date that Kanas City drew for those dates with reported attendance was applied to those dates with missing attendance. Not a perfect solution, but better than not listing any attendance for those dates.
- The Mexican League was a Major League-affiliated 'Minor League Baseball' member league through 2019. The league was not considered to be an independent league, even though none of its teams were MLB 'farm' teams. The Pioneer League was an MLB-affiliated short-season Rookie league through 2019, and became an MLB-Partner independent pro league in 2021.
- 98 teams played in these 9 independent leagues in 2024, 95 in 2023, and 94 teams played in those leagues in 2022. Attendance was found for 83 individual teams in 2024, 80 in 2023, and for 79 individual teams in 2022. In addition, there are league totals for both years for the 4-team United Shore Baseball League, which plays all its games in Utica, MI, and the Mavericks League, whose 4 teams all play in Keizer, OR. The United Shore and Mavericks Leagues are each counted as one 'team' in this attendance report.
- The Frontier League had a road team in **2023 but not in 2024**. The Pecos League had a road team in 2024. The new park for the Pioneer League's Northern Colorado Owlz has not opened. They played home games in several locations. The Pioneer League does not officially count attendance for Northern Colorado, or for the 2024 expansion team in Yolo, in their official figures, so this report will not include them in any league totals either.
- The 85 teams with attendance (counting the United Shore and Mavericks Leagues as one team each), drew an estimated total of 10,555,082 in 2024. This is the highest combined total independent league attendance since the return of such leagues in 1993. This total is up 394,547 (3.9%) vs. 2023. Average per date was 2,754 in 2024, down 7 (0.3%) vs. 2023.
- Mexico City led all independent teams with a total attendance of 505,726, just a bit below the all-time independent record of 506,765, set by Yucatan in 2023. Mexico City (11,761), Tijuana (9,527), and Monterrey (8,431), all in the Mexican League, had the 3 highest average per date figures in all of Minor League Baseball. Tijuana (419,200), Monterrey (354,094), and Union Laguna (332,273) also topped 300,000. Union Laguna (7,070), and Saltillo (6,491), also averaged better than 6,000 per date. Leading the U.S./Canadian teams was Long Island in total attendance (290,073), and Kane County in average per date (5,606).
- Union Laguna had the top **2024 vs. 2023** gain in total attendance (72,023), and Jalisco (Guadalajara) had the best average per date gain (1,491). Aguascalientes had a 71,619 gain in total attendance, and was up 1,487 in average per date. New Jersey, whose **2023** attendance was estimated, posted the highest gains in total (40,051) and average (991) among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Yucatan had the largest declines in both total attendance (371,984), and average per date (7,270). Among U.S. and Canadian independent teams, Southern Maryland, down 20,176 had the top loss in total attendance, and Ogden, down 373, had the highest decline in average per date.
- For **2024 vs. 2023**, 47 teams in the same markets in both years had increases in total attendance and 31 were down. 54 of these teams posted gains in average per date, while 23 had declines, and Trinidad of the Pecos League had the same average per date in both years.
- In **2024**, these independent teams played 153 more dates than in **2023**. Teams in the Mexican, Atlantic, Frontier, and Pioneer Leagues, and the American Association, had a combined 170 lost dates in **2024**. Their **2024** teams had 134 lost dates in 2023, 149 in 2022, 164 in **2021**, and 126 lost dates in **2019**.
- Teams that played in independent leagues in **2019** (**regardless of where they played in 2021-2024**,) drew a total of 5,690,513 that year, and averaged 2,341 per date. Add the Mexican League and Pioneer League attendance to the **2019** independent league figures, and total attendance was 11,029,912, and the average per date was 3,037.
- In 2024, the Atlantic League replaced its team in Frederick, MD with a team in Hagerstown. The Frontier League added New England (Brockton, MA). The Pioneer League added Oakland and Yolo. The Mexican League added Chihuahua and Queretaro, and the Pecos League added North Platte, NE and Pecos, TX. In 2025, the Frontier League adds Pearl, MS and Kinston, NC. Both of those markets had MLB-affiliated teams through 2024.

Independent Leagues 2024 Attendance Summaries

- **Mexican League** 20 teams played in **2024**, and 18 teams played in **2023**. 16 of these teams played in the Mexican League in 2019, with los Mariachis de Guadalajara (renamed Jalisco in 2024) and El Aguila de Veracruz added in 2021, and los Dorados de Chihuahua and los Conspiradores de Queretaro added in 2024.
- Covid-19-forced changes hit this league very hard in 2021. The schedule was reduced from 120 games to 66 games. It was raised to 90 games for 2022 and 2023, and 93 games in 2024. Total attendance was 4,032,870 in 2024, an average of 201,644 per team, and a 4,750 average per date. This was the highest total attendance and average per date of any independent league. There were 81 lost dates in 2024, which includes 10 games in Chihuahua, and 4 games at Queretaro, with no listed attendance.
- Total attendance fell 8,433 (0.2%) in 2024, and average per date was down 553 (10.4%) vs. the record-high of 5,304 in 2023, with 87 more dates. 10 teams had a higher total in 2024 than in 2023, and 10 teams were up in average per date. The 18 teams that played in the league in both 2024 and 2023, had a combined total decrease of 165,571 (4.1%), and an average per date decline of 309 (5.8%). Mexico City had the largest regular season crowd of 2024 (19,989), and Monterrey had the biggest post-season crowd (21,909), in the Minors.
- Numerically, Mexican League teams had 12 of the top 21 independent team total attendance figures in **2024**, including the top 5. They had 12 of the 18 highest independent in average per date figures, including the top 5.
- Mexico City led all independent teams, in 2024 attendance, with a total of 505,726, the 2nd best total ever by an independent team (Yucatan 506,765 in 2023). Their average per date of 11,761 was the best in Minor League Baseball in 2024, and an all-time independent team high. Other teams with high totals were Tijuana (419,200), Monterrey (354,094), Union Laguna (332,273), and Saltillo (292,105). Besides Mexico City, leading teams in average per date were Tijuana (9,527), Monterrey (8,431), Union Laguna (7,070), and Saltillo (6,491).
- Mexico City, Quintana Roo, Jalisco (Guadalajara), and Union Laguna, all drew team record-high average per date figures in 2024. Quintana Roo and Jalisco set single-game records. This is based on data going back to 1992 for average per date, and 2005 for single-game records, so these teams may have had higher average per date and single-game highs, in prior years.
- Los Tecolotes de Los Dos Laredos (Owls of the Two Laredos) split their season, between Laredo, Texas, and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico. 24 dates in Texas drew an average of 3,608, and the 23 dates in Mexico averaged 3,753 per date.
- Union Laguna's increase of 72,073 in total attendance, was the best of any Minor League team in 2024. Other big increases were by Aguascalientes (71,619), Jalisco (60,163), Mexico City (53,842), and Puebla (41,107). These were the 5 best gains in all of Minor League Baseball. Mexican League teams also had the 4 best average per date increases among all Minor League teams. Jalisco was up 1,491, followed by Aguascalientes (1,487), Mexico City (1,252), and Union Laguna (1,155).
- On the down side, Yucatan had the largest declines of any Minor League team, down 371,984 in total attendance, and down 7,270 in average per date. Veracruz had decreases of 43,735 in total attendance, and 1,436 in average per date. Tabasco was down 1,182 per date. These were the 3 worst average per date declines in the Minors.
- The Mexican League annually has the longest, most intense, and best attended playoffs in the Minor Leagues, with 4 full rounds of best-of-7 series. In **2024**, the 70 Mexican League playoff dates drew 608,241, averaging 8,689 per date. 18 of these games drew over 10,000, with 13 of them topping 15,000. Monterrey had the largest crowd (21,909), and they averaged 13,712 for their 10 playoff dates. The 11 playoff dates in Mexico City drew an average of 17,253 per date.
- The **2023** Mexican League playoffs drew 693,528 for 73 games, averaging 9,500 per game. 29 games drew over 10,000, with 3 of them topping 15,000. Mexico City averaged 16,457 for its 6 playoff games.
- In 2022, the post-season drew 762,112, averaging 11,375 per date, as the teams with the biggest ballparks made it deep into the playoffs. 37 of the 67 games drew over 10,000, with 15 of them topping 15,000. Monterrey averaged 17,030 in the playoffs, with 4 games topping 21,000. Despite the short season in 2021, the full playoffs did occur, and they drew 412,739 in 74 dates, an average of 5,578 per date. Tijuana's 13 playoff dates drew an of 12,595, with a high of 17,687. The 2019 Mexican League playoffs drew 519,686, averaging 12,086 per date.

Independent Leagues 2024 Attendance Summaries

- Atlantic League 10 teams in 2024 and 2023. 5 of the 2024 teams played in this league in 2019. Gastonia was added as an expansion team in 2021, and Lexington, KY, and Charleston, WV, came in from the South Atlantic League. In 2022, the league added a second team (Kentucky) in Lexington, which moved to Frederick, MD in 2023. Also added in 2022 was Staten Island, who last played in the New York-Penn League in 2019. In 2024, the Frederick team relocated to Hagerstown MD, whose last team was in the MLB-affiliated South Atlantic League in 2019. Teams played a 120-game schedule in 2021, instead of the usual 140 games. They had 132 games in 2022, and 126 games in 2023 and 2024. Each year, these were the longest schedules in the independent leagues.
- The league drew 1,600,498 in 2024. Average per team was 160,050, and average per date was 2,663, with 22 lost dates. The 2024 vs. 2023 total was up 107,602 (7.2%). This was the largest total attendance increase of any Minor League in 2024. Average per date rose 158 (6.3%) with 5 more dates. 5 of the 9 teams in the league in both years had gains in total attendance, and 6 were up in average per date. These 9 returning teams had a combined total attendance decline of 9,641 (0.7%), and an average per date gain of 49 (1.9%), with 14 fewer dates in 2024. Lexington KY had the top total attendance gain, up 19,731, and average per date increase, up 329. Both Lexington and Staten Island achieved average per date growth of better than 20%. Top crowd was a team record-high of 8,636 at Lancaster, PA. Gastonia, down 19,628 had the top total decline, and High Point, down 225, had the largest average per date dip.
- In **2019**, the 8 teams that played in the Atlantic League **that year** drew 1,940,590, an average of 3,648 per date. The league lost two of its best-drawing teams in 2021, as Somerset joined the Eastern League, and Sugar Land joined the Pacific Coast League. In **2019**, Somerset and Sugar Land drew a combined 649,394, averaging 4,775 per date. Exclude those 2 teams, and the **2019** Atlantic League average per date would have been 3,261.
- Long Island led all U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2024 total attendance (290,073), which was 6th best among all independent teams. Their 4,679 average per date was 3rd best to Kane County and Schaumburg among U.S./Canadian indy teams. The Ducks had the best U.S./Canadian independent total, and 2nd best average per date in 2023, and 2022. They were best in both categories in 2021, and were 3rd best in 2019. York and Lancaster also topped 200,000 in total attendance, and Lancaster averaged above 4,000 per date, in 2024.
- Hagerstown's average per date of 2,824 was the highest in that market since at least 1991.
- Gastonia's team will be renamed the Ghost Peppers in 2025.
- American Association In 2024 and 2023, there were 12 teams. 10 of the 2024 teams were also in this league in 2019. Kane County, IL came in from the MLB-affiliated Midwest League in 2021, and Lake Country (not county), WI joined in 2022. St. Paul, who had the top attendance among all independent teams in 2019 (394,970 total, 8,061 average per date), moved to the MLB-affiliated International League in 2021. Attendance from 2 dates at Kansas City, KS was missing in both 2024 and 2023. So it was estimated, using their average per date from their other 41 dates in 2024, and their other 46 dates in 2023. Kansas City also had to play a few home games elsewhere in 2024 due to damage to their field.
- The American Association drew an estimated 1,615,340 in **2024**, up 60,283 (3.9%), averaging 134,612 per team, and 2,804 per date, up 137 (5.1%), with 24 lost dates, and 7 fewer dates played than in **2023**. 8 teams had total attendance gains, led by Cleburne (22,317). 8 teams were up in average per date, also led by Cleburne, up 446. These were the 3rd best increases among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Chicago, Lincoln, and Sioux Falls all have average per date growth of better than 340. Kansas City had the largest loss in total attendance **vs. 2023**, down an estimated 10,965. This was due in part to 5 fewer dates played than in 2023, and those relocated games. Milwaukee, down 143, had the highest average per date decline.
- Chicago had its best-ever total (218,897) and average per date (4,467).
- Kane County led the league in 2024 total attendance (274,694 2nd best U.S./Canadian independent total). Among U.S./Canadian independent teams, the Cougars had the best average per date (5,606), and the year's top crowd (9,307).
- The 12-team American Association drew 1,775,249 in 2019, an average of 3,082 per date. Remove St. Paul's figures from the 2019 season, and the average per date was 2,619.

2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

Independent Leagues 2024 Attendance Summaries

- Frontier League 16 teams in 2024. The 2023 road team was replaced by the New England Knockouts (Brockton, MA) in 2024. Brockton last had a pro team in 2011 in the Can-Am League. 8 of the teams played in the Frontier League in 2019. 6 played in the Can-Am League, and joined the Frontier League in a merger. Tri-City (Troy, NY) came from the New York-Penn League. 2023 attendance was estimated for New Jersey, since they did not report attendance for 10 dates. New Jersey's 2023 average per date for games with listed attendance was assigned to the 10 dates with unreported attendance figures.
- 2024 attendance was a league record-high 1,736,211, with an average per team of 108,513, and an average per date of 2,372. 37 dates were lost, with 8 fewer played than in 2023. Total attendance was up 98,652 (6.0%) vs. 2023, and average per date rose 159 (7.2%). The 15 teams that played in this league in both 2024 and 2023 had a combined 47,357 (2.9%) gain in total attendance, and were up 243 (11.0%) in average per date.
- 8 teams had increases in total attendance and 14 of 15 returning teams were up in average per date. New Jersey had the best 2024 numerical and percentage increases among all U.S./Canadian Minor League teams. Their total attendance was up an estimated 40,051 (88.1%), and average per date rose an estimated 991 (109.0%). New York had the biggest total attendance loss, down 15,061, mainly due to playing 5 fewer dates than in 2023. Florence had the Frontier League's only average per date decline in 2024, but they were down just 4 per date.
- Schaumburg had the league's best 2024 total attendance (231,322), and the top average per date (4,721). The total was 5th best, and the average per date was 2nd best, among U.S./Canadian independent teams. The Boomers also had the league's biggest crowd of the year an all-time team record-high 8,066.
- The 10-team **2019 Frontier League** drew 1,028,721, and averaged 2,266 per date. The 6-team **2019 Can-Am League** drew 565,936, and averaged 1,986 per date. **Combined total 2019** attendance for the 2 leagues was 1,594,657, with a 2,158 average per date. These leagues officially merged after the 2019 season.
- The league adds the Down East (Kinston, NC) Bird Dogs and the Mississippi (Pearl) Mud Monsters in 2025. Both these locations had MLB-affiliated teams through 2024.
- Pioneer Baseball League 10 teams in 2022 and 2023, 12 in 2024. 7 of these teams played in the MLB-affiliated Rookie Class Pioneer League in 2019. Boise joined from the Short-A Northwest League in 2021. 2024 was the Pioneer League's 4th season as an independent pro league. In **2022**, the league added teams in Kalispell, Montana (Glacier Range Riders), and Windsor, Colorado (Northern Colorado Owlz). However Northern Colorado's park has not been ready since 2022, so the team has played on various fields. They listed attendance as 27,581 in 43 dates in 2023, and no attendance was listed in 2024. Northern Colorado's 2023 attendance is excluded from the league's official attendance figures, and from this report's listed attendance totals and average per date.
- In 2024, the league added teams in Oakland and Yolo (Davis), CA. Yolo did not have reported attendance. Top crowd in the league in 2024 was 8,427 at Rocky Mountain.
- The league continued to play a 96-game schedule in 2024, and drew a league record-high total of 1,052,267, averaging 2,220 per date. The total was up 91,492 (9.5%), but average per date fell 90 (3.9%), with 58 more dates than in 2023. 6 dates were lost. 5 teams had no lost dates. The league averaged 105,227 per team. The 9 teams with attendance in both 2024 and 2023 had combined declines of 554 (0.1%) in total attendance, and 56 (2.4%) in average per date. 5 of the 9 teams had gains in total attendance vs. 2023, and 4 teams were up in average per date.
- Boise drew 150,906, averaging 3,211 per date, to lead this league, ending Ogden's 23-year steak as league leaders. Ogden finished a close 2nd with a 147,009 total and 3,128 average per date. Glacier set new team record-highs in total attendance (110,858), average per date (2,310), and for a single game (5,365), in their 3rd season.
- Grand Junction had the league's largest attendance increases, with the total up 11,917, and average per date rising by 248. Ogden had the biggest declines, down 17,552 in total attendance, and down 373 in average per date.
- The **pre-2021** league record-high was 802,682 in 1948, when this league played a full-season schedule. The **2019** Pioneer League had a 76-game schedule, and drew 721,268, averaging a league record-high 2,504 per date.
- Yuba-Sutter (Marysville, CA) replaces Yolo (Davis, CA) in 2025.

2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

Independent Leagues 2024 Attendance Summaries

- **Pecos Baseball League** 16 teams in 2024. North Platte, NE and Pecos, TX were added in 2024, and Austin became a road team. Monterey and Lancaster, both in California, did not return in 2024.
- The Pecos League has operating for 14 seasons, the longest tenure of any 'small-market' independent Minor League since the rebirth of independent leagues in 1993. Most of the league's parks are tiny.
- The Pecos League was the only North American professional baseball league, on any level, to have higher attendance in 2021 than it did in 2019, playing a roughly similar-length or shorter, schedule.
- 2024 total attendance was an estimated 125,234, and average per date was 298. The total was down 5,401 (4.1%) vs. 2023, and average per date dipped by 26 (8.0%). 17 more dates were played. Of the 13 teams that played in 2024 and 2023, 9 had gains in total attendance, and 10 were up in average per date, with Trinidad posting the same average in both years. Bakersfield led the league in total attendance (23,458), average per date (634), and had the highest gains, up 12,436 in total, and up 300 in average per date. Garden City and Santa Fe also topped 500 per date. The declines were very small, with Vallejo, down 716 in total and 60 in average per date, having the top losses.
- The same teams that played home games in this league in both **2024 and 2023** had a combined total attendance increase of 27,590 (29.4%), and an average per date gain of 56 (20.7%), with 25 more dates.
- Lancaster, CA, in **2023**, drew an all-time league record-high total of 32,580, and a league record-shattering 1,810 average per date. The prior league record-high average was 631 by Garden City, KS in 2022. Lancaster's average per date in 2023 was higher than the reported average of 17 MLB-affiliated teams, and 17 teams from the larger-capacity independent leagues. Considering that the Pecos League does not include 'no-shows' in its reported attendance, and all other Minor leagues do include them, Lancaster almost certainly outdrew even more teams if only tickets sold and used are compared. Their park became a soccer facility in 2024, so the team could not return.
- Bakersfield, Alpine (as Pecos League teams), Dublin, and Blackwell drew record-highs in total attendance in 2024. These same teams, plus Santa Fe, set new team record-highs in average per date.
- The Pecos League is the only professional baseball league that does not include 'no-shows' (tickets sold but not used) in its attendance. So the number of tickets sold by this league is higher than its announced attendance.
- In 2025, Monterey, CA returns to the league, and Kansas City, MO will be added. Road team Austin is out, and Marysville (Yuba-Sutter) moves to the Pioneer League.
- United Shore Baseball League 4 teams, all based in Utica, MI. League is counted as one team in this report.
- In 2024 the league drew a record-high 273,182, averaging 3,291 per date. The total was up 46,872 (20.7%), and average per date rose 497 (17.8%) vs. 2023, with 2 more dates. This league often sells out around 80% of its games.
- Mavericks League 4 teams, all based in Keizer, Oregon. League is counted as one team in this report.
- The Salem-Keizer Volcanoes had played in the MLB-affiliated Northwest League in 2019. In 2021, they formed a 4-team independent league which played all its games in their park in Keizer, OR. This is the same type of arrangement used by the United Shore Baseball League.
- 2024 total attendance was a record-high 119,480, up 3,480 (3.0%), with a record-high average per date of 1,219, up 47 (4.1%). These figures include playoff games. There was one less date in 2024 than in 2023.
- In 2019, the Salem-Keizer Volcanoes, playing 38 home dates in the Northwest League, drew 80,833, averaging 2,127 per date.
- Empire Baseball League 4 teams in 2024, all located in upstate New York. This league has never provided any attendance data in its history, despite multiple requests. They had 67 dates in 2024, 61 in 2023, 65 in 2022, 75 in 2021, and 55 in 2019.

COLLEGIATE SUMMER BASEBALL LEAGUES

Summer Collegiate Leagues Reported Attendance

- In 2024, 193 Summer Collegiate teams listed attendance. They drew a total of 5,831,063, averaging 1,196 per date. As usual, the Northwoods League had the top total attendance (a league, and likely all-time Summer Collegiate League, record-high 1,339,157). The MLB Draft League's 2,660 average per date was the highest among these leagues. Madison, WI of the Northwoods League had the highest total (217,070), and average per date (6,202). If Madison, a former MLB-affiliated Midwest League team, was still in a pro Minor League, that average per date would have ranked as 19th best among MLB-affiliated teams, and highest among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Trenton of the MLB Draft League, drew 196,837, averaging 5,320 per date.
- 195 Collegiate Summer League teams listed attendance in **2023**, and they drew a total of 5,592,207, averaging 1,203 per date. The Northwoods League had the top total attendance (1,297,864). The MLB Draft League had the highest average per date (2,669). Madison, WI led all teams in total attendance (228,692), and average per date (6,353). Trenton finished second in total attendance (196,669) and average per date (5,463).
- The 178 Collegiate Summer League teams with **2022** reported attendance drew 5,402,435, an average of 1,178 per date. The Northwoods League had the highest announced league total (1,160,821). The 6-team MLB-Draft League, made up of former MLB-affiliated pro Minor League teams, had the highest average per date (2,839). Madison, WI of the Northwoods League, had the **2022** top total (199,785), and the best average per date (5,550).
- In **2021**, the 173 teams that reported attendance drew 3,981,808, an average of 959 per date. Frederick of the MLB Draft League had the top total (125,378), and average per date (4,179). In **2019**, 164 teams reported attendance and drew 3,998,646, an average of 1,003 per date. Madison (218,866 / 6,080 per date) was the leader.

2024 SUMMER COLLEGIATE TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN THE MINOR LEAGUES IN 2019

25 teams that played in professional Minor Leagues in 2019 played in Summer Collegiate leagues in 2024. 6 of these teams have played in the MLB Draft League since 2021. The Appalachian League became an MLB-Partner Summer Collegiate League in 2021, and all its 2019 teams, except Princeton, continued to play there in 2024. In 2019, 21 of these teams were in MLB-affiliated leagues, and 4 were independent league teams.

- MLB Draft League 6 teams. 2024 was the 4th year for this league. It is a combination of Summer Collegiate League for the first part of the season, and pro Minor League in the latter part of the year. Frederick came from the Class A Carolina League, Trenton played in the Class AA Eastern League, and State College, Mahoning Valley OH, West Virginia (Morgantown), and Williamsport, had all been in the New York-Penn League in 2019.
- In 2024, the league drew 593,263, averaging 2,660 per date, with 17 lost dates. Total attendance rose 3,448 (0.6%), and average per date was down 8 (0.3%). 2 more dates played than in 2023. Top crowd was 8,246 in Frederick. The league averaged 98,877 per team.
- 3 teams had increases in total attendance, and 2 teams were up in average per date. Mahoning Valley posted the best gains in total attendance (13,641), and in average per date (232). State College had the biggest declines, with total attendance down 8,455, and average per date down 147.
- Trenton led the league in 2024, drawing 196,837, averaging 5,320 per date. This was the 2nd best total and average per date figure among all Summer Collegiate teams. If Trenton were in an MLB-affiliated league, its 2024 average per date would have ranked 28th among the 120 teams there. If the Thunder were an independent pro team, their 2024 total would have been 15th best among the 85 teams, and 8th best among the 65 U.S./Canadian teams. Trenton would have had the 7th best average per date among all independent teams, and the 2nd best among those teams in the U.S. and Canada, trailing only Kane County.
- Frederick had led the 30 MLB-affiliated High-A teams in attendance in 7 of 8 years from 2012 through 2019. Since 1991, they topped 300,000 in attendance in 16 seasons, and drew over 250,000 each year from 1990 through 2019.

2024 SUMMER COLLEGIATE TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN THE MINOR LEAGUES IN 2019

- Appalachian League 10 teams, all of whom, except Tri-State (Huntington, WV), played in the Rookie class Appalachian League in 2019. All the 2019 teams played in their same markets in 2021, 2022, and 2023, but all were given new team names. Princeton was relocated to Huntington in 2024.
- The league drew 373,967 in **2024**, averaging 1,640 per date, with 12 lost dates. Total attendance was up 13,741 (3.8%) from 2023. Average per date fell by 67 (3.9%). There were 17 more dates played than in 2023. 4 of the 9 returning teams had gains in total attendance, with 2 up in average per date. The returning teams had a 983 (0.3%) gain in total attendance, and a 102 (5.6%) decline in average per date, with 17 more dates.
- Greeneville, TN posted the largest increases, up 9,545 in total attendance, and up 228 in average per date. Johnson City had the highest total attendance decline (9,710), and Burlington, NC had the largest average per date loss (296). The largest crowd was 5,169 at Johnson City.
- Johnson City led the league in **2024** total attendance (78,009), and in average per date (3,546). Their record-high average per date of 3,655 in **2023** may have been the highest average per date ever in this league's long history. It is certainly the highest average per date in this league since at least 1991.
- Greeneville, TN set team record-highs in total attendance (54,796), average per date (2,491), and for a single game (5,077). These figures are higher than this team ever drew when the Appalachian League was a pro league.
- In **2019**, Pulaski drew 95,897, with a 2,821 average per date. That was the highest total attendance for any team in this league since it began playing a short-season schedule in 1957.
- Huntington, WV replaced Princeton in 2024, with a team named the Tri-State Coal Cats. This team is run by Marshall University, and shares a ballpark with that school's baseball team.
- Other 2019 Professional Teams Now in Collegiate Summer Leagues 10 teams. Burlington, IA and Clinton went from the Midwest League to the Prospect League, as did O'Fallon from the Frontier League. Jackson, TN, formerly in the Southern League, and Marion, IL, formerly the Southern Illinois Miners of the Frontier League (now named the Thrillville Thrillabillies), joined the Prospect League in 2023. Auburn and Batavia of the New York-Penn League moved to the Perfect Game League. The Futures Collegiate League took Norwich and Burlington, VT from the New York Penn League, and New Britain from the Atlantic League.
- No attendance was available from Auburn in 2023 or 2024. The other 9 teams drew a combined announced 487,884 in **2024**, averaging 1,975 per date. The total attendance was up 24,238 (5.2%), and average per date rose 128 (6.9%), with 4 fewer dates. 5 teams had gains **vs. 2023** in total attendance and 4 were up average per date.
- Thrillville had the top attendance in this group of teams drawing 90,927, with a 3,637 average per date. They also had the best increases, up 27,857 in total attendance, and up 1,301 in average per date. New Britain had the highest declines, down 7,561 in total attendance, and down 217 in average per date.

2024 MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL TOTAL ATTENDANCE

MAJOR LEAGUES	Total <u>Attendance</u>	<u># of Dates</u>	Average <u>per Date</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Spring Training	3,334,536	453	7,361	
Regular Season	71,348,413	2,413	29,568	
Wild Card Games	378,963	9	42,107	Milwaukee, San Diego, Houston, Baltimore
Division Series	802,732	18	44,596	N.Y. Yankees, L.A. Dodgers Cleveland, Philadelphia
Championship Series	485,366	11	44,124	Cleveland, N.Y. Yankees, N.Y. Mets, L.A. Dodgers
World Series	253,104	5	50,621	N.Y. Yankees, L.A. Dodgers
MLB Post-Season Total	1,920,165	43	44,655	
Futures Game			#DIV/0!	Arlington, TX
Home Run Derby	38,578	1	38,578	Arlington, TX
All-Star Game	39,343	1	39,343	Arlington, TX
Major League Total	76,681,035	2,911	26,342	
MINOR LEAGUES				
MLB Affiliated Regular Sea.	31,346,469	7,867	3,985	
MLB Affiliated Post-Season	221,857	70	3,169	
MLB Affiliated All-Star	0	0		No All-Star Games
Independent Regular Sea.	10,555,082	3,833	2,754	
Independent Post-Season	726,020	117	6,205	
Independent All-Star	11,797	2	5,899	Frontier League, Mexican League
Arizona Fall League	39,372	89	442	
Minor League Total	42,900,597	11,978	3,582	
Majors/Minors Total	119,581,632	14,889	8,032	

Post-season independent attendance is for Atlantic, Mexican, Frontier, and Pioneer Leagues, and the American Association. Mexican League post-season games (included in Indys) drew 693,528 for 73 games, an average of 9,500. Arizona Fall League Total Includes the Fall Stars Game and playoff games, which drew a total of 3,785.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - By League and Classification - 2024 vs. 2023

	TOTAL ATTE		CHANG 2024 vs. 2		AVERAGE	<u>PER DATE</u>	CHAN <u>2024 vs.</u>	
MLB AFFILIATED LEAGUES	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u># Change</u>	<u>% Chg.</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u># Change</u>	<u>% Chg.</u>
International	8,345,881	8,609,245	(263,364)	(3.1)	5,882	6,063	(181)	(3.0)
Pacific Coast	4,147,066	4,235,381	(88,315)	(2.1)	5,619	5,762	(143)	(2.5)
Triple-A Total	12,492,947	12,844,626	(351,679)	(2.7)	5,792	5,960	(168)	(2.8)
Texas	2,946,097	3,016,072	(69,975)	(2.3)	4,391	4,468	(77)	(1.7)
Eastern	3,659,775	3,706,509	(46,734)	(1.3)	4,621	4,722	(101)	(2.1)
Southern	1,783,897	1,875,861	(91,964)	(4.9)	3,444	3,566	(122)	(3.4)
Double-A Total	8,389,769	8,598,442	(208,673)	(2.4)	4,235	4,330	(95)	(2.2)
Midwest	3,042,514	3,039,726	2,788	0.1	4,041	3,984	57	1.4
South Atlantic	2,269,663	2,370,155	(100,492)	(4.2)	3,022	3,181	(159)	(5.0)
Northwest	1,093,981	1,112,449	(18,468)	(1.7)	2,856	2,943	(87)	(3.0)
High-A Total	6,406,158	6,522,330	(116,172)	(1.8)	3,395	3,458	(63)	(1.8)
Carolina	2,246,298	2,378,278	(131,980)	(5.5)	2,999	3,171	(172)	(5.4)
Florida State	728,122	695,800	32,322	4.6	1,264	1,214	50	4.1
California	1,083,175	1,112,908	(29,733)	(2.7)	2,095	2,132	(37)	(1.7)
Single-A Total	4,057,595	4,186,986	(129,391)	(3.1)	2,203	2,269	(66)	(2.9)
All Full-Season-A	10,463,753	10,709,316	(245,563)	(2.3)	2,806	2,870	(64)	(2.2)
Full-Season MLB Affiliated Total	31,346,469	32,152,384	(805,915)	(2.5)	3,985	4,084	(99)	(2.4)
<u>MLB PARTNER AND INDI</u> American Association	EPENDENT LEA 1,615,340	<u>AGUES</u> 1,555,057	60,283	 3.9	2,804	2.667	137	5.1
Atlantic	1,600,498	1,492,896	107,602	7.2	2,663	2,505	158	6.3
Frontier	1,736,211	1,637,559	98,652	6.0	2,372	2,213	159	7.2
Mexican	4,032,870	4,041,303	(8,433)	(0.2)	4,750	5,304	(554)	(10.4)
Pioneer	1,052,267	960,775	91,492	9.5	2,220	2,310	(90)	(3.9)
United Shore	273,182	226,310	46,872	 20.7	3,291	2,794	497	17.8
Pecos Baseball	125,234	130,635	(5,401)	(4.1)	298	324	(26)	(8.0)
Mavericks	119,480	116,000	3,480	3.0	1,219	1,172	47	4.0
Empire	N/A	N/A		ļ	N/A	N/A		
Independent Total *	10,555,082	10,160,535	394,547	3.9 	2,754	2,761	(7)	(0.3)
All Minor Leagues Total	41,901,551	42,312,919	(411,368)	(1.0)	3,581	3,663	(82)	(2.2)

Attendance for the Empire Pro League was not available.

2024 attendance for 2 Kansas City Monarchs (American Association) was missing. 2023 attendance for 2 Kansas City Monarchs (American Association) and 10 New Jersey Jackals (Frontier) games was missing. The average per date for the other games of these teams was applied to the missing games.

In 2023, Northern Colorado (Pioneer) drew 27,581 in 43 dates. The league is not counting this figure in their official total for 2023. They had to play in a temporary facility. Their total and average are not included in the Pioneer League figures in this table.

Sources: MLB Stats Reporting Platform, Minor League Baseball, Independent Leagues and their Websites

COMBINED MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUES AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES OVERVIEW

Combined MLB-Affiliated and independent league attendance had gone up for 24 straight years - 1985-2008!

MLB-affiliated attendance rose every year from 1985 through 1994. From 1995 through 2008, 3 years had small declines in MLB-affiliated attendance. But when attendance for independent leagues, the first of which began play in 1993, gets added to the affiliated figures for those years, the combined Minor League attendance shows an increase.

2019 combined MLB-affiliated and independent attendance was the 14th highest ever.

COMBINED MLB-AFFILIATED AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUE REGULAR SEASON ATTENDANCE SINCE 1993

1993 - 30,756,828	2001 - 44,812,314	2009 - 49,609,703	2017 - 48,052,202
1994 - 35,279,284	2002 - 45,049,213	2010 - 49,537,502	2018 - 46,367,880
1995 - 36,208,800	2003 - 45,627,906	2011 - 48,062,456	2019 - 47,194,590
1996 - 36,747,940	2004 - 46,446,200	2012 - 48,405,979	2021 – 28, 136, 361
1997 - 38,228,842	2005 - 48,857,969	2013 - 48,262,074	2022 - 40,511,342
1998 - 39,294,427	2006 - 49,268,793	2014 - 48,577,155	2023 - 42,312,919
1999 - 40,051,268	2007 - 51,298,733	2015 - 48,876,927	2024 - 41,901,551
2000 - 43,229,652	2008 - 51,576,409	2016 - 47,603,412	

The record-high combined MLB-affiliated Minor League and independent league regular season attendance was **51,576,409 in 2008**. Also in **2008**, the 176 MLB-affiliated Minor League teams that charged admission set their record-high of 43,263,740. The pre-2021 independent league record-high came in **2007**, when 9 leagues, with 67 teams that played home games, drew 8,485,921. **In 2024, the 85 independent teams drew a record-high 10,555,082**.

The overall number of Minor League teams has declined since 2019, even though the number of independent leagues teams has increased. The 2024 group of MLB-affiliated and independent league teams averaged a combined 3,580 per date. The 2019 group of MLB-affiliated and independent league teams averaged 3,718 per date.

THE PHILLIES AND THE IRONPIGS ACHIEVED AN ATTENDANCE FIRST IN 2011!

In 2011, the Triple-A Lehigh Valley IronPigs (Allentown, PA) led all of Minor League Baseball in attendance. Their parent team, the Philadelphia Phillies, was the Major League Baseball attendance leader.

That was the first time that a team led the Majors in attendance in the same season that one of its Minor League affiliates led all of the Minors in attendance. A team has led the American League, but not the Majors in attendance, in the same year that one of their affiliates had the best attendance in the Minor Leagues, in these 7 seasons: 1931 and 1932 Yankees (Newark, NJ); 1955 and 1956 Yankees (Denver); 1979 Yankees (Columbus, OH); 1980 Yankees (Class AA Nashville); 1999 Cleveland (Buffalo).

Two other Philadelphia affiliates led their leagues in attendance in 2011. Reading topped the Eastern League, and Clearwater led the Florida State League. The last time the Major League attendance leader had so many affiliates who led their leagues in attendance was in 1987. That year, the St. Louis Cardinals posted the best attendance in the Majors, and 4 of their farm teams topped their respective leagues.

In 2012, Philadelphia had the Majors' best attendance, and Lehigh Valley topped all U.S. Minor League teams. Phillies affiliates Clearwater (Florida State), and Lakewood (South Atlantic), also led their leagues. Reading, Clearwater, and Lakewood led their leagues in 2016, Reading and Clearwater were leaders in 2017, and Clearwater led the Florida State League in 2018 and 2019, and the Low-A Southeast 2021. Lehigh Valley and Reading just barely missed leading their leagues in 2019. In **2022**, Lehigh Valley had the top average per date among all Triple-A and Double-A teams. Clearwater led the Florida State League in total attendance and average per date.

In 2024 and 2023, Lehigh Valley had the highest total attendance in the Minor Leagues, and their average per date was best in 2023, and 2nd best in 2024, among MLB-affiliates. In 2024, Reading had the 2nd best total and average per date among Double-A teams. Clearwater again led the Florida State League. The Phillies' Minor League affiliates continue to excel at the gate.

YEARLY PRO BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

In **2024**, combined reported Major League and Minor League attendance was 119,581,632, in 14,889 dates. That is up 353,079 (0.3%) from the 2023 total. This includes Major League Spring Training, regular season games, the All-Star Home Run Derby and Game, and the post-season. Minor League figures include regular season and playoffs for all MLB-affiliated leagues, the Arizona Fall League, and for all but one of the independent leagues.

2024 regular season attendance for Major League Baseball was 71,348,413, highest since 2017, and up 601,048 (0.8%) from 70,747,365 in **2023**, up 6,190,707 (9.6%) from 64,556,658 in **2022**, and up 2,855,320 (4.2%) from 68,493,093 in **2019**.

In **2023**, combined reported Major League and Minor League attendance was 119,228,553, in 14,753 dates, up 9,723,657 (8.9%) from the 2022 total. Combined total attendance for all Major League and Minor League games in **2022** was109,504,896. In **2021**, the combined total was 76,543,688.

Total attendance for all Major League and Minor League games was 122,179,236 in **2019**, down 562,923 (0.5%) from 2018. The figures include Major League Spring Training, regular season and post-season games, plus all 3 days of All-Star Game events. The Minor League figures include regular-season, playoff, and All-Star Games for the MLB-affiliated leagues, and the independent leagues, along with the Arizona Fall League.

In **2018**, the grand total Major League/Minor League attendance figure was 122,742,159. It was 127,461,645 in 2017, 127,585,535 in 2016, and 129,519,817 in 2015. The all-time high may have been reached in 2007, when the total was 136,466,114. This excludes the Major League Home Run Derby, and independent league All-Star Games and playoffs, so the actual total may have been over 100,000 higher. Based on the available figures, the total professional baseball attendance was 10.5% lower in 2019 than in 2007, 19.8% lower in 2022 than in 2007, 12.6% lower in **2023** than in 2007, and 12.4% lower in **2024** than in 2007.

2024 vs. 2023 MLB-AFFILIATED LARGEST GAINS AND DECLINES IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE BY CLASSIFICATION

MLB-affiliated teams with the biggest **2024 vs 2023** total attendance gains in each classification were: Indianapolis (among all Triple-A teams); Reading (Double-A); Lake County (High-A); Dunedin (Single-A).

By classification, MLB-affiliated teams with the worst total attendance losses in **2024 vs. 2023** were: Charlotte (Triple-A); Binghamton (Double-A); Winston-Salem (High-A); Fredericksburg (Single-A).

A listing of the individual teams with the biggest total attendance gains and losses for **2024 vs. 2023** in both the MLB-affiliated and independent leagues can be found on page 67. A listing of teams with the biggest **2024 vs. 2023** gains and losses in average attendance per date is on page 79.

MINOR LEAGUE ALL-STAR GAME ATTENDANCE

None of the MLB-affiliated leagues played an All-Star Game in **2024**. Among the independent leagues, the Frontier League All-Star Game in Quebec drew a sellout crowd of 4,297. Attendance for the American Association All-Star Game in Kansas City was not listed, and the Mexican League All-Star Game in Veracruz drew 7,500. No other Independent All-Star Games reported attendance.

The 3 independent league All-Star Games in 2023 drew 14,738, averaging 4,913 per game. In **2022**, the 3 independent league All-Star Games drew a total 16,391, an average of 5,464 per game. There were no Minor League All-Star Games in **2021**.

12 MLB-affiliated leagues played All-Star Games in **2019**, drawing a combined 81,906. Top All-Star crowd was 13,514 for the Mexican League at Mexico City. The Texas League at Tulsa drew 7,449. The Triple-A game at El Paso, which matched the International vs. the Pacific Coast Leagues, drew 9,706. The Eastern at Richmond drew 9,560. The Southern at Biloxi drew 4,209. Others were – California (San Bernadino-4,846), Carolina (Frederick-6,927), Florida State (Jupiter-5,380), Midwest (South Bend-7,464), South Atlantic (Charleston, WV-6,327), Northwest/Pioneer (Boise-3,873), New York-Penn (Staten Island-2,651). Independent leagues that recorded 2019 All-Star Game attendance were the Atlantic (York-6,773), American Association (St. Paul-7,565), and Can-Am/Frontier (Rockland-4,403).

MAJOR LEAGUE AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL TV MARKETS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

New York is the largest United States television market, with 7,494,510 TV households, and 9 Minor league teams, in addition to the Mets and Yankees. The biggest TV market without a summer Minor League team that charges admission is Phoenix, which ranks #12, and has 2,198,200 households. Phoenix has the Diamondbacks, and is host to Major League Spring Training, and to the Arizona Fall League. It is also home to the Arizona Complex Rookie League, which does not charge admission to its games.

The biggest market with no Major League Baseball team is Orlando-Daytona Beach, which ranks #15 (1,902,420 households). New Orleans, ranked #51, is the biggest market without any pro baseball team in 2024. Great Falls, Montana (Market #191 - 65,790 households) in the now-independent Pioneer League, is the smallest 2024 Minor League market. Bowling Green, Kentucky, market rank #184, is the smallest market with an MLB-affiliated team. There are 210 U.S. TV markets.

Alaska, Wyoming, and Hawaii were the only U.S. states without a professional baseball team in 2019. Since then, Rhode Island (lost a team in Pawtucket), Vermont (now in the Summer Futures Collegiate League), and Louisiana (lost a team in New Orleans), have each lost their one and only Minor League teams. Baton Rouge, Louisiana is home to LSU Baseball, the team that posts the best college baseball attendance almost every year. Alaska has never had a professional team. Wyoming's last team played in Casper through 2011. Hawaii had a Pacific Coast League team from 1961 through 1987 that often drew quite well in the 1960's and 1970's, and last had an independent league team in 2012. SOURCE: A.C. Nielsen for 2024 Households estimates.

Toronto, which is the largest of Canada's 40 TV markets, and ranks #4 in size for combined U.S./Canadian TV markets, does not have a Minor League team, but of course does host the MLB Blue Jays. Minor League teams are in 4 of the 10 Canadian provinces (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, British Columbia). Vancouver (Rank #3 in Canada) is the biggest Canadian market with a Minor League team, and Trois Rivieres, Quebec (Rank #20 in Canada) is the smallest. SOURCE: Numeris

POSTPONEMENTS – DUE TO WEATHER AND OTHER FACTORS

"Into each life some rain must fall"...Henry Wadsworth Longfellow – Source: brainyquote.com

2024 Lost Dates Due to Weather, Played Without Fans, or Didn't Have Reported Attendance

- Postponed games in the Minor Leagues are almost always made up as part of a single-admission doubleheader. Some postponed games are never made up. In both these cases, they are listed as 'lost dates.' Almost never in the MLB-affiliated leagues, and rarely in the independent leagues, are postponed games made up as part of a separateadmission doubleheader. There were many Covid postponements in 2021, but only a handful in 2022, and likely none in 2023 and 2024.
- There were 412 lost dates among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams in **2024**, 6 more than in 2023. This was 4.98% of scheduled dates. Independent league teams from the American Association, and the Frontier, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Mexican Leagues, had a combined 170 lost dates (4.25% of scheduled dates). This was 36 more than in 2023, due in part to 14 Mexican League games that didn't have any reported attendance. The combined 11 MLB-affiliated leagues, and the 5 independent leagues noted, had a combined 582 lost dates in 2024, 42 more than in 2023.
- Jupiter and Palm Beach (Florida State League) share Roger Dean Chevrolet Stadium in Jupiter. Since 2021, these two teams have played some home games with no fans in the park. In this report, these games count as 'lost dates.' In 2024, Jupiter had 24 lost dates, but only one was a rainout. The rest were played without fans. Palm Beach had 21 lost dates, but none were weather postponements.
- Other MLB-affiliated teams with a high number of **2024** postponements include: Rome, Down East, Tampa, and Fort Myers (10 each), Scranton-Wilkes Barre, Mississippi, and Vancouver (7 each), Norfolk, Rochester, Binghamton, Chattanooga, Beloit, Bowling Green, Charleston, SC, and Lakeland (6 each). The independent teams from the 5 best drawing leagues (Atlantic, Mexican, Frontier, Pioneer, and the American Association) with the most postponements were: Kansas City, Puebla, and Yucatan, (7 each); Quintana Roo and Campeche (6 each), Oaxaca, Aguascalientes, Ottawa, Sussex (5 each). Chihuahua is listed with 13 lost dates, but 10 were played with no attendance listed. 4 of Queretaro's 7 lost dates were played, but with no reported attendance. It is unknown if fans were in attendance for those Chihuahua and Queretaro games.
- Blessed with good weather and no **2024** postponements, were 8 teams from the MLB-affiliated leagues (El Paso, Wichita, Dayton (they had 10 postponements in 2022 and none in 2023), Stockton, Durham, Albuquerque, St. Lucie, Lake Elsinore), and 9 independent teams from the 5 best drawing leagues (Cleburne, Schaumburg, Quebec, Glacier, Grand Junction, Gateway, Billings, Oakland, Rocky Mountain).
- 26 MLB-affiliated teams, and 19 independent teams from the 5 best drawing leagues, had only one lost date each.

In the Unusual 2021 Season, Postponements Were Due to More Than Rain, Snow, and Cold

The early May, instead of early April, start to the **2021** Minor League season at least meant no postponements due to snow and cold weather. But in addition to the usual rainouts, games were postponed, cancelled, or relocated due to Covid-19 breakouts, a flooded ballpark in Somerset, and smoke from forest fires in the western part of the U.S.

For Jupiter and Palm Beach, local Covid-19 restrictions resulted in both teams playing many home games without fans in attendance. Including these games, and rainouts, Jupiter had 31 lost home dates, and Palm Beach had 29. Dunedin, also in Low-A Southeast (Florida State League), was forced to play 11 home dates in either Clearwater or Tampa, with no fans in attendance, because the Toronto Blue Jays were playing in Dunedin in April and May. Including rainouts, Dunedin had 19 lost dates.

POSTPONEMENTS – DUE TO WEATHER AND OTHER FACTORS

There were 56 fewer MLB-affiliated teams charging admission to games from **2021**, through **2024**, than in **2019**. The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues are now independent leagues, and other 2019 MLB-affiliated teams have moved into full-season MLB-affiliated leagues, independent pro leagues, Collegiate Summer leagues, or are no longer in operation.

Despite playing shorter schedules in **2021**, MLB-affiliated teams still had 503 lost dates. This was 6.84% of scheduled dates. In **2019**, **these same 120 teams**, regardless of what city or league they played in that year, had 402 lost dates. Independent teams in the Mexican, Atlantic, Frontier, and Pioneer Leagues, plus the American Association had 164 lost dates in **2021**. This same teams had 127 lost dates in 2019. Overall, the MLB-affiliated and independent leagues had a combined 667 lost dates in **2021**. The same teams had a combined 529 lost dates in 2019. Low-A Southeast (named the Florida State League in all years except 2021), had 122 lost dates in 2021, which was 20.3% of scheduled dates. The lost dates include home games for Jupiter, Palm Beach, and Dunedin that were played, but with no fans allowed to attend.

2019 MLB-affiliated leagues had 557 playing dates lost to weather in 2019, compared to 560 lost dates in 2018, 562 lost dates in 2017, and 463 lost dates in 2016. 3 fewer postponements occurred in 2019 than in 2018, but there were 94 more lost dates in 2019 than in 2016. 5.15% of scheduled MLB-affiliated dates were postponed in 2019, compared to 5.20% in 2018, 5.21% in 2017, and 4.28% in 2016. Among U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams, there were 516 postponements in 2019, 523 in 2018, 504 in 2017, but just 422 in 2016.

In 2019, the Florida State League had 92 lost dates, which was 11.0% of all dates scheduled. This included the entire final weekend of the season due to Hurricane Dorian. The Midwest had 57 lost dates. The Carolina lost 56 dates, the Eastern had 53 lost dates, there were 47 lost dates in the Southern, 43 in the International, and 41 each in the Southern and Mexican Leagues.

In **2018**, the South Atlantic League lost 92 dates, the Florida State had 77, the Midwest suffered 59 lost dates, and the Eastern League had 54. In **2017**, the Florida State League had 74 lost dates, followed by the South Atlantic (60 lost dates), Eastern (59), Mexican (58), International (51), and Carolina (50) Leagues. In **2016**, only the Florida State League (57 lost dates), and the South Atlantic League (50) had at least 50 lost dates.

On the other hand, the Northwest League didn't have a single **2019** postponement. That league had a total of 2 rainouts combined in its last 3 short seasons through 2019. (Now that the Northwest League plays a full season, postponements are more common.) The Appalachian and California Leagues, with 12, had the next fewest postponements, which was a high figure for the California League. The Texas and Pioneer Leagues lost 16 dates each.

IN 2018, EARLY-SEASON WEATHER WAS AWFUL. IN 2019, IT WAS MUCH WARMER

Among the 4 leading independent leagues (American Association, Atlantic, Can-Am, and Frontier Leagues), there were 73 lost dates in 2019, compared to 84 in 2018, 76 in 2017, and 79 in 2016. The American Association lost 22 dates, while the Atlantic League had 21, the Frontier League lost 17 dates, and the Can-Am League had 13 rainouts.

15 MLB-affiliates had at least 6 weather postponements in **2024**. There were 13 MLB-affiliated teams in **2023** with at least 6 lost dates. 14 MLB-affiliated teams had at least 6 postponements in **2022**. 28 MLB-affiliated teams had at least 6 lost dates in **2021**. There were 27 MLB-affiliated teams with at least 6 lost dates in 2019. 33 teams suffered at least 6 lost dates in 2018, and 34 teams had 6+ lost dates in 2017. Only 15 teams lost at least that many dates in 2016.

23 MLB-affiliated teams, and 6 teams from the 4 leading independent leagues didn't have any postponements in 2019. 33 MLB-affiliated, and 9 independent teams only had one lost date each. In 2018, there were 34 MLB-affiliated teams, and 8 independent teams, without any postponements. 27 MLB-affiliated and 8 independent teams had just one. 29 MLB-affiliated, and 6 independent league (from the 4 leagues listed above) teams didn't have any rainouts in 2017, and 25 MLB-affiliated and 11 independent teams had just one. In 2016, 24 MLB-affiliated, and 9 independent teams were never rained out, and 37 MLB-affiliated teams, plus 6 independent teams had just one postponement.

13 MLB-affiliated teams, (Louisville, Tijuana, Las Vegas, Reno, Round Rock, Corpus Christi, and 7 of 8 teams in the Northwest League – excludes Tri-City WA), and 3 independent teams from the top 4 leagues (Quebec, Cleburne, Schaumburg), didn't have any lost dates in both 2019 and 2018.

The early part of the **2018** season had some of the worst Spring weather in years, and it really hurt Minor League Baseball attendance. There were 137 postponements in April **2019**, compared to 141 in April 2018, and 96 in 2017. 72 of the April 2019 postponements occurred on either Fridays, Saturdays, or Sundays, compared to 79 postponements on those days of the week in April 2018. The season had one more day of play in April 2019 than in April 2018, but had the same number of weekend days in both years.

The weather was much warmer in April 2019 than in April 2018 for the 120 MLB-affiliated U.S. Minor League teams that began play on April 4. In 2019, 14 April games (excluding second games of single-admission doubleheaders) began in temperatures in the 30's (67 games began in the 30's in April 2018). Temperatures were in the 40's at 100 of the April 2019 games (173 in 2018), in the 50's at 198 games in 2019 (247 in 2018), in the 60's at 361 games in 2019 (320 in 2018), in the 70's at 477 games in 2019 (351 in 2018), and at 80 degrees or above at 232 games in 2019 (161 in 2018). Overall, 114 games began in temperatures below 50 degrees in April 2019, compared to 240 games in April 2018. 709 April games began with temperatures of at least 70 degrees in 2019, compared to 512 games in 2018.

The average gametime temperature was 63.4 degrees in April, 2018, and 70.4 degrees in April, 2017. Keep in mind that this includes many games played in warm weather locations. (Thanks to Jeff Lantz, Senior Manager of Communications of Major League Baseball for some of this weather data.) In April, 2018, 9.7% of originally scheduled dates for these 120 teams were postponed. 9.0% of scheduled games in April, 2019 were postponed.

It is impossible to exactly quantify the impact of weather on attendance, but it may be safe to assume that the number of day-of-game ticket sales to some of those very cold games was close to zero. With better weather, it can also be assumed that far fewer teams would have had attendance declines in 2018.

There were 176 teams in MLB-affiliated leagues charging admission to their games in all but 2 seasons from 1999 through 2019. 175 teams played in 2007, and 174 played in 2011. The differing number of home dates played from season to season, as shown in the table on the next page, is almost always due to the varying number of dates rained out. There are few single-admission doubleheaders, other than games to make up for postponements, yearly scheduled.

But the rise and fall of the number of lost dates in a given year, on an overall Minor League basis, and in particular, on an individual team level, does not always reflect the influence of weather on attendance.

A team may have many rainouts in a given season. But if those rainouts take place on weeknights in April, and they have good weather for almost all other games, the effect on the season's total attendance is minimal.

On the other hand, a team may have very few or even no rained out games in a season, yet attendance could still be adversely affected by weather. Cold weather early in the season certainly cuts down on crowds. This was a huge factor in the Major and Minor League attendance decreases in 2018. Brutal summer heat also reduces attendance, and this did happen to quite a few teams during the very hot summer in 2012. Rain within a few hours of gametime, or a threatening weather forecast, often results in a sharp decline in day-of-game ticket sales. So cold, heat, and pre-game showers won't often postpone games, but it will cut down on attendance.

2024 HAD FEWER PLAYING DATES FOR MLB-AFFILIATES THAN IN 2023, BUT MORE FOR THE INDEPENDENTS

The 120 MLB-affiliated teams had a combined 5 fewer dates with listed attendance in 2024 than in 2023. 43 teams had more dates in 2024, 56 had fewer dates, and 21 teams played the same number of dates both years. Due to expansion in 2024, independent teams had a combined 153 more dates with listed attendance than in 2023. 27 of them had more dates in 2024 than in 2023, 38 had fewer dates, and 12 teams played the same number both years.

Among the MLB-affiliated leagues, the Eastern League had the biggest increase in the number of dates in **2024**, up 7. The Midwest League had 10 fewer dates. By classification (30 teams in each group), Triple-A played 2 more dates, Double-A had 5 fewer, High-A had one more, and Single-A had 3 fewer dates than in 2023. Among independent leagues, biggest changes were by the expanded Mexican (87 more dates), and Pioneer Leagues (58 more dates).

Due to the Minor League reorganization in 2021, comparing the number of 2021-2024 dates with prior years lacks context. 2019 had the fewest number of dates for 14 U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated leagues since 2003. 2018 had the fewest number of dates since 2004 for all 15 MLB-affiliated leagues combined, including the Mexican League. The Mexican League added a combined 6 games for each team, from a 114-game schedule in 2018, to 120 games in 2019.

The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues went from MLB-affiliated leagues to being independent leagues in 2021.

OF HOME DATES FOR MLB-AFFILIATED AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES THAT RECORDED ATTENDANCE

<u>YEAR</u>	AFFILIATED LEAGUES	<u>INDY – EXCL. MEXICAN LEAGUE</u>	ALL INDEPENDENT LEAGUES
2024	7,867	2,984	3,833
2023	7,872	2,917	3,680
2022	7,862	2,918	3,670
2021	6,814	2,476	2,988
<u>YEAR</u>	AFFILIATED LEAGUES	AFFILIATED EXCL. MEXICAN LEAGUE	<u>INDEPENDENT LEAGUES</u>
2019	10,262	9,349	2,431
2018	10,215	9,353	2,540
2017	10,216	9,392	2,516
2016	10,350	9,502	2,498
2015	10,371	9,523	2,517
2014	10,347	9,500	2,399
2013	10,285	9,437	2,514
2012	10,405	9,556	2,643
2011	10,238	9,534	2,622
2010	10,379	9,591	2,840
2009	10,269	9,431	2,773
2008	10,364	9,532	2,889
2007	10,303	9,455	3,113
2006	10,305	9,472	2,599
2005	10,369	9,503	2,701
2004	10,067	9,378	2,186
2003	10,119	9,256	2,521
2002	10,354	9,486	2,384
2001	10,382	9,424	2,362
2000	10,296	9,376	2,255
1999	10,390	9,448	1,904
1998	10,325	9,368	1,821
1997 1996 1995 1994 1993 1992	10,009 9,944 9,959 9,915 9,766 9,654	9,029 9,026 9,036 8,971 8,756 8,610	N/A N/A N/A N/A None

Mid-week day games have become very popular for many Minor League teams in recent years. They are used primarily to attract school and camp groups. Many of the games start early, so the kids can stay for the entire game.

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LEAGUE/TEAM INTERNATIONAL	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	<u>LEAGUE/TEAM</u> EASTERN	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM SOUTH ATLANTIC	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>
Buffalo	8	1	Akron	3	1	Aberdeen	1	0
Charlotte	1	1	Altoona	4	2	Asheville	2	2
Columbus	8	0	Binghamton	4	2	Bowling Green	3	3
Durham	3	3	Bowie	4	3	Brooklyn	5	2
Gwinnett	5	3	l Erie	7	2	Greensboro	8	2
0	•	Ū.	Harrisburg	6	2	Greenville	1	0
Indianapolis	9	3		Ũ	-		•	Ū
lowa	15	0	Hartford	0	0	Hudson Valley	4	2
Jacksonville	4	1	New Hampshire	4	2	Jersey Shore	4	3
Lehigh Valley	3	2	Portland, ME	5	2	Rome	4	3
Louisville	8	2	Reading	5	3	Spartanburg	3	2
Eodiovino	U	2	Richmond	1	1	Wilmington, DE	2	2
Memphis	7	3	Somerset	5	3	Winston-Salem	1	1
Nashville	0	0		0	0		1	1
Norfolk	11	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	48	23	LEAGUE TOTAL	38	22
Omaha	8	2		70	20		50	~~~
Rochester	11	3	SOUTHERN			 <u>CAROLINA</u>		
NUCHESIEI	11	5	Biloxi	2	2	Augusta	2	2
St. Paul	5	2	Birmingham	3 2	3 1	l Carolina	2 4	2 3
	6	2	Chattanooga		-	Carolina Charleston	4	0
Syracuse				1 0	1		1	
Scranton-Wilkes	4	2	Mississippi	0	0	Columbia	-	1
Toledo	4	3		0	0	Delmarva	3	3
Worcester	5	2	Montgomery	2	2	Fayetteville	3	3
	405	05	Pensacola	1	1		0	0
LEAGUE TOTAL	125	35	Rocket City	3	3	Fredericksburg	3	3
			Tennessee	0	0	Hickory	4	3
PACIFIC COAST						Kannapolis	4	3
Albuquerque	6	3	LEAGUE TOTAL	12	11	Lynchburg	0	0
El Paso	7	2				Myrtle Beach	1	0
Las Vegas	0	0	MIDWEST			Salem	4	2
Oklahoma City	5	3	Beloit	4	3			
Reno	5	3	Ceder Rapids, IA	7	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	29	23
			Dayton	0	0			
Round Rock	1	0	Fort Wayne	1	0	FLORIDA STATE		
Sacramento	3	0	Great Lakes, MI	2	2	Bradenton	3	3
Salt Lake	1	0	Lake County, OH	6	2	Clearwater	3	0
Sugar Land	3	3				Daytona	0	0
Tacoma	5	2	Lansing	6	3	Dunedin	1	1
			Peoria	5	3	Fort Myers	1	0
LEAGUE TOTAL	36	16	Quad Cities	1	1	1		
			South Bend	3	2	Jupiter	0	0
TEXAS			West Michigan	4	2	Lakeland	2	2
Amarillo	1	1	Wisconsin	9	0	Palm Beach	0	0
Arkansas	2	2	1			St. Lucie	9	2
Corpus Christi	2	2	LEAGUE TOTAL	48	18	Tampa	3	0
Frisco	4	2	İ			i ·		
Midland	2	2	NORTHWEST			LEAGUE TOTAL	22	8
			Eugene	0	0	i		
N.W. Arkansas	2	2	Everett	3	0	İ		
San Antonio	1	1	Hillsboro	3	2	İ		
Springfield, MO	3	3	Spokane	2	2			
Tulsa	5	2	Tri-City, WA	0	0			
Wichita	4	2	Vancouver	11	0	1		
LEAGUE TOTAL	26	19	LEAGUE TOTAL	19	4	I		

LEAGUE/TEAM	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM	#	<u>A.M.</u>
CALIFORNIA			UNITED SHORE			2024 CLASSIFICATIO		
Fresno	3	3	LEAGUE TOTAL	0	0	<u></u>		
Inland Empire	2	1				I TRIPLE-A	161	51
Lake Elsinore	2	2	PECOS			DOUBLE-A	86	53
Modesto	3	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	0	0	HIGH-A	105	44
modobio	Ũ	Ũ		U	Ū	SINGLE-A	77	45
Rancho Cucamon.	3	3						40
San Jose	9	2				I MLB AFFILIATED	429	193
Stockton	2	2				TOTAL	423	195
Visalia	2	2 1	 MAVERICKS					
VISAIIA	2	I					110	92
	20	4.4					110	92
LEAGUE TOTAL	26	14					~	2
							5	3
AMERICAN ASSN.	_	_	MLB DRAFT	•		PARTNER LGS.		
Chicago	5	5	Frederick	2	1			
Cleburne			Mahoning Valley			GRAND TOTAL	544	288
Fargo	4	1	State College	0	0			
Gary-Southshore	4	2	Trenton	2	1			
Kane County	2	2	West Virgina	0	0			
Kansas City, KS	3	2	Williamsport	0	0	TOTALS FROM PR	EVIOUS	YEARS
•								
Lincoln	2	2	LEAGUE TOTAL	4	2	2024	588	290
Milwaukee	3	2						
Sioux City, IA	0	0				2023	570	274
Sioux Falls, SD	2	2	APPALACHIAN			1 2020	010	
Winnipeg	2	2	Bluefield	0	0	 2022	456	198
Lake Country, WI	3	3	Bristol	0	0	2022	400	190
Lake Country, Wi	3	3					407	20
	20	00	Burlington, NC	1	1	2021	167	30
LEAGUE TOTAL	30	23	Danville	0	0		004	0.40
			Elizabethton	0	0	2020 (Preliminary)	624	346
ATLANTIC	_							
Charleston, WV	5	2	Greeneville, TN	0	0	2019	687	392
Gastonia	1	1	Johnson City, TN	0	0			
High Point	2	1	Kingsport, TN	0	0	2018	623	378
Lancaster, PA	2	2	Tri-State	0	0			
Hagerstown	3	3	Pulaski	0	0	2017	642	379
						ĺ		
Lexington, KY	6	5	LEAGUE TOTAL	1	1	ĺ		
Long Island	1	1				ĺ		
Southern Maryland	3	3	PIONEER			İ		
Staten Island	7	7	Billings	0	0			
York	3	3	Boise			1		
	•	Ū	Glacier	0	0	1		
LEAGUE TOTAL	33	28	Grand Junction	Ũ	Ũ	1		
ELAGOL TOTAL	00	20	Great Falls, MT	0	0	1		
FRONTIER			Oakland	1	1	1		
Down East	0	0		I	1	1		
	0	0 0	 Vuba Suttar			1		
Evansville	1		Yuba-Sutter					
Florence	3	2	Idaho Falls					
Gateway	3	3	Missoula		_			
Joliet	3	3	Northern Colorado	0	0			
Lake Erie, OH			Ogden, UT	0	0			
Mississippi	0	0	Rocky Mountain	2	2			
New Jersey	8	8						
New York			LEAGUE TOTAL	3	3			
New England								
Ottawa	2	2						
Quebec	0	0						
Schaumburg	5	2						
Sussex, NJ	2	2						
Tri-City, NY	4	4						
Trois Rivieres	4	4	1					
Washington, PA	4	3						
Windy City, IL	9	9						
	A A	20						
LEAGUE TOTAL	44	38	l					

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Buffalo	7	1	Akron	4	1	Aberdeen	1	0
Charlotte	3	2	Altoona	4	2	Asheville	2	2
Columbus	8	0	Binghamton	3	2	Bowling Green	4	3
Durham	3	2	Bowie	4	3	Brooklyn	6	2
Gwinnett	6	2	Erie	7	2	Greensboro	6	2
Owninett	0	2	Harrisburg	6	2	Greenville	1	0
Indianapolis	8	2		0	2		I	0
lowa	15	0	Hartford	0	0	Hickory	4	3
Jacksonville	4	1	New Hampshire	4	2	Hudson Valley	4	2
Lehigh Valley	4	3	Portland, ME	5	2	Jersey Shore	4	3
Louisville	5	3	Reading	4	3	Rome	4	2
			Richmond	3	1	Wilmington, DE	2	2
Memphis	9	3	Somerset	4	3	Winston-Salem	2	0
Nashville	0	0	i					
Norfolk	11	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	48	23	LEAGUE TOTAL	40	21
Omaha	6	1						
Rochester	8	3	SOUTHERN			CAROLINA		
	-	-	Biloxi	1	1	Augusta	2	2
St. Paul	6	2	Birmingham	3	3	Carolina	3	3
Syracuse	3	2	Chattanooga	1	1	Charleston	1	1
Scranton-Wilkes	3	2	Mississippi	3	2	Columbia	2	1
Toledo	5	3		Ũ	2	l Delmarva	3	3
Worcester	10	1	Montgomery	2	2	Down East	5	3
	10	•	Pensacola	2	2		Ũ	Ū
LEAGUE TOTAL	124	33	Rocket City	2	2	 Fayetteville	3	3
	127	00	Tennessee	0	0	Fredericksburg	3	0
PACIFIC COAST				0	0	Kannapolis	4	3
Albuquerque	5	3	LEAGUE TOTAL	14	13	Lynchburg	4 0	0
El Paso	4	2		14	15	Myrtle Beach	1	0
Las Vegas	4	0	MIDWEST			Salem	3	3
Oklahoma City	4	3	Beloit	5	3		5	5
Reno	4	3	Ceder Rapids, IA	5	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	30	22
Nello	4	5	Dayton	0	0		30	22
Round Rock	1	0	Fort Wayne	1	0	 <u>FLORIDA STATE</u>		
Sacramento	7	0	Great Lakes, MI	3	2	Bradenton	3	2
Salt Lake	5	1	Lake County, OH	8	2	Clearwater	3	3 0
				0	3	1	0	0
Sugar Land Tacoma	2 4	2 2		F	2	Daytona Dunedin	2	2
Tacoma	4	2	Lansing	5	3	1	2	2
LEAGUE TOTAL	36	16	PeoriaQuad Cities	6 0	3	Fort Myers	0	0
LEAGUE TUTAL	30	10		3	0	 lumitan	0	0
TEVAS			South Bend	-	2	Jupiter	0	0
TEXAS	4	4	West Michigan	4	1	Lakeland	2	2
Amarillo	1	1	Wisconsin	10	0	Palm Beach	0	0
Arkansas	3	2		50	47	St. Lucie	9	2
Corpus Christi	1	1	LEAGUE TOTAL	50	17	Tampa	1	0
Frisco	3	2					00	•
Midland	2	2	<u>NORTHWEST</u>	1	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	20	9
	2	0	Eugene Everett	1	0	1		
N.W. Arkansas	3	2	1	3	0			
San Antonio	1	1	Hillsboro	2	1			
Springfield, MO	3	3	Spokane	2	2			
Tulsa Wishita	6	1	Tri-City, WA	3	1			
Wichita	3	0	Vancouver 	11	0			
LEAGUE TOTAL	26	15	LEAGUE TOTAL	22	4	ĺ		

LEAGUE/TEAM	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM	<u>#</u>	A.M.
CALIFORNIA	-		UNITED SHORE	-		2024 CLASSIFICATI		
Fresno	3	3	LEAGUE TOTAL	0	0	I		
Inland Empire	1	1				i TRIPLE-A	160	49
Lake Elsinore	1	1	PECOS			j DOUBLE-A	88	51
Modesto	0	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	1	0	i HIGH-A	112	42
						j SINGLE-A	70	44
Rancho Cucamon.	3	3				İ		
San Jose	8	2	LEAGUE TOAL	28	0	j MLB AFFILIATED	430	186
Stockton	2	2				j TOTAL		
Visalia	2	1	MAVERICKS			Ì		
			LEAGUE TOAL	0	0	INDEPENDENTS	153	99
LEAGUE TOTAL	20	13				ĺ		
						MLB COLLEGIATE	7	4
			MLB DRAFT			PARTNER LGS.		
AMERICAN ASSN.			Frederick	2	1	Ì		
Chicago	4	4	Mahoning Valley	1	1	j GRAND TOTAL	590	289
Cleburne	2	2	State College	1	0	İ		
Fargo	4	1	Trenton	2	1	İ		
Gary-Southshore	3	1	West Virgina	0	0	İ		
Kane County	4	4	Williamsport	0	0	TOTALS FROM PR	EVIOUS	YEARS
Kansas City, KS	2	2	' 					
- ,			LEAGUE TOTAL	6	3	2023	570	274
Lincoln	2	2		Ū.	U U		0.0	
Milwaukee	2	2				2022	456	198
Sioux City, IA	0	ō	APPALACHIAN				100	100
Sioux Falls, SD	5	2	Bluefield	0	0	2021	167	30
Winnipeg	3	2	Bristol	Ő	Ő		101	00
Lake Country, WI	4	2	Burlington, NC	1	1	2020 (Preliminary)	624	346
Earto Oountry, Wi	•	2	Danville	Ö	0		021	010
LEAGUE TOTAL	35	24	Elizabethton	Õ	0 0	2019	687	392
	00	21		U	Ū	2010	001	002
ATLANTIC			Greeneville, TN	0	0	2018	623	378
Charleston, WV	6	3	Johnson City, TN	Õ	Ő	2010	020	010
Hagerstown	4	4	Kingsport, TN	Ő	0	2017	642	379
High Point	2	1	Tri-State	Ő	0	2017	072	015
Lancaster, PA	3	3	l Pulaski	0	0	1		
Hagerstown	4	4		0	0	1		
nagerstown	-	-	LEAGUE TOTAL	1	1	1		
Lexington, KY	5	2		'	I	1		
Long Island	1	1	<u>PIONEER</u>			1		
Southern Maryland	3	3	Billings	0	0	1		
Staten Island	6	6	Boise	0	0	1		
York	3	3	l Glacier	Ő	0	1		
TOIR	Ŭ	Ũ	Grand Junction	Ő	0 0	1		
LEAGUE TOTAL	37	30	Great Falls, MT	Ő	0	1		
	01	00	Oakland	Õ	0 0	1		
FRONTIER				0	0	1		
Evansville	1	0	l Yolo	0	0	1		
Florence	2	2	I Idaho Falls	Ő	0	1		
Gateway	3	3	Missoula	0	0	1		
Joliet	4	4	Northern Colorado	0	0	1		
Lake Erie, OH	7	5	Ogden, UT	0	0	1		
New Jersey	6	6	Rocky Mountain	1	1	1		
New York	4	4		1	I	I		
New England	4	4	LEAGUE TOTAL	1	1			
New England	I	0		1	I			
Ottawa	2	2						
Quebec	0	0						
Schaumburg	5	2						
Sussex, NJ	2	2						
Tri-City, NY	2	2						
Trois Rivieres	0	0						
Washington, PA	2	2						
Washington, PA Windy City, IL	2	2						
windy Oity, IL	9	3						
LEAGUE TOTAL	51	44						
	01		I					

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Buffalo	0	1	<u>EASTERN</u> Akron	2	1	<u>SOUTH ATLANTIC</u> Aberdeen	0	0
	8	1	•	3	1	1		0
Charlotte	4	2	Altoona	5	3	Asheville	2	2
Columbus	5	0	Binghamton	3	2	Bowling Green	4	3
Durham	2	2	Bowie	3	2	Brooklyn	4	2
Gwinnett	5	2	Erie	6	2	Greensboro	6	2
			Harrisburg	7	2	Greenville	1	0
Indianapolis	10	3				1		
lowa	15	0	Hartford	0	0	Hickory	4	3
Jacksonville	6	1	New Hampshire	4	2	Hudson Valley	3	3
Lehigh Valley	3	3	Portland, ME	5	2	Jersey Shore	4	3
Louisville	5	3	Reading	4	3	Rome	2	2
Eodiovino	Ũ	Ū	Richmond	3	1	Wilmington, DE	2	2
Memphis	7	2	Somerset	4	3	Winston-Salem	3	0
Nashville	0	0		-	0		5	0
Norfolk	12	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	47	23		35	22
				47	23	LEAGUE TOTAL	35	22
Omaha	9	1						
Rochester	8	3	SOUTHERN			CAROLINA		
			Biloxi	3	3	Augusta	2	2
St. Paul	5	2	Birmingham	2	2	Carolina	3	3
Syracuse	7	2	Chattanooga	1	1	Charleston	0	0
Scranton-Wilkes	2	2	Mississippi	2	1	Columbia	2	0
Toledo	5	3	i			Delmarva	3	3
Worcester	5	0	Montgomery	2	2	Down East	5	3
	-		Pensacola	2	2		-	-
LEAGUE TOTAL	123	32	Rocket City	3	3	Fayetteville	2	2
	120	02	Tennessee	Ő	0	Fredericksburg	3	0
PACIFIC COAST				0	0	Kannapolis	4	3
Albuquerque	4	3	LEAGUE TOTAL	15	14	Lynchburg	4	0
				15	14			
El Paso	4	2				Myrtle Beach	0	0
Las Vegas	0	0	<u>MIDWEST</u>			Salem	2	2
Oklahoma City	4	2	Beloit	2	2			
Reno	5	3	Ceder Rapids, IA	6	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	26	18
			Dayton	0	0			
Round Rock	2	0	Fort Wayne	1	0	FLORIDA STATE		
Sacramento	5	0	Great Lakes, MI	4	2	Bradenton	3	0
Salt Lake	5	1	Lake County, OH	7	3	Clearwater	3	0
Sugar Land	3	3				Daytona	0	0
Tacoma	4	2	Lansing	4	3	Dunedin	2	2
			l Peoria	3	3	Fort Myers	1	0
LEAGUE TOTAL	36	16	Quad Cities	Õ	Õ			Ũ
	00	10	South Bend	3	2	Jupiter	2	1
TEXAS			West Michigan	5	2	Lakeland	2	2
Amarillo	1	1	Wisconsin	8	0	Palm Beach	1	1
	1	1		0	0	•		
Arkansas	3	2		40	47	St. Lucie	2	2
Corpus Christi	0	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	43	17	Tampa	0	0
Frisco	3	3						
Midland	2	2	<u>NORTHWEST</u>			LEAGUE TOTAL	16	8
			Eugene	1	0			
N.W. Arkansas	3	2	Everett	5	1			
San Antonio	1	0	Hillsboro	4	1			
Springfield, MO	4	2	Spokane	2	2			
Tulsa	5	2	Tri-City, WA	2	0	İ		
Wichita	2	Ō	Vancouver	10	0	i		
	_	-			-	Ì		
LEAGUE TOTAL	24	14	LEAGUE TOTAL	24	4	İ		

LEAGUE/TEAM CALIFORNIA	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM UNITED SHORE	<u>#</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	LEAGUE/TEAM 2023 CLASSIFICATI	<u>#</u> ОN ТОТ/	<u>a.m.</u>
Fresno	3	3	LEAGUE TOTAL	0	0			120
Inland Empire	3	1			-	TRIPLE-A	159	48
Lake Elsinore	2	2	PECOS			DOUBLE-A	86	51
Modesto	0	0	LEAGUE TOTAL	1	0	HIGH-A	102	43
		-			-	SINGLE-A	62	38
Rancho Cucamon.	2	2	EMPIRE					
San Jose	7	1	LEAGUE TOAL	37	1	MLB AFFILIATED	409	180
Stockton	2	2				TOTAL		
Visalia	1	1	MAVERICKS					
			LEAGUE TOAL	0	0	INDEPENDENTS	154	90
LEAGUE TOTAL	20	12						
						MLB COLLEGIATE	7	4
			MLB DRAFT			PARTNER LGS.		
AMERICAN ASSN.			Frederick	2	1			
Chicago	4	4	Mahoning Valley	0	0	GRAND TOTAL	570	274
Cleburne	0	0	State College	1	0			
Fargo	4	1	Trenton	2	2			
Gary-Southshore	4	2	West Virgina	0	0			
Kane County	4	4	Williamsport	0	0	TOTALS FROM PR	EVIOUS	YEARS
Kansas City, KS	4	2						
			LEAGUE TOTAL	5	3	2022	456	198
Lincoln	2	2						
Milwaukee	1	1				2021	167	30
Sioux City, IA	0	0	APPALACHIAN					
Sioux Falls, SD	2	0	Bluefield	0	0	2020 (Preliminary)	624	346
Winnipeg	2	2	Bristol	0	0			
Lake Country, WI	2	2	Burlington, NC	1	1	2019	687	392
			Danville	0	0			
LEAGUE TOTAL	29	20	Elizabethton	0	0	2018	623	378
ATLANTIC			Greeneville, TN	0	0	2017	642	379
Charleston, WV	3	2	Johnson City, TN	0	0			
Gastonia	4	4	Kingsport, TN	0	0			
High Point	2	1	Princeton	1	0			
Frederick	2	2	Pulaski	0	0			
Lancaster, PA	3	3		•	4			
	-	4	LEAGUE TOTAL	2	1			
Lexington, KY	5	1						
Long Island	1	1	<u>PIONEER</u>	0	0			
Southern Maryland	3	3	Billings	0	0			
Staten Island	3	3	Boise	0	0			
York	4	3	Glacier	0	0			
LEAGUE TOTAL	30	23	Grand Junction Great Falls, MT	0 0	0			
LEAGUE TUTAL	30	23	Great Fails, Wri	0	0			
FRONTIER			l Idaho Falls	0	0			
Evansville	2	0	Missoula	1	0			
Florence	0	0	Northern Colorado	0	0			
Gateway	2	2	Ogden, UT	0	0			
Joliet	4	4	Rocky Mountain	1	1			
Lake Erie, OH	6	5						
New Jersey	12	12	LEAGUE TOTAL	2	1			
New York	6	6		2				
	Ũ	Ū						
Ottawa	2	2						
Quebec	0	0						
Schaumburg	6	2						
Sussex, NJ	2	2						
Tri-City, NY	2	2						
Trois Rivieres	3	0						
Washington, PA	1	1						
Windy City, IL	7	7						
LEAGUE TOTAL	55	45						

MLB-AFFILIATED AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES PLAYOFF ATTENDANCE

All leagues had playoffs in **2024**. The MLB-affiliated leagues drew 221,857 for 70 playoff dates, averaging 3,169 per date. The largest playoff crowd was 8,052 in Dayton. The Triple-A Championship Game at Las Vegas drew 8,007.

While the Mexican League continued to play a shorter regular season than prior to **2021**, they had their usual playoff format, and those games drew very well. The 70 Mexican League playoff dates drew 608,241, averaging 8,689 per date. 18 of these games drew over 10,000, with 13 of them topping 15,000. Monterrey had the largest crowd (21,909), and they averaged 13,712 for their 10 playoff dates. **The 11 playoff dates in Mexico City drew an average of 17,253 per date.**

The 117 independent league playoff games (from the Mexican, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Frontier Leagues, and the American Association) drew 726,020, averaging 6,205 per date. The 4 U.S./Canadian Independent Leagues drew 117,779 in 47 dates, an average of 2,506 per date. Winnipeg (5,828) had the largest playoff crowd among the U.S./Canadian group of independent leagues. Combined MLB-affiliated and independent league **2024 playoff attendance** was 947,877 in 187 dates, averaging 5,069 per date. United Shore, Pecos, Mavericks, and Empire Leagues playoff data was not available.

In **2023**, the MLB-affiliated leagues drew 227,582 for 70 playoff dates, an average of 3,251 per date. The largest playoff crowd was 8,556 at Las Vegas for the Triple-A Championship Game. Largest crowd at a home playoff game was 8,120 in Norfolk.

The 73 Mexican League playoff dates in 2023 drew 693,528, averaging 9,500 per date. 29 of these games drew over 10,000, with 3 of them topping 15,000. Mexico City had the largest crowd (20,062), and they averaged 16,457 for their 6 playoff dates.

The 125 independent league playoff games (from the Mexican, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Frontier Leagues, and the American Association) drew 807,397, averaging 6,459 per date. The 4 U.S./Canadian Independent Leagues drew 113,869 in 52 dates, an average of 2,190 per date. Lancaster, PA (4,956) had the largest crowd among this group of leagues. Combined MLB-affiliated and independent league **2023 playoff attendance** was 1,034,979 in 195 dates, averaging 5,308 per date. United Shore, Pecos, Mavericks, and Empire Leagues playoff data was not available.

There was more post-season play among the MLB-affiliated leagues in **2022**, as all leagues had playoffs. The MLB-affiliated leagues drew 194,438 for 66 playoff dates, an average of 2,946 per date. The largest playoff crowd was 9,159 at Fresno. The 67 Mexican League playoff dates drew 762,112, averaging 11,375 per date. 37 of these games drew over 10,000, with 15 of them topping 20,000. Monterrey had the 3 largest crowds (all were 21,909). The 120 independent league playoff games (from the Mexican, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Frontier Leagues, and the American Association) drew 871,321, averaging 7,261 per date. The 4 U.S./Canadian Independent Leagues drew 109,209 in 53 dates, an average of 2,061 per date. Southern Maryland (6,259) had the largest crowd among this group of leagues. Combined MLB-affiliated and independent league **2022 playoff attendance** was 1,065,759 in 186 dates, averaging 5,730 per date. United Shore, Pecos, Mavericks, and Empire Leagues playoff data was not available.

There was limited post-season play among the MLB-affiliated leagues in **2021**. No playoffs were held in the Triple-A leagues, while all of the other 9 leagues only had a best-of-5 championship series. The MLB-affiliated leagues drew 77,438 for 32 playoff dates, an average of 2,420 per date. The largest playoff crowd was 7,337 at Fresno.

In **2021**, 74 Mexican League playoff dates drew 412,739, averaging 5,578 per date. 36 of these games drew over 5,000. Just 6 playoff games in all other leagues drew at least 5,000. Tijuana had the largest crowd (17,687). The 111 independent league playoff games (from the Mexican, Atlantic, Pioneer, and Frontier Leagues, and the American Association) drew 499,184, and averaged 4,497 per date. Combined MLB-affiliated and independent league playoff data was not available.

MLB-AFFILIATED AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES PLAYOFF ATTENDANCE

All MLB-affiliated and independent leagues, except for the Florida State League, had playoff games in **2019**. A hurricane caused the Florida State League to cancel its playoffs. The Mexican League had only one set of playoffs in 2019, unlike 2018, when they split their season, and had a full set of playoffs in June, and another set in September and October. This change resulted in 193 post-season games played by MLB-affiliated teams in 2019, down from 228 in 2018. The 2019 MLB-affiliated playoff games drew 902,103, averaging 4,674 per date. In 2018, the MLB-affiliated playoffs drew 1,168,446, an average of 5,125 per date. The difference was due to the extra 2018 Mexican League games.

The 43 Mexican League playoff games in **2019** drew 519,686, an average of 12,086 per game. Every game drew at least 5,000, 23 games attracted at least 10,000, and at 18 games, attendance topped 14,000, with a high of 18,965 for a game at Monterrey. The 6 games in Mexico City averaged 16,246 per game. 7 playoff games in Tijuana drew an average of 15,551, and the last 5 games in Yucatan all drew a sellout crowd of 14,917. During the 2019 regular season, the Mexican League drew a league record-high 5,058 per date.

In **2018**, the 41 Mexican League Spring playoff games drew 477,463, an average of 11,645 per game. The 42 Summer playoff games drew 345,112, averaging 8,219 per game. Overall, the 83 Mexican League playoff games in **2018** drew 822,575, an average of 9,910 per game. Attendance at 66 of these games surpassed 5,000, 30 topped 10,000, and 18 games drew better than 15,000. Monterrey drew 332,817 for 18 playoff games, averaging 18,490 per game. In the 2018 regular seasons, the Mexican League averaged 4,376 per date.

The 35 Mexican League playoff games in **2017** drew 418,401, an average of 11,954 per game. Attendance at every game topped 5,000, and at 20 games, it reached 10,000. Tijuana drew 130,165, an average of 16,271, for its 8 playoff games. Monterrey averaged 20,510 for its 5 games, with a high of 23,176.

In **2016**, the 37 Mexican League playoff games drew 469,242, averaging 12,682 per game. All but one game drew at least 5,000, and 27 games drew over 10,000, led by 25,896 for a game at Monterrey. All 19 semi-finals and finals games topped 11,000. The 8 playoff games in Tijuana drew 132,225, an average of 16,528 per game, while the 6 games in Monterrey had an average attendance of 18,958 per game.

The 49 Mexican League playoff games in **2015** drew a total of 466,129, an average of 9,513 per game. 43 of these games attracted at least 5,000, and attendance topped 10,000 at 15 games, with a high of 17,242 at Tijuana.

In **2014**, the Mexican League drew 335,945 for its 38 post-season games, an average of 8,841 per game. All but 5 of these games drew over 5,000. 11 games topped 10,000 in attendance, with a high of 24,999 at Mexico City. All 4 games in the final round topped 14,000. In the **2013** playoffs, there were 7 games in Monterrey, and they drew 131,980, an average of 18,854 per game. 4 of these games drew better than 20,000.

Year-to-year comparisons of Minor League post-season attendance serve little purpose since the number of games played, and the cities they're played in, can vary greatly from one year to the next. For example, the very high 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2013 playoff attendance in the Mexican League was due in large part to Monterrey going all the way to the finals in both playoff seasons in 2018, and in 2013, and to the semi-finals in 2016 and 2017. Their ballpark's capacity is over 21,000.

There are several reasons why, with the exception of the Mexican League, Minor League playoff games often don't draw well. Some leagues play split-seasons, with playoff teams for each half of the season, so at least one or two playoff teams are known well ahead of time. But there is often little time for advance ticket sales to these games.

Group ticket sales, and promotions and giveaways, which are major components of Minor League attendance, are difficult to plan on short notice. Mexican League Spring 2018 playoff games were in June (mostly in August prior to 2018, in September and early October in 2019, and in August and September in 2022, 2023, and 2024. But all other playoffs take place in September to early October, when school is open, and the NFL and college and high school football seasons have begun. Minor league teams often provide free playoff tickets to season ticketholders, or may have a 'Buy a ticket to the first playoff game, and get a free ticket to all other playoff games' promotion. Other teams allow fans who have leftover unused regular season tickets to trade them in for playoff tickets. So attendance listed for Minor League playoff games often includes a large number of free or exchanged tickets.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL 2024 PLAYOFF ATTENDANCE - INDEPENDENT LEAGUES BY TEAM

189,779		
184774	A A	47.050
	11	17,253
137,116	10	13,712
		5,139
		4,283
,		7,800
		7,572
		3,948
		3,885
·		5,777
		7,842
14,668		4,889
26,682	3	8,894
608,241	70	8,689
7.701	2	3,851
		2,392
		3,209
		1,761
		2.765
		2,700
		4.000
		1,238
		2,466
		1,569
		4,136
		1,153
		791
		344
		771
39,098	19	2,058
1,949	1	1,949
3,340	1	3,340
2,311	1	2,311
	1	505
	4	4,075
		2,515
,		2,904
	•••	
-		0
		2,970
	-	1,795
		2,861
16,316	6	2,719
726 020	447	6,205
	26,682 608,241 7,701 9,568 9,626 3,522 30,417 4,951 4,931 4,706 20,681 1,153 791 344 1,541 39,098 1,949 3,340	34,263 8 46,799 6 37,861 5 15,792 4 23,312 6 17,330 3 23,525 3 14,668 3 26,682 3 26,682 3 608,241 70 7,701 2 9,568 4 9,626 3 3,522 2 30,417 11 4,951 4 4,951 4 4,931 2 4,706 3 20,681 5 1,153 1 791 1 344 1 1,541 2 39,098 19 1 3,340 1 1 16,299 4 7,544 3 31,948 11 0 0 5,939 2 1

Playoff Attendance for the United Shore, Pecos, Mavericks, and Empire Leagues was not available.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL 2024 PLAYOFF ATTENDANCE – MLB-AFFILIATED LEAGUES BY TEAM

League and Teams	Total Attendance	# Games	Avg./Game
Omaha-International Champion	9,835	3	3,278
Columbus	0	0	0
Sugar Land-Triple-A/PCL Champion	8,322	2	4,161
Reno	0	0	0
Triple-A Championship at Las Vegas	8,007	1	8,007
TRIPLE-A TOTAL	26,164	6	4,361
	20,104	0	4,501
DOUBLE-A EASTERN			
Akron	3,411	1	3,411
Erie	12,550	3	4,183
Hartford	5,703	1	5,703
Somerset	8,545	2	4,273
Total – Eastern League	30,209	7	4,316
	00,200	•	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
DOUBLE-A SOUTHERN			
Biloxi	1,578	1	1,578
Birmingham	10,776	3	3,592
Montgomery	9,621	3	3,207
Tennessee	3,129	1	3,129
Total – Southern League	25,104	8	3,138
DOUBLE-A TEXAS			
Springfield, MO	4,845	2	2,423
Arkansas	14,680	3	4,893
Frisco	10,383	2	5,192
Midland	4,187	2	2,094
Total – Texas League	34,095	9	3,788
DOUBLE-A TOTAL	89,408	24	3,725
HIGH-A SOUTH ATLANTIC			
Bowling Green	2,684	2	1,342
Hudson Valley (Fishkill, NY)	11,774	3	3,925
Greensboro	6,464	2	3,232
Rome	3,715	1	3,715
Total – South Atlantic League	24,637	8	3,079
HIGH-A MIDWEST	0.050	4	0.050
Dayton	8,052	1	8,052
Lake County, OH	11,335	3	3,778
Quad Cities	1,260	1	1,260
Wisconsin	8,611	2	4,306
Total – Midwest League	29,258	7	4,180
HIGH-A NORTHWEST			
Spokane	2,171	2	1,086
Vancouver, BC	6,919	2	3,460
Total – Northwest League	9,094	4	2,273
	0,00 T	•	
HIGH-A TOTAL	62,989	19	3,315

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL 2024 PLAYOFF ATTENDANCE – MLB-AFFILIATED LEAGUES BY TEAM

League and Teams	Total Attendance	# Games	Avg./Game
SINGLE-A CAROLINA			
Charleston, SC	4,012	1	4,012
Fredericksburg, VA	5,520	2	2,760
Carolina	2,971	1	2,971
Kannapolis	11.836	3	3,945
Total – Carolina League	24,339	7	3,477
SINGLE-A FLORIDA STATE			
Palm Beach	1,603	3	534
Lakeland	830	2	415
Daytona Beach	1,264	1	1,264
Clearwater	1,076	1	1,076
Total – Florida State League	4,773	7	682
SINGLE-A CALIFORNIA			
Modesto	8,555	3	2,852
Lake Elsinore	2,437	2	1,219
Visalia	1,416	1	1,416
San Jose	1,766	1	1,766
Total – California League	14,174	7	2,025
SINGLE-A TOTAL	43,286	21	2,061
MLB AFFILIATED LEAGUES TOTAL	221,857	70	3,169

League champions shown in bold

MINOR LEAGUE 2024 PLAYOFF ATTENDANCE BY LEAGUE, AVERAGE PER GAME, BIG AND SMALL CROWDS

		# of	Average	Crowds	# of		
League	Total	Playoff	Attend.	under	Crowds	Largest	Site of Largest Crowd
	Attendance	Games	per Game	1,000	5,000+	Crowd	
NAPBL-Affiliated							
International	9,835	3	3,278	0	0	3,524	Omaha
Pacific Coast	8,322	2	4,161	0	0	4,312	Sugar Land
Triple-A Championship	8,007	1	8,007	0	1	8,007	Las Vegas
Total – Triple-A	26,164	6	4,361	0	1	8,007	Las Vegas
Eastern	30,209	7	4,316	0	1	5,703	Hartford
Southern	25,104	8	3,138	0	1	5,645	Montgomery
Texas	34,095	9	3,788	0	3	6,331	Frisco
Total – Double-A	89,418	24	3,725	0	5	6,331	Frisco
Couth Atlantia	04 607	0	2.070	0	0	4.000	
South Atlantic	24,637	8	3,079	0	0	4,269	Hudson Valley
Midwest	29,258	-	4,180	0	1	8,052	Dayton
Northwest	9,094	4	2,273	1	0	3,844	Vancouver
Total – High-A	62,989	19	3,315	1	1	8,052	Dayton
Carolina	24,339	7	3,477	0	0	4,595	Kannapolis
Florida State	4,773	7	682	5	0	1,264	Daytona Beach
California	14,174	7	2,025	0	0	3,613	Modesto
Total – Single-A	43,286	21	2,061	5	0	4,595	Kannapolis
Total – Affiliated	221,857	70	3,169	6	7	8,052	Dayton
INDEPENDENT							
Mexican	608,241	70	8,689	0	51	21,909	Monterrey
Atlantic	30,417	11	2,765	0	0	4,920	York
American Association	39,098	19	2,058	5	1	5,828	Winnipeg
Frontier	31,948	11	2,904	1	0	4,297	Quebec (3 games)
Pioneer	16,316	6	2,719	0	0	3,454	Glacier
Total – Independent	726,020	117	6,205	6	52	21,909	Monterrey
Total – All Leagues	947,877	187	5,069	12	59	21,909	Monterrey

18 Mexican League playoff games drew at least 10,000, and 13 games topped 15,000.

Excluding the Mexican League, the other 4 independent leagues drew 117,779 in 47 dates, averaging 2,506 per date.

Sources: MLB Stats Reporting Platform, Minor League Baseball (Affiliated Leagues); Individual League Websites and MLB Stats Reporting Platform (Independent Leagues); Bob Wirz of Wirz & Associates, publisher of the Indybaseballchatter.com. Separate playoff attendance for Pecos, United Shore, Mavericks, and Empire Pro Leagues, was not available. Data for Frontier League games at New Jersey was not reported.

COMBINED MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUES AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES OVERVIEW

NUMBER OF MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS WITH ATTENDANCE GROWTH - 2024 vs. 2023

48 of the 120 MLB-affiliated teams had increases, and 72 teams had declines, in total attendance in **2024**, and 41 teams were up in average per date, and 79 teams were down. The Midwest and Florida State Leagues were the only MLB-affiliated leagues where more teams had gains than losses in total attendance.

In 2023, 90 of the 120 MLB-affiliated Minor League teams had increases in total attendance vs. 2022, and 91 of those teams had growth in average per date. It was the largest percentage of 'same market' teams showing attendance increases in decades (certainly since at least 1970, and probably ever). The significance of this achievement is that it was done with a smaller group of teams. All of this excludes 2022 vs. 2021.

The last time at least 90 teams had gains was in 2007, when 114 of 171 NAPBL 'same market' teams, including Mexican League teams, did it. That year 104 of 158 (65.8%) U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams (excludes the Mexican League) showed gains in total attendance. In 1991, 99 of the 148 (66.9%) U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams MLB-affiliated teams posted increases, the highest percentage of teams achieving gains between 1970 and 2019.

Since 1970, and excluding 2022 due to restricted capacity in 2021, the other seasons with at least 90 'same market' U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams with total attendance gains vs. the previous year were: 1993 – 90 of 140 teams (64.3%); 1991 – 99 of 148 teams (66.9%); 1990 – 96 of 148 teams (64.9%). In 1987, 66.7% (88 of 132) 'same market' teams achieved increases. The term 'same market' team only includes teams that played in the same market in the two seasons being compared. It does include teams that moved into a new ballpark in their same market.

Longer schedules and few Covid restrictions resulted in all but 2 teams (Wichita and Lake Elsinore) posting **2022 vs. 2021** total attendance increases. Tampa and Daytona, each with one less date than in 2021, were the only teams with fewer dates for 2022 vs. 2021. Vancouver is excluded since they played their 2021 home games in Hillsboro.

Due to the shorter schedule, fewer teams, and Covid-19 restrictions, only 3 of the 104 MLB-affiliated teams that played a full home schedule in **2021** in the same market as in **2019**, had higher total attendance in **2021 than in 2019**.

The table on the next page shows how many teams that played in the same market as in the previous year, had increases in attendance. It covers 1977 vs. 1976 through 2024 vs. 2023, plus 1970 vs. 1969.

The first 3 data columns cover all MLB-affiliated teams, including the Mexican League, which was affiliated with the NAPBL through 2019. But the Mexican League is excluded after 2019. That league became an independent league when play resumed in 2021. No independent teams are included in this table. The 3 columns on the right of the table only include United States or Canadian MLB (NAPBL) affiliated teams

Mexican League attendance for 1981 is not available, so no comparisons can be made for 1982 vs. 1981, and 1981 vs. 1980 in the 'All Teams' columns.

YEARLY NUMBER OF MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS WITH ATTENDANCE GROWTH

MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS IN **SAME MARKETS AS IN THE PREVIOUS YEAR** -SHOWING <u>TOTAL</u> ATTENDANCE GAIN/LOSS VS. PREVIOUS YEAR "# of TEAMS" COLUMN INCLUDES MEXICAN AND PIONEER LEAGUES THROUGH 2019 '# of U.S./CANADIAN TEAMS EXCLUDES MEXICAN LEAGUE IN ALL SEASONS

ALL MLB-AFFILIATED or NAPBL TEAMS				EAMS	U.S./CANA	DIAN MLB-AFF	ILIATES ONLY
Year	# Teams	# w. Gain	% w. Gain	# w. Loss	# Teams	# w. Gain	% w. Gain
2024	120	48	40.0	72	120	48	40.0
2023	120	90	75.0	30	120	90	75.0
2022 v. 2021	119	117	98.3	2	119	117	98.3
2022 v. 2019	117	28	23.9	89	117	28	23.9
2019	174	83	47.7	91	158	69	43.7
2018	175	63	36.0	112	160	57	35.6
2017	170	82	48.2	88	156	76	48.7
2016	174	61	35.1	113	158	54	34.2
2015	174	81	46.6	93	158	75	47.5
2013	174	87	50.0	87	159	84	52.8
2013	174	85	48.9	89	158	77	48.7
2013	174	67	39.8	104	158	60	38.0
2011	173	87	50.3	86	159	74	46.5
2010	173	83	48.0	90	157	79	50.3
2009	171	57	33.3	114	156	54	34.6
2009						76	
	172	86	50.0	86	157		48.4
2007	171	114	66.7	57	158	104	65.8
2006	174	88	50.6	86	159	82	51.6
2005	170	98	57.6	71	154	88	57.1
2004	169	87	51.5	82	156	82	52.6
2003	169	58	34.3	111	154	51	33.1
2002	173	84	48.6	88	157	79	50.3
2001	169	86	50.9	83	153	79	51.6
2000	170	71	41.8	99	155	61	39.4
1999	169	64	37.9	105	154	59	38.3
1998	164	83	50.6	81	150	75	50.0
1997	169	78	46.2	91	153	71	46.4
1996	165	64	39.4	101	152	61	40.1
1995	166	63	38.0	103	151	61	40.4
1994	159	93	58.5	66	143	78	54.5
1993	155	102	65.8	53	140	90	64.3
1992	162	87	53.7	75	148	77	52.0
1991	162	99	61.1	63	148	99	66.9
1990	162	109	67.3	53	148	96	64.9
		_		_			
1989	154	89	57.8	65	141	84	59.6
1988	151	82	54.3	69	138	78	56.5
1987	146	100	68.5	46	132	88	66.7
1986	149	81	54.4	68	134	76	56.7
1985	146	79	54.1	67	132	76	57.6
1984	144	60	41.7	84	130	52	40.0
1983	141	75	53.2	66	127	68	53.5
1982	139	-			124	57	46.0
1981	133				117	74	63.2
1980	132	72	54.5	60	116	72	62.1
1979	132	79	59.8	53	116	73	62.9
1978	121	53	43.8	68	105	49	46.7
1977	114	70	61.4	44	99	60	60.6
1970	119	75	63.0	44	110	72	65.5
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Lowell had no change vs. the previous year in 2002 and 2005, as they sold out all their games.

COMBINED MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUES AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES OVERVIEW

NUMBER OF TEAMS WITH ATTENDANCE GROWTH – 2024 vs. 2023, PLUS PREVIOUS YEARS

MLB-Affiliated Teams - Average per Date Increases and Declines

In 2024, 41 teams had gains in average per date, and 79 teams were down. Only the Midwest, Florida State, and California Leagues had a majority of teams achieving increases in 2024 vs. 2023 average per date.

2023 had one of the highest, if not the highest, percentage of MLB-affiliated teams posting increases in average per date. 91 of the 120 teams had a higher average per date in 2023 than in 2022. Every league had more teams with average per date increases than declines. In the South Atlantic League, 11 of the 12 teams had gains, and the only team with a decline, Hudson Valley, was down by just 6.

For **2022 vs. 2021**, 111 teams were up in average per date, and 8 were down. This group of teams excludes Vancouver. All Triple-A teams had increases. The only teams with declines were Wichita, Birmingham, Montgomery, and Rocket City from Double-A, Quad Cities and Rome from High-A, and Palm Beach and Lake Elsinore from Single-A.

For **2023 vs. 2019**, 38 'same market' teams had average per date increases, and 79 teams were down. This group excludes Worcester (Pawtucket in 2019), Wichita (New Orleans in 2019), and Rocket City (Mobile in 2019). It does include Fredericksburg VA, who played at nearby Potomac in 2019.

Jacksonville, who played in the Double-A Southern League in 2019, was the only 2022 Triple-A team whose average per date was higher in **2022 than in 2019**. The other teams with **2022 vs. 2019** average per date gains were Portland ME, Somerset NJ, and Tennessee from Double-A, Beloit, Dayton, Lansing, Quad Cities, West Michigan, Wisconsin, Greenville SC, and Winston-Salem from High-A, and Augusta, Fredericksburg VA, Kannapolis, Myrtle Beach, Salem, and Dunedin from Single-A.

Kannapolis and Fredericksburg, who opened new parks in 2021, plus Quad Cities and Myrtle Beach, were the only MLB-affiliated teams to achieve increases in **2021 vs. 2019** average per date attendance.

The number of MLB-affiliated teams with gains in <u>average per date</u> rose sharply in **2019**. 82 teams posted gains for **2019 vs. 2018**, while 92 teams had declines This group excludes Rocky Mountain and Amarillo.

In **2018**, 59 teams posted increases in average per date, and 116 teams had declines. There were 90 teams that achieved average per date gains in **2017**, while 80 teams had losses. In **2016**, 57 teams had increases, while 117 teams saw declines. In **2015**, 81 teams were up in average per date, while 93 were down, the same numbers as in **2014**.

In **2013**, 91 'same market' teams were up in average per date, while 83 had losses. In **2012**, 65 teams had increases in average attendance per date, and 106 posted declines.

There were 96 teams with gains in average per date in **2011**, and 77 had declines. In **2010**, 64 teams had increases, and 109 teams showed declines in average attendance per home date. It rose for 63 teams in **2009**, while 107 recorded a decline, and one had no change. In **2008**, average attendance per home date increased for 72 teams and fell for 100 teams. In **2007**, average per date was up for 110 teams, fell for 60, and one team had no change.

COMBINED MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUES AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUES OVERVIEW

NUMBER OF TEAMS WITH ATTENDANCE GROWTH - 2024 vs. 2023, PLUS PREVIOUS YEARS

Independent Teams - Total Attendance and Average per Date Increases and Declines

There were 78 independent league teams that played in the same market in **2024 as in 2023**. 47 of those teams had increases in total attendance, and 31 were down. In average per date, 54 teams were up, 23 were down, and one Pecos League team had the same average per date in both seasons.

In 2023, the Independent teams posted their best performance in many years in terms of how many of them had increases in total attendance and average per date. Of the 77 teams playing in the same market as in 2022, 46 teams were up in total attendance, and 31 were down. In average per date, 47 teams had increases, 29 had declines, and Lake Country of the American Association had the same average per date in both years.

71 independent teams played in the same market in **2022 as in 2021**. The United Shore League (4 teams, all based in Utica, MI), and the Mavericks League (4 teams, all based in Keizer, OR) each count as one team. Excluded from this group are expansion teams Kentucky and Staten Island of the Atlantic League, Lake Country (not county) of the American Association, Glacier of the Pioneer League, and Austin, Santa Rosa, and Weimar from the Pecos League. Also excluded are Quebec and Trois Rivieres of the Frontier League, who had very limited home schedules in 2021, and Ottawa of the Frontier League, who did not play in 2021. 58 of these teams had increases in **2022 vs. 2021** total attendance, and 13 had declines. In average per date, 55 of these teams were up, 15 were down, and one team had the same average per date in both seasons.

70 independent teams played in the same market in **2023 as in 2019**. The other 13 teams didn't play anywhere in 2019. 27 teams had gains in **2023 vs. 2019** total attendance, and 43 teams had declines. 25 of these teams were up in average per date, 44 were down, and Tucson of the Pecos League had the same average per date in both years. The Mexican League had a significantly shorter schedule in 2022 than in 2019. As a result, the 16 teams in the league in both seasons, played between 11 and 25 fewer dates in 2022 than in 2019, and 14 of them had declines in total attendance. Only Union Laguna, and Campeche, had increases.

There were 67 independent teams who played a full **2021** season in the same markets that they were in for the 2019 season. This includes teams that changed leagues for the 2021 season. 13 of these teams had higher total attendance in **2021** than in 2019. 5 Pioneer League teams (Great Falls, Missoula, Billings, Ogden, and Idaho Falls) were up, but this league played a longer season in 2021 than it did in 2019. 11 independent teams had **2021 vs. 2019** average per date gains, including Milwaukee, Schaumburg, Sioux City, and Great Falls. The other 7 teams were all in the Pecos League (Garden City, Santa Fe, Bakersfield, Alpine, Roswell, Trinidad, and Monterey, CA).

50 independent teams played in the same market in both **2019 and 2018**. This includes the 4-team United Shore Baseball League counting as one team. All teams in that league played in Utica, MI. Total attendance rose for 18 of these teams, while 32 had declines. In average per date, 17 of these teams were up, 30 were down, and 3 had the same average per date as in 2018. 17 of these 50 teams played more dates in 2019 than in 2018, 25 teams had fewer dates, and 8 played the same number in both years.

There were 52 'same market' teams in the independent leagues in **2018**. 22 of them had total attendance gains, and 30 suffered decreases. 19 of these teams were up in average per date, 32 were down, and one team had the same average as in 2017. In **2017**, 22 'same market' independent teams posted total attendance increases, while 26 had declines. In average per date, 22 were up, 25 were down, and one team had the same average as in 2016. 46 independent league teams played in the same market in **2016** as in 2015. Just 14 of them had a total attendance increase, and 20 teams were up in average per date.

In **2015**, 23 independent league teams playing in the same market as in 2014, had increases in total attendance in 2015, while 22 were down. 15 of these independent teams posted gains in average per date. 14 independent teams had total increases in **2014**, while 13 were up in average per date. In **2013**, there were 15 'same market' independent teams with gains in total attendance. Average per date rose also for 15 teams.

In **2012**, 20 independent teams had increase in total attendance, while 26 showed declines. 17 of those 46 teams had gains in average per date. Just 12 independent league teams had gains in total attendance in **2011**, and 37 saw losses. Only 9 teams had increases in average per date. In **2010**, 28 of 55 independent league teams had increases in total attendance, with 24 up in average per date. 16 of 55 teams had a total attendance gain in **2009**, with 19 up in average per date.

SMALL CHANGES IN YEAR-TO-YEAR TOTAL ATTENDANCE

As the table on Page 59 shows, the number of teams achieving increases in attendance from one year to the next tends to vary, often by wide margins. But because this variation is frequently caused by some very small increases or decreases in an individual team's yearly attendance, the year-to-year change in the number of teams posting gains or losses may be less significant than it seems.

For **2024 vs. 2023**, 15 MLB-affiliated teams, and 18 independent teams, had **total attendance** increases of less than 5,000. For 5 of the MLB-affiliates, and 2 independents, the gains were less than 1,000. 17 MLB-affiliated teams, and 11 independent teams, had total attendance declines of less than 5,000, and for 2 of those MLB-affiliates, and 5 of those independent teams, the decreases were under 1,000. **In average per date**, 5 MLB-affiliated teams, and 7 independent teams, posted increases of less than 30 per date. 7 MLB-affiliated teams, and 3 independents had average per date declines of less than 30.

In terms of **total attendance percentage change for 2024 vs. 2023**, 33 MLB-affiliated teams, and 12 independent teams, had increases of under 5%. 22 of the MLB-affiliates, and 7 of the independents, had gains of less than 3%. 32 MLB-affiliates, and 10 independents, were down less than 5%, with 20 of those MLB-affiliated teams, and 7 of the independent teams having declines of less than 3%.

2024 vs. 2023 average per date percentage change shows 25 MLB-affiliated teams, and 17 independent teams, with gains of less than 5%. These increases were under 3% for 14 of these MLB-affiliated teams, and 11 of these independent teams. 40 MLB-affiliated teams and 6 independent teams, were down less than 5% in average per date. 20 of those MLB-affiliates, and 4 of those independent teams had average per date declines of under 3%.

In **2023**, total attendance increases of less than 5,000 were posted by 16 MLB-affiliated, and 12 independent teams. For one of the MLB-affiliated teams, and 2 independent teams, the gain was under 1,000. 11 MLB-affiliated and 9 independent teams had total attendance declines of less than 5,000, and for 3 of those MLB-affiliates, and one of those independent teams, the dip was under 1,000. In average per date, 4 MLB affiliates and 8 independents were up by less than 30 per date, while 7 MLB-affiliated teams, and 3 independent teams had declines of under 30.

On a percentage basis in **2023**, 40 MLB-affiliated teams **were up** less than 5.0% in total attendance, with 19 of them up less than 3.0%. 9 independent teams had total attendance gains of under 5.0%, with 5 of them up less than 3.0%. 19 MLB affiliates, and 5 independent teams **were down** less than 5.0%, and in that group of teams, 16 MLB affiliates and 3 independent teams had declines of less than 3.0%. In average per date, **up less than 5.0%** were 43 MLB-affiliated teams, and 14 independent teams, with 21 MLB-affiliates, and 7 independents, having gains of less than 3.0%. **Declining less than 5.0%** in average per date were 22 MLB-affiliated, and 5 independent teams. 19 of those MLB-affiliated teams, and 3 of the independent teams, were down under 3.0% in average per date.

Small changes were fewer than usual when comparing **2022 vs. 2021** attendance, since so many teams had large increases as a result of more games played, and no capacity restrictions in 2022. No MLB-affiliated team had a **total attendance gain** of less than 5,000. 10 independent teams did have total attendance increases of less than 5,000, with 4 of these teams up less than 1,000. Just one MLB-affiliated team, and 6 independent teams had **total attendance declines** of under 5,000, with that MLB-affiliated team, and 2 independent teams, down under 1,000. In **average per date**, 2 MLB-affiliated teams, and 4 independent teams, had increases of less than 30 per date. No MLB-affiliated teams, and 2 independent teams were down under 30 per date.

On a percentage basis for 2022 vs. 2021, one MLB-affiliated team and 3 independent teams had **total attendance** increases of less than 5%, with 2 of those independent teams up less than 3%. One MLB-affiliated team, and 4 independent teams, were down less than 5% in total attendance, and that MLB-affiliated team, plus 2 independent teams, were down less than 3%. **In average per date**, 10 MLB-affiliated teams and 2 independent teams had gains of less than 5%, with 3 of the MLB-affiliated teams, and the 2 independent teams up less than 3%. 2 MLB-affiliated teams, and 4 independent teams, had average per date declines of less than 5%, with one of the MLB-affiliated teams, and 2 of the independent teams, down less than 3%.

SMALL CHANGES IN YEAR-TO-YEAR TOTAL ATTENDANCE

There were also few small numerical changes when comparing **2022 vs. 2019** attendance. 3 MLB-affiliated teams, and 10 independent teams had **total attendance increases** of less than 5,000. No MLB-affiliated team, and 3 independent teams, were up less than 1,000. 2 MLB-affiliated teams, and 5 independent teams, had **total attendance decreases** of less than 5,000, with one MLB-affiliated team, and one independent team, down less than 1,000. In **average per date**, 2 MLB-affiliated teams, and one independent team, had increases of less than 30 per date. 4 MLB-affiliated teams, and one independent teams, and one independent teams.

On a percentage basis for 2022 vs. 2019, 8 MLB-affiliated teams, and 4 independent teams, had **total attendance increases** of less than 5%, with 6 of the MLB-affiliated teams, and the 4 independent teams, up less than 3%. 9 MLB-affiliated teams, and 5 independent teams, had **total attendance declines** of less than 5%, with 2 of the MLB-affiliated teams, and the 5 independent teams, posting declines of less than 3%. **In average per date**, 10 MLB-affiliated teams, and 3 independent teams, had **increases** of less than 5%, with 8 of those MLB-affiliated teams, and one independent teams, up less than 3%. 15 MLB-affiliated teams, and 4 independent teams, had **average per date declines** of less than 5%, with 8 of the MLB-affiliated teams, and 3 of the independent teams, down less than 3%.

For what it's worth, due to the unique situation of **2021 vs. 2019**, besides the 3 MLB-affiliated teams that had increases, just one team, St. Paul, had a decline of less than 23,000. The Saints played 65 dates in 2021, compared to 49 dates in 2019, when they were in the American Association. 13 independent teams were up in total attendance vs. 2019, with 4 up less than 1,000. 7 independent teams had total declines of less than 5,000. But 5 of these teams were in the Pecos League, and drew season totals of less than 10,000. Also in this group were Boise, which played a longer schedule than in 2019, and Mavericks League attendance for the entire league (all games in Keiser, OR) was compared to Salem-Keiser of the MLB-affiliated short-season Northwest League in 2019.

In **2019**, total attendance was up less than 5,000 for 8 full-season MLB-affiliated teams, 13 short-season teams, and 9 independent teams. One full-season, 4 short-season, and 5 independent teams, had gains of less than 1,000. 10 full-season MLB-affiliated teams, 11 short-season MLB-affiliated, and 12 independent teams, had total declines of under 5,000. For 2 full-season, 4 short-season, and 4 independent teams, the loss was less than 1,000. In average per date, 9 full-season, one short-season, and 2 independent teams, were up less than 30 per game. 3 independent teams had the same average per date in 2019 as in 2018. On the down side in average, 3 full-season, 3 short-season, and 8 independent clubs, were down less than 30 per date.

On a percentage basis, in **2019** total attendance, 38 MLB-affiliated teams had a gain of 5% or less, and for 19 of these teams, the gain was 3% or less. 42 affiliated teams posted total attendance declines of 5% or less, and for 26 of them, the loss was 3% or less. In average per date, 48 affiliated teams were up 5% or less, with 32 of them up by no more than 3%. 49 teams had average per date declines of 5% or less, with 29 of these teams down 3% or less.

2018 total attendance rose less than 5,000 for 16 full-season MLB-affiliated teams, 18 short-season affiliated teams, and 9 independent teams in 2018. The gain was under 1,000 for 6 of these full-season, 4 short-season, and 5 independent teams. Total 2018 attendance fell less than 5,000 for 18 full-season affiliated teams, 10 short-season affiliated teams, and for 9 independent league teams. In average per date, 11 full-season affiliated teams had gains of less than 30, as did 5 short-season teams, and 2 independent league teams. Losses of less than 30 per date were posted by 9 full-season teams, 4 short-season teams, and 4 independent teams.

In **2017**, total attendance gains were less than 5,000 for 19 full-season MLB-affiliated teams, 10 short-season teams, and 9 independent teams. Within this group, 7 full-season, 3 short-season, and 3 independent teams had gains of under 1,000. Total attendance losses were under 5,000 for 20 full-season, 12 short-season, and 10 independent teams. One full-season, 2 short-season, and 2 independent teams were down less than 1,000. 2017 average per date was up less than 30 for 9 full-season, one short-season, and 5 independent teams. One independent team had the exact same average. 7 full-season, 3 short-season, and 3 independent teams had declines of less than 30 per date.

In **2016**, total attendance rose less than 5,000 for 12 full-season MLB-affiliated teams, 13 short-season affiliated teams, and for 6 independent teams. Gains were under 1,000 for 5 of these full-season, 4 short-season, and 2 independent teams. Total fell less than 5,000 for 13 full-season affiliated teams, 13 short-season affiliated teams, and 12 independent teams. Among this group, losses were under 1,000 for 2 full-season teams, one short-season team, and one independent team. 2016 average per date rose by less than 30 for 7 full-season, 4 short-season, and 4 independent teams. Average per date fell by under 30 for 8 full-season, 3 short-season, and 3 independent league teams.

SMALL CHANGES IN YEAR-TO-YEAR TOTAL ATTENDANCE

In **2015**, 20 full-season MLB-affiliated teams, 11 short-season affiliated teams, and 13 independent league teams had total attendance increases of less than 5,000 vs. 2014. Among these teams, 3 full-season, 3 short-season, and 5 independent teams were up less than 1,000. On the down side, 21 full-season, 10 short-season, and 8 independent teams had declines of less than 5,000. In this group, 7 full-season, one short-season, and 3 independent teams were down less than 1,000. In average attendance per date in 2015, there were 14 affiliated teams, and 3 independent teams with gains of less than 30. 8 affiliated and 2 independent teams had declines that were below 30 per date.

In **2014**, there were 41 teams (22 full-season MLB-affiliated, 11 short-season affiliated, 8 independent) with total attendance increases of less than 5,000. The gain was under 1,000 for 5 of these full-season teams, 3 short-season teams, and 3 independent teams. 42 teams (21 full-season affiliated, 11 short-season affiliated, and 10 independent teams), had declines of less than 5,000. The decline was under 1,000 for one of these full-season and 3 short-season affiliated teams, and for 4 of these independent teams.

In **2013**, 16 full-season and 14 short-season MLB-affiliated teams, along with 3 independent teams, had total attendance increases of less than 5,000 vs. 2012. For 3 full-season and 5 short-season teams, the gains were less than 1,000. 13 full-season, 12 short-season, and 7 independent teams has declines of less than 5,000. 3 full-season teams and one short-season team saw losses of less than 1,000.

In **2012**, there were 34 teams (16 full-season and 11 short-season MLB-affiliated teams, plus 7 independent teams) who had gains of less than 5,000 vs. 2011. 8 of these teams were up less than 1,000. 42 teams posted losses of less than 5,000 (17 full-season, 17 short-season, and 8 independent teams). 10 teams were down less than 1,000.

In **2011**, 18 full-season and 14 short-season MLB-affiliated teams, and 5 independent teams had gains of less than 5,000 vs. 2010. 13 teams were up less than 1,000. 12 full-season affiliated, 10 short-season affiliated, and 7 independent teams saw attendance fall less than 5,000 from 2010, with 3 of those teams down less than 1,000.

In **2010**, 42 teams overall (38 MLB-affiliated, 4 independent) had gains of under 5,000, with 16 teams (15 affiliated) up less than 1,000 from 2009. There were 30 teams (27 affiliated, 3 independent) whose attendance fell less than 5,000, with 5 teams (all affiliated) down less than 1,000.

In **2009**, 23 MLB-affiliated teams and 4 independent teams had increases of less than 5,000, with 6 of the affiliated and 2 of the independent teams up less than 1,000. There were 24 affiliated and 5 independent teams with declines of less than 5,000. The decline was less than 1,000 for 4 of the affiliated teams, and one independent team.

In **2008**, there were 25 MLB-affiliated teams, and 3 independent teams with gains of less than 5,000. 8 affiliated teams and 3 independent teams had gains of less than 1,000. 24 affiliated teams and 8 independent teams had losses of less than 5,000, with 7 affiliated teams and one independent team down less than 1,000.

BIG CROWDS

The largest Triple-A and MLB-affiliated league **2024** single game attendance was 14,524 in Buffalo (International), followed closely by a crowd of 14,455 in Salt Lake City (Pacific Coast). Frisco (Texas) had the biggest crowd in Double-A (12,051). Other Double-A league highs were at Richmond (Eastern- 9,810), and Birmingham (Southern – 8,026). Lansing's (Midwest) 9,917 crowd was tops in High-A, with Jersey Shore (South Atlantic – 9,462), and Spokane (Northwest – 6,813) topping the other High-A leagues. Fresno (California) drew a Single-A best crowd of 9,939. Also in Single-A, top crowds were at Columbia (Carolina – 8,134), and Clearwater (Florida State – 8,703).

Among the independent leagues, Mexico City of the Mexican League, drew the largest crowd for any regular season game in **2024** (19,989). Monterrey drew 21,909 for a playoff game. The biggest crowds in each of the other independent leagues that reported daily attendance were: Kane County (American Association - 9,307); Lancaster (Atlantic - 8,636); Schaumburg (Frontier - 8,066); and Rocky Mountain-Colorado Springs (Pioneer - 8,427).

In **2024**, 125 regular season dates in MLB affiliate leagues, and 60 dates (all in the Mexican League) among independent teams, drew at least 10,000. An additional 18 Mexican league playoff games also topped 10,000. Among the MLB-affiliates, Indianapolis had the most dates with attendance of at least 10,000 (22), followed by Lehigh Valley (16), Columbus, OH (15), Salt Lake (11), and Buffalo and Nashville (10 each). Frisco of the Texas League, with 5 crowds of at least 10,000, was the only team below Triple-A to reach that level. Among independent teams, Mexico City led with 28 dates of 10,000 or more, followed by Tijuana (16), and Monterrey (13).

There was a significant increase in the number of dates that attracted at least 10,000 fans in **2023**. This figure is still well below the number of dates attracting such large crowds in years prior to 2020. 225 regular season dates (133 in MLB-affiliated leagues, plus 92 in the Mexican League, and one in the American Association) drew at least 10,000. Buffalo had the top crowd (15,851) among the MLB-affiliates, while Mexico City had the biggest crowd (18,842) among all teams. Kane County had the only 10,000+ crowd among U.S./Canadian independent teams. 30 MLB-affiliated, and 6 independent teams drew at least one crowd of better than 10,000. The International League had 97 crowds above 10,000, the Pacific Coast League had 27, and the Mexican League had 91.

Yucatan (25), Mexico City (24), and Tijuana (20), had the highest number of 10,000+ crowds. Among the MLBaffiliates, Indianapolis (16), Nashville (15), Lehigh Valley (14), Columbus (13), and Buffalo (10), drew the most crowds above 10,000. Frisco and Fresno, with 2 each, and Wichita, Altoona, Lansing, Jersey Shore, and Winston-Salem, each with one, were the teams below Triple-A that drew at least one 10,000+ crowd. In post-season play, the Mexican League had 29 games with attendance of at least 10,000, led by a crowd of 20,062 at Mexico City.

144 regular season dates (90 in MLB-affiliated leagues, and 54 in the Mexican League) drew at least 10,000 in **2022**. The largest MLB-affiliated crowds were 15,619 at Albuquerque, and 15,490 at Buffalo. Tijuana, of the nowindependent Mexican League, had the top regular season crowd overall (17,986). In addition, 37 Mexican League playoff games attracted at least 10,000, with top crowds of 21,909 at 3 games in Monterrey. The MLB-affiliated playoff high was 9,159 at Richmond. Top regular season crowd for the U.S./Canadian independent leagues was 9,421 at Kane County.

In **2022**, the International League had 71 dates which drew at least 10,000, the Mexican League had 54, and the Pacific Coast League had 16. Fresno (2), and Lansing (1), had the only 10,000+ crowds below the Triple-A level. Leading individual teams in 10,000+ crowds were Tijuana (22), Nashville and Yucatan (13 each), Indianapolis (11), Columbus and Monterrey (10 apiece), Lehigh Valley (9), Buffalo (8), and Mexico City and Albuquerque (6 each).

As could be expected, far fewer games drew big crowds in **2021**, in part due to capacity restrictions. Just 34 dates in the MLB-affiliated leagues had attendance of at least 10,000. Nashville had the most dates above 10,000 with 9, followed by Columbus, who had 5. Lansing and Fresno, with one date each, were the only affiliated teams below Triple-A to have a crowd of at least 10,000. In the now independent Mexican League, Tijuana topped 10,000 at 4 dates. The largest MLB-affiliated and U.S. crowd of 2021 was 13,035 in Albuquerque. Tijuana had the largest overall regular season crowd (15,240), and playoff crowd (17,687) in all of Minor League Baseball.

BIG CROWDS

MLB-affiliated games drew 382 crowds of at least 10,000 in **2019**. The International League had 150 of them, there were 140 in the Pacific Coast League, and 79 in the Mexican League. Tijuana of the Mexican League drew 34 crowds of at least 10,000, the most of any team. Indianapolis had 26, Columbus, Las Vegas, and Nashville each had 23, Monterrey and Lehigh Valley had 22, and Round Rock had 21. Overall, 34 teams drew at least one crowd of 10,000.

Very few parks in the other leagues can accommodate such large crowds. In Double-A, Frisco had 9 crowds of 10,000+, while Jacksonville had one. Among Class A teams, Clearwater, Lansing, and Lakewood each had one.

The largest crowd of **2019** was 20,533 in Monterrey, Mexico. Top attendance in Triple-A was 16,409 in Buffalo. Frisco's 12,023 was the best in Double-A. Lansing had the biggest full-season Class A crowd (10,824), and Brooklyn drew 8,031 for the top single-game high in short-season A. Rocky Mountain (Colorado Springs) had a crowd of 7,048, which was the best in the Rookie Leagues. A crowd of 8,025 was the highest in the independent Atlantic League. St. Paul of the American Association had a crowd of 10,631, the best of any independent team in 2019.

In **2018**, there were 344 dates in the MLB-affiliated leagues, including 59 in the Mexican League, that drew at least 10,000. 409 dates from the MLB-affiliated leagues, including the Mexican League, topped 10,000 in **2017**. There were 370 dates that reached 10,000 in **2016**, in the MLB-affiliated leagues, including 77 in the Mexican League.

SOURCE: MLB Stats Reporting Platform, Office of Minor League Baseball

TEAMS WITH THE BIGGEST GAINS AND WORST DECLINES IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE

The table on the next page separately lists the 10 MLB-affiliated and the 5 independent 'same market' teams with the biggest **total attendance** gains and losses for **2024 vs. 2023**.

2024 vs. 2023 BIGGEST GAINS AND WORST DECLINES IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE - 'SAME MARKET' TEAMS

10 BIGGEST GAINS IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 2023 - MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS

TEAM	LEAGUE	2024 ATTENDANCE	<u>CHANGE vs. 2023</u>
Indianapolis	International	588,363	31,588
Reading	Eastern	414,262	28,784
Salt Lake	Pacific Coast	469,478	25,984
Frisco	Texas	371,149	23,391
Dunedin	Florida State	54,366	23,156
Lehigh Valley, PA	International	588,788	21,466
Sacramento	Pacific Coast	409,700	21,225
Arkansas (N. Little Rock)	Texas	327,279	19,672
Tacoma	Pacific Coast	401,027	16,529
Lake County (Eastlake, OH)	Midwest	209,758	16,322

 Recent top gains were by Wichita (2023), Rochester (2022), Las Vegas (2019) Augusta GA (2018), Tijuana (2017), Monterrey (2016, 2012), Yucatan (2015), Charlotte (2014), and Birmingham (2013)

10 BIGGEST DECLINES IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 2023 - MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS

TEAM	LEAGUE	2024 ATTENDANCE	CHANGE vs. 2023
Binghamton, NY	Eastern	146,061	(60,850)
Charlotte	International	439,087	(59,729)
Nashville	International	500,241	(56,721)
Round Rock	Pacific coast	366,025	(45,525)
Mississippi	Southern	118,621	(44,241)
Gwinnett, GA	International	188,669	(42,375)
Worcester	International	479,636	(40,015)
Winston-Salem	South Atlantic	255,895	(38,151)
Louisville	International	361,825	(35,015)
Fredericksburg, VA	Carolina	232,690	(34,710)

 Recent top declines were by New Hampshire (2023), Wichita (2022), New Orleans (2019 and 2018), Puebla (2017), Carmen (2016), Monterrey (2015), Memphis (2014), Saltillo (2013), and Mexico City (2012).

5 BIGGEST GAINS IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 2023 - INDEPENDENT TEAMS

<u>TEAM</u>	LEAGUE	2024 ATTENDANCE	CHANGE vs. 2023
Union Laguna	Mexican	332,273	72,023
Aguascalientes	Mexican	146,619	71,619
Jalisco (Guadalajara)	Mexican	166,568	60,163
Mexico City	Mexican	505,726	53,842
United Shore League (4 teams)	United Shore	273,182	46,872

Recent top gains were by Mexico City (2023), Yucatan (2022, Lancaster PA (2019) Florence, KY (2018), Texas (2017), Sussex County (2016), St. Paul (2015), Southern Illinois (2014), and Fort Worth (2013). Among other 2024 U.S./Canadian teams, New Jersey (36,502), had the biggest gain.

5 BIGGEST DECLINES IN TOTAL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 2023 - INDEPENDENT TEAMS

TEAM	LEAGUE	2024 ATTENDANCE	CHANGE vs. 2023
Yucatan	Mexican	134,781	(371,984)
Veracruz	Mexican	150,585	(43,735)
Leon	Mexican	168,531	(24,871)
Tabasco	Mexican	165,910	(22,298)
Southern Maryland	Atlantic	161,115	(20,176)

• Recent top losses were by Campeche (2023), Rocky Mountain (2022), New Britain (2019), Wichita, KS (2018), Ottawa (2017), Joplin (2016), Sugarland (2015 and 2013), and Grand Prairie (2014).

LEAGUE ATTENDANCE BY MONTH

This section lists 2024 monthly attendance for each of the 11 affiliated leagues, and for 5 independent leagues (American Association, Atlantic, Frontier, Pioneer, and Mexican Leagues.) Since the number of dates played varies by month, the most vital figure is the average per date. There are also monthly combined totals for the 11 MLB-affiliated leagues, and the 5 listed independent leagues. Monthly attendance from the other independent leagues is not available. Comparisons are made with monthly data from 2023.

The data is from Minor League Baseball and the MLB Stats Reporting Platform. Special thanks to Jeff Lantz, Senior Manager of Communications of Major League and Minor League Baseball, for his help.

Note that in both years, the combined MLB-affiliated leagues average attendance per date for September is affected by the schedules described in the paragraph below. For March through August 2024, 26.1% of dates were in Triple-A, 24.9% were in Double-A, and 49.0% were in combined High-A and Single A. In September, due to longer AAA seasons, 42.0% of dates were in Triple-A, 28.3% were in Double A, and 29.8% were combined-A. This is why the average per date is higher than in other months.

In 2024, the AAA leagues played 150-game schedules, running from March 29 through Sept. 22. AA leagues had 138 games from April 5 through Sept. 15. Class A leagues played 132 games from April 5 through Sept. 8. Among independent leagues in these tables, the Mexican League had 90 games from April 12 through August 1, the Atlantic League played 126 games from April 25 through Sept. 15, the Frontier League had 96 games from May 9 through Sept. 1, the Pioneer League played 96 games from May 21 through Sept. 8, and the American Association played a 100 games from May 9 through September 2.

	<u>IN</u>	ERNATIONA	L LEAGU	<u>E</u>			PA	CIFIC COAS	T LEAGU	E	
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23		2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change		# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>	Month	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>
March-April	250	1,187,891	4,752	4,884	(2.7)	March-April	134	677,136	5,053	5,511	(8.3)
Мау	258	1,410,622	5,468	5,715	(4.3)	May	133	775,134	5,828	5,714	2.0
June	250	1,659,344	6,637	6,875	(3.5)	June	129	728,935	5,651	5,914	(4.5)
July	218	1,460,142	6,698	7,010	(4.5)	July	112	655,701	5,854	6,193	(5.5)
August	258	1,541,313	5,974	5,979	(0.1)	August	135	731,337	5,417	5,203	4.1
September	184	1,086,569	5,905	6,008	(1.7)	September	95	568,823	5,988	6,185	(3.2)
League Total	1,418	8,345,881	5,886	6,063	(2.9)	 League Total 	738	4,137,066	5,606	5,762	(2.7)
		EASTERN L	EAGUE					TEXAS LE	AGUE		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23	Ì	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change	Ì	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	Dates	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date	Month	Dates	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date
April	120	477,704	3,981	3,574	11.4	April	108	476,971	4,416	4,777	(7.5)
May	154	682,357	4,431	4,761	(6.9)	May	124	597,837	4,821	4,661	3.4
June	151	755,892	5,006	5,080	(1.5)	June	128	570,254	4,455	4,698	(5.2)
July	136	695,399	5,113	5,194	(1.6)	July	113	487,650	4,315	4,484	(3.8)
August	155	698,163	4,504	4,829	(6.7)	August	134	516,310	3,853	3,674	4.9
September	78	350,260	4,491	4,603	(2.4)	September	64	297,075	4,642	4,746	(2.2)
League Total	794	3,659,775	4,609	4,722	(2.4)	 League Total 	671	2,946,097	4,391	4,468	(1.7)
	:	SOUTHERN I	LEAGUE					MIDWEST L	EAGUE		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23	Ì	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change	Ì	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	Dates	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date	Month	Dates	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date
April	81	294,796	3,639	3,681	(1.1)	April	119	309,283	2,599	2,723	(4.6)
May	102	370,858	3,636	3,722	(2.3)	May	158	552,510	3,497	3,345	4.5
June	98	346,171	3,532	3,749	(5.8)	June	145	624,659	4,308	4,345	(0.9)
July	85	297,428	3,499	3,868	(9.5)	July	133	631,240	4,746	4,615	2.8
August	106	319,148	3,011	3,071	(2.0)	August	156	752,301	4,822	4,452	8.3
September	46	155,496	3,380	3,254	3.9	September	42	172,501	4,107	4,602	(10.8)
League Total	518	1,783,897	3,444	3,566	(3.4)	l League Total	753	3,042,494	4,040	3,984	1.4

LEAGUE ATTENDANCE BY MONTH

LLAGUL A		ANCLOTI									
	SO	UTH ATLANT	IC LEAGU	JE		1	N	ORTHWEST	LEAGUE		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23	1	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change	1	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
Month	Dates	Attendance	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date	Month	Dates	Attendance	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date
April	125	337,265	2,698	2,877	(6.2)	April	60	102,526	1,709	1,895	(9.8)
May	154	452,653	2,939	2,930	0.3	May	76	172,895	2,275	2,243	1.4
June	151	479,227	3,174	3,291	(3.6)	June	76	237,798	3,129	3,270	(4.3)
July	130	417,612	3,212	3,544	(9.4)	July	69	218,501	3,167	3,507	(9.7)
August	149	452,492	3,037	3,254	(6.7)	August	81	290,302	3,584	3,464	3.5
September	42	130,414	3,105	3,072	1.1	September	21	71,959	3,427	3,347	2.4
League Total	751	2,269,663	3,022	3,181	(5.0)	 League Total 	383	1,093,981	2,856	2,943	(2.9)
		CAROLINA L	EAGUE				FL	ORIDA STAT	E LEAGU	E	
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23	1	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change	1	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
Month	Dates	Attendance	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date	Month	Dates	Attendance	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date
April	127	385,894	3,039	3,205	(5.2)	April	102	156,728	1,537	1,252	22.7
May	155	454,880	2,935	3,122	(6.0)	May	124	141,482	1,141	1,278	(10.7)
June	155	461,470	2,977	3,193	(6.8)	June	109	129.677	1,190	1,150	3.5
July	124	385,011	3,105	3,255	(4.6)	July	101	149,129	1,477	1,441	2.5
August	148	439,503	2,970	3,096	(4.1)	August	114	120,296	1,055	1,022	3.3
September	40	119,540	2,989	3,173	(5.8)	September	26	30,810	1,185	1,089	8.8
						I					
League Total	749	2,246,298	2,999	3,171	(5.4)	League Total 	576	728,122	1,264	1,214	4.1
	C	CALIFORNIA				 	EASON	MLB-AFFILIA			ΤΔΙ
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23		2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	2024 # of	Total	Average	Average	% Change	1	2024 # of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
Month	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	<u>Avg./Date</u>	Month	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	<u>Avg./Date</u>
April	<u>Dates</u> 80	203,338	2,542	2,555	(0.5)	March-April	1,306	4,609,532	3,530	3,634	(2.9)
May	106	234,289	2,210	2,333	1.5	May	1,544	4,009,552 5,845,517	3,786	3,872	(2.3)
June	100	198,127	1,905	1,982	(3.9)	June	1,496	6,191,554	4,139	4,262	(2.2)
July	92	183,442	1,903	2,123	(6.1)	July	1,313	5,581,255	4,139 4,251	4,202	(4.3)
August	92 108	202,136	1,872	1,733	8.0	August	1,544	6,063,301	3,927	4,444 3,913	0.4
September	27	61,843	2,290	2,658	(13.8)	September	665	3,045,290	3,927 4,579	4,580	(0.0)
September	21	01,045	2,290	2,000	(13.0)		005	3,043,290	4,079	4,500	(0.0)
League Total	517	1,083,175	2,095	2,132	(1.7)	Full-Sea. Total	7,868	31,336,449	3,983	4,084	(2.5)
		TRIPLE-A T	OTALS			 		DOUBLE-A 1	<u>IOTALS</u>		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23	1	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change		# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	Dates	Attendance	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date	Month	Dates	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	per Date	Avg./Date
March-April	384	1,865,027	4,857	5,099	(4.7)	April	309	1,249,471	4,044	4,020	0.6
May	391	2,185,756	5,590	5,714	(2.2)	May	380	1,651,052	4,345	4,449	(2.3)
June	379	2,388,279	6,302	6,544	(3.7)	June	377	1,672,317	4,436	4,602	(3.6)
July	330	2,115,843	6,412	6,731	(4.7)	July	334	1,480,477	4,433	4,603	(3.7)
August	393	2,272,650	5,783	5,713	1.2	August	395	1,533,621	3,883	3,979	(2.4)
September	279	1,655,392	5,933	6,068	(2.2)	September	188	802,831	4,270	4,289	(0.4)
Triple-A Total	2,156	12,482,947	5,790	5,960	(2.9)	 Double-A Total	1,983	8,389,769	4,231	4,330	(2.3)

LEAGUE ATTENDANCE BY MONTH

HIG	H-A ANE) SINGLE-A (COMBINE	D TOTALS	8
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>
April	613	1,495,034	2,439	2,494	(2.2)
May	773	2,008,709	2,599	2,631	(1.2)
June	740	2,130,958	2,880	2,956	(2.6)
July	649	1,984,935	3,058	3,195	(4.3)
August	756	2,257,030	2,985	2,948	1.3
September	198	587,067	2,965	3,068	(3.4)
Class A Total	3,729	10,463,733	2,806	2,870	(2.2)

		ATLANTIC L	EAGUE			İ			MEXICAN L	EAGUE		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23	I		2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change	Ι		# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>		<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	per Date	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>
April	27	81,309	3,011	2,408	25.1		April	156	876,130	5,616	6,302	(10.9)
Мау	129	322,915	2,503	2,544	(1.6)		May	233	1,077,993	4,627	4,955	(6.6)
June	127	350,861	2,763	2,446	12.9		June	222	944,458	4,254	5,243	(18.9)
July	127	335,316	2,640	2,498	5.7		July	228	1,069,598	4,691	5,138	(8.7)
August	124	304,326	2,454	2,529	(3.0)		August	10	64,691	6,469	6,313	2.5
September	67	205,771	3,071	2,518	22.0	I						
						I						
League Total	601	1,600,498	2,663	2,505	6.3		League Total	849	4,032,870	4,750	5,304	(10.4)
						I						

						i						
	AM	IERICAN ASS	SOCIATIO	N		Ì			FRONTIER L	EAGUE		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23			2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change			# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>		<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>
May	115	291,729	2,537	2,473	2.6		Мау	144	315,284	2,189	1,917	14.2
June	148	402,976	2,723	2,656	2.5		June	200	455,313	2,277	2,100	8.4
July	141	406,687	2,884	2,759	4.5		July	177	446,791	2,524	2,389	5.7
August	160	471,431	2,946	2,692	9.5		August	204	493,165	2,417	2,244	7.7
September	12	42,517	3,543	2,859	23.9		September	7	25,658	3,665	3,151	16.3
League Total	576	1,615,340	2.804	2,667	5.2		League Total	732	1.736.211	2.372	2,213	7.2
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	<u>5 INDEI</u>	PENDENT LE	AGUES 1	OTAL					PIONEER L	EAGUE		
	2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23			2024	2024	2024	2023	24 vs. '23
	# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change			# of	Total	Average	Average	% Change
<u>Month</u>	Dates	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>		<u>Month</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>per Date</u>	<u>Avg./Date</u>
April	183	957,439	5,232	5,788	(9.6)		May	44	90,713	2,062	2,470	(16.5)
May	665	2,098,634	3,156	3,266	(3.4)		June	134	290,554	2,168	2,330	(6.9)
June	831	2,444,162	2,941	3,090	(4.8)		July	124	283,273	2,284	2,420	(5.6)
July	797	2,541,665	3,189	3,242	(1.6)		August	139	317,549	2,285	2,130	7.3
August	637	1,651,162	2,592	2,666	(2.8)		September	33	70,178	2,127	2,364	(10.0)
September	119	344,124	2,892	2,635	9.7							
League Total	3,232	10,037,186	3,106	3,128	(0.7)	Ι	League Total	474	1,052,267	2,220	2,310	(3.9)

2024 MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE BY DAY OF THE WEEK

This table only covers the 120 MLB-affiliated teams, so it excludes all independent teams. Triple-A teams start and end their seasons later than Double-A and Class-A (High-A and Single-A combined) teams. Double-A and Class-A start on the same date, but Double-A ends a week after Class-A

As would be expected, Saturday was the day with the highest Minor League attendance in **2024**, followed by Friday and Sunday. Monday is almost always an off-day for teams, so it has, by far, the lowest total attendance of any day. The Minor Leagues draw a higher percentage of their attendance on weekends than the Major Leagues do. The MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues drew 41.41% of their 2024 attendance from Monday through Thursday. They drew 58.59% from Friday through Sunday. For the Major Leagues in 2024, Monday through Thursday dates accounted for 45.13% of the yearly total attendance, while Friday through Sunday games drew 54.87% of yearly figures.

The highest total attendance for any day in **2024** was, as expected, 427,045 (7,238 average per game) on Thursday, July 4. 59 dates were played that day. 8 of those games drew over 10,000, topped by a crowd of 14,455 at Salt Lake City. July 3 drew 380,773, averaging 6,454, with 59 dates 3 games drew at least 10,000, led by a crowd of 12,529 at Buffalo. Almost all teams that have a home game scheduled on July 3 or 4 have a fireworks show. 53 MLBaffiliated teams, and 9 independent teams from 4 U.S./Canadian leagues, had their top crowd of 2024 on July 3 or 4.

The 175 dates of the June 14-16, 2024 weekend drew 885,564, an average of 5,060 per date.

In the table below, the column 'Date with the Highest Total Attendance' is for which Monday had the top total attendance of all Mondays, which Tuesday had the top attendance, and so forth. The 'Average per Date on 'That Day' is for the date shown in the table. It is possible that another day actually had had a higher average per date.

Friday through Sunday dates drew an average of 1,087 (31.8%) higher per date than Monday through Thursday dates.

Day	# of Dates	Total Attendance	Average per Date	% of Yearly Attendance	Date with Highest Total Attendance	Total Attendance on That Top Date	Average per Date on That Day
Monday	78	259,291	3,324	0.83	July 1	169,156	3,021
Tuesday	1,213	4,036,416	3,328	12.88	June 18	215,245	3,648
Wednesday	1,260	4,151,430	3,295	13.24	July 3	380,773	6,454
Thursday	1,244	4,531,964	3,643	14.46	July 4	427,045	7,238
Friday	1,385	6,522,436	4,709	20.81	June 7	312,017	5,200
Saturday	1,390	6,890,777	4,957	21.98	June 15	325,046	5,509
Sunday	1,301	4,954,145	3,808	15.80	June 16	263,985	4,631
MonThurs. Total	3,795	12,979,101	3,420	41.41	July 4	427,045	7,238
FriSunday Total	4,076	18,367,358	4,506	58.59	June 15	325,046	5,509
Season Total	7,871	31,346,459	3,982	100.00	July 4	427,045	7,238

2024 MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE BY DAY OF THE WEEK

Sources: Daily figures are from the Major League Baseball Stats Reporting Platform, MLB Press Release

For **2024 vs. 2023**, average attendance per date fell by 99 for the MLB-affiliated leagues, was down 11 for the independent leagues, and declined by a combined total of 83 for all Minor Leagues combined. All this excludes the Empire League, who did not list attendance, which was quite low.

Mexican and Pioneer Leagues are included in the MLB-affiliated leagues column through 2019, but are in the independent leagues column for 2024, 2023, 2022, and 2021.

Independent average per date changes are partly due to a varying number of teams in very low drawing leagues.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER HOME DATE – 1992-2024 (record highs in bold)

Year	MLB-Affiliated Leagues	Independent Leagues	All Minor Leagues
2024	3,985	2,754	3,581
2023	4,084	2,761	3,663
2022	3,933	2,613	3,513
2021	3,242	2,024	2,870
2019	4,044	2,341	3,718
2018	3,960	2,330	3,635
2017	4,095	2,472	3,774
2016	3,998	2,492	3,705
2015	4,104	2,510	3,793
2014	4,099	2,570	3,811
2013	4,040	2,668	3,771
2012	3,967	2,695	3,710
2011	4,029	2,605	3,739
2010	3,992	2,854	3,747
2009	4,055	2,872	3,804
2008	4,174	2,877	3,892
2007	4,155	2,726	3,824
2006	4,048	2,908	3,818
2005	3,986	2,786	3,738
2004	3,962	3,000	3,791
2003	3,861	2,588	3,579
2002	3,732	2,689	3,537
2001	3,738	2,541	3,516
2000	3,658	2,475	3,461
1999	3,386	2,559	3,258
1998	3,431	2,054	3,167
1997	3,469	N.A.	N.A.
1996	3,348	N.A.	N.A.
1995	3,326	N.A.	N.A.
1994	3,363	N.A.	N.A.
1993	3,074	N.A.	N.A.
1992	2,815	No Independ. Leagues	2,815

Independent leagues began to operate in 1993. The Frontier League began with a season about 50-52 games per team in length with 8 original teams, only 6 of whom finished the season. None of the original cities currently has a team in any league. The Northern League had 6 teams with a 72-game schedule. 4 teams drew over 100,000. 1993 Northern League teams Sioux City and Sioux Falls are now in the American Association, and St. Paul is in Triple-A.

The term 'average attendance per date' or 'average per opening' is used in baseball, rather than 'average attendance per game.' This is done because baseball teams still play single-admission doubleheaders, two games for one ticket, to make up rainouts. For attendance purposes, single-admission doubleheaders are one 'date' or 'opening.' Day/night doubleheaders, requiring a separate ticket to each game, count as two separate 'openings' or 'dates.'

2024 Season – MLB-Affiliated Leagues and Teams

- In 2024, the 120 MLB-affiliated teams averaged 3,985 per date, down 99 from their 2023 average of 4,084.
- Triple-A teams averaged a combined 5,792 per date in **2024**, down 169 from 5,960 per date in **2023**. The International League had the top average per date in **2024** (5,882) of all Minor Leagues.
- The 3 Double-A leagues averaged a combined 4,235 per date in **2024**, down 95 from 4,330 in **2023**. This classification was led by the Eastern League (4,621).
- In High-A in **2024**, the 3 leagues averaged 3,395 per date, a loss of 63 from their 3,458 average per date in **2023**. The Midwest League had the top league average per date (4,041).
- In Single-A, the 3 leagues drew a **2024** average per date of 2,203, down 66 from the **2023** average of 2,269 per date. The Carolina League had the best average per date in this group (2,999).
- The following 5 teams, all in Triple-A except for Dayton, averaged at least 7,000 per date in 2024: Indianapolis (8,405); Lehigh Valley, PA (8,066); Dayton (8,012); Columbus (7,586); and Nashville (7,046). 16 other teams topped 6,000 per date, and 12 more teams reached 5,000 per date. Lakeland and Dunedin of the Florida State League, were the only teams to average under 1,000 per date. In 2023, Lehigh Valley (7,990) had the highest average per date. 7 other teams topped 7,000 per date in 2023, and 12 more teams surpassed 6,000 per date.
- No team topped 8,000 in 2023, 2022, or 2021. 10 teams drew at least 8,000 per date in 2019. The number of teams averaging above 8,000 was 10 in 2018, 12 in 2017,11 in 2016, 12 in 2015, 10 in 2014, 9 in 2013, 10 in 2012, 11 in 2011, 10 in 2010, 11 in 2009, 13 in 2008, 17 in 2007, 13 in 2006, 11 in 2005, 13 in 2004, 12 in both 2003 and 2002, 11 in 2001, 8 in 2000, and 4 in 1999.
- Richmond averaged 6,595 per date to lead Double-A. Reading (6,277), Hartford (6,140), and Portland, ME (6,084), also topped 6,000 per date. Amarillo, Frisco, Tulsa, and Somerset, were other Double-A teams to top 5,000 per date.
- Dayton (8,012) led all High-A teams in average per date for the 24th straight year in 2024. West Michigan and Fort Wayne also averaged better than 5,000 per date among High-A teams. 3 High-A teams reached 5,000 in 2023.
- In the Single-A group of teams, Charleston, SC had the highest average per date (4,278). The only other Single-A team to average better than 4,000 per date in **2024** was Fresno. 5 Single-A teams topped 4,000 per date in **2023**.
- On the low side in **2024**, Gwinnett (2,620) had the lowest average per date in Triple-A, Mississippi had the low in Double-A (2,081), Rome (1,399) had the lowest average per date among High-A teams, and Lakeland (673) had the lowest average per date in Single-A, and among all MLB-affiliated teams.
- 4 of 30 Triple-A teams in 2024, 7 in 2023 and 2022, 14 in 2009, and 13 of these teams in 2018 and 2017, averaged at least 7,000 per date. 10 Double-A teams in 2019, 2018, and 2017 averaged at least 5,000 per date. 6 Class A (4 full-season, 2 short-season) teams topped 5,000 per date in 2019. 7 of these teams did it in 2018, and 10 such teams achieved it in 2017 and 2016. 12 teams topped that mark in 2015. 10 Class A teams did it in 2013, 2012, and 2011. This level was surpassed by 11 Class A teams in 2010 and 2009, 12 in 2008 and 2007, 10 in 2006, 11 in 2005, 10 in 2004 and 2003, 9 in 2014 and 2002, and 10 in 2001.
- Dayton was the only full-season Class A team to reach 6,000 in 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2015. Fort Wayne and Dayton topped 6,000 per date in 2016. 2 full-season Class A teams reached 6,000 in 2014, 2013, and 2012, a mark exceeded by 3 teams in 2011, 2010, and 2009, and 4 teams in 2008, 2007, and 2006.
- MLB-affiliated teams setting record-high average per date figures in **2024** were Visalia (1,934), Tacoma (5,494), and Beloit (1,654).

MLB-Affiliated League Notes Through the 2019 Season

2019 was the last season played prior to the reorganization of the Minor Leagues in **2021**. The MLB-affiliated leagues had some notable achievements through the 2019 season, and they are noted here:

- In 2019, 3 MLB-affiliated leagues set record-highs for average per date, while another had its top average since 1994.
- Average attendance per date for MLB-affiliated teams rose by 84 to 4,044 in **2019**. The record-high is 4,174, in 2008.
- 8 of 15 MLB-affiliated leagues had increases in 2019. 4 of these leagues had gains in 2018, and 11 were up in 2017.
- The Mexican League drew league record-high of 5,058 in **2019**.
- The Northwest League averaged 3,670 per date in **2019**, and set a league record-high total for the 3rd year in a row, and a record-high average per date for the 4th straight year.
- Pioneer League average per date reached a new league record-high of 2,504 in **2019**.
- The Appalachian League averaged 1,254 per date in **2019**, its highest average per date since 1994.
- International League average per date was above 6,600 for the 22nd straight year in **2019**. This league's record high was 7,348 in **2009**.
- The Pacific Coast League topped 6,000 per date for the 20th consecutive year in **2019**. Their league record-high average per date was 6,625, set in both **2006 and 2007**.
- The Eastern League surpassed 4,500 per date in **2019** for the 24th time in the previous 25 years.
- Through **2019**, the Southern League's average per date was above 3,400 per date in 22 years since 1992.
- Texas League **2019** average per date was 5,131, which was the 14th year above 5,000 since 2003.
- The Midwest League reached 3,600 per date for the 18th straight year in **2019**.
- The South Atlantic League topped 3,000 per date for the 17th consecutive year in **2019**.

MLB-Affiliated Team Notes Through 2024 and 2019

- In 2022, Dayton may have become the first team in Class A to lead the MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues in average per date. The Dragons, who have sold out a North American sports record 1,573 consecutive regular season dates through 2024 (excluding 2021), averaged 7,935 per date in 2022, and 8,012 in 2024. They've posted the top average per date among all Class-A teams in each of the 24 seasons they've played.
- Las Vegas had the **2019** highest average per date among U.S. teams, and #3 overall, averaging a team record-high 9,299 in their new park. Their previous high was 5,441 in **1993**. They had 2nd best **2021** average per date (6,590).
- Columbus had the 3rd best average per date in both **2023** and **2022**, and 4th best in **2024**. The Clippers drew 8,684 per date in **2019**, which ranked 4th. That was the 11th straight year above 8,000 for the Clippers.
- Nashville averaged 7,046 in 2024, 7,736 in 2023, 7,611 in 2022, an MLB-affiliated best 6,721 in 2021, 8,631 in 2019, 8,741 in 2018, and a team record-high 8,861 per date in 2017.
- Charlotte of the International League averaged 7,280 per date in **2022**, and 8,544 in **2019**. The Knights led all U.S. teams in average per date in **2014**, **2015**, **2016**, **and 2018**.
- Indianapolis led U.S. teams in average per date in 2024 and 2017, and averaged 7,842 in 2023, 7,425 in 2022, and 8,630 in 2019. Until 2021, the Indians reached 8,000 per date in 22 of the previous 24 seasons, including the last 16 in a row. 2017 was their 7th time above 9,000.

MLB-Affiliated Team Notes Through 2024 and 2019 - continued

- Round Rock topped 8,000 per date for the 20th straight year in **2019**.
- Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA) was 2nd among all MLB-affiliated teams in average per date in 2024 (8,066), and led in 2023 (7,990). They averaged 7,665, which ranked #2 among MLB-affiliates in 2022, and best in Triple-A. The IronPigs drew an average of 9,153 in 2012, 9,249 in 2011, and 9,227 in 2010, best among U.S. teams in the Minors in each of those years. They averaged 9,016 in 2013, 8,769 in 2015, 8,729 in 2016, 8,541 in 2017, 8,511 in 2018, and 8,605 in 2019.
- A few other 7,000+ average per date milestones from **2019**: Durham's average of 7,668 was the 14th time since 2001 that the Bulls topped 7,000; Toledo reached 7,000 per date for the 18th consecutive year; Iowa had surpassed 7,000 per date in all but one year since 2002, through 2019.
- Buffalo averaged 6,654 in **2024**. From 1988 through 2019, the Bisons topped 8,000 per date in all but 3 seasons.
- New Orleans, which moved to Wichita in 2021, had the lowest average per date (2,939) in Triple-A in 2019. Gwinnett had the lowest Triple-A average per date in 2022 (2,961) and in 2018 (3,062). They were the only Triple-A team to average under 4,000 in 2017, and in 2016. The Stripers averaged 3,135 per date in 2017, 3,218 in 2016, and 3,808 in 2015. Syracuse had the lowest Triple-A average in 2015 (3,803) and 2014 (3,743).
- Richmond, Portland ME, Reading, and Hartford were the Double-A teams topping 6,000 per date in **2024**. Portland, Hartford, and Richmond did it in **2023**. Richmond and Hartford also did it in **2022**. Hartford, Frisco, Amarillo, and Richmond were the Double-A teams averaging above 6,000 per date in **2019**. 3 Double-A teams topped 6,000 per date in 2018, 2017, 2016, 2013, 2012 and 2011. The number of Double-A teams reaching an average of 6,000+ was 4 in 2015, 2014, 2010, and 2009, 5 in both 2008 and 2007, 6 in 2006, 2005, and 2003, and 7 in 2004.
- Frisco had reached at least 6,600 in average per date in all 17 seasons of operation, until 2021. Average per date in Reading had topped 6,000 in 18 of 19 seasons until 2018, when the Fightin' Phils averaged 5,713, and 2019 when their average was 5,945. They averaged 6,277 in **2024**, 5,930 in **2023**, 5,577 in **2022**, and 4,626 per date in **2021**.
- Dunedin, which was displaced from its home park in 2019 due to renovation, had the lowest average per date of any MLB-affiliated team (203) in **2019**. Florida (327), Lakeland (819), Hagerstown (918), Tampa (973), and Palm Beach (973 as well), also did not reach the 1,000 per date mark among full-season teams in 2019.
- Vancouver averaged 6,210 to lead all short-season teams in **2019**. Spokane (5,270) also topped 5,000 in 2019. Brooklyn had led short-season teams for 15 straight seasons from 2001 through 2015, and averaged 4,848 in 2019.
- Hudson Valley was the other short-season team that averaged more than 4,000 per date in **2019**. 15 short-season teams topped 3,000 per date in **2019**, up from 12 teams in **2018**.
- Ogden of the Pioneer League, drew an average of 3,951 per date to lead the Rookie leagues in **2019**. Rocky Mountain of the Pioneer League averaged 3,923. The Pioneer League is now an independent league.
- The only teams averaging under 1,000 per date were 2 Florida State League teams in **2024**, and 5 teams from that league in **2023**, and 6 teams from that league in **2022**. 6 short-season teams, all from the Appalachian League, averaged under 1,000 per date in **2019**. Bristol (586) had the lowest average in this group. The Appalachian League is now a Summer Collegiate League.
- All MLB-affiliated leagues, that charge admission, are now full season leagues, with schedules of 132 games (High-A and Single-A), 138 games (Double-A) and 150 games (Triple-A).

2024 Season – Independent Leagues and Teams

The United Shore Baseball League (4 teams – all in Utica, MI), and the Mavericks League (4 teams – all in Keizer, OR), count as one team each.

- In **2024**, the 85 independent teams with reported attendance (excludes N. Colorado and Yolo) averaged 2,754 per date, down 7 from their **2023** average of 2,761. The Empire Baseball League has never reported its attendance.
- The Mexican League had the highest average per date (4,750) of any independent league in **2024.** Their average per date was higher than any of the MLB-affiliated leagues drew, expect for both Triple-A leagues. The league's **2022** playoffs averaged an incredible 11,375 per game, and 9,500 per game in **2023**.
- **2024** average per date for the other independent leagues was: American Association–2,804; Atlantic League–2,663; Pioneer League–2,220; Frontier League–2,372; Pecos Baseball League-298, which excludes 'no-shows,' United Shore-3,291, **Mavericks-a league record-high 1,219**.
- Mexico City (11,761 best ever for an independent team), Tijuana (9,527), and Monterrey (8,431), of the Mexican League, had the highest average per date figures among all Minor League teams in 2024. Teams from the Mexican League had the top 5, 7 of the top 8, and 14 of the top 22 average per date figures among independent teams.
- In 2023, Yucatan (10,558), Mexico City (10,509), Tijuana (9,299), and Monterrey (8,438), all from the Mexican League, had the highest average per date figures in all of Minor League Baseball. Mexican League teams had the top 6, and 12 of the top 15 independent league average per date figures.
- Tijuana had the highest 2022 average per date (10,088) in all of Minor League Baseball. Los Toros averaged 7,557 in 2021, and 11,291 in 2019. Their 2018 average per date of 9,761 was 2nd best. Record-high average per date in Tijuana is 12,784 in 2004.
- Among U.S./Canadian independent league teams, Kane County, which was in the MLB-affiliated Midwest League until 2021, had the best **2024** average per date (5,606), followed by Schaumburg (4,721), Long Island (4,679), Chicago (4,467), and Lancaster, PA (4,113).
- A likely record-high 8 independent teams (7 from the Mexican league, plus Kane County, drew at least 5,000 per date in 2024. 6 more teams surpassed 4,000 per date, and 17 more independent teams averaged over 3,000 per date. Only the 15 teams in the Pecos League, who don't count 'no-shows,' averaged under 1,000. Most Pecos League parks are tiny, and for some, or even most of the teams in that league, ballpark capacity is under 1,000.
- 7 independent teams topped 5,000 per date in 2007 and in 2023. 6 teams did it in 2022, 2014, 2006, and 2005. 5 teams averaged 5,000+ in 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, 2004, 2001, and 2000. 4 teams reached 5,000 per date in 2015, 2003, and 2002. There were 3 teams that averaged 5,000+ per date in 2016 and 2017. Just 2 independent teams topped 5,000 in 2019 and 2018. One did it in **2021**.
- Monterrey of the Mexican League averaged a Minors 3rd best (8,431) in 2024, 4th best (8,438) in 2023, 3rd best (8,490) in 2022, and a Minors 2nd best 9,770 per date in 2019. In 2017 and 2018, Monterrey led all of Minor League Baseball in average per date (12,783 in 2017, 10,059 in 2018). But the Sultanes had average per date declines of 1,208 in 2017, the worst of any team for that season, and a dip of 1,516 in 2018, which was 3rd worst. 2018 was still the 7th time since 2008 that the Sultanes topped 10,000 per date. Monterrey (7 times), Tijuana in 2022, 2019, and 2017, and Yucatan in 2023, and Mexico City in in 2024 and 2023, are the only teams to hit 10,000 per date since Sacramento did it for 8 years in a row from 2000 through 2007.
- Yucatan's team record-high of 10,558 per date was tops in the Minors in 2023, and was then the highest ever for an independent team. They had an all Minors 2nd best average per date of 9,781 in 2022. But in 2024, their total attendance fell 371,984, and average per date declined by 7,270. Los Leones (Lions) were 5th in average per date (8,673) in 2019, after a then- team record-high of 9,228 in 2017, and 8,606 in 2018.
- Independent teams setting new average per date record-highs in 2024 were Quintana Roo (5,214), Union Laguna (7,070), Mexico City (11,761), Hagerstown (2,824), Chicago (4,467), Glacier (2,310), Bakersfield as a Pecos League team (634), Santa Fe (501), Dublin (138), and Blackwell (171). The Mavericks League averaged a record-high 1,219.

Independent Team Notes Through 2024 and 2019

- In 2015, St. Paul moved into a new park, and averaged 8,091 per date, the best ever for an independent league team. They broke this record in 2016, averaging 8,438. The Saints averaged an independent leagues' best 8,296 per date in 2017, 8,178 in 2018, and 8,061 in 2019. St. Paul led all independent teams in average per date 13 times between 1993 and 2019. St. Paul is now an MLB-affiliated team, playing in the International League. Winnipeg, who averaged 4,079 in 2019, had the top independent average 12 times from 2000 through 2014.
- Averaging under 1,000 per date were 18 independent teams in 2018, 16 in 2023, 2022, 2019, and 2017, 15 in 2024, 17 in 2016, and 14 in 2015. 12 teams in 2014 and in 2013, 13 in 2012, and 8 teams drew that low in 2011. 3 teams were below 1,000 per date in 2010. In both 2009 and 2008, there were 6 independent league teams that drew under 1,000 per date. 7 teams averaged below 1,000 per date in 2000 per date in 2008 and 2007. In 2006 and in 2004, every independent team averaged at least 1,000. 3 fell below this level in 2005. All this excludes Empire League teams.

2024 vs. 2023 Average per Date Comparison

TEAMS WITH THE BIGGEST GAINS AND WORST DECLINES IN AVERAGE PER DATE

The table on Page 79 separately lists the 10 MLB-affiliated and the 5 independent teams with the **biggest average per date** gains and losses for **2024 vs. 2023**. Mexican League teams had the 6 of the 7 biggest average per date gains among independent teams.

Only 2 MLB-affiliated leagues, and 5 independent leagues, had a 2024 vs. 2023 increase in average per date.

MLB-Affiliated TEAMS - 2024 vs. 2023 - Biggest GAINS in Average per Date

- 41 of the 120 (34.2%) MLB-affiliated teams posted gains in average per date for **2024 vs. 2023**. 8 teams achieved growth of better than 300 per date.
- 8 of the 30 Triple-A teams posted increases. Indianapolis of the International League, up 563, had the biggest gain among all MLB-affiliates. Sacramento had the top increase in the Pacific Coast League, up 357 per date.
- Arkansas, up 368 per date had the largest increase in the Texas League and in Double-A. Reading (346) had the best growth in the Eastern League. Montgomery AL, up 5, had the only Southern League increase. 8 of the 30 Double-A clubs had average per date increases.
- In the High-A leagues, where 12 of the 30 teams had gains, Fort Wayne, up 277, had the best average per date increase in the Midwest League, and in this classification. Hudson Valley, NY achieved the best gain (143) in the South Atlantic League. Tri-City, WA had the Northwest League's only increase, up 51.
- Dunedin's 368 growth was the largest among Florida State League, and all Single-A teams. Rancho Cucamonga led the California League, up 100. Fayetteville (79) had the only Carolina League gain. 13 of 30 teams had increases.

MLB-Affiliated TEAMS – 2024 vs. 2023 - Biggest LOSSES in Average per Date

- 23 teams had average per date declines of at least 300 for 2024 vs. 2023.
- Nashville, down 690, had the biggest loss in Triple-A and in the International League. Round Rock, with a dip of 478, had the top Pacific Coast League loss. In Double-A, Binghamton of the Eastern League suffered the largest decline (865) among all MLB-affiliated teams. Wichita had the biggest decrease in the Texas League (301), and Mississippi posted the largest Southern League decline, down 464.
- Winston-Salem of the South Atlantic League had the top High-A dip (615). Lansing of the Midwest League was down a league-high 382, and Vancouver had the largest Northwest League decrease, down 217. In Single-A, Delmarva of the Carolina League, had the largest decline, down 504. Fresno posted the biggest California League loss, down 191, and Fort Myers' decline of 186 per date was largest in the Florida State League.

• 54 of 78 (69.2%) 'same market' independent teams had increases in average per date for **2024 vs. 2023**. 23 teams posted declines. Trinidad of the Pecos League had the same average per date in both seasons.

Independent Leagues TEAMS – 2024 vs. 2023 - Biggest GAINS in Average per Date

- Mexican League teams accounted for the 7 of the 11 largest independent team increases, including the top 4, led by Jalisco (Guadalajara), up 1,491, Aguascalientes, up 1,487, Mexico City, up 1,252, and Union Laguna, up 1,155. New Jersey of the Frontier League had an estimated 991 gain, and Puebla rose by 676. All these gains were higher than any MLB-affiliated team achieved. Also posting average per date increases of at least 400 were the United Shore League's 4 teams (497), the Frontier League's Sussex County, NJ (463), and Quebec (401), and Cleburne of the American Association (446).
- Lexington, KY, up 363, had the best increase in the Atlantic League. Grand Junction's gain of 248 was best in the Pioneer League. Bakersfield, up 300, had the top average per date gain in the Pecos League. The Mavericks League was up 47, and the United Shore League had a gain of 497.

Independent Leagues TEAMS – 2024 vs. 2023 - Biggest LOSSES in Average per Date

- Yucatan of the Mexican League, down 7,270 per date, had the largest average per date decline, by far, of any Minor League team in 2024. Veracruz (1,436), and Tabasco (1,182) also had losses that were larger than any MLBaffiliated team.
- Ogden of the Pioneer League suffered a decline of 373, the largest dip among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Florence KY, down 4, had the only decrease in the Frontier League. Milwaukee (143) had the largest loss in the American Association. High Point's 225 dip led the Atlantic League, and Vallejo had a decline of 60 per date, the largest in the Pecos League.

2024 vs. 2023 Combined MLB-Affiliated and Independent Leagues Changes

Combined MLB-affiliated and independent **2024 vs. 2023** attendance had 94 'same market' teams with gains in total attendance, and 104 teams with declines. 95 of these teams were up in average per date, 102 teams were down, and Trinidad had the same average per date listed in both years.

2024 vs. 2023 - BIGGEST GAINS AND WORST DECLINES IN AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER DATE

10 BIGGEST GAINS IN AVERAGE PER DATE - 2024 vs. 2023 - MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS

TEAM	LEAGUE	2024 AVERAGE/DATE	<u>CHANGE vs. 2023</u>
Indianapolis	International	8,405	563
Rochester	International	6,454	377
Arkansas	Texas	4,959	368
Dunedin	Florida State	863	368
Sacramento	Pacific Coast	5,536	357
Frisco	Texas	5,540	349
Reading	Eastern	6,277	346
Norfolk	International	6,138	344
Fort Wayne	Midwest	5,590	277
Toledo	International	6,497	243

Top gains in previous years: Wichita KS (2023); Rochester (2022); Las Vegas (2019); Augusta, GA (2018); Nashville (2017); Monterrey (2016); Yucatan (2015); Charlotte (2014); Birmingham (2013).

10 BIGGEST DECLINES IN AVERAGE PER DATE – 2024 vs. 2023 – MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS

<u>TEAM</u>	LEAGUE	2024 AVERAGE/DATE	<u>CHANGE vs. 2023</u>
Binghamton, NY	Eastern	2,318	(865)
Nashville	International	7,046	(690)
Gwinnett	International	2,620	(634)
Winston-Salem	South Atlantic	4,127	(615)
Worcester	International	6,852	(572)
Charlotte	International	6,273	(560)
Greensboro	South Atlantic	3,954	(547)
Buffalo	International	6,654	(510)
Delmarva	Carolina	2,658	(504)
Fredericksburg, VA	Carolina	3,693	(485)

Top losses: Fayetteville NC (2023); Rocket City (2022); New Orleans (2019 and 2018); Monterrey (2017); Oaxaca (2016); Puebla (2015); Memphis (2014); Saltillo (2013).

5 BIGGEST GAINS IN AVERAGE PER DATE - 2024 vs. 2023 - INDEPENDENT TEAMS

<u>TEAM</u>	LEAGUE	2024 AVERAGE/DATE	CHANGE vs. 2023
Jalisco (Guadalajara)	Mexican	3,966	1,491
Aguascalientes	Mexican	3,410	1,487
Mexico City	Mexican	11,761	1,252
Union Laguna	Mexican	7,070	1,155
New Jersey	Frontier	1,900	991

Top Gains: Mexico City (2023); Yucatan (2022); Chicago (2019); Texas (2018); Evansville (2017); Sussex, NJ (2016); St. Paul (2015, 2014); Fort Worth (2013).

5 BIGGEST DECLINES IN AVERAGE PER DATE- 2024 vs. 2023 - INDEPENDENT TEAMS

TEAM	LEAGUE	2024 AVERAGE/DATE	CHANGE vs. 2023
Yucatan	Mexican	3,287	(7,270)
Veracruz	Mexican	3,422	(1,436)
Tabasco	Mexican	3,771	(1,182)
Saltillo	Mexican	6,491	(832)
Leon	Mexican	4,013	(592)

Top losses: Campeche (2023); Rocky Mountain (2022); New Britain (2019); Wichita, KS (2018); Ottawa (2017); Joplin (2016); Laredo (2015); Fort Worth (2014); El Paso, then in the American Association, (2013).

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER DATE – BY CLASSIFICATION

The table below shows yearly average attendance per date for each class of MLB-affiliated leagues from 1992 through 2024. **It excludes the Mexican League in all columns**. The total attendance figure, combined average per date for all classifications, and the number of dates played, are also just for U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams. Class High-A and Class Single-A (formerly named Low-A) are combined. The short-season column covers all short-season Class-A and Rookie Leagues. Those short-season leagues were eliminated starting in 2021. Average per date figures for seasons prior to 1992 are not currently available.

			Full-Season	Short-	Combined	U.S. MLB-Affiliated	U.S.MLB-Affil.
Year	Triple-A	Double-A	Class A	Season	Average	Leagues-Total	# of Dates
1992	5,737	3,317	1,757	1,694	2,855	24,580,464	8,610
1993	5,998	3,559	2,017	1,670	3,117	27,294,452	8,756
1994	6,131	4,015	2,254	1,922	3,379	30,310,205	8,971
1995	6,016	3,913	2,344	2,139	3,399	30,709,738	9,036
1996	5,913	3,795	2,480	2,230	3,424	30,903,016	9,026
1997	6,003	3,993	2,557	2,264	3,515	31,737,761	9,029
1998	6,052	3,980	2,293	2,218	3,444	32,263,786	9,368
1999	5,913	3,941	2,296	2,231	3,419	32,304,182	9,448
2000	6,499	4,172	2,380	2,207	3,631	34,048,081	9,376
2001	6,500	4,136	2,582	2,396	3,747	35,315,280	9,424
2002	6,599	4,092	2,535	2,529	3,742	35,497,010	9,486
2003	6,556	4,413	2,692	2,574	3,893	36,036,421	9,256
2004	6,478	4,511	2,753	2,539	3,910	36,665,163	9,378
2005	6,744	4,538	2,816	2,526	4,000	38,011,628	9,503
2006	6,678	4,528	2,856	2,560	4,002	37,906,890	9,472
2007	6,802	4,603	2,956	2,727	4,117	38,924,278	9,455
2008	6,883	4,591	2,945	2,668	4,115	39,228,571	9,532
2009	6,820	4,462	2,978	2,646	4,089	38,564,744	9,431
2010	6,664	4,492	2,970	2,549	4,037	38,717,501	9,591
2011	6,524	4,419	2,952	2,523	3,978	37,930,024	9,534
2012	6,352	4,333	2,944	2,510	3,921	37,466,034	9,556
2013	6,505	4,413	2,996	2,513	3,999	37,741,405	9,437
2014	6,742	4,424	3,010	2,452	4,044	38,413,424	9,500
2015	6,800	4,423	2,990	2,550	4,063	38,690,622	9,523
2016	6,695	4,194	2,896	2,459	3,930	37,345,155	9,502
2017	6,792	4,450	2,957	2,438	4,024	37,789,759	9,392
2018	6,615	4,371	2,835	2,451	3,922	36,678,534	9,353
2019	6,697	4,429	2,807	2,514	3,945	36,885,946	9,349
2021	4,796	3,694	2,154	Х	3,242	22,089,014	6,814
2022	5,820	4,121	2,727	Х	3,933	30,920,722	7,862
2023	5,960	4,330	2,870	Х	4,084	32,152,384	7,872
2024	5,792	4,235	2,806	Х	3,985	31,346,469	7,867

MLB-AFFILIATED NEW MARKETS, NEW BALLPARKS, AND 'SAME BALLPARK' ATTENDANCE GROWTH

The table below borrows a concept used by retail chain stores to report sales. Retailers report year-to-year changes in total sales, which includes stores open less than a full year in the current year, or the previous one. A report for full year 2024 vs. full year 2023, lists sales from all stores, including any that either opened or closed in 2024 or 2023.

But they also report what is called 'Comparable' or 'Same-Store' sales. In this example, a year-to-year sales comparison would only include stores that were in operation for the full year in both 2024 and 2023. Looking at 'Same-Store' sales provides a good barometer of real sales growth, rather than just growth due to opening many new stores.

This first two tables in this section look at 'Same-Ballpark' attendance, a baseball version of 'Same-Store' sales, by comparing **2024 vs. 2019**, and **2019 vs. 2018** attendance change for the MLB-affiliated teams that played in the same ballpark in both years. The table for 2024 vs. 2019 differs slightly from the 2019 vs. 2018 table. 2021 is not used here since it was not a normal season. The **2019 vs. 2018** comparison is shown as an example of market changes that took place going into the final year before the 2021 changes. No MLB-affiliated teams have changed markets or opened new parks since 2021, which is why there is no 2024 vs. 2023 table. There will be new parks and markets in 2025.

Adding teams, relocating teams, and opening new ballparks have been big factors in the growth of Minor League attendance over the past 40 years. Add to this the independent leagues that first came on the scene in 1993. These changes have been far less frequent in recent years, and are one reason why Minor League attendance has not changed much since 2005. There were 19 more teams in 1990 playing in MLB-affiliated leagues that charge admission than there were in 1980. By 1999, 12 more affiliated teams, plus 44 independent teams were added. But 2019 had the same number of affiliated teams as in 1999. No Major League expansion since 1998 is the main reason for this.

2021 – 2024 Changes

The reorganization of the MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues resulted in a reduction, from 176 to 120, in the number of MLB-affiliated teams that charged admission to their games. With the move of the Mexican and Pioneer Leagues to independent status in 2021, plus expansion in 2022 and 2024, there were 98 independent teams in operation in 2024.

Fewer new ballparks have opened in recent years. In 2025, there will be 48 MLB-affiliated teams, including Jupiter and Palm Beach, who share a park, plus 23 independent teams, who will play in a park that opened between 1995 and 2005. (Dos Laredos of the Mexican League plays in both Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, and Laredo, Texas.) 42 MLB-affiliated teams, and 23 independent teams, will play in a park opened after 2005. New ballpark openings in 2025 will be for Northern Colorado (maybe), Spartanburg, Knoxville, Salt Lake, and a rebuilt park in Columbus, GA.

'Same Ballpark' teams only includes the 2024 MLB-affiliated teams, and excludes all independent league teams.

		2024 Total	2024 Avg.		2019 Total	2019 Avg.
2024 League	2024 City	Attendance	per Date	2019 City	Attendance	per Date
International	Worcester	479,636	6,852	Pawtucket	331,010	5,254
Carolina	Kannapolis	195,795	3,012	Kannapolis	75,931	1,133
Carolina	Fredericksburg	232,690	3,693	Potomac	192,474	3,262
Texas	Wichita	301,886	4,375	New Orleans	188,092	2,939
Southern	Rocket City	319,417	4,563	Mobile	95,087	1,585
Midwest	Beloit	99,224	1,654	Beloit	73,200	1,181
Total - Above 6 Teams		1,628,648	4,102		955,794	2,549
114 'Same-Ballpark as in 2019' Affiliated Teams		29,717,821	3,978		32,784,316	4,203

MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN A DIFFERENT PARK IN 2024 THAN IN 2019

The 6 teams listed above, had a **2024 vs. 2019** total attendance gain of 672,854 (70.4%), and an average per date gain of 1,553 (60.9%). The 114 other teams had a 3,066,495 (9.4%) loss in total attendance, and a 225 (5.5%) loss in average per date.

Dunedin, which played in the old park in Clearwater in 2019, and played in other parks with no fans in attendance for some games in 2021, because Toronto was using the park in Dunedin, is not in this table. Rocket City plays in Madison, Alabama, near Huntsville. Fredericksburg is about 35 miles south of Potomac (Woodbridge, VA).

NEW MARKETS, NEW BALLPARKS, AND 'SAME BALLPARK' ATTENDANCE GROWTH

Market Changes for 2019 – Going into the Final Season Before MLB-Affiliated Minor League Reorganization

In **2019**, 70 U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams, including Jupiter and Palm Beach, who share a park, and 18 independent league teams, played in ballparks that opened between 1995 and 2005. Only 36 U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated and 13 independent teams (counting the 4 United Shore League teams that share a park as one team) played in a park that has opened after 2005. This list does not include rebuilt and updated parks, which also help attendance growth. South Bend updated their park for 2012, and their attendance rose from 112,795 in 2011, to 354,070 in 2017. They drew 343,763 in 2018, and 319,616 in 2019.

Multiple changes took place in **2019**, all but one of which is reflected in the next table. San Antonio got a Pacific Coast League team, and their Texas League team moved to Amarillo. Since San Antonio played the same length schedule, in the same park, in both 2018 and 2019, it is not listed in this table. However, Colorado Springs is listed, because they had a full-season team in 2018, and a short-season team, the Rocky Mountain Vibes, in 2019. Other changes were new ballparks in Mexico City, Las Vegas, and Fayetteville, NC, along with a new team, in a new park in Amarillo. These moves were a big factor in the attendance growth of 2019.

Also on this list is Dunedin, who played most of their home games in the old park in Clearwater due to the reconstruction of their regular home park.

In 2018, Fayetteville played as Buies Creek, in a small ballpark on the campus of Campbell University.

The 6 teams listed in the table below, had combined 2019 total attendance growth of 123.1%, and an average per date gain of 2,941 vs. what they drew in their former locations in 2018. Combined total attendance rose 0.1%, and average per date fell by 19 for the 170 MLB-affiliated teams that played in the same ballpark in both **2019 and 2018**.

Some independent league teams come and go each year, so this table does not include them.

Since 2000, "MLB-affiliated Same Ballpark' attendance (counting teams that played in the same ballpark in both years being compared – for example, in 2000, it's 2000 vs. 1999) has been up in 2000, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2011, 2017, and 2019. It has declined in 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2018, and 2022.

In the table below, Amarillo's 2019 attendance appears on the same line as the attendance for 2018 Colorado Springs because one end result of the Helena to Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs to San Antonio, and San Antonio to Amarillo moves, was that a full-season team in Amarillo replaced a full-season team in Colorado Springs.

League	2019 City	2019 Attendance	2018 City	2018 Attendance	Chg. vs. 2018
Mexican	Mexico City	389,641	Mexico City	155,185	234,456
Pacific Coast	Las Vegas	650,934	Las Vegas	332,224	318,710
Pacific Coast/Texas	Amarillo	427,791	Colorado Sprs.	262,657	165,134
Carolina	Fayetteville	246,961	Buies Creek	24,068	222,893
Florida State	Dunedin *	11,757	Dunedin	30,569	(18,812)
Pioneer	Colorado Sprs.	137,294	Helena	31,086	106,208
Total - Above 6 Teams		1,864,378		835,789	1,028,589
170 'Same-Ballpark' as in 2018 NAPBL Teams		39,639,699		39,614,548	25,151

MLB-AFFILIATED TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN A DIFFERENT PARK IN 2019 THAN IN 2018

• Dunedin played most of its home games at Jack Russell Stadium in Clearwater. That park was the Spring Training home of the Philadelphia Phillies, and the home of the Clearwater Threshers, through 2003.

2019 'LAME DUCKS' AND A TEAM FORCED OUT OF THEIR PARK DUE TO FLOODS

At the start of the **2019** season, it had been already announced that 4 teams would move to a new city in 2020, with one more scheduled to move in 2021. The **2020** moves were scheduled to be New Orleans to Wichita KS, Mobile to Madison AL (named the Rocket City Trash Pandas), Potomac to Fredericksburg VA, which is about 35 miles away, and the Florida Firefrogs from Kissimmee to North Port. In **2021**, Pawtucket moved to Worcester. Of course, there was no 2020 season, and the Florida Firefrogs were eliminated in the 2021 Minor League Reorganization.

When a team is leaving, its attendance usually takes a hit. That happened in 2019 for 4 of these teams. Potomac also was hurt by 11 lost dates. But Mobile had the largest total attendance <u>increase</u> of any Double-A team.

In addition, Quad Cites couldn't play many of its early season games at home because the area around their ballpark was under water. Floods on the Mississippi River, right next to their park, prevented access to the park. Relocated home games were played in Burlington, Cedar Rapids, Peoria, Clinton, and on the campus of the University of Iowa at Iowa City. All this resulted in a large decline in attendance.

The table below lists **2019 and 2018** attendance for these 6 teams. There is also a figure at the bottom of the table for the 164 then-MLB-affiliated teams not listed in either table on this page or on page 82. (There were 176 MLB-affiliated teams that charged admission to their games in 2019. This included the Mexican League and 4 short-season leagues.) The 'Lame Ducks' plus Quad Cities, had a combined 18.7% decline in total attendance in 2019, and their average per date fell by 501. The remaining 164 teams, which also excludes the teams that moved to new cities or new parks for the 2019 season, had a combined total attendance increase of 0.7%, and their average per date was down by one.

With one slight exception, there were no 'lame ducks' among MLB-affiliated teams in 2021, 2022, or 2023, and basically, all 120 teams returned to the same cities and ballparks in 2022, 2023, and 2024. Vancouver, which was forced to play its 2021 home games in Hillsboro, Oregon due to the closure of the U.S./Canadian border, returned home in 2022.

A pair of **2024** MLB-affiliated teams are in new markets in **2025**. Down East (Kinston, NC) is now in Spartanburg, SC. The Mississippi Braves (Pearl, near Jackson) have moved to Columbus, GA. Both Down East and Mississippi will have teams in the independent Frontier League in 2025. In 2024, Down East had a 21,224 (22.1%) decline in total attendance, and a 188 (12.3%) dip in average per date. Mississippi's total attendance fell 44,241 (27.2%), and their average per date was down 464 (18.2%). They only had 57 dates at home. 4 'home' dates were played at Rocket City, and have been included in Rocket City's attendance figures.

League	2019/2018 City	2019 Attendance	2018 Attendance	Chg. vs. 2018	Moved To:
Pacific Coast	New Orleans	188,092	252,614	(64,522)	Wichita, KS
Southern	Mobile	95,087	69,504	25,583	Madison, AL
International	Pawtucket	331,010	394,811	(63,801)	Worcester, MA
Carolina	Potomac	192,474	237,244	(44,770)	Fredericksburg
Florida State	Kissimmee	19,615	33,017	(13,402)	Disbanded
Midwest	Quad Cities	150,905	215,061	(64,156)	Didn't Move
Total - Above 6 Teams		977,183	1,202,251	(225,068)	
164 MLB-Affiliated 2019 Teams not in either table		38,662,516	38,412,297	250,219	

TEAMS THAT WERE PLANNING TO MOVE TO A NEW CITY IN 2020 OR 2021, PLUS QUAD CITIES

This section will cover some of the current Major League-affiliated teams that posted some very large attendance gains following a move to a new market or a new ballpark. Attendance for the first season in the new park/market is compared with attendance in the final year in the old park/market. **Due to the unusual nature of the 2021 season, attendance comparisons are also made for 2022 vs. 2019 for teams that moved to a new ballpark in 2021.**

The period covered in the tables that appear on the next 3 pages will begin with the Columbus Clippers' move to Cooper Stadium in 1977. The Clippers drew 457,251 that year, the highest total by a U.S. based Minor League team since Denver drew 461,419 in 1952. The Clippers moved from Memphis, where they drew 92,973 in 1976. In 1979, Columbus drew 599,544, the best total since San Francisco, then a Minor League city, drew 606,563 in 1948.

This isn't a full list of teams that moved to new markets or new parks since 1977. It only illustrates some of the teams with very big attendance gains as a result of a move. When the former market listing is 'New Ballpark,' it means that the team moved into a new ballpark in the same market. It may have moved from the city to a suburb, or vice-versa like Charlotte in 2014, or in another case, from Canton to Akron (both in the Cleveland TV market) in 1997, but the team remained in the same geographic market. The list excludes 2017 Hartford who didn't have 2016 home games.

The list has all the very large increases in attendance due to relocations or new ballparks. But it also includes some increases that were not quite as large, in order to list at least one team from each MLB-affiliated league, and to include a few more listings from the short-season leagues. It also shows the 2021 moves, even though the changes in total attendance are far less than they would have been if 2021 had been a 'normal' season.

Multiple teams from some leagues relocated in the same year, and are not listed is this table. Some examples: In 1993, the South Atlantic League added Hickory, which drew 283,727, and Hagerstown, which drew 95,702. These 2 cities replaced Gastonia, which drew 32,931 in 1992, and Myrtle Beach, which drew 61,120. The combined increase in attendance for the South Atlantic League from these 2 moves was 285,378.

In 1994, the short-season New York-Penn League added Hudson Valley (138,107), New Jersey (150,370), Williamsport (61,233), and Burlington, Vermont (107,310). These 4 teams replaced Glens Falls (78,925 in 1993), Geneva (34,634), Niagara Falls (50,190), and Erie (65,316). The net increase from these moves was 227,955.

In 2004, the Mexican League added teams in Tijuana, Aguascalientes, and San Luis Potosi, who drew a combined 753,834. They replaced teams in Cordoba, Reynosa, and Laredo, who drew a combined 273,380 in 2003. The net gain was 480,454.

The American Association shown in the 'League' column in the table is the Triple-A MLB-affiliated league that operated through 1997. That league's teams joined either the International League or the Pacific Coast League in 1998.

In 2014, the combined total attendance increase for teams that either moved to a new market or a new ballpark was 1,092,459 (3 teams). Other years since 2000 with big combined gains by teams in this category included 2000 (2,486,321 - 5 teams), 2001 (1,382,109 - 6 teams), 2003 (1,781,807 - 8 teams), 2005 (1,193,224 - 10 teams), and 2019 (1,028,529 - 6 teams).

There have been 7 instances, shown in bold on the table, where the move to a new market or new ballpark resulted in an attendance increase of at least 500,000. Louisville, in 1982, was the first of these teams, and they set a new all-time high for Minor League attendance. The following year, they became the first team in Minor League history to draw over one million. In 1988, Buffalo moved from old War Memorial Stadium to a new park in downtown Buffalo. The Bisons then topped one million for 6 straight years, through 1993. No team has topped one million since. Based on ballpark capacity, that's a figure that would be impossible to reach for all but a few teams.

Salt Lake City in 1994, was the next city to have a 500,000 gain following a move. In 2000, 3 teams (Sacramento, Dayton, Round Rock) each drew over 500,000 more fans than in their former markets in 1999. Frisco, in 2003, was the last team to achieve a 500,000 gain. Frisco is a Class AA team, and Dayton is in Class A.

Since 2000, there have been 7 teams, **excluding 2021 Beloit**, that moved to a new market or new ballpark, that had a decline in attendance. In 2002, a South Atlantic League team moved from Wilmington, NC to Albany, GA just 3 weeks prior to the start of the season due to ballpark problems. Attendance fell 62,523. In 2006, hurricane damage to the park in Cancun, Mexico forced the team to move to Cordoba, and attendance declined by 43,997. In 2010, Eugene of the Northwest League moved to a new park which they share with the University of Oregon, but their attendance dropped by 17,914. In 2012, a P.C.L. team from Portland relocated temporarily to Tucson until a new location could be found. Attendance fell by 52,196. This team ultimately moved to El Paso in 2014. In 2017, Buies Creek, Florida, and Leon, all drew less than they did their former homes in 2016.

LARGE ATTENDANCE GROWTH BY TEAMS MOVING TO NEW MARKETS AND/OR NEW PARKS - Since 1977

Year	League	New Market or New Ballpark	First Yr. New Market Attend.	Former Market	Final Year Old Market Attend.	Attendance Increase
1977	International	Columbus	457,251	Memphis	92,973	364,278
1982	Amer. Assn.	Louisville	868,418	Springfield, IL	120,537	747,881
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1983	Pacific Coast	Las Vegas	365,848	Spokane	221,526	144,322
1985	International	Richmond	379,019	New Ballpark	165,313	213,506
1987	Eastern	Harrisburg	212,141	Waterbury	37,267	174,874
1988	Amer. Assn	Buffalo	1,146,651	New Ballpark	495,760	650,891
1989	International	Scranton-Wilkes	444,400	Maine	80,071	364,329
1989	Northwest	Boise	127,594	New Ballpark	67,524	60,070
1991	California	High Desert	204,438	Riverside	82,420	122,018
1991	Midwest	Kane County, IL	240,920	Wausau	56,434	183,856
1992	Eastern	Binghamton	259,284	Williamsport	96,711	162,573
1993	California	Rancho Cucam.	331,005	Salinas	54,256	276,749
1993	Carolina	Wilmington, DE	332,132	Peninsula, VA	59,093	273,039
1993	International	Norfolk	529,708	New Ballpark	174,362	355,346
1993	Midwest	Fort Wayne	318,506	Kenosha	40,226	278,280
1993	Appalachian	Danville	80,539	Pulaski	16,993	63,546
1994	California	Lake Elsinore	357,123	Palm Springs	89,645	267,478
1994	Midwest	West Michigan	475,212	Waterloo	51,329	423,883
1994	Pacific Coast	Salt Lake City	713,224	Portland, OR	186,010	527,214
1994	Texas	San Antonio	411,959	New Ballpark	189,251	222,708
1995	Midwest	Appleton, WI	209,159	New Ballpark	75,164	133,995
1995	Eastern	Norwich, CT	281,473	Albany-Colonie	115,819	165,654
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1996	California	Lancaster, CA	316,611	Riverside	56,590	260,021
1996	Amer. Assn.	Indianapolis	537,325	New Ballpark	366,254	171,071
1996	Midwest	Lansing	538,325	Springfield, IL	39,467	498,858
1996	South Atlantic	Delmarva	315,011	Albany, GA	91,289	223,722
1997	Eastern	Akron	473,232	New Ballpark	213,278	259,954
1997	Northwest	Salem-Keiser	136,836	Bellingham	48,417	88,419
1997	Amer. Assn.	New Orleans	507,164	New Ballpark	180,485	326,679
1997	Southern	Mobile	332,639	Wilmington, NC	68,463	264,176
1000						
1998	Pacific Coast	Fresno	359,076	Phoenix	209,698	149,378
1999	Carolina	Myrtle Beach	232,619	Danville	74,737	157,882
2000	International	Louisville	685,863	New Ballpark	361,419	324,444
2000	Pacific Coast	Memphis	859,851	New Ballpark	397,339	462,512
2000 2000	Pacific Coast	Sacramento	861,808	Vancouver	241,461	620,347
2000	Texas	Round Rock	660,110	Jackson, MS	99,240	560,870
2000	Midwest	Dayton	581,853	Rockford, IL	63,705	518,148

LARGE ATTENDANCE GROWTH BY TEAMS MOVING TO NEW MARKETS AND/OR NEW PARKS - Since 1977

Year	League	New Market or New Ballpark	First Yr. New Market Attend.	Former Market	Final Year Old Market Attend.	Attendance Increase
2001	South Atlantic	Lakewood, NJ	482,206	Cape Fear, NC	32,641	449,565
2001	South Atlantic	Lexington, KY	451,076	Kissimmee	29,650	421,426
2001	N.YPenn	Brooklyn	289,381	Queens, NY	38,662	250,719
2002	N.YPenn	Aberdeen	231,935	Utica, NY	47,135	184,800
2002	International	Toledo	547,204	New Ballpark	300,079	247,125
2002	Pacific Coast	Fresno	563,079	New Ballpark	292,886	270,193
2002	Texas	Midland	276,380	New Ballpark	148,292	128,088
2003	Pacific Coast	Albuquerque	576,867	Calgary	182,931	393,936
2003	Texas	Frisco	666,977	Shreveport	24,569	642,408
2003	South Atlantic	Lake County,OH	437,515	Columbus, GA	52,103	385,412
2003	South Atlantic	Rome, GA	246,718	Macon	84,001	162,717
2003	Southern	Jacksonville, FL	359,979	New Ballpark	230,156	129,823
2000	Coulion		000,010		200,100	120,020
2004	Southern	Montgomery	322,946	Orlando	150,051	172,895
2004	Florida State	Clearwater	135,082	New Ballpark	63,655	71,427
2004	Mexican	Tijuana	548,863	Dos Laredos	74,290	474,573
2005	Texas	Springfield, MO	526,630	El Paso	229,315	297,315
2005	South Atlantic		406,996	New Ballpark	229,315	206,519
2005	South Atlantic	Greensboro Charleston, WV	234,160	New Ballpark	125,979	108,181
2005	California	Stockton	205,819	New Ballpark	98,035	100,101
2005	California	SIUCKION	203,019		90,033	107,704
2006	South Atlantic	Greenville, SC	330,078	New Ballpark	115,161	214,917
2007	Midwest	Great Lakes, MI	324,564	Battle Creek	84,969	239,595
2007	Texas	Arkansas	372,475	New Ballpark	207,507	164,968
2008	International	Lehigh Valley,PA	602,033	Ottawa, Ontario	126,894	475,139
2008	Texas	NW Arkansas	358,792	Wichita, KS	113,368	245,424
2009	Pacific Coast	Reno	466,606	Tucson	245,121	221,485
2009	Florida State	Port Charlotte	171,314	Vero Beach	47,944	123,370
2009	South Atlantic	Bowling Green	232,987	Columbus, GA	61,290	171,697
2010	Eastern	Richmond	463,842	Norwich, CT	203,005	260,837
2010	Carolina	Winston-Salem	312,313	New Ballpark	57,665	254,648
2012	Southern	Pensacola	328,147	Kinston	112,181	215,996
2012	Pioneer	Grand Junction	101,496	Casper	47,982	53,514
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2013	Southern	Birmingham	396,820	New Ballpark	204,269	192,551
2013	Northwest	Hillsboro, OR	135,167	Yakima	61,895	73,272
2014	Mexican	Tijuana	419,169	Minatitlan	120,511	298,658
2014	Pacific Coast	El Paso	560,997	Tucson	200,077	360,920
2014	International	Charlotte, NC	687,715	New Ballpark	254,834	432,881
2015	Desifie Coast	Nachvilla		Now Dollaset	202.064	014 507
2015	Pacific Coast	Nashville	565,548	New Ballpark	323,961	241,587
2016	South Atlantic	Columbia, SC	261,134	Savannah	125,587	135,547

LARGE ATTENDANCE GROWTH BY TEAMS MOVING TO NEW MARKETS AND/OR NEW PARKS - Since 1977

\sim		New Market or	First Yr. New		Final Year Old	Attendance
Year	League	New Ballpark	Market Attend.	Former Market	Market Attend.	Increase
2019	Pacific Coast	Las Vegas	650,934	New Ballpark	332,224	318,710
2019	Mexican	Mexico City	389,641	New Ballpark	155,185	234,456
2019	Texas	Amarillo	427,791	Colorado Sprs.	262,657	165,134
2019	Carolina	Fayetteville, NC	246,961	Buies Creek	24,068	222,893
2021	Triple-A East	Worcester	362,559	Pawtucket	331,010	31,549
2021	Low-A East	Kannapolis	162,031	New Ballpark	75,931	86,100
2021	Low-A East	Fredericksburg	199,071	Potomac	192,474	6,597
2021	Double-A Central	Wichita	241.230	New Orleans	188,092	53,138
2021	Double-A South	Rocket City	274,858	Mobile	95,087	179,771
2021	High-A Central	Beloit	46,746	New Ballpark	73,200	(26,454)
2022	International	Worcester	532,152*	Pawtucket	331,010	201,142*
2022	Carolina	Kannapolis	192,161*	New Ballpark	75,931	116,230*
2022	Carolina	Fredericksburg	260,546*	Potomac	192,474	68,072*
2022	Texas	Wichita	220,528*	New Orleans	188,092	32,436*
2022	Southern	Rocket City	327,007*	Mobile	95,087	231,920*
2022	Midwest	Beloit	102,794*	New Ballpark	73,200	29,594*
2025	South Atlantic	Spartanburg		Down East	74,996	
2025	Southern	Columbus, GA		Mississippi	118,621	
2025	Southern	Knoxville		New Ballpark	292,445	
2025	Pacific Coast	Salt Lake		New Ballpark	469,478	

* 2022 vs. 2019 comparisons are also made for teams that moved going into 2021. The first series of listings for that group of teams in this table compares 2021 vs. 2019, and just below that listing, is the 2022 vs. 2019 comparison.

YEARLY TOTAL ATTENDANCE GROWTH BY MLB-AFFILIATED 'SAME MARKET, SAME BALLPARK' TEAMS

Much of the growth in Minor League attendance over the last 4 decades was driven by teams moving into new markets or new ballparks.

MLB-affiliated Minor League total attendance rose 4.0% in 2023 vs. 2022. This growth was achieved without any MLB-affiliated teams moving to a new ballpark or new market. As the table below indicates, the last time the U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated 'same market-same ballpark' teams had a combined gain of at least 4% was in 1991, when they had a 4.6% increase. In 1990, these types of teams had a 6.3% gain vs. 1989.

1990 was the last time the <u>numerical</u> increase for such teams was higher than in 2023. (All these figures exclude the now independent Mexican League for all seasons, but do include the short-season leagues that operated through 2019. The table also excludes 2022 vs. 2021 due to the unusual nature of the 2021 season, when many teams faced ballpark capacity restrictions, and Buffalo and Vancouver had temporary relocations.)

From 1995 through 2019 (25 seasons), there were only 4 seasons where the U.S./Canadian 'same market, same ballpark' teams had a combined total attendance increase.

MLB-AFFILIATED U.S./CANADIAN 'SAME MARKET – SAME BALLPARK' TOTAL ATTENDANCE CHANGE

Year	Total Attendance - # Change vs. Previous Year - MLB- Affiliated U.S./Canadian 'Same Market-Same Ballpark' Teams	% Change	Year	Total Attendance - % Change vs. Previous Year - MLB- Affiliated U.S./Canadian 'Same Market-Same Ballpark' Teams	% Change
2024	(809,915)	(2.5)			
2023	1,231,662	4.0			
2019	(586,721)	(1.6)	1999	(776,681)	(2.4)
2018	(1,188,111)	(3.2)	1998	(414,674)	(1.3)
2017	49,556	0.1	1997	(565,376)	(1.9)
2016	(1,214,355)	(3.2)	1996	(1,136,625)	(3.8)
2015	(93,086)	(0.2)	1995	(717,144)	(2.5)
2014	(121,782)	(0.3)	1994	258,262	1.0
2013	(154,123)	(0.4)	1993	94,786	0.4
2012	(733,470)	(1.9)	1992	4,083	0.0
2011	(739,331)	(1.9)	1991	1,038,928	4.6
2010	(547,274)	(1.5)	1990	1,280,113	6.3
2009	(1,565,109)	(4.1)	1989	848,356	4.5
2008	(467,803)	(1.2)	1988	(32,415)	(0.2)
2007	581,664	1.5	1987	635,560	4.0
2006	(353,712)	(0.9)	1986	368,820	2.4
2005	154,461	0.4	1985	290,977	2.1
2004	155,457	0.4	1984	(1,271,491)	(8.3)
2003	(1,240,315)	(3.5)	1983	(123,426)	(0.9)
2002	(818,318)	(2.4)			
2001	(114,910)	(0.3)			
2000	(742,422)	(2.4)			

ATTENDANCE CHANGES IN A BALLPARK'S SECOND SEASON

The table on the next 5 pages compares attendance for the first and second years of Minor League ballparks which opened between 1992 and 2023. **This covers both MLB-affiliated and independent leagues**. The comparison is made for both total attendance and average per date. 1992 was the first year that average per date was available for all Minor League teams, which is why earlier seasons are not included. The 3 markets with parks that opened in 2024 are on this list, but data from them won't be included until after 2025, when they will have hosted 2 seasons.

In some of these cases, the first season in a park was not a full season. The team began Year 1 playing in another ballpark. A listing of which parks opened after the start of a season is not available.

Due to cancellation of the 2020 Minor League season, and the 2021 reduced schedule and ballpark capacity restrictions, 2022 is listed as Year 2 for parks that opened in 2019. 2022 is listed as Year 1 for parks that opened in 2021, and 2023 is listed as Year 2 for these parks

The only ballpark change in 2023 was the New Jersey Jackals of the Frontier League moving from Yogi Berra Stadium on the campus of Montclair State University, to the rebuilt Hinchliffe Stadium in Paterson. Attendance figures for 10 dates from 2023 were missing, so the average per date from the other 40 dates was credited to the missing dates.

Unlike in the Major Leagues, a majority of new Minor League parks had higher total attendance in Year 2 than in Year 1, and the number of parks with higher average per date in Year 2 was only slightly less than the number with a lower average per date.

Years	# of New Parks	# with Total Att. Gain	# with Total Att. Loss	# with Average per Date Gain	# with Avg. per Date Loss	Same Avg. in Both Years
1992-1999	74	43	31	40	34	
2000-2009	76	39	37	33	42	1
2010-2019	33	15	18	14	19	
2022-2024	10	6	4	6	3	1
Total	193	103	90	93	98	2

YEAR 2 vs. YEAR 1 ATTENDANCE IN MLB-AFFILIATED AND INDEPENDENT LEAGUE MINOR LEAGUE PARKS

From 1992 through 1999, Year 2 averaged combined increases of 4.0% in total attendance, and 1.6% in average per date. From 2000 through 2009, Year 2 averaged combined declines of 0.4% in total attendance, and 0.5% in average per date. For 2010 through 2019, the Year 2 combined average decreases were 6.1% in total attendance and 4.7% in average per date. The 2019 comparison with 2022 was a factor in the higher rate of declines for the 2010-2019 period. Overall, since 1992, through 2024, Year 2 vs. Year 1 total attendance was up a combined 0.4%, and average per date fell a combined 0.2%.

In the Major Leagues, there was a greater decline in attendance in a ballpark's Year 2, than in the Minor Leagues. 48 Major League parks opened between 1960 and 2020. 15 of those parks had higher total attendance in the park's second season. But only 8 of those parks with gains were open for the full season in their Year 1. 33 of the Major League parks had a decline in total attendance in Year 2. From Year 1 to Year 2, there was a combined average decline in total attendance of 7.3%. In average per date, 13 teams had gains for Year 2 vs. Year 1, and 35 teams had declines.

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	-	Year 2	Year 1	# Change in	% Chg.	Year 2	Year 1	# Change	% Chg.
<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Team</u>	Total Attend.	Total Attend.	Total Attend.	in Total	Avg./Date	Avg./Date	in Avg./Dt.	in Avg./Dt.
1992	Veracruz	170,213	163,627 453,386	6,586	4.0	2,619	2,517	102	4.1
1992 1992	lowa Binghamton NV	446,860	453,366 259,183	(6,526) (33,716)	(1.4)		6,869 4,180	(298)	(4.3)
1992	Binghamton, NY Asheville	225,467 121,573	259,185 119,040	2,533	(<mark>13.0)</mark> 2.1	3,469 1,900	4,180	(711)	(17.0) (2.6)
1992	Minititlan	165,672	151,234	14,438	9.5	2,672	2,257	<mark>(51)</mark> 415	(2.0) 18.4
1992	wiiniuuan	105,072	131,234	14,450	9.5	2,072	2,231	415	10.4
1993	Norfolk	546,826	529,708	17,118	3.2	8,162	7,906	256	3.2
1993	Ottawa	596,858	663,926	(67,068)	(10.1)	8,908	9,764	(856)	(8.8)
1993	Ran. Cucamonga	386,633	331,005	55,628	16.8	5,771	4,868	903	18.5
1993	Wilmington, DE	335,024	332,132	2,892	0.9	5,235	5,110	125	2.4
1993	Fort Wayne	266,670	318,506	(51,836)	(16.3)		4,684	(644)	(13.7)
1993	Hickory	270,880	283,727	(12,847)	(4.5)	3,984	4,053	(69)	(1.7)
	5	-,)			- ,	,		
1993	Yakima	85,483	86,822	(1,339)	(1.5)	2,250	2,285	(35)	(1.5)
1993	Danville	70,862	80,539	(9,677)	(12.0)	2,147	2,441	(294)	(12.0)
1993	Sioux City, IA	140,224	112,971	27,253	24.1	3,506	3,138	368	11.7
1993	Chillicothe	32,808	20,453	12,355	60.4	965	787	178	22.6
1993	Mexico City	202,903	183,798	19,105	10.4	3,439	2,964	475	16.0
					I				
1994	Hudson Valley,NY	161,673	138,116	23,557	17.1	4,370	3,946	424	10.7
1994	Trenton	453,915	318,252	135,663	42.6	6,393	5,583	810	14.5
1994	Brevard Cty., FL	140,109	144,688	(4,579)	(3.2)		2,160	(100)	(4.6)
1994	Salt Lake	637,332	713,224	(75,892)	(10.6)	9,512	10,189	(677)	(6.6)
1994	Bowie	463,976	293,665	170,311	58.0	6,925	4,589	2,336	50.9
1994	Portland, ME	429,763	375,197	54,566	14.5	6,139	5,438	701	12.9
4004	0	007.000	444.050	(0.4.000)			0.4.40	(070)	
1994	San Antonio	387,090	411,959	(24,869)	(6.0)	5,777	6,149	(372)	(6.0)
1994	Lake Elsinore	383,297	357,123	26,174	7.3	5,476	5,330	146	2.7
1994	West Michigan	507,989	475,212	32,777	6.9	7,582	6,988	594	8.5
1994	Sussex Cty., NJ	176,788	156,447	20,341	13.0	4,652	4,470	182	4.1
1994	Columbus, GA	128,816	133,351	(4,535)	(3.4)	1,840	2,020	(180)	(8.9)
1995	Durham	365,445	390,486	(25,041)	(6.4)	5,537	6,007	(470)	(7.8)
1995	Norwich, CT	269,022	390,400 281,473	(23,041) (12,451)		4,139	4,201		(1.5)
1995	Erie	209,022 187,794	201,473 181,815	(12,451) 5,979	(4.4) 3.3	4,139	4,201 4,914	<mark>(62)</mark> 28	0.6
1995	Salem, VA	173,703	140,111	33,592	24.0		2,156	476	22.1
1995	Wisconsin	233,797	209,159	24,638	11.8	2,632 3,771	3,218	553	17.2
1995	Augusta, GA	157,487	171,166	(13,679)	(8.0)	2,386	2,593	(207)	(8.0)
1000	/ luguola, e/ l	107,107	17 1,100	(10,010)	(0.0)	2,000	2,000	(201)	(0.0)
1995	Kannapolis	102,983	115,649	(12,666)	(11.0)	1,537	1,752	(215)	(12.3)
1995	Auburn, NY	44,813	58,972	(14,159)	(24.0)		1,638	(427)	(26.1)
1995	Tri-City, WA	96,061	98,246	(2,185)	(2.2)		2,183	(48)	(2.2)
1995	Kingsport	33,100	35,891	(2,791)	(7.8)		1,196	(93)	(7.8)
1995	Edmonton	463,684	426,012	37,672	8.8	7,479	6,762	717	10.6
					ĺ				
1996	Indianapolis	618,095	537,325	80,770	15.0	9,225	8,020	1,205	15.0
1996	New Britain, CT	151,718	160,765	(9,047)	(5.6)	2,408	2,593	(185)	(7.1)
1996	Inland Empire, CA	273,739	148,363	125,376	84.5	3,911	2,119	1,792	84.6
1996	Tampa	149,191	124,619	24,572	19.7	2,331	2,043	288	14.1
1996	Lansing	523,443	538,325	(14,882)	(2.8)	7,813	7,802	11	0.1
1996	Delmarva	324,412	315,011	9,401	3.0	4,915	4,846	69	1.4
1996	Batavia	41,192	39,025	2,167	5.6	1,177	1,148	29	2.5
1996	Fargo-Moorhead	179,880	155,052	24,828	16.0	4,283	3,782	501	13.2
1996	Kalamazoo	55,421	62,331	(6,910)	(11.1)		1,731	(345)	(19.9)
1996	Lancaster, CA	298,465	316,390	(17,925)	(5.7)	4,264	4,520	(256)	(5.7)

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				" OL				" 0	
Veen 1	Таана	Year 2	Year 1	# Change in	% Chg.	Year 2	Year 1	# Change	% Chg.
<u>Year 1</u> 1997	<u>Team</u> Rochester	<u>Total Attend.</u> 515,436	<u>Total Attend.</u> 512,570	<u>Total Attend.</u> 2,866	in Total	<u>Avg./Date</u> 7,470	<u>Avg./Date</u> 7,766	in Avg./Dt.	in Avg./Dt.
1997		420,488	400,804	2,000 19,684	0.6 4.9	6,184	5,982	<mark>(296)</mark> 202	(3.8) 3.4
1997	Syracuse New Orleans	420,488 519,584	400,804 507,164	12,420	4.9 2.4	0,184 7,530	5,982 7,143	387	5.4 5.4
1997	Akron	521,122	473,232	47,890	10.1	7,330	7,143	382	5.4 5.4
1997	Mobile	271,002	332,639	(61,637)	(18.5)	3,928	4,821	(893)	(18.5)
1337	WODIC	271,002	002,000	(01,007)	(10.0)	5,520	7,021	(000)	(10.0)
1997	Charleston, SC	234,840	231,006	3,834	1.7	3,454	3,300	154	4.7
1997	Salem-Keizer	133,980	136,836	(2,856)	(2.1)	3,526	3,698	(172)	(4.7)
1997	Ogden	99,443	101,256	(1,813)	(1.8)		2,813	(51)	(1.8)
1997	Chico	132,052	116,525	15,527	13.3	2,934	2,589	345	13.3
1997	Abilene	53,095	65,489	(12,394)	(18.9)	1,295	1,488	(193)	(13.0)
					I				
1998	Oklahoma City	471,722	491,036	(19,314)	(3.9)		7,221	(180)	(2.5)
1998	Tucson	254,817	300,460	(45,643)	(15.2)		4,419	(672)	(15.2)
1998	Jackson, TN	302,203	313,775	(11,572)	(3.7)		4,483	(39)	(0.9)
1998	Jupiter	105,037	94,155	10,882	11.6	1,522	1,365	157	11.5
1998	Atlantic City	206,538	174,376	32,162	18.4	2,718	2,491	227	9.1
1998	N.J. Jackals	129,179	114,796	14,383	12.5	3,312	2,943	369	12.5
1998	Bridgeport	342,857	296,145	46,712	15.8	4,571	4,420	151	3.4
1999	Somerset, NJ	365,310	335,056	30,254	 9.0	5,294	5,235	59	1.1
1999	Myrtle Beach	234,019	232,619	1,400	0.6	3,600	3,525	75	2.1
1999	Winnipeg	271,513	248,488	23,025	9.3	6,465	6,061	404	6.7
1999	Newark, NJ	225,391	126,407	98,984	78.3	3,175	3,612	(437)	(12.1)
1999	River City, MO	157,922	151,661	6,261	4.1	3,948	3,792	156	4.1
1000		101,022	101,001	0,201		0,010	0,102	100	
1999	Schaumburg	215,838	236,476	(20,638)	(8.7)	5,264	5,499	(235)	(4.3)
1999	Windy City, IL	70,205	86,248	(16,043)	(18.6)	1,800	2,211	(411)	(18.6)
1999	Altoona	333,968	323,932	10,036	3.1	5,060	4,695	365	7.8
1999	Mahoning Valley	206,287	203,073	3,214	1.6	5,429	5,641	(212)	(3.8)
		40 470 007	40 740 704	750.000		4 5 4 5	4 4 4 0	70	4.0
	1990's TOTALS	19,472,997	18,719,701	753,296	4.0	4,515	4,443	72	1.6
2000	Louisville	649,232	685,863	(36,631)	(5.3)	9,275	9,526	(251)	(2.6)
2000	Memphis	887,976	859,851	28,125	3.3	12,507	12,111	396	3.3
2000	Round Rock	668,792	660,110	8,682	1.3	9,554	9,430	124	1.3
2000	Sacramento	901,214	861,808	39,406	4.6	12,517	12,312	205	1.7
2000	Chattanooga	288,047	290,165	(2,118)	(0.7)	4,236	4,267	(31)	(0.7)
					I				
2000	Tennessee	266,037	256,141	9,896	3.9	3,856	3,823	33	0.9
2000	Dayton	578,578	581,853	(3,275)	(0.6)		8,433	(48)	(0.6)
2000	Lowell	185,000	180,000	5,000	2.8	5,000	5,000	0	0.0
2000	Long Island	443,142	436,361	6,781	1.6	6,155	6,146	9	0.1
2000	San Angelo	117,322	150,770	(33,448)	(22.2)	2,346	2,741	(395)	(14.4)
2001	Lakewood	466,474	482,206	(15,732)	(3.3)	6,860	6,889	(29)	(0.4)
2001	Lexington, KY	428,840	451,076	(22,236)	(4.9)	6,215	6,444	(229)	(3.6)
2001	Brooklyn	317,124	289,381	27,743	9.6	8,345	7,821	(223) 524	6.7
2001	Staten Island	181,936	188,127	(6,191)	(3.3)	4,917	4,951	(34)	(0.7)
				(0,.0.)	(0.0)	.,	.,	()	()
2001	Camden	313,792	280,329	33,463	11.9	4,548	4,063	485	11.9
2001	Lincoln	247,471	240,022	7,449	3.1	4,852	5,334	(482)	(9.0)
2001	Edinburg	140,713	135,360	5,353	4.0	2,932	2,880	52	1.8
2001	Campeche	55,277	103,961	(48,684)	(46.8)	1,005	1,733	(728)	(42.0)

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	_	Year 2	Year 1	# Change in	% Chg.	Year 2	Year 1	# Change	% Chg.
<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Team</u>	Total Attend.	Total Attend.	Total Attend.	in Total	Avg./Date	Avg./Date	in Avg./Dt.	in Avg./Dt.
2002	Fort Worth	161,655	160,737	918	0.6	3,674	3,420	254	7.4
2002	Gateway, IL	168,067	92,819	75,248	81.1	4,002	2,264	1,738	76.8
2002	Joliet	198,091	202,755	(4,664)	(2.3)	4,502	4,055	447	11.0
2002	Washington, PA	156,276	132,901	23,375	17.6	3,552	3,241	311	9.6
2002	Toledo	517,331	547,204	(29,873)	(5.5)	7,608	7,707	(99)	(1.3)
2002	Fresno	522,174	563,079	(40,905)	(7.3)	7,355	8,044	(689)	(8.6)
2002	Brockton	149,738	131,654	18,084	13.7	3,565	3,135	430	13.7
2002	Midland	270,627	276,380	(5,753)	(2.1)	3,922	4,006	(84)	(2.1)
2002	Cedar Rapids	174,451	196,066	(21,615)	(11.0)	2,528	2,883	(355)	(12.3)
2002	Peoria	246,370	254,407	(8,037)	(3.2)	3,623	3,687	(64)	(1.7)
2002	Aberdeen	234,143	231,935	2,208	1.0	6,162	6,104	58	1.0
2002	Tri-City, NY	103,984	108,409	(4,425)	(4.1)	2,971	3,011	(40)	(1.3)
2002	Casper	51,427	50,573	854	1.7	1,390	1,331	59	4.4
2003	Albuquerque	575,607	576,867	(1,260)	(0.2)	8,223	8,125	98	1.2
2003	Jacksonville, FL	420,495	359,979	60,516	16.8	6,276	5,454	822	15.1
2003	Frisco	553,312	666,977	(113,665)	(17.0)	8,019	9,264	(1,245)	(13.4)
2003	Lake County, OH	406,096	437,515	(31,419)	(7.2)	6,153	6,341	(188)	(3.0)
2003	Rome, GA	246,674	246,718	(44)	(0.0)	3,737	3,979	(242)	(6.1)
2003	Gary-Southshore	147,801	140,310	7,491	5.3	3,213	3,189	24	0.8
2003	Kansas City, KS	238,745	204,198	34,547	16.9	5,080	4,749	331	7.0
2003	Coastal Bend, TX	103,049	103,134	(85)	(0.1)	2,240	2,194	46	2.1
2004	Montgomery	303,054	322,946	(19,892)	(6.2)	4,523	4,820	(297)	(6.2)
2004	Clearwater	130,446	135,082	(4,636)	(3.4)	1,976	2,078	(102)	(4.9)
2004	Lynchburg	150,139	148,067	2,072	1.4	2,275	2,314	(39)	(1.7)
2004	Quad Cities	165,124	173,364	(8,240)	(4.8)	2,465	2,938	(473)	(16.1)
2004	Greeneville, TN	49,963	51,183	(1,220)	(2.4)	1,561	1,599	(38)	(2.4)
2004	Missoula	67,922	64,942	2,980	4.6	1,787	1,855	(68)	(3.7)
2004	Florence, KY	94,191	68,250	25,941	38.0	1,847	1,587	260	16.4
2004	Tiorence, KT	94,191	00,200	23,341	50.0 	1,047	1,507	200	10.4
2005	New Hampshire	300,049	279,556	20,493	7.3	4,616	7,523	(2,907)	(38.6)
2005	Mississippi	248,955	242,423	6,532	2.7	3,716	4,236	(520)	(12.3)
2005	Corpus Christi	506,398	505,189	1,209	0.2	7,234	3,848	3,386	88.0
2005	Stockton	213,724	205,819	7,905	3.8	3,097	7,217	(4,120)	(57.1)
2005	Greensboro	427,890	406,996	20,894	5.1	6,386	3,072	3,314	107.9
2005	Springfield, MO	492,372	526,630	(34,258)	(6.5)	7,349	7,523	(174)	(2.3)
2005	Charleston, WV	239,721	234,160	5,561	2.4	3,746	3,602	144	4.0
2005	Orem	102,631	76,784	25,847	33.7	2,701	2,075	626	30.2
2005	Worcester	116,712	124,745	(8,033)	(6.4)	2,779	2,599	180	6.9
2005	Lancaster, PA	370,176	378,310	(8,134)	(2.2)	5,365	5,404	(39)	(0.7)
2005	Rockford	115,776	103,248	12,528	12.1	2,463	2,065	398	19.3
2006	Greenville, SC	339,356	330,078	9,278	 2.8	4,991	4,784	207	4.3
2006	State College	151,394	138,619	12,775	9.2	4,205	3,851	354	9.2
2006	Traverse City	206,102	203,574	2,528	1.2	4,041	4,241	(200)	(4.7)
2007	Arkansas	377,997	372,475	5,522	 1.5	5,559	5,644	(85)	(1.5)
2007	Great Lakes, MI	299,416	324,564	(25,148)	(7.7)	4,403	4,773	(370)	(7.8)
2007	Idaho Falls	95,470	104,960	(9,490)	(9.0)	2,512	2,762	(250)	(9.1)
2007	York	300,246	218,526	81,720	37.4	4,351	3,704	(230) 647	(9.1) 17.5
2007	So. Illinois	218,191	259,392	(41,201)	(15.9)	4,278	5,086	(808)	(15.9)
2007	Quintana Roo	188,464	214,556	(26,092)	(12.2)		3,901	(55)	(1.4)
2001		100,707	217,000	(20,002)	(12.2)	0,040	0,001	(00)	()

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<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Team</u> Lehigh Valley, PA		Total Attend.	Total Attend.	<u>in Total</u>	Avg./Date	Avg./Date	in Avg./Dt.	% Chg. <u>in Avg./Dt.</u>
2008	LEIIIUII VAIIEV. FA	<u>Total Attend.</u> 641,335	602,033	39,302	6.5	9,162	8,479	683	8.1
2008	N.W. Arkansas	318,056	358,792	(40,736)	(11.4)	4,819	5,200	(381)	(7.3)
2008	Billings	105,173	113,166	(7,993)	(7.1)	2,843	3,059	(216)	(7.1)
2008	South. Maryland	239,541	226,086	13,455	6.0	3,629	3,277	352	10.7
2008	Grand Prairie, TX	141,132	143,627	(2,495)	(1.7)	3,003	3,056	(53)	(1.7)
2009	Columbus, OH	635,141	666,797	(31,656)	(4.7)	8,946	9,526	(580)	(6.1)
2009	Gwinnett Cty, GA	337,240	423,556	(86,316)	(20.4)	4,818	5,966	(1,148)	(19.2)
2009	Reno	447,701	466,606	(18,905)	(4.1)	6,218	6,481	(263)	(4.1)
2009	Fort Wayne	404,942	378,529	26,413	7.0	5,785	5,408	377	7.0
2009	Bowling Green,KY	235,412	232,987	2,425	1.0 	3,514	3,530	(16)	(0.5)
	2000's TOTALS	22,560,632	22,644,618	(83,986)	(0.4)	5,108	5,134	(26)	(0.5)
2010	Harrisburg	291,248	294,325	(3,077)	(1.0)	4,221	4,205	16	0.4
2010	Tulsa	366,291	408,183	(41,892)	(10.3)	5,387	6,185	(798)	(12.9)
2010	Winston Salem	312,416	312,313	103	0.0	4,663	4,593	70	1.5
2010	Eugene	114,690	107,561	7,129	6.6	3,018	2,831	187	6.6
2010	Lake County, IL	26,480	128,856	(102,376)	(79.4)	1,471	2,742	(1,271)	(46.4)
2010	Normal	114,917	132,309	(17,392)	(13.1)	2,445	2,646	(201)	(7.6)
2011	Omaha	415,650	410,326	5,324	1.3	5,938	5,947	(9)	(0.2)
2011	Rockland Cty., NY	161,375	123,518	37,857	30.6	3,293	2,807	486	17.3
2012	Pensacola	307,094	328,147	(21,053)	(6.4)	4,653	4,826	(173)	(3.6)
2012	Laredo	151,055	187,845	(36,790)	(19.6)	3,083	3,834	(751)	(19.6)
2012	Sugar Land	382,059	465,511	(83,452)	(17.9)	5,537	6,650	(1,113)	(16.7)
2013	Scranton-Wlks-B.	401,618	435,839	(34,221)	(7.9)	5,906	6,409	(503)	(7.8)
2013	Birmingham	437,612	396,820	40,792	10.3	6,252	5,669	583	10.3
2013	Hillsboro	138,732	135,167	3,565	2.6	3,651	3,557	94	2.6
2014	Charlotte	669,398	687,715	(18,317)	(2.7)	9,428	9,686	(258)	(2.7)
2014	El Paso	578,952	560,997	17,955	3.2	8,154	7,901	253	3.2
2015	Nashville	504,061	565,548	(61,487)	(10.9)	7,099	7,965	(866)	(10.9)
2015	Biloxi	180,384	164,076	16,308	9.9	2,692	2,604	88	3.4
2015	Morgantown, WV	78,774	83,796	(5,022)	(6.0)	2,188	2,265	(77)	(3.4)
2015	Joplin	31,001	65,975	(34,974)	(53.0)	646	1,499	(853)	(56.9)
2015	St. Paul	413,482	404,528	8,954	2.2	8,438	8,091	347	4.3
2016	United Shore	247,900	233,600	14,300	6.1	3,350	3,200	150	4.7
2016	Columbia, SC	315,034	261,134	53,900	20.6	4,773	3,785	988	26.1
2017	Hartford	408,942	395,196	13,746	3.5	6,014	5,812	202	3.5
2017	Cleburne	64,226	103,264	(39,038)	(37.8)	1,285	1,780	(495)	(27.8)
2018	Augusta, GA	266,569	255,155	11,414	 4.5	3,920	4,050	(130)	(3.2)
2018	Chicago	166,672	138,855	27,817	20.0	3,623	2,954	669	22.6
2019	Las Vegas	518,227	650,934	(132,707)	(20.4)	6,910	9,299	(2,389)	(25.7)
2019	Amarillo	379,029	427,791	(48,762)	(11.4)	5,493	6,291	(798)	(12.7)
2019	Fayetteville, NC	214,470	246,961	(32,491)	(13.2)	3,459	3,632	(173)	(4.8)
2019	Mexico City	244,845	389,641	(144,796)	(37.2)	6,443	7,216	(773)	(10.7)
2019	Milwaukee	86,028	59,459	26,569	44.7	1,721	1,239	482	38.9
2019	High Point	124,010	144,486	(20,476)	(14.2)	1,879	2,157	(278)	(12.9)
	2010's TOTAL	9,113,241	9,705,831	(592,590)	(6.1)	4,719	4,954	(235)	(4.7)

Page 94 CHANGE IN ATTENDANCE IN A NEW BALLPARK'S SECOND SEASON - MINOR LEAGUES

		Year 2	Year 1	# Change in	% Chg.	Year 2	Year 1	# Change	% Chg.
Year 1	<u>Team</u>	Total Attend.	Total Attend.	Total Attend.	in Total	Avg./Date	Avg./Date	in Avg./Dt.	in Avg./Dt.
2021	Worcester	519,651	532,152	(12,501)	(2.3)	7,424	7,290	134	1.8
2021	Rocket City, AL	314,306	327,007	(12,701)	(3.9)	4,911	5,031	(120)	(2.4)
2021	Wichita, KS	322,637	220,528	102,109	46.3	4,676	3,341	1,335	40.0
2021	Beloit	104,411	102,794	1,617	1.6	1,606	1,632	(26)	(1.6)
2021	Fredericksburg	267,400	260,546	6,854	2.6	4,178	4,136	42	1.0
2021	Kannapolis	195,500	192,161	3,339	1.7	3,055	2,912	143	4.9
2021	Gastonia	91,090	106,903	(15,813)	(14.8)	1,423	1,724	(301)	(17.5)
					1				
2022	Lake Country, WI	91,839	93,711	(1,872)	(2.0)	1,874	1,874	0	0.0
2022	Glacier	100,661	83,217	17,444	21.0	2,097	1,734	363	20.9
					1				
2023	New Jersey Jack.	85,518	45,467	40,051	88.1	1,900	909	991	109.0
2024	Queretaro								
2024	Oakland								
2024	Hagerstown								
					1				
	2020's TOTAL	2,093,013	1,964,486	128,527	6.5	3,477	3,242	235	7.2
Year 2 co	olumn for 2019 shows	2022 attendance	. Year 1 colun	nn for 2021 shov	vs 2022 atter	dance, and ۱	ear 2 shows	s 2023 attend	ance.
					1				
	1000 0001				1				

1992 2024								
TOTALS	53,239,883	53,034,636	205,247	0.4	4,727	4,736	(9)	(0.2)

INDIVIDUAL TEAM ATTENDANCE GROWTH - 2024 vs. 2014, 2004, 1994, 1984, and 1974

This section compares 2024 individual team attendance with 2014, 2004, 1994 (1993 for the Major Leagues because of the strike-shortened 1994 season), 1984, and 1974 attendance for teams in the same markets. Total attendance comparisons are made for 2024 vs. all these years, and average per date comparisons are noted for 2024 vs. 2014, 2004, and 1994 (1993 for the Major Leagues). Minor League average per date is not available for seasons prior to 1992. All data includes 2024 markets that had teams that may have played in different leagues, or in different MLB-affiliated classifications, in earlier seasons. Some markets went from being MLB-affiliated in the earlier seasons, to hosting independent league teams in 2024, and vice versa. Other markets went from having a short-season team at some point, to having a full-season team. There were no independent teams in 1984 or 1974. Also noted for each year are teams that played in professional Minor Leagues in 2019, but have since moved into Summer Collegiate leagues.

The reorganization of the Minor Leagues in 2021 has an impact on comparing attendance for groups of teams, and due to changes in the length of schedules, also affects individual team comparisons. The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues are now MLB-Partner independent leagues. Among other MLB-affiliated 2019 short-season leagues, the Northwest League is now a full-season High-A league, and the Appalachian League is now a Summer Collegiate league.

The 3 tables on this page provide an overview of Major League and Minor League attendance changes over the past 50 years. Until 1993, the National League did not include 'no-shows' in its attendance figures (The American League did include them.), so this makes the 2024 vs. 1984 and 1974 increases seem a bit larger than they actually are.

The last table compares combined U.S./Canadian Triple-A, Double-A, and Full-season Class A attendance. Figures for the short-season teams that operated through 2019, and for the Mexican League are excluded. In light of all the recent changes in the structure of the Minor Leagues, this is probably the most realistic comparison that can be made.

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

	# of	Total	# Change	%	Avg. per	# Chg.	%	Avg. per	# Chg.	%
Year	Teams	Attendance	vs. 2024	Chg.	Team	vs. 2024	Chg.	Date	vs. 2024	Chg.
2024	30	71,348,413			2,378,280			29,568		
2014	30	73,739,622	(2,391,209)	(3.2)	2,457,987	(79,707)	(3.2)	30,458	(890)	(2.9)
2004	30	73,022,969	(1,674,556)	(2.3)	2,434,099	(55,819)	(2.3)	30,401	(833)	(2.7)
1993	28	70,256,459	1,091,954	1.6	2,509,159	(130,879)	(5.2)	31,337	(1,769)	(5.6)
1984	26	44,742,863	26,605,550	59.5	1,720,879	657,401	38.2	22,052	7,516	34.1
1974	24	30,025,608	41,322,805	137.6	1,251,067	1,127,213	90.1	16,625	12,943	77.9

MLB-AFFILIATED AND INDEPENDENT MINOR LEAGUES COMBINED - ALL TEAMS REPORTING ATTENDANCE

Year	# of Teams	Total Attendance	# Change vs. 2024	% Chg.	Avg. per Team	# Chg. vs. 2024	% Chg.	Avg. per Date	# Chg. vs. 2024	% Chg.
2024	205	41,901,551			204,398			3,581		
2014	226	48,577,155	(6,675,604)	(13.7)	214,943	(10,545)	(4.9)	3,811	(230)	(6.0)
2004	221	46,446,200	(4,544,649)	(9.8)	210,164	(5,766)	(2.7)	3,791	(210)	(5.5)
1994	202	35,279,284	6,622,267	18.8	174,650	29,748	17.0	3,645*	(64)	(1.8)
1984	154	17,580,299	24,321,252	138.3	114,158	90,240	79.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
1974	136	10,562,452	31,339,099	296.7	77,665	126,733	163.2	N/A	N/A	N/A

• 1994 Average per date excludes independent teams.

FULL SEASON MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUE TEAMS

	# of	Total	# Change	%	Avg. per	# Chg.	%	Avg. per	# Chg.	%
Year	Teams	Attendance	vs. 2024	Chg.	Team	vs. 2024	Chg.	Date	vs. 2024	Chg.
2024	120	31,346,469			261,221			3,985		
2014	120	34,928,570	(3,582,101)	(10.3)	291,071	(29,850)	(10.3)	4,323	(338)	(7.8)
2004	120	33,131,201	(1,784,732)	(5.4)	276,093	(14,872)	(5.4)	4,149	(164)	(4.0)
1994	116	27,646,782	3,699,687	13.4	238,334	22,887	9.6	3,645	340	9.3
1984	102	13,614,779	17,731,690	130.2	133,478	127,743	95.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
1974	86	6,683,283	24,663,186	369.0	77,713	183,508	274.5	N/A	N/A	N/A

INDIVIDUAL TEAM ATTENDANCE GROWTH - 2024 vs. 2014, 2004, 1994, 1984, and 1974

<u>2024 vs. 2014</u>

In **2024**, there were 174 Minor League teams (115 MLB-affiliated and 59 independent) that played in the same general geographic area as they, or some other Minor League team played in, during the **2014** season. It includes teams that stayed in the same market, but moved to a new ballpark since 2014. The 4 Mavericks League teams in Keizer, OR in 2024, count as one team each in these notes. There was a Salem-Keizer team in the Northwest League in 2014.

33 of those 115 MLB-affiliated teams had higher total attendance in **2024 than in 2014**, and 28 of them had increases in average per date. Amarillo, St. Paul, Somerset, Sugar Land, and Wichita played in independent leagues in **2014**. 9 markets with full-season MLB-affiliated teams in 2024 (Aberdeen, Brooklyn, Hudson Valley, and all 6 Northwest League teams), played in MLB-affiliated short-season leagues in 2014.

26 of the 59 independent league markets with a team in both 2024 and 2014 had higher total attendance in 2024 than in 2014, and 27 were up in average per date. Hagerstown, Charleston, WV, Tri-City, NY, Lexington KY, Staten Island, Kane County IL, Bakersfield, Keizer (Mavericks League), 8 Pioneer League teams, and 15 Mexican League teams, were MLB-affiliated teams in 2014.

The 115 MLB-affiliated teams that played in the same market in **2024** as any Minor League team did in **2014** drew 30,229,668 in 2024, down 3,328,812 (9.9%) from 2014. Their combined average per date was 4,003 in 2024, down 516 (11.4%) from 2014. The 59 independent teams that played in the same market as any 2014 Minor League team drew 8,589,960 in 2024, down 1,180,355 (12.1%) from 2014. Combined average per date for those independent teams was 3,091, down 289 (8.6%) from 2014. The combined MLB-affiliated and independent total for these 174 teams was 38,819,628 in 2024, down 4,509,167 (10.4%) from 2014. Average per date was 3,758, down 442 (10.5%) from 2014. The 115 MLB-affiliated teams played a combined 126 more dates in 2024 than in 2014. The independent teams had a combined 112 fewer dates than in 2013. Overall, these 174 teams played a combined 14 more dates in 2024 vs. 2014.

11 MLB-affiliated teams moved to a new park in the same market after 2014. 10 of these teams had a 2024 vs. 2014 gain in both total attendance and average per date. Fredericksburg, compared to 2014 Potomac, was the only team in this group with a decline. All 3 independent teams that played in both years, and who opened a new park after 2014, also were up in both categories.

2024 vs. 2014 Total Attendance Gains and Declines

5 markets which had MLB-affiliated teams in both **2024 and 2014**, and 8 MLB-affiliated markets overall, saw total attendance rise by at least 100,000 in this 10-year period. All except Syracuse play in a park that opened after 2014. The increases by 2024 Triple-A teams were led by St. Paul, who drew 208,906 above what an independent team there, playing a shorter schedule, drew in 2014. They had 24 more dates in 2024 than in 2014. Nashville had a 176,280 increase, Las Vegas was up 152,373, and Syracuse gained 103,731.

Double-A Amarillo, also in a new park, outdrew its 2014 independent team by 258,199 (23 more dates than in 2014) for the best increase among MLB-affiliated teams. Rocket City (Madison, AL) was up 224,488 vs. the 2014 team in nearby Huntsville, for the best Double-A gain for teams playing a similar length schedule in both years. Wichita was up 154,180, with 20 more dates, than their 2014 independent team. Hartford had a 108,486 increase vs. 2014 New Britain. Vancouver had the best growth in Class-A, up 94,705, with 22 more dates, from what they drew as a short-season team in 2014. Augusta, GA, with an 84,860 increase, had the biggest gain among Class-A teams that played roughly the same length schedule in 2024 and 2014. Among independent markets, Mexico City, up 288,698, posted the biggest gain, despite 12 fewer dates in 2024. Hagerstown achieved the best increase (113,396) by a U.S. or Canadian independent team. The parks in Mexico City and Hagerstown opened after 2014.

15 MLB-affiliated teams, and 5 independent teams, had 2024 vs. 2014 total attendance declines of 100,000+. Charlotte, down 248,648, had the biggest loss in this group of teams. Louisville and Round Rock were the other Triple-A team with a 200,000+ loss. Birmingham's 203,124 dip was the worst among Double-A teams. Fresno, which moved from Triple-A in 2014 to Single-A in 2021, had the other 200,000+ dip, and the largest Class-A decrease (211,416), with 5 fewer dates in 2024. Among teams in Class-A in both 2024 and 2014, Lake Elsinore had the worst loss, down 117,149.

Monterrey, Mexico, with 16 fewer dates in 2024 than in 2014, had the biggest decline among independent teams, down 333,548. Rocky Mountain (Colorado Springs), now in the Pioneer League, drew 228,955 less than their Triple-A team did in 2014, with 21 fewer dates in 2024. Kansas City fell 172,710, with 5 fewer dates than in 2014 Lexington KY was down 169,621, with 7 fewer dates than their 2014 MLB-affiliated team.

INDIVIDUAL TEAM ATTENDANCE GROWTH - 2024 vs. 2014, 2004, 1994, 1984, and 1974

2024 vs. 2014 Average per Date Gains and Declines

11 MLB-affiliated teams had 1,000+ gains in **average per date for 2024 vs. 2014**. Triple-A 1,000+ gains were by Nashville (2,137), Las Vegas (1,871), Syracuse (1,198), and St. Paul (1,158). Amarillo, up 3,249, vs. their 2014 independent team, had the best Double-A gain. Rocket City averaged 3,103 better than 2014 Huntsville. Hartford (up 1,686), and Wichita, (up 1,361) had the other Double-A 1,000+ increases. Augusta GA (up 1,445), South Bend (up 1,019), and Kannapolis (up 1,087) had the 1,000+ Class-A gains.

8 independent league teams (6 in the Mexican League) had average per date gains of at least 1,000. Mexico City, up an incredible 7,815 per date, had the largest increase of any Minor League team, followed by Union Laguna's 2,231 increase. Quintana Roo (Cancun) was up 1,958. Tijuana rose 1,618, Tabasco gained 1,302, and Dos Laredos rose 1,028. Hagerstown (1,845), and Schaumburg (1,509), had 1,000+ gains among U.S./Canadian independent teams.

On the down side, 42 MLB-affiliated teams, and 12 independent teams, suffered declines of at least 1,000 per date for 2024 vs. 2014. Charlotte (3,413), Round Rock (3,306), Sacramento (3,025), Memphis (2,953), and Louisville (2,894) suffered the worst Triple-A losses. Birmingham (2,644) and Corpus Christi (1,515) had the biggest declines among Double-A teams. Brooklyn (3,508), Fresno (2,774), and Aberdeen (2,220) had the biggest decreases in Class A. Brooklyn and Aberdeen played in a short-season league in 2014, and had few, if any, games on school nights back then, and certainly didn't have any cold weather games. Fresno was a Triple-A team in 2014.

Monterrey, Mexico, down 3,425, had the biggest average per date decline among independent teams. Other independent teams whose average per date fell at least 2,000 were Kansas City (3,413), Rocky Mountain (2,548 vs. a Triple-A team in 2014), and Lexington, KY (2,335).

176 MLB-affiliated teams charged admission in **2014**. This included 16 teams in the Mexican League, and 40 short-season teams. These 176 teams drew 42,411,194, averaging 240,973 per team, and 4,099 per date. The U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams averaged 4,044 per date. The 50 independent teams that reported attendance drew 6,165,961, averaging 2,570 per date. Combined **2014** MLB-affiliated and independent total attendance was 48,577,155, and average per date was 3,891. **2014** Mexican and Pioneer League data is included in the MLB-affiliated figures.

2005 was the first time that MLB-affiliated attendance reached 40 million. MLB-affiliated total attendance did surpass 40 million every year after that, **through 2019**. With 56 fewer teams since 2021, reaching 40 million would be extremely difficult now. But except for 2021, with its reduced schedules and ballpark capacity restrictions, attendance for the full-season U.S./Canadian teams has been better than 30 million in every year going back to 2000.

8 independent leagues operated in **2014.** Their average per date figures were: Atlantic League (4,151), American Association (3,332). Can-Am League, which merged into the Frontier League in 2021, (2,328), Frontier League (2,356), United League (734), Pecos League (169), Pacific Association (340). Independent Baseball League attendance was not reported.

The following teams who played in 2024, set record-high total attendance and average per date figures in **2014** that have not been broken through 2024: Charlotte, Lakeland (current team). Tri-City NY set its total attendance high in 2014. Tulsa and Wisconsin set average per date highs in 2014, as did the Carolina League. The full-season Class-A leagues set their combined total attendance (11,990,753) and average per date (3,010) record-highs in 2014.

2024 v. 2014 Data for 2019 Pro Minor League Teams who Played in Collegiate Summer Leagues in 2024

24 teams playing in **Summer Collegiate leagues in 2024** were in professional Minor Leagues in **2019 and 2014**. 7 of these teams had **2024 vs. 2014** increases in total attendance, even though 22 of these teams played fewer dates in 2024 than in 2014. 14 of these teams, including all 9 in the Appalachian League, had gains in average per date. All this excludes Auburn NY, which did not list their 2024 attendance.

Johnson City of the Appalachian League, had the best increases, up 37,658 in total attendance, and up 2,285 in average per date. Kingsport had gains of 13,167 in total attendance, and 945 in average per date. Clinton's average per date rose 979, Greeneville TN increased their average by 1,061, and Batavia had gains of 13,437 in total attendance, and 1,387 in average per date. New Britain was down 2,968 per date compared to what their Eastern League team averaged in 2014, and Frederick's average declined 2,305 from what its full-season Class-A team drew in 2014. The 23 teams that reported attendance in both 2024 and 2014 played a combined 373 fewer dates in 2024 than in 2014, drawing 1,392,032 in 2024, down 939,384 (40.3%) from 2014. Average per date was 2,192, down 121 (5.2%) vs. 2014.

156 markets (106 MLB-affiliated, 50 independent) with teams in 2024, also had teams in 2004.

These 6 markets with **2024 MLB-affiliated teams**, had independent league teams in **2004**: Somerset; Mississippi; Springfield MO; Amarillo; St. Paul; Pensacola. 32 markets with MLB-affiliated teams in 2004, played in independent leagues in 2024, including 14 Mexican League teams, 7 Pioneer League teams, Charleston WV, Ottawa; Lexington KY, Staten Island, Kane County, Sussex NJ, Bakersfield, Tucson, Tri-City NY, Hagerstown and Keizer OR.

Aberdeen, Brooklyn, Hudson Valley, and all 6 Northwest League teams, played in short-season MLB-affiliated leagues in 2004. All the 2024 MLB-affiliated teams that played in independent leagues in 2004, except Somerset, had somewhat longer schedules in 2024 than they had in 2004.

5 independent leagues, with 46 teams, played in 2004. 45 of those teams reported attendance. Only the Atlantic and Frontier Leagues still have the same name as in 2004. 2004 independent league cities still active as independent teams in 2024 were Brockton, Evansville, Schaumburg, Windy City, New Jersey Jackals, Quebec, Gary, Trois Rivieres, Sioux Falls, Kansas City KS, Washington PA, Sioux City, Fargo, Winnipeg, Long Island, Lincoln, Gateway, and Joliet. The Can-Am League, which merged with the Frontier League in 2020, was the Northeast League in 2004.

48 MLB-affiliated teams, and 21 independent teams, had **2024 vs. 2004** total attendance increases. 43 MLB-affiliated teams, and 16 independent teams, had a higher average per date in **2024 than in 2004**.

The 107 MLB-affiliated teams that played in the same market (Jupiter and Palm Beach are the same market.) in **2024** as any Minor League team did in **2004**, drew 27,886,958 in 2024, down 1,782,074 (6.0%) from 2004. Their combined average per date was 3,988 in 2024, down 420 (9.5%) from 2004. The 50 independent teams of 2024 that played in the same market as any 2004 Minor League team, drew 7,598,006 in 2024, down 1,695,557 (18.2%) from 2004. Combined average per date for those independent teams was 3,218, down 702 (17.9%) from 2004.

The combined MLB-affiliated and independent total for these 157 teams was 35,484,964 in 2024, down 3,477,631 (8.9%) from 2004. Average per date was 3,794 in 2024, down 487 (11.4%) from 2004. The 107 MLB-affiliated teams played a combined 262 more dates in 2024 than in 2004. The independent teams had a combined 10 fewer dates in 2024 than in 2004. Overall, these 157 teams played a combined 252 more dates in 2024 vs. 2004.

30 MLB-affiliated markets opened a new park after 2004. 26 of those teams had higher total attendance in 2024 than in 2004, and 25 were up in average per date. In the 77 MLB-affiliated markets without a new park since 2004, only 22 teams had a total attendance increase vs. 2004, and 18 posted average per date gains. 7 independent markets opened new ballparks after 2004. 6 teams in those markets had 2024 vs. 2004 total attendance gains, and 5 were up in average per date. In the 43 independent markets without a new park opening after 2004, 15 teams had total attendance gains, and 11 teams were up in average per date.

2024 vs. 2004 Total Attendance Gains and Declines

13 MLB-affiliated teams drew at least 100,000 more in total attendance in 2024 than in 2004. 11 of these teams played in a park that opened after 2004. Parks in Springfield MO, and Vancouver opened earlier. 3 teams from the Mexican League, led by a 370,255 gain by Mexico City, and Quintana Roo's 146,398 increase, were the only independent teams up 100,000+. Hagerstown, up 46,571, had the best gain among U.S./Canadian independent teams.

Double-A Amarillo, up 281,406 with 24 more dates compared to a 2004 independent team, had the biggest increase of any MLB-affiliated team. El Paso's 261,981 gain was the best among Triple-A teams with a fairly similar length schedule in 2024 and 2004. Las Vegas gained 175,174. Other Double-A big gains were by Pensacola, up 241,237, and Springfield MO, up 197,190. Both markets had shorter-schedule independent teams in 2004. Arkansas, up 148,624, had the best Double-A increase among teams with a similar length schedule. Winston-Salem's 121,751 increase was the best among Class-A teams with a similar schedule in both years. Vancouver rose 134,855 with 21 more dates, and Columbia SC gained 117,001. Other teams up 150,000+ were Charlotte, and St. Paul, with 25 more dates than its independent team had in 2004.

20 MLB-affiliated teams, and 12 independent league teams, had 2024 vs. 2004 total attendance declines of at least 100,000. Hillsboro (compared to a 2004 Triple-A team in nearby Portland), was the only market in this group whose ballpark opened after 2004. Montgomery AL opened its park in 2004.

2024 vs. 2004 Total Attendance Gains and Declines - continued

Memphis, down 530,573, had the largest 2024 vs. 2004 decline in all of Minor League Baseball. Sacramento (341,456), Round Rock (323,261), and Louisville (286,267), were the other Triple-A teams to fall at least 200,000. Akron, down 213,603, and Frisco, down 182,163, had the largest declines among Double-A teams. Top decreases in Class-A were by Lake County OH, (196,338), Rome (168,305), Hillsboro, down 159,107 vs. Triple-A Portland in 2004, Wilmington DE (157,757), and Jersey Shore (156,385).

The largest declines among independent teams were by Lexington KY, down 288,654 with 8 fewer dates in 2024, Saltillo, down 253,492, Kane County, down 247,348, with 19 fewer dates than their 2004 MLB-affiliated team, Kansas City, down 162,466, and New England (Brockton, MA), down 151,799. Tucson also had a big decline, but they had only 17 dates in 2024 and played in a tiny park, compared to 71 dates with a Triple-A team in 2004.

2024 vs. 2004 Average per Date Gains and Declines

17 MLB-affiliated teams had **2024 vs. 2004** growth of at least 1,000 in average per date. 15 of these teams play in a park that opened after 2004. The exceptions were South Bend and Springfield MO. All 5 independent teams whose average per date rose at least 1,000, play in the Mexican League, with 2 of those teams in parks opening after 2004.

Amarillo, up 3,756 vs. a 2004 independent team, had the best 2024 vs. 2004 average per date increase of any MLB-affiliated team. In Triple-A, El Paso was up 3,128, and both Charlotte and Las Vegas were up 2,192. Other big Double-A gains were by Springfield, MO (2,400) and Pensacola (3,166) both vs. 2004 independent teams. Rocket City (1,828) vs. 2004 Huntsville, Arkansas (2,030), Wichita (1,888), and Hartford (1,418) vs. 2004 New Britain.

Columbia SC achieved the best average per date growth in Class-A, up 1,930. South Bend rose 1,550, Augusta was up 1,540, Fort Wayne rose 1,497, and Kannapolis gained 1,418. Among independent teams, Mexico City's gain of 8,611 was the best of any Minor League team. Other big Mexican League gains were by Union Laguna (2,522), and Quintana Roo (3,564). Hagerstown (816) and Charleston, WV (756) had the top U.S. independent gains.

2024 vs. 2004 average per date fell by at least 1,000 for 28 MLB-affiliated teams, with only 2 of them (Hillsboro and Scranton-Wilkes Barre) playing in a park opening after 2004. 18 independent teams were down 1,000+ in average per date, but none of them are in a park that opened after 2004.

Memphis, down 7,697 had the biggest decline, followed in Triple-A by Sacramento (4,897), Round Rock (4,763), and Louisville (4,297). In Double-A, Akron's 3,141 dip was worst, with Frisco down 2,479. Montgomery fell 2,258.

Brooklyn had the largest Class-A decline, down 5,201 per date vs. their 2004 short-season team, which averaged 7,953 per date. Aberdeen was down 4,232 vs. a short-season team in 2004. Lake County OH declined 2,657, and Rome was down 2,338. Saltillo had the largest independent decrease (6,197). Lexington KY was down 4,024. Staten Island declined 3,499 per date vs. their short-season 2004 team. Kansas City had a 3,306 decline. Tucson, in their tiny park, was down 3,676 vs. a Triple-A 2004 team.

2004 Minor League Baseball Attendance Figures

176 MLB-affiliated teams charged admission in **2004**. This included 16 teams in the Mexican League, and 40 short-season teams. These 176 teams drew 39,887,755, averaging 226,635 per team, and 3,962 per date. The 160 U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated teams averaged 3,910 per date. The 45 independent teams that reported attendance drew 6,557,875, averaging a still-current independent record-high 3,000 per date. Combined 2004 MLB-affiliated and independent total attendance was 46,446,200, and average per date was 3,791. **2004** Mexican and Pioneer League data is included in the MLB-affiliated figures.

The following teams, who played in 2024, set record-high total attendance and average per date figures in **2004** that have not been broken through 2024: Jacksonville; Altoona; Montgomery; Gateway; New England (Brockton), in total attendance and average per date. Reading, Saltillo, and Tijuana, along with all combined independent teams, set their current average per date highs. Portland ME, Somerset, and Winnipeg, set their total attendance record-highs.

2024 v. 2004 Data for 2019 Pro Minor League Teams who Played in Collegiate Summer Leagues in 2024

22 teams playing in **Summer Collegiate leagues in 2024** were in professional Minor Leagues in **2019 and 2004**. (Auburn didn't list 2024 attendance.) 8 of these teams had **2024 vs. 2004** gains in total attendance, even though 19 of them played fewer dates in 2024 than in 2004. (Mahoning Valley of the MLB Draft League, and Vermont of the Futures Collegiate League, each played one more date in 2024 than in 2004.) 11 of these teams had gains in average per date.

Johnson City of the Appalachian League, had the best total attendance growth, up 58,069. Kingsport had a 12,866 gain. Teams in the full-season leagues in 2004 had the 3 biggest total attendance declines in this group. New Britain was down 271,552, with 39 fewer dates in 2024, Trenton had a 205,443 dip, with 29 fewer dates, and Frederick was down 169,551, with 27 fewer dates. In average per date, top gains were by Johnson City (2,923), Batavia (1,339), Clinton, IA (1,258), and Kingsport (905). Largest declines in average per date were by New Britain (3,236), O'Fallon – River City (2,977), Mahoning Valley (1,697), and Frederick (1,540). These 21 teams (excludes Auburn) had a combined 350 fewer dates in 2024 than in 2004, drawing 1,197,351 in 2024, down 1,085,343 (47.5%). Average per date was 2,093, down 383 (15.5%) vs. 2004. Trenton had the best **2024** attendance (196,837 total, 5,320 average per date) in this group.

INDIVIDUAL TEAM ATTENDANCE GROWTH - 2024 vs. 1994

There are 86 MLB-affiliated markets, and 29 independent markets, with teams in **2024**, that also hosted Minor League teams in **1994**. There were 2 teams in Mexico City in 1994, whose combined attendance is compared with the 2024 Diablos Rojos, 2 teams in Monterrey, Mexico, whose combined 1994 attendance is compared with the 2024 Monterrey Sultanes. Also, combined attendance for 2024 Jupiter and Palm Beach is compared to 1994 West Palm Beach, and the 2 teams in Nashville in 1994 are compared with 2024 Nashville.

Erie, Eugene, Everett, and Spokane had short-season teams in **1994**, but played in full-season MLB-affiliated leagues in **2024**. 18 of the 29 independent markets with 2024 and 1994 teams, played considerably shorter schedules in 2024. Only 9 independent teams, (5 in the Pioneer League, plus Sioux Falls, Sioux City, Sussex, and Winnipeg) played somewhat longer schedules in 2024 than in 1994.

The 86 MLB-affiliated teams (counting Jupiter and Palm Beach as one team) that played in the same market in **2024** as any Minor League team did in **1994**, drew 22,897,226 in 2024, up 831,988 (3.8%) from 1994. Their combined average per date was 4,024 in 2024, up 42 (1.1%) from 1994. The 29 independent teams that played in the same market as any 1994 Minor League team, drew 4,569,999 in 2024, down 927,972 (16.9%) from 1994. Combined average per date for those independent teams was 3,515, up 233 (7.1%) from 2004.

The reason why the independent teams had a decline in total attendance, yet had an increase in average per date, is that they had a combined 375 fewer dates played in 2024 than in 1994. The MLB-affiliated teams that are compared here, had a combined 149 more dates in 2024 than in 1994. The combined MLB-affiliated and independent number of dates was 226 fewer in 2024 than in 1994.

The combined MLB-affiliated and independent total for these 115 markets was 27,467,225 in **2024**, down 95,984 (0.3%) from **1994**. Average per date was 3,930, up 267 (7.3%) from 1994.

52 of the 86 MLB-affiliated markets, and 12 of the 29 independent markets, achieved **2024 vs. 1994** increases in total attendance. 47 of the MLB-affiliated markets and 16 of the independent markets were up in average per date.

Only 23 of the 120 MLB-affiliated teams of **2024**, played in a ballpark that opened prior to **1994**. 27 of 75 **2024** independent teams whose ballpark opening year is known, played in a park that opened before **1994**. Of the 39 MLB-affiliated teams with a 2024 vs. 1994 average per date decline, 26 play in a park that opened prior to **2000**.

1994 Minor League Baseball Attendance Totals and Record-Highs Set That Year

172 MLB-affiliates, including 16 in the Mexican League, and 40 short-season teams, charged admission in **1994**. These 172 teams drew 33,347,931, averaging 193,883 per team, and 3,363 per date. 156 U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliates averaged 3,378 per date. **1994** Mexican and Pioneer League data is included in the MLB-affiliated figures. Record-highs, set in 1994, and unbroken through 2024, were set by the Southern League, Salt Lake, Birmingham with Michael Jordan, Chattanooga, and San Antonio in both total attendance and average per date, Quad Cities and Dunedin in total attendance, and Norfolk, Wilmington DE, and the Summer Collegiate Appalachian League and Frederick in average per date.

2024 vs. 1994 Total Attendance Gains and Declines

16 MLB-affiliated, and 3 independent teams drew at least 100,000 more in total attendance in 2024 than in 1994. St. Paul with 33 more dates than their independent 1994 team, gained 215,943. Indianapolis rose 249,155, and Durham increased 236,957. Double-A Hartford, up 281,655 vs. 1994 New Britain, had the best gain among the MLB-affiliates. Tennessee was up 147,353. Amarillo rose 205,494, and Corpus Christi gained 187,399, both vs. 1994 shorter-schedule independent teams. In Class-A, Wisconsin had the best increase (152,848), followed by Charleston SC (150,994), and Augusta GA (138,145). Union Laguna, up 147,298, had the best independent growth. Mexico City had 75 fewer dates in 2024, than their 2 teams combined played in 1994, and yet outdrew the 2-team 1994 total by 116,437. Ogden's 89,302 increase was the highest among U.S./Canadian independent league teams.

13 MLB-affiliated teams had 2024 vs. 1994 declines of at least 100,000. Buffalo was down 510,030. Salt Lake fell 243,746, and Louisville was down 211,349. Birmingham vs. the Michael Jordan 1994 season, was down 233,379, for the biggest loss in Double-A. San Antonio fell 146,948. Lake Elsinore dipped 254,203 for the biggest Class-A decline, followed by Rancho Cucamonga (233,738), Carolina (199,325), and Wilmington, DE (171,993). For 2024 independent teams, Ottawa's attendance was 511,644 lower in 2024 than in 1994, when they played 24 more dates in Triple-A. Tucson dipped 303,792 with 53 fewer dates. That last comparison really lacks context, since Tucson played in Triple-A in 1994, and in a tiny park in 2024. Yucatan's 176,160 loss, in 17 fewer dates, was the largest in the Mexican League.

2024 vs. 1994 Average per Date Gains and Declines

23 MLB-affiliated teams, and 9 independent teams achieved 2024 vs. 1994 average per date increases of at least 1,000. Nashville had the top Triple-A gain, up 3,744 vs. two 1994 teams. Other Triple-A big increases were by Indianapolis (3,694), Durham (2,627), and Toledo (2,082). Double-A Hartford, up 4,013, had the best growth among all MLB-affiliated teams. Tennessee was up 2,166, and Amarillo and Corpus Christi also gained 2,000+. Top Class-A gains were by Charleston SC (2,652), Wisconsin (2,522), and Augusta, GA (2,159). Winston-Salem and Fort Wayne also gained at least 1,500 per date. Among the independents, Mexico City, up 8,462 from the pair of 1994 teams, had the best gain among all Minor League teams, followed by Monterrey (5,235), Union Laguna (3,934), and Saltillo (3,495). Ogden, up 1,479, topped the U.S./Canadian independent teams, with Tri-City, NY and Hagerstown up over 1,000.

2024 vs. 1994 big declines were by Buffalo (7,381), Salt Lake (3,845), and Louisville (3,092), all in Triple-A. Birmingham (3,376) and San Antonio (2,251) had the highest Double-A declines. Among Class-A teams, the largest declines were by Lake Elsinore (3,771), Rancho Cucamonga (3,382), Carolina (2,831), and Wilmington DE (2,605). Ottawa, down 6,927, and Tucson, down 4,080, had the largest independent decreases, but these losses must be taken in context, as noted above. Sussex (2,419), Sioux City IA (2,246), and Yucatan (2,074) were next among the loss leaders.

2024 v. 1994 Data for 2019 Pro Minor League Teams who Played in Collegiate Summer Leagues in 2024

16 teams playing in **Summer Collegiate leagues in 2024** were in professional Minor Leagues in **2019 and 1994**. They combined to draw 883,813 in 2024, down 552,707 (38.5%). Average per date was 2,193, down 84 (3.7%). 2024 data for Auburn was not reported. Each of the other 15 teams played fewer dates in 2024 than in 1994, and they combined for 228 fewer dates. 6 of these teams had increases in total attendance, and 8 were up in average per date.

Johnson City, up 29,971, had the best total attendance gain in this group, followed by Clinton, up 13,055, and Kingsport, up 9,507. Frederick had the biggest loss (247,857 – with 29 fewer dates), followed by Trenton (121,415 – 20 fewer dates), and New Britain (89,577 – with 34 fewer dates). In average per date, the best gains were by Johnson City (2,133), Clinton (1,733), and Batavia (1,155). Biggest declines were by Frederick, down 2,615, and Vermont, down 792.

Also worth noting – In 2024, the Madison WI Muskies of the Northwoods League, led all Summer Collegiate teams in attendance, as they usually do, drawing 217,070 in 35 dates, an average of 6,202 per date. In 1994, Madison had a team in the MLB-affiliated Midwest League which drew 69,060 in 61 dates, an average of 1,132 per date. Their 2024 total attendance was up 148,010 (214.3%) vs. 1994, and their average per date rose 5,070 (447.9%). From 2006 through 2024, Madison has drawn 3,713,945 in 623 dates, an average of 206,330 per year and 5,961 per date. If 2021 is excluded, the total is 3,589,738 in 587 dates, an average of 211,161 per year, and 6,115 per date. Madison's 1984 Midwest League team drew 118,161. Record-high for a pro team in Madison was 131,646 in 1983.

The number of dates played, and thus, average per date, for 1984 and 1974, is not available.

By **1984**, Minor League attendance was continuing a slow recovery from the very deep declines of the 1950's. Total attendance had fallen from 39,640,443 in 1949 to 11,622,581 in 1959, a figure that wasn't topped until 1977. The number of teams fell from 448 in 1949 to 152 in 1959. Total attendance would bottom out at 9,732,582 in 1962. The lowest number of teams was 128 in 1964, and the lowest average attendance per team was 66,439 in 1961.

The 154 MLB-affiliated teams in **1984** drew 17,580,299, averaging 114,158 per team. The 138 U.S./Canadian teams (excludes the Mexican League) drew 14,609,648. There were no independent leagues in 1984. Total **2024** Minor League attendance for all MLB-affiliated and independent leagues, was 41,901,551, which was a 138.3% increase over 1984. This did not include 2024 data from the low-drawing Empire Baseball League which never reports attendance.

60 of the 102 U.S./Canadian full-season teams (58.8% of teams), plus 13 of 16 teams in the Mexican League, drew at least 100,000 in **1984**, compared to 106 of 120 MLB-affiliated teams (88.3% of the teams), plus 43 independent teams, reaching 100,000 in **2024**. 16 U.S./Canadian teams, and 6 in the Mexican League topped 200,000 in **1984**, led by Louisville (846,878), followed by Columbus OH (520,478), Yucatan (515,440), Double-A Nashville (372,701), Denver (366,262), Las Vegas (320,157), and Tampico (305,297). In **2024**, 43 MLB-affiliated teams drew over 300,000, and 73 topped 200,000. Among independent teams, 4 reached 300,000, and 14 topped 200,000 in **2024**.

34 of 76 (44.7%) of U.S./Canadian full-season teams below Triple-A topped 100,000 in **1984**. 76 of the 90 (84.4%) MLB-affiliated teams below Triple-A surpassed 100,000 in **2024**. 13 full-season teams, and 28 of 36 short-season teams drew under 50,000 in **1984**. 8 of these teams drew below 20,000. Billings had the highest attendance (96,670) among the short-season teams in **1984**. 3 MLB-affiliates from the Florida State League, which include Jupiter and Palm Beach, who allowed fans to attend only 43-45 games each, failed to reach 50,000 in **2024**. Excluding teams from the Pecos and Empire Leagues, who play short schedules in mostly very small-capacity ballparks, no independent teams drew under 50,000 in **2024**.

68 MLB-affiliated, and 22 independent teams, played in markets with **teams in both 2024 and 1984**. Both 1984 Mexico City teams have their combined attendance vs. the 2024 team there. Combined 2024 attendance for Jupiter and Palm Beach is compared with 1984 West Palm Beach. Tri-Cities WA, Spokane, Erie, Everett, and Eugene played in 1984 short-season leagues. 59 MLB-affiliated, and 14 independent teams, had **2024 vs. 1984** total attendance increases.

2024 vs. 1984 Total Attendance Gains and Declines

The 67 markets with MLB-affiliated teams in both **2024 and 1984** drew a combined 18,604,215 in **2024**, up 8,600,728 (86.0%) from **1984**. The 22 independent markets had a 3,337,914 total, up 93,248 (2.9%). The combined total for the 89 markets was 21,942,129, up 8,693,976 (65.6%). Jupiter and Palm Beach are one market.

40 MLB-affiliated teams had **2024 vs. 1984** total attendance increases of at least 100,000, and 19 of those gains were above 200,000. Indianapolis had the biggest increase (365,101), followed in Triple-A by Durham (339,606), Charlotte (316,295), and Salt Lake (301,675). Reading (346,929), and Hartford (331,402) had the top Double-A gains. Spokane vs. a 1984 short-season team (211,200), Wisconsin (174,848), and Fresno (169,735) had the best growth among Class-A teams. Monterrey, up 218,089, had the only 100,000+ gain among independent teams.

Louisville, down 485,053 had the largest decline. Mississippi's 386 dip was the only Double-A loss. Hillsboro had a 30,572 decline vs. 1984 Triple-A Portland, who had a much bigger park. Palm Beach and Jupiter combined drew 46,260 less than 1984 West Palm Beach. Among the independent teams, Yucatan fell 380,659, and Aguascalientes was down 104,516. These 2 teams played significantly shorter schedules in 2024 than in 1984, as did Tucson, down 122,709 vs. a 1984 Triple-A team playing in a much larger ballpark.

2024 v. 1984 Data for 2019 Pro Minor League Teams who Played in Collegiate Summer Leagues in 2024

11 teams playing in **Summer Collegiate leagues in 2024** were in professional Minor Leagues in **2019 and 1984**. Excluding Auburn, which did not report their 2024 attendance, they combined to draw 409,541 in 2024, up 30,982 (8.2%) vs. 1984. Each of these teams very likely played fewer dates in 2024 than in 1984.

6 of these teams had increases in total attendance. Johnson City had a 65,011 gain, Pulaski was up 23,974, and Kingsport gained 22,814. New Britain had the largest decline (50,683), vs. a Double-A team in 1984. But that team's number of home dates in 2024 may have been less than half the number of home dates they played in 1984.

Minor League Baseball attendance was a very different world in **1974** compared to **2024**. From 1960 through 1974, total attendance ranged from a low of 9,732,582 in 1962, to a high of 11,134,084 in 1971. Average per team ranged from a low of 66,439 in 1961, to a high of 80,734 in 1972. The number of teams fell to a low of 128 in 1964.

It was believed that the lower-level leagues, and perhaps all of Minor League Baseball, could not survive, and that college baseball would become the feeder system to the Major Leagues. Television was a major factor in the low attendance, even though in 1974, most markets had only a few commercial TV stations. A bit above half of U.S. homes had color TV. In many markets, televised baseball consisted of the Saturday NBC Game of the Week, summer Monday night games, and the post-season. People who lived in a market where local Major League telecasts were seen, did get some extra TV baseball. But most teams, except for those in New York and Chicago, televised fewer than 60 games.

If the early 1970's leaders of Minor League Baseball had known about what sports broadcasting would be like 50 years later – Ultra HD, large screen TV, multiple sports cable channels, the availability of nearly every Major League game on TV, they might not have been too optimistic about the future of the Minor Leagues. But new ballparks, better promotion, and other resources, have led to a huge increase in both attendance and revenue for the Minor Leagues.

In **1974**, the 136 Minor League teams drew 10,562,452, averaging 77,665 per team. The 86 full-season U.S./Canadian teams drew 6,683,283, averaging 77,713 per team. The 2024 full-season MLB-affiliated average per team was more than 3 times higher than in 1974, and MLB-affiliated 2024 full-season total attendance was over 4 times higher, than the 1974 full-season figures.

Teams in 48 MLB-affiliated markets (Jupiter has 2 teams.) and 22 independent markets, played in the same market in both **2024 and 1974**. Both 2024 Jupiter and Palm Beach are compared with the 1974 team in West Palm Beach, and the 2024 Mexico City Diablos Rojos are compared with both 1974 Mexico City teams.

These 48 MLB-affiliated markets with teams in **both 2024 and 1974**, drew 13,345,457 in 2024, up 9,122,140 (216.0%) vs. 1974. The 22 independent markets drew a total of 3,451,461, up 710,377 (25.9%). The 70 markets combined to draw 16,796,918 in 2024, up 9,832,517 (141.2%). Average per date for 1974 is not available.

There were 8 MLB-affiliated teams, and 9 independent teams, that played in the same ballpark in 2024 as in 1974, though many of these parks have seen significant upgrades.

2024 vs. 1974 Total Attendance Gains and Declines

Only 3 MLB-affiliated teams, and 7 independent teams, had lower attendance in **2024 than in 1974**. The combined total for Jupiter and Palm Beach was 19,279 less than West Palm Beach's 1974 total. Tampa was down 12,282. Among independent teams, Mexico City drew 145,585 less than the combined total of their 2 teams in 1974. They certainly had far fewer dates played in 2024 compared to 1974. Chihuahua fell by 128,380, and Yucatan was down 35,067. Tucson, with a tiny park, and also far fewer dates than their 2024 Triple-A team, dipped 159,390. Bakersfield, with a much shorter schedule in 2024, fell 19,836, Evansville declined 9,022, and Trois Rivieres had a loss of 8,275.

38 MLB-affiliated teams, including all Triple-A and Double-A teams, except Memphis, had **2024 vs. 1974** gains of at least 100,000, and for 11 of these teams, the gain was at least 300,000. Indianapolis had the top increase (449,646). Other big Triple-A gains were by Salt Lake (412,595), El Paso (378,819), Toledo (365,066), Norfolk (352,739), Albuquerque (340,669), Oklahoma City (332,175), and Reno (318,706). Double-A teams with the top gains were Hartford (363,362 vs. Bristol), Richmond (341,616), Reading (340,753), Amarillo (294,342), and Arkansas (260,823). Winston-Salem (222,713), Charleston SC (206,684), and Fresno (183,111), had the top Class-A increases. Among the independent teams, Monterrey gained 158,261. Ogden had the biggest gain (133,967) among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Union Laguna increased 126,703, Aguascalientes rose 122,996, and Quebec had an 82,792 gain. 36 MLB-affiliates, and 8 independent teams, more than doubled their attendance for 2024 vs. 1974.

2024 v. 1974 Data for 2019 Pro Minor League Teams who Played in Collegiate Summer Leagues in 2024

9 teams playing in **Summer Collegiate leagues in 2024** were in professional Minor Leagues in **2019 and 1974**. They combined to draw 369,422 in 2024, up 131,516 (55.3%) vs. 1974. Each of these teams very likely played fewer dates in 2024 than in 1974. These figures exclude Auburn, which did not report their 2024 attendance.

8 of these teams had increases vs. 1974, led by Johnson City (61,919), Clinton (28,785), and Pulaski (24,092). The only decline was by Burlington IA (21,684).

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL IN MAJOR LEAGUE MARKETS – Includes Independent League Teams

A big factor in the growth of Minor League Baseball since 1990 has been its return to areas which have Major League franchises. Now, some of the most successful Minor League teams, in terms of attendance, play in the same television markets as Major League clubs. Nearly all have new, or thoroughly rebuilt, ballparks.

Until the early 1950's, numerous Minor League teams played near Major League cities. But Major League relocations and expansion, more car ownership, new high-speed roads, and most of all, television, made it easier for fans to attend and watch Big League games. The Minor League teams in those areas, and in many others, couldn't stay in business. By 1976, the only teams close to Major League cities were Pawtucket, 40 miles from Boston, Reading, 60 miles from Philadelphia, Toledo, 60 miles from Detroit, and San Jose, around 40 miles from San Francisco and Oakland. In the New York area, an Eastern League team played in Jersey City in 1977 and 1978. That team drew just 60,024 in 1977, and 28,969 in 1978. Pawtucket's team relocated to Worcester, in the Boston TV market, in 2021.

But starting in the 1990's, more Minor League teams began operating near Major League clubs. In **2024**, 57 Minor League teams (counting the 4-team United Shore League, which plays all its games in Utica, MI, as one team), played in the same television market as a Major League franchise. Two more teams, Toledo, and Dayton, were located in non-Major League TV markets, but their ballparks are within about 60 miles of a Major League city. So in 2024, 22 of the 26 Major League TV markets had a Minor League team located either in their TV market, or in a city that is no more than 60 miles away, but is officially in a different TV market.

In 1976, Pawtucket, Reading, Toledo, and San Jose drew a combined attendance of 381,747. This was 3.4% of total 1976 Minor League attendance. In **2024**, 3 of those teams, plus Worcester replacing Pawtucket, drew a combined 1,475,172. Also in **2024**, the 57 Minor League teams in Major League markets, plus Toledo and Dayton, drew a combined 10,999,506. That was 26.3% of the year's total Minor League attendance. In **1976**, total attendance for all 141 Minor League teams that year was 11,324,947.

New York, Boston and Philadelphia are Major League markets that have had much recent success with Minor League baseball. In **1992**, there was only one Minor League team in the Boston area (Pawtucket – which is in the Providence-New Bedford TV market), one in the Philadelphia market (Reading), and none in New York. In **2024**, the New York TV market had 9 teams, including 2 within New York City. The Philadelphia and Boston markets each had 3 teams. As the following 3 tables show, many of these teams have done quite well.

New York Area Teams	2024 Attend.	Notes
Jersey Shore (Lakewood), NJ 284,136		Led South Atlantic League in total attendance 14 times from 2001-2016.
Brooklyn, NY	173,405	Best short-season attendance–2001-2015. Moved to High-A in 2021.
Staten Island, NY	81,419	Record high in set 2010. Joined the Atlantic League in 2022.
Hudson Valley (Fishkill), NY	195,791	Averaged 95.5% of capacity 1994-2019. Record-high total in 2024.
Long Island (Central Islip), NY	290,073	Top U.S. total yearly independent attendance: 2000-2011, 2021-2024.
Somerset (Bridgewater), NJ	348,390	Averaged over 5,100 per date every year through 2019, 2022-2024.
New York Boulders (Rockland)	136,229	Yearly Can-Am League attendance leader 2012-2019.
New Jersey Jackals (Montclair)	85,518	Top 2024 % gain in average per date among all Minor League teams.
Sussex County, NJ	88,180	In top 10 of gains in all categories among independent teams in 2024.
New York Market Total	1,683,141	9 teams had a combined 2.7% gain for 2024 vs. 2023.

Philadelphia Area Teams	2024 Attend.	Notes
Reading, PA 414,262		Eastern League attendance leader in 11 of 18 years through 2019.
Wilmington, DE	163,031	Led Carolina League in attendance for 11 straight years-1998-2008.
Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA)	588,788	Top MLB-aff. total, 2 nd best avg./date in 2024. 709 sellouts-2008-24.
Philadelphia Market Total	1,166,081	Trenton, now in MLB Draft League, averaged 5,320 per date in 2024.

Boston Area Teams	2024 Attend.	Notes
Worcester	479,636	Moved from Pawtucket in 2021. 10 th best total, 6 th best average in 2024.
New Hampshire (Manchester)	237,029	All Minor Leagues 3 rd best total att. gain, 8 th best avg/date gain in 2018.
New England (Brockton)	51,295	Former Can-Am League team returned in the Frontier league in 2024.
Boston Market Total	767,960	One more 2024 team, but only an 11,500 (1.5%) total attendance gain

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL IN MAJOR LEAGUE MARKETS - Includes Independent League Teams

There have been many success stories in the other 18 Major League markets with Minor League teams.

- Los Angeles 3 Minor League teams in 2024...Rancho Cucamonga led the California League for 17 straight years (1993-2009). Lake Elsinore led that league each year 2010-2016, and 2018.
- <u>Chicago</u> 6 in 2024... Kane County topped 400,000 in 22 of 26 years, and topped 500,000 in 6 seasons. Had the highest average per date among U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2022-24... Gary set team record each year 2003-2007, 2010, 2017. Schaumburg led Frontier League from 2022-2024...Chicago Dogs set record-high in total attendance and average per date in 2024.
- San Francisco 5 in 2024...San Jose had the 19 best totals in team history in the 21 years from 1999 through 2019.
- Dallas 2 in 2024... Frisco led all Double-A teams in attendance for 15 straight years through 2019.
- <u>Washington</u> 4 in 2024... Frederick (now in the MLB Draft League) led Carolina League each year 2012-2016, and just missed leading in 2017, 2018, and 2019. Southern Maryland had record-high in 2013. Fredericksburg, VA, moved from Potomac in 2021, set total attendance and average per date record-highs in 2023. New 2024 team in Hagerstown had the best total in that city since 1991.
- <u>Seattle</u> 2 in 2024...Tacoma had its highest-ever total attendance and average per date in 2024.
- Tampa5 in 2024...In 2017, Clearwater had best attendance in the Florida State League since 1990, and set a
team record-high for the 10th time in 14 years. Led league 19 of 20 years through 2024.
- <u>Minneapolis</u> 1 in 2024... St. Paul 2015-2019: The 5 highest-ever independent team average per date seasons, with a record-high 8,438 in 2016. Became International League Twins farm team in 2021.
- <u>Cleveland</u> 3 in 2024... Akron led the Eastern League 6 times since 1997, and is one of only 6 Double-A teams to ever top 500,000. 2014 attendance was up 55,245, the best gain in Double-A.
- St. Louis 1 in 2024... 2019 was the final Minor League season for the River City Rascals.
- <u>Pittsburgh</u> 1 in 2024...Washington, PA sold out many games early in its history, but is down more recently.
- Baltimore 1 in 2024...Aberdeen set average per date high in 2011, but has had major decline since 2012.
- Atlanta 2 in 2024... In 2024: Gwinnett lowest Triple-A total; Rome: lowest High-A total.
- Kansas City 1 in 2024... Kansas City (KS) named the Monarchs after famed Negro Leagues team.
- <u>Detroit</u> 2 in 2024... Toledo, separate TV market, drew 500,000+ for 17 straight years until 2019. 4-team United Shore League (all in Utica, counts as one team) drew a record-high total in 2024.
- <u>Houston</u> 1 in 2024... Sugar Land drew 465,511 in 2012, the highest total attendance by a modern independent team. Led independent leagues in total attendance also in 2013 and 2014. Joined the Pacific Coast League in 2021, as a Houston Astros affiliate.
- <u>Milwaukee</u> 2 in 2024...Milwaukee and Lake Country had record-high average per date in 2023.
- <u>Cincinnati</u> 2 in 2024... Dayton (a separate TV market) topped 540,000 each year (2000-2019), led all MLBaffiliated teams in average per date in 2022, may be the first Class-A team to ever accomplish this, 4th in total attendance, 3rd in average per date in 2024 among MLB-affiliated teams, has a North American pro sports record of 1,573 regular-season consecutive sellouts, drew a Class-A record-high 597,433 in 2010, and in attendance, is the most successful Class-A team ever.
- <u>Denver</u> Northern Colorado played in a temporary park again in 2024. Pioneer League not officially counting their attendance. They hope to be in their permanent ballpark in 2025.

The New York, Los Angeles, and Chicago TV markets all have 2 MLB teams. San Diego, Miami, Phoenix, and Toronto markets did not have a summer Minor League team charging admission in 2024. Phoenix has all 6 teams of the Arizona Fall League.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL IN MARKETS WITH AN NFL, NBA, OR NHL TEAM, BUT NO MLB TEAM

There were 22 TV markets in **2024** that had both Major League and Minor League Baseball. There are also 19 Minor League Baseball markets that don't have a Major League Baseball team, but do have a National Football League, National Basketball Association, or National Hockey League team. Despite the NFL, NBA, or NHL competition for sports dollars in these markets, many of their Minor League Baseball teams draw quite well. The 22 Minor League Baseball teams in these markets, which includes independent teams, drew a combined 7,055,899 in **2024**.

TV Market	NFL, NBA, or NHL Teams	Minor League Baseball in That Market with 2024 Notes
<u>Buffalo</u>	NFL-Bills, NHL-Sabres	Topped 500,000 each year 1988-2019. Reached one million 6 times. Holds record for best Minor League season attendance - 1,188,972 in 1991.
<u>Charlotte</u>	NFL-Panthers, NBA-Hornets	I.L. Knights led Minors in total attendance in 2014 and 2018, and in average per date 2014-2016. Best U.S. average/date in 2018. Kannapolis set team record-highs in their new park in 2021, and a record-high total in 2024.
<u>Raleigh-</u> Durham	NHL-Carolina Hurricanes	AAA Durham drew 529,105 in 2019, and topped 500,000 13 times since 2001. Class A Carolina moves from Zebulon to Wilson in 2026.
<u>Columbus</u>	NHL-Blue Jackets	Drawn 500,000+ in 36 seasons, including 2024, which is more often than any other team. Surpassed 600,000 in 8 of 11 years through 2019.
<u>Indianapolis</u>	NHL-Colts, NBA-Pacers	In 2024, led MLB affiliates in average per date, and had 2 nd best total attend. Topped 534,000 in 27 straight 'normal' years through 2024.
<u>Memphis</u>	NBA- Grizzlies	Attendance down sharply from 887,976 in 2001, had gains in 2016, 2017.
<u>Nashville</u>	NFL-Titans, NHL-Predators	Led MLB-affiliated teams in total and average in 2021, total attendance in 2022. Record-high total in 2018. In 1979, Nashville was first AA team to top 500,000. New park in 2015 led to U.Sbest gain of 241,587 that year.
<u>Okla. City</u>	NBA-Thunder	Drawn better than 400,000 in 18 of 25 'normal' years through 2024.
<u>Sacramento</u>	NBA-Kings	Top Minors total attendance 10 times from 2000-2015. Have drawn at least 600,000 in 16 of 23 seasons. Significant decline in recent seasons. Temporary home to the Athletics from 2025 through 2027.
<u>Salt Lake C.</u>	NBA-Jazz	Have topped 430,000 in all 29 'normal' years in Triple-A. New park in 2025.
Jacksonville	NFL-Jaguars	300,000+-16 of 20 'normal' years through 2024. 3 rd best Minors gain in 2017.
<u>Green Bay</u>	NFL-Packers	Wisconsin (Appleton)-205,000+ for 13 straight 'normal' years through 2024.
<u>Las Vegas</u>	NHL-Golden Knights NFL-Raiders	New park in 2019. Best total and average/date gains of any team, and the highest total and average per date of any U.S. team, in 2019.
<u>San Antonio</u>	NBA-Spurs	Back in the Texas League. In 2019, had their best total since 1998.
<u>Orlando</u>	NBA-Magic	Daytona topped 100,000 for 16 straight years through 2019. Clearwater is the only other Florida State League team to do this.
<u>Portland, OR</u>	NBA-Trail Blazers	Northwest League Hillsboro gets a new park in 2026. 4-team Mavericks League (all in Keizer-counts as one team) had record-high total in 2024.
<u>Vancouver</u>	NHL-Canucks	Led all short-season teams in total attendance and average per date 2016-2019. Set short-season record-high totals for this market in 2016, 2017.
<u>Winnipeg</u>	NHL-Jets	Best independent average per date 12 times in 15 years through 2014. Had topped 250,000 for 16 straight seasons until 2016. Big dip since.
<u>Ottawa</u>	NHL-Senators	Returned to the Frontier League in 2022.

STAYING CLOSE TO YOUR PARENT (TEAM)

It is difficult to quantify the effect on attendance when a Minor League affiliate is located in the 'area of dominant fan interest' of their Major League parent team. But at times, it provides a boost in attendance to the Minor League team. The Worcester Red Sox, who moved from Pawtucket in 2021, and the Reading Fightin' Phils are examples.

The table below is a **2024 and 2025** listing of Minor League teams who charge admission, located in areas where their parent team is one of the dominant teams of fan interest. In some cases, such as Blue Jays affiliate Vancouver, the Major League parent team is located a considerable distance from the Minor League affiliate. But the Major League team may have a significant following in the area, and its games are likely to be broadcast on local radio and TV there.

The realignment of the Minor Leagues in 2021 resulted in many changes to this list from 2019, including the elimination of all short-season leagues that charged admission. Many short-season teams became full-season teams. No changes were made to this list for 2022, 2023, or 2024. In 2025, Mississippi moves to Columbus, GA, and Down East (Kinston, NC) moves to Spartanburg, SC. Independent league teams will play in Mississippi and Kinston in 2025.

Detroit, Miami, Minnesota, New York Mets, New York Yankees, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, St. Louis, and Toronto have teams in the Florida State League who play at their Florida Spring Training ballparks. All 30 MLB teams have at least one affiliate that plays a 60-game season at their respective Spring Training facility, in the Gulf Coast (Florida) or Arizona Complex Leagues. There is no admission charged to games played in the Complex Leagues.

Major League Team	Minor League Affiliates of That Team Who Play in its Area of Dominant Fan Interest
Baltimore	Norfolk (Triple-A), Bowie (Double-A), Aberdeen (High-A), Delmarva (Single-A)
Boston	Worcester (Triple-A), Portland, ME (Double-A)
Chicago White Sox	None
Cleveland	Columbus, OH (Triple-A), Akron (Double-A), Lake County (High-A)
Detroit	Toledo (Triple-A), West Michigan (High-A)
Houston	Sugar Land (Triple-A), Corpus Christi (Double-A)
Kansas City	Omaha (Triple-A), Northwest Arkansas (Double-A)
Los Angeles Angels	Inland Empire of San Bernadino (Single-A)
Minnesota	St. Paul (Triple-A), Cedar Rapids (High-A)
New York Yankees	Scranton-Wilkes Barre (Triple-A), Somerset (Double-A), Hudson Valley (High-A)
Athletics	Las Vegas (Triple-A), Stockton (Single-A)
Seattle	Tacoma (Triple-A), Everett (High-A)
Tampa Bay	None
Texas	Round Rock (Triple-A), Frisco (Double-A)
Toronto	Buffalo (Triple-A), Vancouver (High-A)
Arizona	None
Atlanta	Gwinnett (Triple-A), Columbus, GA (Double-A), Rome (High-A), Augusta (Single-A)
Chicago Cubs	Iowa (Triple-A), South Bend (High-A)
Cincinnati	Louisville (Triple-A), Dayton (High-A)
Colorado	Albuquerque (Triple-A)
Los Angeles Dodgers	Rancho Cucamonga (Single-A)
Miami	Jacksonville (Triple-A), Pensacola (Double-A), Jupiter (Single-A)
Milwaukee	Wisconsin (Appleton) (High-A)
New York Mets	Syracuse (Triple-A), Binghamton (Double-A), Brooklyn (High-A)
Philadelphia	Lehigh Valley (Allentown) (Triple-A), Reading (AA), Jersey Shore (Lakewood) (High-A)
Pittsburgh	Altoona (Double-A)
St. Louis	Memphis (Triple-A), Springfield, MO (Double-A)
San Diego	Lake Elsinore (Single-A)
San Francisco	Sacramento (Triple-A), San Jose (Single-A)
Washington	Harrisburg (Double-A), Wilmington, DE (High-A), Fredericksburg, VA (Single-A)

Source of Affiliates Listing: Minor League Baseball 2021 Information Guide, team Web sites

NAPBL MINOR LEAGUES ATTENDANCE HIGHLIGHTS

MLB-AFFILIATED TOTAL ATTENDANCE, # OF TEAMS, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM - SINCE 1946

; /	Total MLB-Affiliated	_# of	Average Att.		Total MLB-Affiliated	_# of	Average Att.
Year	Attendance	Teams	per Team	Year	Attendance	Teams	per Team
				1985	18,380,000	154	119,351
1946	32,704,315	314	104,154	1986	18,456,808	154	119,849
1947	37,184,167	388	95,835	1987	20,215,564	158	127,947
1948	38,415,716	438	87,707	1988	21,659,873	160	135,374
1949	39,640,443	448	88,483	1989	23,103,593	164	140,876
1950	32,960,733	442	74,572	1990	25,244,569	164	153,930
1951	26,135,174	365	71,603	1991	26,590,096	168	158,274
1952	24,024,373	334	71,929	1992	27,180,170	168	161,787
1953	21,109,565	288	73,297	1993	30,022,761	169	177,649
1954	18,674,503	264	70,737	1994	33,347,931	172	193,883
1955	18,203,889	243	74,913	1995	33,126,934	172	192,598
1955	16,402,953	243	75,590	1995	33,293,383	172	194,698
1950	14,875,346	200	74,377	1997	34,721,716	172	201,870
1958	12,744,883	171	74,531	1998	35,427,618	172	203,607
1950	11,622,581	152	76,464	1999	35,179,471	174	199,883
1909	11,022,001	152	70,404	1999	33,179,471	170	199,000
1960	10,660,811	152	70,137	2000	37,647,819	176	215,126
1961	9,766,505	147	66,439	2001	38,808,339	176	220,502
1962	9,732,582	134	72,631	2002	38,639,142	176	219,541
1963	9,749,381	130	74,995	2003	39,069,707	176	221,987
1964	10,102,310	128	78,924	2004	39,887,755	176	226,635
1965	10,029,518	130	77,150	2005	41,333,279	176	234,848
1965	9,826,124	133	73,881	2005	41,710,357	176	236,991
1967	9,940,660	135	73,635	2000	42,812,812	175	244,645
1968	9,887,328	135	73,239	2007	43,263,740	175	24 4,043 245,817
1969	9,984,263 \$	148	67,461	2008	41,644,518	176	236,617
1303	9,304,200 φ	140	07,401	2003	41,044,010	170	230,017
1970	10,726,470	145	73,976	2010	41,432,456	176	235,412
1971	11,134,084	148	75,230	2011	41,252,053	174	237,081
1972	10,986,628	136	80,734	2012	41,280,382	176	234,548
1973	10,828,828	138	78,470	2013	41,553,781	176	236,101
1974	10,562,452	136	77,665	2014	42,411,194	176	240,973
1975	11,021,848	130	84,783	2015	42,561,445	176	241,826
1975	11,324,947	141	80,319	2015	41,377,202	176	235,098
1970	13,004,297	142	91,580	2010	41,832,364	176	237,684
1978	13,049,475	150	86,997	2017	40,450,337	176	229.831
1979	15,304,724 @	150	107,504	2010	41,504,077	176	235,819
	10,001,121			2010			200,010
1980	15,541,674 *	145	107,184	2020	0	176	0
1981	16,178,790	140	115,563	2021	22.089,014	120	184,075
1982	17,637,244	150	117,582	2022	30,920,722	120	257,673
1983	18,559,190	153	121,302	2023	32,152,384	120	267,937
1984	17,580,299	154	114,158	2024	31,346,469	120	261,221

\$ - Does not include season attendance of 8,817 by one Gulf Coast League team that charged admission.

@ - Includes estimated attendance for Inter-American League which folded during the season.

* - Figure listed in the 1981 Sporting News Baseball Guide. Mexican League season ended early due to a strike.

2021 through 2024 figures exclude the Mexican League, and the Major League Independent Partner Leagues

MLB-AFFILIATED U.S./CANADIAN FULL-SEASON TEAMS - TOTAL ATTENDANCE, # OF TEAMS, AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM – SINCE 1963. AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER DATE – SINCE 1992

This table shows attendance by full-season, U.S. or Canadian Major League-affiliated Minor League teams, since the last reorganization of the Minor Leagues in 1963. Effective in 2021, all MLB-affiliated teams that charge admission play a full-season schedule, so this table provides a fairer yearly comparison from 2021 forward. Combined average attendance per date is shown starting with 1992, the first year these figures were included in the Minor League issued attendance reports. The table does not include Mexican League teams, or teams that played in short-season leagues.

	MLB Affiliated	Number	Average			MLB Affiliated	Number	Average	Average
Year	Full-Season	Full-Sea.	Attendance	l	Year	Full-Season	Full Sea.	Attendance	Att. Per
	Teams Attend.	Teams	per Team	<u> </u>		Teams Attend.	Teams	per Team	Date
1963	7,612,882	112	67,972	L	1993	25,000,168	115	217,393	3,387
1964	7,184,010	102	70,431	L	1994	27,646,782	116	238,334	3,645
				L					
1965	6,902,424	96	71,900	L	1995	27,738,500	116	239,125	3,627
1966	6,496,849	93	69,859		1996	27,876,672	116	240,316	3,635
1967	6,311,765	86	73,393		1997	28,567,929	116	246,275	3,745
1968	6,500,445	86	75,587		1998	29,121,131	118	246,789	3,663
1969	6,426,154	87	73,864		1999	29,126,859	120	242,724	3,630
1970	7,677,106	90	85,301		2000	30,945,391	120	257,878	3,883
1971	7,858,990	90	87,322		2001	31,977,682	120	266,481	3,982
1972	7,695,543	90	85,506		2002	31,868,349	120	265,570	3,958
1973	7,092,134	88	80,592		2003	32,466,417	120	270,553	4,126
1974	6,683.283	86	77,713		2004	33,131,201	120	276,093	4,149
1975	6,629,819	82	80,851		2005	34,414,112	120	286,784	4,260
1976	6,751,187	80	84,390		2006	34,277,338	120	285,644	4,256
1977	7,957,753	82	97,046		2007	35,150,730	120	292,923	4,355
1978	8,417,169	89	94,575		2008	35,447,963	120	295,400	4,368
1979	9,761,330	90	108,459		2009	34,838,849	120	290,324	4,342
			· · ·						
1980	11,331,714	95	119,281		2010	35,062,403	120	292,187	4,298
1981	12,316,024	96	128,292		2011	34,299,698	120	285,831	4,237
1982	13,729,020	102	134,598		2012	33,894,415	120	282,453	4,168
1983	14,381,025	100	143,810		2013	34,205,705	120	285,048	4,260
1984	13,614,779	102	133,478		2014	34,928,570	120	291,071	4,323
			,			, ,		,	,
1985	14,270,558	103	139,907		2015	35,067,534	120	292,229	4,328
1986	14,751,291	104	141,839		2016	33,862,556	120	282,188	4,188
1987	15,948,128	108	147,668		2017	34,325,071	120	286,042	4,306
1988	17,444,104	110	158,583		2018	33,203,392	120	276,695	4,184
1989	18,982,379	110	172,567		2019	33,321,002	120	277,675	4,201
			,			,,		,	,
1990	20,148,150	110	183,165		2020	0	120	0	0
1991	21,716,617	112	193,898		2021	22,089,014	120	184,075	3,242
1992	22,265,115	112	198,796		2022	30,920,722	120	257,673	3,933
			,		2023	32,152,384	120	267,937	4,084
					2024	31,346,469	120	261,221	3,985
		1	1	—	2021	01,010,100			0,000

WHAT IF?

The table on Page 108 shows a much lower attendance total for MLB-affiliated teams from 2021 through 2024, compared to seasons prior to 2020, due to a reduction in the number of teams from 176 to 120. But average attendance per team has increased. This is because no current MLB-affiliated teams, that charge admission, play a short-season schedule anymore. Prior to 2020, there were 40 MLB-affiliated short-season teams that compiled attendance.

But what would 2024 and 2023 attendance be, if the 2024 figures from 2019 NAPBL or MLB-affiliated teams that now play in Independent Pro, or in Summer Collegiate leagues, were added to the MLB-affiliated totals? Let's find out.

Keep in mind when comparing these figures is that numerous teams have had significant changes in the number of 2021 through 2024 scheduled games, compared to the number of games they had scheduled through 2019. Triple-A teams now have 75 home dates, compared to 70 in 2019. Double-A has gone to 69 home dates, from 70 in 2019. Class-A teams are scheduled for 66 dates, also instead of 70 in 2019. There are 9 teams, now in MLB-affiliated full-season leagues that had only 38 home dates in their pre-2021 schedules, but now have 66 home dates. Mexican League teams have a considerably shorter schedule than in 2019, while Pioneer League teams have a somewhat longer one. Some of the teams that were in MLB-affiliated leagues in 2019, but that now play in independent leagues, or in Summer Collegiate leagues, have more home dates scheduled than they had in 2019, and some have fewer dates.

The table below includes attendance from the 120 MLB-affiliated teams of 2024, even if they had played in independent leagues prior to 2021 (Sugar Land, St. Paul, and Somerset). Added, are figures from teams that played in NAPBL MLB-affiliated leagues in 2019, but who now play in Independent Pro, or Summer Collegiate leagues. This includes the 16 Mexican League franchises that were active in 2019. That league now has 20 teams.

For 2024, it also includes the 8 Pioneer League teams that were in MLB-affiliated leagues in 2019, plus Tri-City, NY of the Frontier League, Kane County of the American Association, Charleston WV, Lexington KY, Staten Island, and Hagerstown of the Atlantic League, and the entire Mavericks League – which is counted as one team. The Mavericks League plays all its games in Keizer, OR, which had a short-season Northwest League team through the 2019 season.

2019 MLB-affiliated teams now in the Summer Collegiate Leagues, and included in the table, are all 10 Appalachian League and all 6 MLB Draft League, teams, along with Burlington IA, Clinton, Batavia, Vermont, and Jackson TN. Auburn did not list attendance in 2024.

Overall, these teams combined for a decrease in total attendance and average per date for 2024 vs. 2023. Only one team (Hagerstown) moved into a new ballpark in 2023 or 2024. But for 2024 vs. 2019, even taking the reduced number of dates played into account, there was still a decline in average per date.

YEAR	# OF TEAMS	TOTAL ATTENDANCE	NUMBER OF DATES	AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER DATE	AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM
2024	171	38,041,899	9,933	3,830	222,467
2023	172	38,844,460	9,905	3,922	225,840
2022	172	37,234,052	9,954	3,741	216,477
2019	176	41,504,077	10,262	4,044	235,819
Changes:					
2024 vs. 2023	Down 1	Down 802,561 (2.1%)	Up 28	Down 92 (2.3%)	Down 3,373
2024 vs. 2019	Down 5	Down 3,462,178 (8.3%)	Down 329	Down 214 (5.3%)	Down 13,352

Much of the 2024 vs. 2019 decline in total attendance is due to fewer teams and fewer dates played.

2021 - 2024 expansion teams Guadalajara, Veracruz, Chihuahua, and Queretaro of the Mexican League, and Glacier of the Pioneer League, whose figures are not included in the table, drew a combined 585,149 in 2024, 401,386 in 2023, and 324,318 in 2022.

In 2024, Hagerstown, which had an MLB-affiliated team in 2019, was a new team in the independent Atlantic League. In 2025, the Frontier League adds teams in Pearl MS, and Spartanburg, SC. Both of these markets had MLB-affiliated teams through 2024.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM – BY CLASSIFICATION

The table on Page 108 notes the annual average attendance per team since 1946 for all MLB-affiliated leagues combined. The presence of so many teams in small markets is why the overall average per team was not higher in the late 1940's. Many of these small-market leagues and teams disbanded in the early 1950's as television and other factors severely cut Minor League attendance. The average per team was less than 80,000 from 1950 through 1971, and again in 1973 and 1974. In 1979, the average per team reached 100,000 for the first time since 1946. It initially surpassed 150,000 in 1990, and 200,000 in 1997. Average attendance per team topped 200,000 each year since 2000, except 2021, with a high (if the short-season teams are included) of 245,817 in 2008. The 2018 average per team of 229,831 was lowest since 2004, except for 2021.

The individual MLB-affiliated league summaries, which appear later in this report, note each league's average attendance per team history. This is also noted for the well-established independent leagues.

Listed below, is a brief summary of average attendance per team by classification. The Triple-A data goes back to 1921. Double-A, full-season Class A, and the combination of short-season Class A, and Rookie League data goes back to 1963, when the classification system in use through 2019, was established.

TRIPLE-A

2024 Triple-A average per team was 416,432. **2019** Triple-A average per team was 450,013, the 14th best ever. Triple-A average attendance per team first reached 200,000 in 1924. It hit a pre-1945 high of 214,231 in 1928. The Great Depression caused a big drop in baseball attendance. Triple-A average fell to a low of 115,640 in 1934.

A big boom in attendance actually began in the latter years of World War II. Triple-A average per team was 139,478 in 1943, 198,208 in 1944, 239,798 in 1945, 338,465 in 1946, and 354,110 in 1947. But then, a big decline began. Triple-A average was 266,696 in 1950, 193,963 in 1954, and stayed under 200,000 per team from 1958 through 1980. The low was 135,181 in 1969. The average per team was under 150,000 as late as 1976.

The average rose above 200,000 each year from 1981 through 1987. In 1988, it topped 300,000 for the first time since 1949. It first reached 400,000 per team in 1993, and has been above that level each year since then except for 1996, 1997, and 2021. It topped 450,000 per team from 2005 through 2017, and in 2019, with a high of 477,226 in 2008.

DOUBLE-A

Average attendance per team in the Double-A leagues stayed below 100,000 each year from 1963 through 1978, with a low of 60,521 in 1975. It was between 100,000 and 200,000 per team from 1979 through 1990, and has topped 200,000 in all seasons since then.

The Double-A average per team first reached 300,000 in 2004, and has now hit this level 6 times, with a high of 312,035 in 2008. The average was above 280,000 in 17 straight seasons through 2019, and again in 2023. The **2019** average per team was 292,752, which ranked as 13th best. In **2024**, Double-A average per team was 279,659.

FULL-SEASON CLASS A - Consists of High-A, and also Single-A, which was known as Low-A through 2021

Full-season Class A averaged less than 50,000 per team from 1963 through 1975, with a low of 40,785 in 1967. 1990 was the first time that this average topped 100,000, and it was above 150,000 per team every year since 1995, until 2021. It reached a record-high 199,846 in 2014, and was 183,967 in **2019**, lowest since 2004. In **2024**, High-A average per team was 213,539, Single-A average per team was 135,253, and combined Class-A average per team was 174,396. Class-A teams now play a slightly shorter schedule than they did prior to 2021.

SHORT-SEASON CLASS A AND ROOKIE LEAGUES

Average attendance per team for short-season Class A leagues and Rookie Leagues combined was under 40,000 from 1963 through 1984. The low was 21,310 in 1968. From 1966 through 1979, there were 11 years where this average per team was below 30,000. The average first topped 50,000 per team in 1989, and was above that ever since then. It reached 74,000 in 1995, and topped 80,000 in each of the last 18 seasons through 2019. The high was 96,758 in 2007. It was 89,124 in 2019, which ranked as 12th highest. MLB-affiliated short-season leagues became full-season affiliated (Northwest), pro independent (Pioneer), Summer Collegiate (Appalachian) or disbanded (NY-Penn) after 2019.

FULL-SEASON AND SHORT-SEASON MLB-AFFILIATED ANNUAL TOTAL ATTENDANCE LEADERS - 1940-2024

Short-season leaders listed from 1947 through 1962 are for Class D teams which played slightly shorter schedules than other classifications. The Minor Leagues were reorganized into their present configuration in 1963. Record-highs shown in bold. Short-season MLB-affiliated leagues that charge admission ceased to exist after 2019.

Year	Affiliated U.S. Full-Season		Affiliated Short-Season	
	Team Attendance Leader	Attendance	Team Attendance Leader	Attendance
1940	Seattle	295,820	Not Available	N/A
1941	Louisville	274,805	Not Available	N/A
1942	Los Angeles	271,169	Not Available	N/A
1943	Milwaukee	286,979	Not Available	N/A
1944	Baltimore	342,032	Not Available	N/A
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1945	Seattle	434,133	Not Available	N/A
1946	San Francisco	670,563	Not Available	N/A
1947	San Francisco	640,643	Alexandria, LA	149,889
1948	San Francisco	606,563	Alexandria, LA	127,178
1949	Seattle	545,434	Hamilton, ONT	137,340
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1950	Seattle	492,647	Hornell, NY	97,563
1951	Seattle	465,727	Hornell, NY	74,086
1952	Denver (Class A)	461,419	Decatur, IL	94,300
1953	Toronto	382,432	Decatur, IL	96,337
1954	Toronto	408,876	Jamestown, NY	86,460
1001		100,010		00,100
1955	Denver	426,248	Dubuque, IA	94,925
1956	Denver	368,305	Dubuque, IA	92,364
1957	Buffalo	386,071	Dubuque, IA	91,647
1958	Buffalo *	286,480	Dubuque, IA	93,070
1959	Buffalo	413,263	St. Petersburg, FL	119,424
1999	Dullaio	415,205		113,424
1960	Buffalo *	278,352	Tampa, FL	76,616
1961	Buffalo *	259,724	El Paso, TX	79,415
1962	Rochester, NY *	272,178	Miami	90,887
1962	Rochester, NY *	272,178	Salem, VA	34,061
1963	Rochester, NY *	272,091	Salem, VA	36,184
1904	Rochester, NF	272,091	Salem, VA	30,104
1965	Dallas-Fort Worth (AA) *	329,294	Salem, VA	44,254
1965	Dallas-Fort Worth (AA) *	271,367	Huron, SD	35,110
1967	Rochester, NY *		· · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	303,500	Salt Lake City	53,653
1968	Hawaii *	255,569	Salt Lake City	54,195
1969	Hawaii *	280,477	Salt Lake City	76,789
1070	Lleweii	467.047	Niegere Felle	60.060
1970	Hawaii	467,217	Niagara Falls	60,962
1971	Hawaii	375,957	Niagara Falls	56,052
1972	Hawaii *	305,878	Niagara Falls	52,476
1973	Rochester *	302,789	Portland, OR	80,705
1974	Sacramento *	295,831	Portland, OR	100,111
1075	Dechaster *	206.070	Dertland OD	140.050
1975	Rochester * Hawaii *	326,072	Portland, OR	119,253
1976		306,236	Portland, OR	83,780
1977	Columbus, OH	457,251	Portland, OR	125,300
1978	Nashville (Class AA)	380,159	Billings	58,750
1979	Columbus, OH	599,544	Eugene	66,156
4000		F7F 070		00.050
1980	Nashville (Class AA)	575,676	Eugene	96,058
1981	Denver	555,806	Eugene	85,073
1982	Louisville	868,418	Great Falls	67,044
1983	Louisville	1,052,438	Billings	88,534
1984	Louisville	846,878	Billings	96,670

FULL-SEASON AND SHORT-SEASON MLB-AFFILIATED ANNUAL TOTAL ATTENDANCE LEADERS - 1940-2024

Year	Affiliated U.S. Full-Season		Affiliated Short-Season	
	Team Attendance Leader	Attendance	Team Attendance Leader	Attendance
1985	Louisville	651,090	Eugene	103,193
1986	Louisville	660,200	Salt Lake City	108,721
1987	Columbus, OH	570,599	Salt Lake City	170,134
1988	Buffalo	1,147,651	Salt Lake City	176,217
1989	Buffalo	1,116,441	Salt Lake City	173,256
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1990	Buffalo	1,156,661	Salt Lake City	192,366
1991	Buffalo	1,188,972	Salt Lake City	200,599
1992	Buffalo	1,117,867	Salt Lake City	217,263
1993	Buffalo	1,058,620	Boise	151,080
1994	Buffalo	982,493	Boise	156,950
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1995	Buffalo	900,782	Portland, OR	249,696
1996	Buffalo	825,530	Portland, OR	249,995
1997	Buffalo	696,193	Portland, OR	213,242
1998	Buffalo	743,463	Erie	187,743
1999	Buffalo	684,051	Portland, OR	206,136
				· · · ·
2000	Sacramento	861,808	Mahoning Valley, OH	206,287
2001	Sacramento	901,214	Brooklyn	289,381
2002	Sacramento	817,317	Brooklyn	317,124
2003	Sacramento	766,326	Brooklyn	307,383
2004	Sacramento	751,156	Brooklyn	294,261
		•		•
2005	Sacramento	755,750	Brooklyn	285,847
2006	Sacramento *	728,227	Brooklyn	289,323
2007	Sacramento	710,235	Brooklyn	294,972
2008	Sacramento	700,168	Brooklyn	265,220
2009	Columbus, OH	666,797	Brooklyn	264,102
				· · · ·
2010	Sacramento	657,910	Brooklyn	264,441
2011	Lehigh Valley, PA	628,925	Brooklyn	245,087
2012	Lehigh Valley, PA *	622,421	Brooklyn	249,009
2013	Indianapolis	637,579	Brooklyn	232,224
2014	Charlotte	687,715	Brooklyn	231,628
		·		
2015	Sacramento	672,354	Brooklyn	230,658
2016	Indianapolis *	636,888	Vancouver	222,363
2017	Indianapolis *	641,141	Vancouver	239,527
2018	Charlotte	619,639	Vancouver	239,086
2019	Las Vegas	650,934	Vancouver	235,980
		·		*
2021	Nashville	436,868	No Short-season teams	
2022	Nashville	555,576	No Short-season teams	
2023	Lehigh Valley (Allentown)	567,322	No Short-season teams	
2024	Lehigh Valley (Allentown)	588,788	No Short-season teams	

* Mexican League teams with the highest yearly MLB-Affiliated attendance: Poza Rica - 1958 (354,413); Mexico City Red Devils - 1960 (318,797), 1961 (285,301), 1962 (349,753); Poza Rica - 1963 (436,018); Mexico City Red Devils - 1964 (464,689), 1965 (441,885), 1966 (445,664), 1967 (536,743), 1968 (480,068), 1969 (428,548), 1972 (349,684), 1973 (434,133), 1974 (398,122), 1975 (380,528), 1976 (351,416); Monterrey - 2006 (989,454), 2012 (645,302), 2016 (690,305), 2017 (659,791); Tijuana – 2019 (677,464). Mexican League attendance from 1981 is not available.

FULL-SEASON AND SHORT-SEASON MLB-AFFILIATED AVERAGE PER DATE TEAM LEADERS - 1988-2024

Average per date figures were not available for all teams prior to 1992. No short-season teams after 2019.

Year	Affiliated U.S. Full-Season	Average/Date	Affiliated Short-Season	Average/Date
	Team Avg./Date Leader	Attendance	Team Avg./Date Leader	Attendance
1983	Louisville	16,191	N.A.	
1988	Buffalo	16,395	N.A.	
1989	Buffalo	16,180	N.A.	
1990	Buffalo	16,524	N.A.	
1991	Buffalo	17,231	N.A.	
1992	Buffalo	16,937	Salt Lake City	5,717
1993	Buffalo	15,123	Boise	3,976
1993	Buffalo	14,036	New Jersey Cardinals	4,470
1334	Dullaio	14,030		4,470
1995	Buffalo	13,247	Portland, OR	6,571
1996	Buffalo	12,899	Portland, OR	6,579
1997	Buffalo	11,603	Portland, OR	5,612
1998	Buffalo	10,933	Erie	4,941
1999	Buffalo	10,060	Mahoning Valley, OH	5,641
2000	Sacramento	12,312	Mahoning Valley, OH	5,429
2000	Sacramento	12,512	Brooklyn	7,821
2002	Sacramento	11,512	Brooklyn	8,345
2002	Sacramento*	10,643	Brooklyn	8,308
2000	Memphis*	10,437	Brooklyn	7,953
0005	0	40.407		7.040
2005	Sacramento*	10,497	Brooklyn	7,940
2006	Sacramento *	10,257	Brooklyn	7,820
2007	Sacramento	10,003	Brooklyn	8,194
2008	Sacramento*	9,725	Brooklyn	7,367
2009	Columbus, OH	9,526	Brooklyn	7,138
2010	Lehigh Valley, PA	9,227	Brooklyn	7,147
2011	Lehigh Valley, PA	9,249	Brooklyn	7,002
2012	Lehigh Valley, PA*	9,153	Brooklyn	6,553
2013	Columbus, OH*	9,212	Brooklyn	6,276
2014	Charlotte*	9,686	Brooklyn	6,260
2015	Charlotte	0.429	Brooklyn	6 224
2015	Charlotte*	9,428 8,974	Vancouver	6,234 6,177
2010	Indianapolis *	9,159	Vancouver	6,303
2017	Charlotte *	8,980	Vancouver	6,292
2018	Las Vegas	9,299	Vancouver	6,292
2021	Nashville	6,721	No Short-season teams	
2022	Dayton	7,935	No Short-season teams	
2023	Lehigh Valley (Allentown)	7,990	No Short-Season teams	
2024	Indianapolis	8,405	No Short-season teams	

* The Mexican League plays fewer games than the full-season MLB-Affiliated leagues, but a more games than the shortseason leagues. Mexican League teams with the highest yearly affiliated average per date attendance since 1992: 2003 – Saltillo (11,387); 2004 – Tijuana (12,764); 2005 – Saltillo (10,754); **2006 – Monterrey (17,990);** 2008 – Monterrey (12,424); 2012 – Monterrey (11,321); 2013 – Monterrey (11,145); 2014- Monterrey (11,856); 2016 – Monterrey (12,783); 2017 – Monterrey (11,575); 2018 – Monterrey (10,059); 2019 – Tijuana (11,291).

Tijuana, in the now-independent Mexican League, led all Minor League teams in 2021 with a 7,557 average per date, and in 2022, with a 10,088 average per date. Yucatan of the Mexican League led all teams in 2023, averaging 10,558. Mexico City had the highest average per date of any Minor League team in 2024 (11,761).

'THE MILLIONAIRES' – TEAMS THAT DREW A MILLION

There have been 7 seasons in which a Minor League team sold at least one million tickets. 1983 Louisville was the first to do it. The Buffalo Bisons topped one million for 6 consecutive seasons from 1988 through 1993. It hasn't been done since, and would be nearly impossible to do for all but a few Minor League teams due to ballpark capacity.

This section provides a review of those 7 special teams that had such a remarkable achievement, plus the 2006 Monterrey Sultanes of the Mexican League, who drew 989,454, and had the highest average per date ever.

Information and data sources are: Archives of The Louisville Courier-Journal and Buffalo News, as provided by the Newspapers.com Website; 2019 Buffalo Bisons Media Guide; 2023 Louisville Bats Media Guide; Attendance figures issued by the Office of Minor League Baseball; <u>The Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball</u> by Lloyd Johnson and Miles Wolff, published in 2007 by Baseball America; <u>500 Ballparks – From Wooden Seats to Retro Classics</u> by Eric Pastore, published in 2011; Major League Baseball Stats Reporting Platform; Sporting News Official Baseball Guides.

Unfortunately, as is often the case, there are discrepancies in the data, depending on the source. Some sources included exhibition, post-season, and All-Star games attendance, in their published totals. These will be noted. But the figures issued annually by Minor League Baseball will be considered official, and they only cover regular season games.

THE 1983 LOUISVILLE REDBIRDS

Louisville had no Minor League teams from 1963 through 1967, and from 1973 through 1981. Attendance from nearly all seasons in Louisville is available, going back to 1903. Highest attendance prior to 1982 was 355,241 in 1946, and 339,872 in 1947. From that point on, through 1972, attendance topped 200,000 only in 1962 and 1968.

In 1982, Minor League Baseball returned to Louisville in a big way, with a Triple-A American Association team. The Redbirds played in Cardinal Stadium, on the grounds of the Kentucky State Fair. This stadium, which opened in 1957, was the home of the University of Louisville football team, and had a seating capacity of 33,500. Among stadiums used by Minor League teams at that time, only War Memorial Stadium in Buffalo had a larger capacity.

The 1982 Redbirds drew an all-time Minor League record-high attendance of 868,418, breaking the old record of 670,563 by the 1946 San Francisco Seals of the Pacific Coast League. The Seals drew 640,643 in 1947, and 606,563 in 1948. The P.C.L. played a 186-game schedule in 1946 and 1947, and a 188-game schedule in 1948. No Minor League team drew at least 600,000 again until Louisville did it in 1982.

Prior to the 1983 season, Redbirds' ownership set a goal – become the first team to sell at least one million tickets in a season – and they did it!

Louisville drew 1,052,438 in 65 regular season dates in 1983, averaging 16,191 per date. The average per date was also, at that time, a Minor League record-high. There were 2 postponements. 9 dates drew under 10,000. But 33 dates topped 15,000. Attendance surpassed 20,000 at 19 dates, with 9 of them reaching 25,000. The largest crowds were 33,687 on August 23, 31,272 on July 3, and 31,258 on August 25. The final homestand attracted 161,548 in 7 dates, averaging 23,078 per date. The Redbirds had 5 home playoff games in 1983, which drew a total of 38,952, an average of 7,790 per game. They also had an exhibition game with their parent team, the St. Louis Cardinals, which drew 18,546. Louisville was the host of the 1983 Triple-A World Series, and those 4 games drew a total of 26,914. The grand total for all 1983 games in Louisville was 1,136,850 in 75 dates, averaging 15,158 per date.

1983 Louisville outdrew Major League Cleveland, Minnesota, and Seattle in total attendance, and those same teams, along with the New York Mets, in average per date.

In 1984, Louisville drew 846,878. They also topped 600,000 in 1985, 1986, 1990, 1992, and 1993 at Cardinal Stadium. Teams in the Triple-A American Association were merged into the other two Triple-A leagues in 1998, with Louisville being placed in the International League. This team got a new name – the RiverBats – in 2000, along with a beautiful new ballpark – Louisville Slugger Field, which has a capacity of 13,131. The team, whose name was shortened to the Bats in 2002, continued to draw very well. Attendance topped 600,000 every year from 2000 through 2011, with a high of 685,863 in 2000, and surpassed 500,000 each season from 2012 through 2016. Largest crowd at Louisville Slugger Field was 14,658 in 2018.

Louisville has drawn at least 600,000 in 20 different seasons, which is more often than any team. (Buffalo and Sacramento have each done it 16 times, and Indianapolis has done it 12 times.). Only Buffalo and Columbus have drawn at least 500,000 in a season more often than Louisville. A city that lost its team in the 1960's, and again in the 1970's, now has one the most successful teams in attendance.

'THE MILLIONAIRES' – TEAMS THAT DREW A MILLION

THE BUFFALO BISONS - 1988-1993

The story of Minor League Baseball in Buffalo has some similarities with the story in Louisville – A long-time Minor League city that lost its team in the early 1970's, gets a new team, and sets all-time attendance records.

Buffalo first topped 300,000 in attendance in 1903. Their 305,119 attendance was higher than what 8 of the 16 Major League teams drew in 1903. The team drew 393,843 in 1949, 386,071 in 1957, and 413,263 (6,457 average per date) in 1959. Buffalo led all U.S./Canadian teams in total attendance each year from 1957 through 1961. The Bisons had the best Minor League attendance again from 1988 through 1999, when they set records that may never be broken.

Offerman Stadium was the home to the Bisons from 1924 through 1960. When that stadium was replaced by a school, the Bisons moved to War Memorial Stadium, which in 1960, became home to the Buffalo Bills of the newly established American Football League. That stadium was expanded in 1960 for the Bills, and had a capacity of 46,500. The Bisons drew 259,734 in 1961, their largest total in their initial 10 years in War Memorial Stadium. Attendance fell during the 1960's. The stadium, which opened in 1937, was not in great shape, and neither was its neighborhood. The Bisons moved to Winnipeg in 1971, and Buffalo had no Minor League Baseball until 1979.

A Double-A Eastern League team was awarded to Buffalo in 1979, and it drew 133,148. Attendance was pretty low for the first 4 years, but it began to pick up significantly starting in 1983. The Bisons moved into the Triple-A American Association in 1985. (Like Louisville, Buffalo was moved into the Triple-A International League in 1998.) In 1986, the Bisons drew a team record-high 425,113, averaging 7,330 per date. They topped that in 1987, their final year in War Memorial Stadium, with a 495,760 total (the Bisons Media Guide lists the total as 497,760), and a 7,778 average per date. The final game at War Memorial Stadium, where the movie 'The Natural' was filmed, drew 25,412.

In 1988, the Bisons moved into a magnificent new ballpark in Downtown Buffalo. Pilot Field was the prototype of all the retro-style ballparks built since then. It initially had a 19,500 capacity, and was built to be expanded. This ballpark was home to a Minor League team, but its design and atmosphere was Major League. And that was the whole idea. Major League expansion was soon to come, and Buffalo wanted a team. They had a new park whose capacity could be increased to Major League standards, and a potential ownership group was being put together. They knew the Bisons would draw well. But now they wanted to show that Major League Baseball could succeed in Buffalo.

<u>1988</u>

Bisons' management had a clear goal for their first season in Pilot Field: Set the all-time Minor League attendance record. And they did!

The Bisons drew record-highs in total attendance (1,147,651 as reported by Minor League Baseball), and in average per date (16,395). Only 2 early season games had fewer than 10,000 tickets sold. There were 22 sellouts of 19,500, and 48 of the 70 dates drew at least 15,000. The Bisons had around 9,000 season tickets sold. Pilot Field also hosted the National Old-Timers Game, and the Triple-A All Star Game, and both of those events drew sellout crowds. (The Bisons Media Guide includes attendance for those games in their total.) The total for all games was 1,186,651.

<u>1989</u>

1988 was a tough act to follow, but the Bisons came very close to equaling those record-highs. They drew 1,116,441 in 69 dates in 1989, averaging 16,180 per date. Once again, Buffalo hosted the National Old-Timers Game, which drew 15,742. Some sources include this game in listed attendance, and show a total of 1,132,183. Just 2 dates drew under 10,000. 14 dates reached the 19,500 sellout figure, and 42 dates drew over 15,000. Each of the last 17 dates of the year had crowds of at least 17,000.

<u>1990</u>

The Bisons had an extra play-in game, to try to get into the playoffs in 1990. That game counted in the regular season total, and it pushed the Bisons to new Minor League highs in total attendance (1,156,661), and average per date (16,524). The Old-Timers game drew 17,697. During the season, capacity at Pilot Field was increased to 21,050, and 8 dates topped 20,000. For the 3rd straight year, just 2 dates drew less than 10,000. 52 dates topped 15,000. After June 20, only a game that made-up a rainout, as part of a separate-admission doubleheader, drew under 15,000.

'THE MILLIONAIRES' - TEAMS THAT DREW A MILLION

THE BUFFALO BISONS – 1988-1993

<u>1991</u>

The decision on which markets would get National League expansion teams was about to made. The Buffalo ownership group was ready, and so were the fans. The 1991 Bisons set a new record for total attendance, which has yet to be topped, and a new record-high average per date that no U.S./Canadian team has ever surpassed.

Total regular season attendance was 1,188,972 in 69 dates, an average of 17,231 per date. An exhibition game with the Pirates drew 16,362, and 2 playoff games drew a combined 35,617. The total for all games was 1,240,951, averaging 17,235 per date. Every date drew over 10,000. 53 regular season dates, plus the exhibition game, and one playoff game, topped 15,000, including all games after June 26. 15 regular season dates, and one playoff game, drew over 20,000. There were 8 regular season sellouts, and one playoff sellout, with each of those dates drawing 21,050.

<u>1992</u>

Miami and Denver were selected as the expansion cities. But despite the disappointment in Buffalo, Bisons fans continued to turn out in huge numbers. Total regular season attendance was 1,117,867 in 66 dates, an average of 16,937 per date. A playoff game drew an additional 16,621. The weather was really bad early in the season, as 5 of the first 10 scheduled dates were postponed. In 1992, every game drew at least 12,000. 48 dates topped 15,000, with 11 dates reaching 20,000. All 32 regular season dates from June 29 to the end of the season drew over 15,000, and 25 of them topped 17,000.

<u>1993</u>

The final year of the 'million-season' streak had a total attendance of 1,058,620, with a 15,342 average per date. Despite the slight attendance decline, just one date, which drew 9,933, was under 10,000. Attendance surpassed 15,000 at 43 dates, with 6 dates above 20,000.

For the 6 seasons from 1988 through 1993, the 413 Bisons regular season home dates drew a total of 6,786,212, averaging 16,432 per date. 286 of those dates had at least 15,000 tickets sold. Following the 1990 capacity expansion, 40 regular season dates, plus one in the playoffs, drew over 20,000.

Despite the end of the streak, the Bisons continued to draw well. Attendance was 982,493 (14,036 per date) in 1994, 900,782 (13,247 per date) in 1995, and 825,530 (12,899 per date) in 1996. Buffalo drew at least 500,000 in every season through 2019. They've now reached 500,000 in 32 seasons. Only Columbus has done that more often.

Pilot Field has undergone renovation, and several name changes. It is now named Sahlen Field. This park was the temporary home of the Toronto Blue Jays in the short 2020 season, and for 2 months of the 2021 season. Its 2024 listed capacity was 17,600.

WHO ELSE CAME CLOSE?

Among U.S. teams, 2001 Sacramento, who drew 901,214 (12,517 per date) has been the most recent team to draw at least 900,000.

But the average per date record the Bisons set in 1991 was broken by the 2006 Monterrey Sultanes of the Mexican League. The Office of Minor League Baseball and the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball reported that the 2006 Sultanes drew 989,454 in just 55 dates. That would be a record-high average per date of 17,990. The MLB Stats Reporting Platform shows a total of 977,508, and an average per date of 17,773, which would still be a record-high.

There likely is an error somewhere. The Stats Reporting Platform lists Monterrey's Opening Night attendance as 1,850. This is highly unlikely, since every other Sultanes' home game they listed had attendance of at least 13,700, and only 5 dates drew less than 15,000. 10 dates that year topped 20,000, with a high of 25,773 at 2 dates.

THE 'HALF-MILLION' CLUB

Attendance of at least 500,000 in a season has become quite common in the Minor Leagues. It happened 335 times from 2000 through 2024. 7 teams did it in 2024. But it is still a very significant achievement. 40 current markets, and 7 former teams, have done it at least once, including Worcester for the first time in 2022. **2023 Yucatan and 2024 Mexico City are the first independent league teams to draw 500,000**. The first time any Minor League teams reached 500,000 was in 1946 when the Baltimore Orioles of the International League, and the San Francisco Seals, Hollywood Stars, Oakland Oaks, and Los Angeles Angels of the Pacific Coast League did it. P.C.L. teams played as many as 186 games that year.

There were 11 occurrences of 500,000+ in attendance, all by P.C.L. teams, from 1947 through 1949. The Mexico City Red Devils were next to do it, topping 500,000 in 1967. But it didn't happen again for a U.S. team until 1979, when both Columbus and Nashville reached it. Excluding 2021, at least one team has done it each year since 1979, and at least 10 teams drew over 500,000 in each season from 2000 through 2019, and again in 2023.

For many Minor League teams, drawing 500,000 is impossible due to the capacity of their ballparks. This especially applies to some of the full-season Class-A teams. The former Short-season teams, and nearly all independent teams, don't play enough dates to reach this attendance level regardless of the size of their ballparks.

Columbus has drawn 500,000 in 36 seasons, which is the most by any team. Louisville has done it 31 times. Buffalo's 32 years in a row above the half-million mark was the longest streak through 2019. Indianapolis, with 27 straight years above 500,000 (excluding 2021) has the longest current streak. Overall, there have been 447 'Half-Million' seasons achieved by Minor League teams through 2024. Nashville, in 1979, was the first Double-A team to reach 500,000, and West Michigan, in 1995, was the first Class-A team to do it.

The first table below, and continuing on the next page, is a year-by-year listing of the teams that topped 500,000 from 1946 through 2024 (none did it in 2021). In 1983, Louisville became the first team to top one million. Buffalo drew better than one million each year from 1988 through 1993. No other Minor League team has drawn one million.

Year	# Teams	Teams that Drew at Least 500,000
1946	5	Baltimore, San Francisco, Hollywood, Oakland, Los Angeles
1947	5	Los Angeles, San Francisco, Oakland, Seattle, Hollywood
1948	3	Oakland, San Francisco, Los Angeles
1949	3	Hollywood, Oakland, Seattle
1967	1	Mexico City Red Devils
1979	2	Columbus, OH, Class AA Nashville
1980	3	Denver, Columbus, Nashville
1981	3	Denver, Columbus, Nashville
1982	4	Louisville, Yucatan (Mexican League), Denver, Nashville
1983	1	Louisville (First team to top one million)
1984	3	Louisville, Columbus, Yucatan
1985	2	Louisville, Columbus
1986	2	Louisville, Columbus
1987	2	Louisville, Columbus
1988	3	Louisville, Columbus, Buffalo
1989	3	Louisville, Columbus, Buffalo
1990	5	Louisville, Columbus, Buffalo, Nashville, Scranton-Wilkes Barre
1991	5	Louisville, Columbus, Buffalo, Scranton-Wilkes Barre, Denverdd
1992	4	Louisville, Buffalo, Columbus, Scranton-Wilkes Barre
1993	7	Buffalo, Louisville, Columbus, Scranton, Richmond, Norfolk, Ottawa
1994	7	Buffalo, Louisville, Columbus, Ottawa, Richmond, Norfolk, Salt Lake City
1995	7	Buffalo, Louisville, Norfolk, Richmond, Columbus, Salt Lake City, West Michigan
1996	7	Buffalo, Indianapolis, Columbus, Norfolk, Salt Lake, West Michigan, Lansing
1997	10	Buffalo, Indianapolis, Norfolk, New Orleans, Rochester, Columbus, Richmond, Salt Lake, Lansing, West Michigan

TEAMS DRAWING AT LEAST 500,000 IN A SEASON - 1946-1997

TEAMS DRAWING AT LEAST 500,000 IN A SEASON - 1998-2024

Year	# Teams	Teams that Drew at Least 500,000
1998	9	Buffalo, Rochester, Richmond, Indianapolis, Monterrey, New Orleans, Akron, Salt Lake, West Michigan
1999	6	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Richmond, Indianapolis, Salt Lake, Akron
2000	10	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Indianapolis, Louisville, Salt Lake, Memphis, Saltillo, Sacramento, Round Rock, Dayton
2001	14	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Durham, Louisville, Columbus, Indianapolis, Saltillo, Dayton, Monterrey, Yucatan, Memphis, Sacramento, Round Rock, Kane County IL
2002	15	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Durham, Norfolk, Toledo, Louisville, Indianapolis, Saltillo, Iowa, Sacramento, Fresno, Memphis, Round Rock, Dayton, Kane County
2003	15	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Louisville, Toledo, Indianapolis, Monterrey, Saltillo, Memphis, Albuquerque, Sacramento, Fresno, Round Rock, Frisco, Dayton, Kane County
2004	16	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Louisville, Toledo, Indianapolis, Saltillo, Tijuana, Sacramento, Iowa, Memphis, Fresno, Frisco, Round Rock, Dayton, Kane County, Albuquerque
2005	20	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Norfolk, Durham, Toledo, Indianapolis, Columbus, Louisville, Saltillo, Memphis, Iowa, Oklahoma City, Albuquerque, Round Rock, Sacramento, Springfield MO, Corpus Christi, Frisco, Dayton, Kane County
2006	19	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Durham, Indianapolis, Louisville, Toledo, Columbus, Saltillo, Monterrey, Iowa, Memphis, Round Rock, Oklahoma City, Albuquerque, Sacramento, Corpus Christi, Frisco, Dayton, Kane County
2007	18	Buffalo, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Louisville, Pawtucket, Albuquerque, Toledo, Scranton-Wilkes Barre, Fresno, Iowa, Memphis, Oklahoma City, Round Rock, Sacramento, Frisco, Dayton, Saltillo
2008	17	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Louisville, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA), Toledo, Columbus, Durham, Sacramento, Round Rock, Albuquerque, Salt Lake, Memphis, Fresno, Monterrey, Frisco, Dayton
2009	13	Buffalo, Columbus, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Louisville, Pawtucket, Toledo, Albuquerque, Iowa, Round Rock, Sacramento, Frisco, Dayton,
2010	15	Buffalo, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Louisville, Albuquerque, Toledo, Pawtucket, Iowa, Round Rock, Sacramento, Salt Lake, Frisco, Dayton
2011	13	Buffalo, Columbus, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Louisville, Pawtucket, Toledo, Albuquerque, Iowa, Round Rock, Sacramento, Frisco, Dayton
2012	14	Buffalo, Columbus, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Louisville, Pawtucket, Toledo, Albuquerque, Iowa, Round Rock, Sacramento, Salt Lake, Dayton, Monterrey
2013	13	Buffalo, Columbus, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Louisville, Pawtucket, Toledo, Albuquerque, Dayton, Round Rock, Sacramento, Salt Lake, Monterrey
2014	15	Buffalo, Charlotte, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Val., Dayton, El Paso, Albuquerque, Louisville, Pawtucket, Toledo, Round Rock, Sacramento, Monterrey
2015	17	Buffalo, Charlotte, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Albuquerque, Louisville, Toledo, El Paso, Round Rock, Sacramento, Dayton, Monterrey, Iowa, Nashville, Yucatan
2016	19	Buffalo, Charlotte, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Albuquerque, Louisville, Toledo, El Paso, Round Rock, Sacramento, Dayton, Monterrey, Iowa, Nashville, Yucatan, Salt Lake, Tijuana
2017	16	Buffalo, Charlotte, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Albuquerque, Toledo, El Paso, Round Rock, Sacramento, Dayton, Monterrey, Iowa, Nashville, Tijuana
2018	15	Buffalo, Charlotte, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Albuquerque, El Paso, Toledo, Round Rock, Sacramento, Dayton, Monterrey, Nashville, Tijuana
2019	16	Buffalo, Charlotte, Columbus, Durham, Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, Albuquerque, El Paso, Dayton, Round Rock, Sacramento, Monterrey, Nashville, Tijuana, Las Vegas, Yucatan
2022	8	Nashville, Lehigh Valley, Indianapolis, Columbus, Worcester, Charlotte, Las Vegas, Albuquerque
2023	10	Lehigh Valley, Nashville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Worcester, Las Vegas, Albuquerque, Dayton, El Paso, Yucatan
2024	7	Lehigh Valley, Indianapolis, Columbus OH, Dayton, Albuquerque, Nashville, Mexico City

THE 'HALF-MILLION' CLUB - continued

The next 2 tables show which markets have drawn at least 500,000 in a season, and how often they've done it. The first table covers 40 markets that currently have a Minor League team that has drawn 500,000. The second table lists the 7 former Minor League markets that have reached this level. No team drew at least 500,000 in 2021.

CURRENT MINOR LEAGUE MARKETS THAT HAVE DRAWN 500,000 IN A SEASON THROUGH 2024

	# Seasons with		# Seasons with
Market	500,000 Attend.	Market	500,000 Attend.
Columbus, Ohio	36	Charlotte	7
Buffalo	32	Yucatan, Mexico	7
Louisville	31	El Paso	7
Indianapolis	27	Kane County, IL	6
Dayton	22	Richmond	6
Sacramento	20	Tijuana, Mexico	5
Round Rock	20	Fresno	5
Albuquerque	20	Scranton-Wilkes Barre	5
Toledo	17	West Michigan	4
Pawtucket	16	Oklahoma City	3
Lehigh Valley (Allentown)	15	Las Vegas	3
Durham	13	Corpus Christi	2
Monterrey, Mexico	13	Ottawa	2
Nashville	13	Akron	2
Salt Lake City	12	Rochester, NY	2
	10		
Iowa (Des Moines)	12	Worcester	2
Memphis	9	Lansing	2
Frisco	9	New Orleans	2
Saltillo, Mexico	8	Mexico City Red Devils	2
Norfolk	7	Springfield, MO	1

FORMER MINOR LEAGUE MARKETS THAT HAVE DRAWN 500,000 IN A SEASON

	# Seasons with		# Seasons with
Team	500,000 Attend.	Team	500,000 Attend.
Denver Bears	4	Hollywood Stars	3
Oakland Oaks	4	Seattle Rainiers	2
Los Angeles Angels	3	Baltimore Orioles	1
San Francisco Seals	3		

The Baltimore Orioles played in the International League. The other 6 teams in the above table played in the Pacific Coast League. During the late 1940's, when all of these 500,000+ seasons took place, these leagues played a longer schedule than they do now, usually over 180 games for the P.C.L., and 154 games in the International League.

Team	# Seasons	Years	Team	# Seasons	Years
Buffalo	32	1988-2019	Pawtucket	16	1999-2014
Indianapolis	27	1996-2024	Lehigh Valley	15	2008-2024
Sacramento	20	2000-2019	Columbus	14	1984-1997
Dayton	20	2000-2019	Louisville	14	1982-1995
Round Rock	20	2000-2019	Frisco	9	2003-2011
Albuquerque	20	2003-2024	Memphis	9	2000-2008
Columbus	18	2005-2024 Saltillo		8	2000-2007
Toledo	17	2002-2018	Nashville	8	2015-2024
Louisville	17	2000-2016			

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE TEAMS HIGH ATTENDANCE SEASONS - Includes Mexican League starting in 2021

The following table is a yearly listing of independent league teams that drew at least 200,000 in a season, and for Atlantic League and post-2019 Mexican League teams, that drew 300,000+. The distinction is made because the Atlantic League plays a longer season (about 70 home dates) than any other independent league. Atlantic League teams in this table are displayed in italics. Teams from other independent leagues in this table play around 50 home dates per year.

INDEPENDENT TEAMS DRAWING 200,000+ IN A SEASON, ATLANTIC LEAGUE-300,000+ - 1994-2024

Year	# Teams	Independent Teams that Drew 200,000+ (300,000 – Atlantic League in italics)
1994	2	St. Paul, Winnipeg
1995	1	St. Paul
1996	1	St. Paul
1997	1	St. Paul
1998	1	St. Paul
1999	5	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Bridgeport, Somerset NJ
2000	7	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Ozark Mountain, Long Island, Bridgeport, Somerset
2001	6	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Lincoln, Long Island, Somerset
2002	8	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Lincoln, Joliet, Long Island, Somerset, Camden
2003	8	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Lincoln, Kansas City KS, Long Island, Camden, Somerset
2004	9	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Lincoln, Kansas City, Brockton, Gateway, Long Is., Somerset
2005	9	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Lincoln, Kansas City, Joliet, Long Island, Somerset, Lancaster PA
2006	9	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Joliet, Traverse City, Long Island, Somerset, Lancaster
2007	10	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Kansas City, El Paso, Traverse City, So. Illinois, Long Island,
		Somerset, Lancaster
2008	9	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Southern Illinois, Long Isl., Somerset, Lancaster, York
2009	9	St. Paul, Schaumburg, Winnipeg, Kansas City, So. Illinois, El Paso, Long Island, Somerset, Lancaster
2010	8	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Southern Illinois, Traverse City, Long Island, Somerset, Lancaster
2011	6	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Long Island, Somerset, Lancaster
2012	7	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Long Island, Somerset, Lancaster, Sugar Land
2013	6	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land
2014	7	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land, Lancaster
2015	6	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land
2016	6	St. Paul, Winnipeg, Kansas City, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land
2017	4	St. Paul, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land
2018	4	St. Paul, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land
2019	4	St. Paul, Long Island, Somerset, Sugar Land
2022	9	Yucatan, Monterrey, Tijuana, Monclova, Laguna, Mexico City, Saltillo, Kane County, Schaumburg
2023	10	Yucatan, Mexico City, Tijuana, Monterrey, Saltillo, Kane County, Laguna, Schaumburg, Quintana Roo,
		Chicago
2024	10	Mexico City, Tijuana, Monterrey, Union Laguna, Saltillo, Quintana Roo, Puebla, Kane County, Chicago,
		Schaumburg

SHORT-SEASON NAPBL TEAMS THAT DREW AT LEAST 150,000, AND 200,000+

Short-season MLB-Affiliated teams were scheduled for 32-38 dates per year. Most played in fairly small ballparks, so attendance of 150,000 in a season was significant, and 200,000 was very exceptional. There are some teams whose ballpark capacity was so small that they couldn't draw 75,000 even if they sold every ticket to every game.

In 1957, the Appalachian League was the first league to play a short-season schedule, running from mid-June to the end of August or early September. By the late-1960's, the New York-Penn, Northwest, and Pioneer Leagues also adopted a short-season schedule. Currently, 40 teams play in these 4 leagues. In 1974, Portland OR became the first short-season team to draw at least 100,000. They did it again in 1975 and 1977. But no other short-season team topped 100,000 until 1985. In 1987, Salt Lake City became the first short-season team to top 150,000.

Attendance of at least 200,000 occurred 45 times for short-season teams. Brooklyn did it 17 times, followed by Aberdeen (11), Vancouver (5), Portland, OR (4), Salt Lake City, Spokane, Mahoning Valley (2 times each), and Spokane and Lowell (once each). Short-season, MLB-affiliated leagues ceased to exist after 2019.

SHORT-SEASON TEAMS DRAWING AT LEAST 150,000, AND 200,000 IN A SEASON - 1987-2019

Year	# of Teams	Short-Season Teams that Drew at Least 150,000. 200,000+ shown in BOLD
1987	1	Salt Lake
1988	1	Salt Lake
1989	1	Salt Lake
1990	1	Salt Lake
1991	1	Salt Lake
1992	1	Salt Lake
1993	1	Boise
1994	3	Boise, Spokane, New Jersey (Sussex County)
1995	6	Hudson Valley, New Jersey, Erie, Spokane, Boise, Portland OR
1996	6	Hudson Valley, New Jersey, Erie, Spokane, Boise, Portland OR
1997	6	Hudson Valley, New Jersey, Erie, Spokane, Boise, Portland OR
1998	7	Hudson Valley, New Jersey, Erie, Spokane, Boise, Portland OR, Lowell
1999	5	Hudson Valley, Mahoning Valley, Lowell, Spokane, Portland OR
2000	5	Hudson Valley, Lowell, Mahoning Valley, Spokane, Portland OR
2001	6	Brooklyn, Staten Island, Hudson Valley, Mahoning Valley, Lowell, Spokane
2002	7	Brooklyn, Staten Island, Aberdeen, Hudson Valley, Mahoning Valley, Lowell, Spokane
2003	5	Brooklyn, Staten Island, Aberdeen, Lowell, Spokane
2004	7	Brooklyn, Hudson Valley, Staten Island, Aberdeen, Lowell, Mahoning Valley, Spokane
2005	7	Brooklyn, Staten Island, Hudson Valley, Aberdeen, Lowell, Mahoning Valley, Spokane
2006	5	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Hudson Valley, Lowell, Spokane
2000	7	Brooklyn, Aberdeen , Hudson Valley, Lowell, State College, Staten Island, Spokane
2008	7	Brooklyn, Aberdeen , Hudson Val., Lowell, State College, Staten Island, Spokane
2000	6	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Hudson Valley, Lowell, Staten Island, Spokane
2003	0	Brookiyn, Aberdeen, Hudson vaney, Lowen, Staten Island, Spokane
2010	8	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Hudson Valley, Lowell, Staten Island, Spokane, Vancouver,
		Tri-City (Troy, NY)
2011	7	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Lowell, Staten Island, Tri-City (NY), Spokane, Vancouver
2012	7	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Lowell, Hudson Valley, Tri-City (NY), Spokane, Vancouver
2013	7	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Lowell, Hudson Valley, Tri-City (NY), Spokane, Vancouver
2014	7	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Lowell, Hudson Valley, Tri-City (NY), Spokane, Vancouver
2015	6	Brooklyn, Aberdeen, Hudson Valley, Tri-City (NY), Spokane, Vancouver
2016	4	Brooklyn, Hudson Valley, Spokane, Vancouver
2017	3	Brooklyn, Spokane, Vancouver
2018	3	Brooklyn, Spokane, Vancouver
2019	3	Brooklyn, Spokane, Vancouver

MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUES ATTENDANCE HIGHLIGHTS

2024 - LEAGUE AND INDIVIDUAL TEAM DATA

This section covers 2024 and historical attendance data and highlights of every MLB-affiliated and independent Minor League, and every team, that played in 2024. The usual attendance comparisons are made with the previous season, which this year is **2024 vs. 2023**.

Remember, the MLB-affiliated teams didn't play in 2020, and the independent leagues that did play, had very limited schedules, and restrictions on attendance. Independent league data will be found in the Independent Leagues section, later on in this report.

<u>2024 vs. 2023 COMPARISONS</u> - A table comparing **2024 and 2023** total attendance and average per date, for each MLB-affiliated team and league can be found starting on page 206. This same information for independent league teams starts on page 261. Similar data and comparisons for some Summer Collegiate leagues and teams is on page 324.

<u>2024 vs. 2019 COMPARISONS</u> – A table comparing 2024 and 2019 total attendance and average per date, for each Minor League team that played in both of those seasons, is not being published in this report. But such a table is available by e-mail from <u>d.kronheim@verizon.net</u>. Just ask, and you shall receive.

2024 League and Team Attendance Leaders

- The Triple-A International League had the most teams (20), the most dates played (1,419), the highest total attendance (8,345,881) and average per team (417,294), and the top average per date (5,882) of any league.
- In Double-A the Eastern League posted the best total (3,659,775), average per team (304,981), and average per date (4,621). The Texas League was close behind averaging 294,610 per team, and 4,391 per date.
- The Midwest League had the top High-A total (3,042,514), average per team (253,543), and average per date (4,041).
- Best drawing Single-A league was the Carolina (2,246,298 total, 187,192 average per team, 2,999 average per date).
- In the independent leagues, the Mexican League (20 teams), had the top total (4,032,870), best average per team (201,644), and highest average per date (4,750). The American Association drew 1,615,340, averaging 134,612, and 2,804 per date, to lead the U.S./Canadian independent leagues with teams in multiple sites. The United Shore League, with all teams in Utica, MI, drew an estimated 257,300, averaging an estimated 3,100 per date. The Atlantic League had the highest U.S./Canadian independent average per team (160,050). The Frontier, Pioneer, and Mavericks Leagues all set record-highs in total attendance, and the Mavericks League had a record-high average per date.
- Among MLB-affiliated teams, Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA) had the 2024 highest total attendance (588,788), followed by Indianapolis (588,363), Columbus, OH (530,992), High-A Dayton (528,778), Albuquerque (503,525), and Nashville (500,241).
 23 teams topped 400,000, and 43 teams drew above 300,000.
- In 2024 average per date, Indianapolis was the top draw (8,405), followed by Lehigh Valley (8,066), Dayton (8,012), Columbus, OH (7,586), Nashville (7,046), and Worcester (6,852). 21 teams topped 6,000, and 33 teams drew an average of better than 5,000 per date.
- In **2022**, High-A Dayton led the MLB-affiliated leagues in average per date (7,935). (The last Class A team to lead Minor League Baseball in total attendance was Denver in 1952, but Toronto had a higher average per date that year.) Average per date for 1952 Denver is not available.
- For the independent teams, Mexico City had the highest **2024** total attendance (505,761), followed by Tijuana (419,200), Monterrey (354,094), Laguna (332,273) and Saltillo (292,105). Long Island (290,073) had the highest total among U.S./Canadian independent teams, followed by Kane County (274,694).
- Mexico City had the top average per date (11,761), which was the best in all Minor League Baseball in 2024, followed in the independent leagues by Tijuana (9.527), Monterrey (8,431), Union Laguna (7,070) and Saltillo (6,481). Among U.S./Canadian independent teams, Kane County, IL (5,606) had the highest average per date, followed by Schaumburg (4,721), Long Island (4,679), and Chicago (4,467).

Numerical Attendance Increases - 2024 vs. 2023

- These MLB-affiliated teams had the biggest numerical gains in **total attendance**: Indianapolis (31,588); Reading (28,784); Salt Lake (25,984); Frisco (23,391); Dunedin (23,156); Lehigh Valley (21,466); Sacramento (21,225).
- The MLB-affiliated teams with the best numerical gains in **average attendance per date**: Indianapolis (563); Rochester (377); Arkansas (368); Dunedin (368); Sacramento (357); Frisco (349); Reading (346); Norfolk (344).
- Among the independent leagues, the highest total attendance numerical gains were by: Union Laguna (72,073); Aguascalientes (71,619); Jalisco (60,163); Mexico City (53,842); Puebla (41,107); New Jersey (40,051); United Shore League (est-30,990); Cleburne (22,317). Mexican League teams had 5 top gains in total attendance in this group.
- Top independent league **average per date** numerical growth: Jalisco (1,491); Aguascalientes (1,487); Mexico City (1,252); Union Laguna (1,155); New Jersey (991); Puebla (676); Oaxaca (489); Sussex (463); Cleburne (446); Quebec (401); Quintana Roo (377). Mexican League teams had the 4 biggest gains in this group.

Percentage Attendance Increases – 2024 vs. 2023

Percentage gains and losses rankings excludes those Pecos Baseball League teams which drew under 20,000, since relatively minor changes in their total attendance and average per date figures, result in distortedly high percentage changes. Most of their teams play in very small ballparks.

- MLB-affiliated teams with the top percentage gains in **total attendance**: Dunedin (74.2%); Palm Beach (39.0%); Jupiter (19.8%); Lake Elsinore (9.0%); Lake County, OH (8.4%); Great Lakes, MI (7.9%); Reading (7.5%).
- MLB-affiliated top percentage gains in average per date: Dunedin (74.2%); Palm Beach (17.4%); Jupiter (11.2%); Lakeland (9.3%); Arkansas (8.0%); Indianapolis (7.2%); Sacramento (6.9%); Frisco (6.7%); Great Lakes, MI (6.2%).
- Independent best **total attendance** percentage gains: Bakersfield (112.8%); Aguascalientes (95.5%); New Jersey (88.1%); Jalisco (56.5%); Cleburne (37.3%); Sussex (29.2%); Union Laguna (27.7%); Puebla (24.3%).
- Best independent **average per date** percentage growth: New Jersey (109.0%); Bakersfield (89.8%); Aguascalientes (77.3%); Jalisco (60.3%); Cleburne (37.3%); Sussex (29.2%); Sioux Falls, SD (23.7%); Staten Island (22.2%).

Numerical Attendance Declines – 2024 vs. 2023

- The MLB-affiliated teams with biggest numerical **total attendance** declines were: Binghamton, NY (60,850); Charlotte (59,729); Nashville (56,721); Round Rock (45,525); Mississippi (44,241); Gwinnett (42,375); Worcester (40,015).
- MLB-affiliated teams with the largest **average per date** decreases were: Binghamton, NY (865); Nashville (690); Gwinnett (634); Winston-Salem (615); Worcester (572); Charlotte (560); Greensboro (547); Buffalo (510).
- For the independent leagues, the largest total attendance declines were by: Yucatan (371,984); Veracruz (43,735); Leon (24,871); Tabasco (22,298), Southern Maryland (20,176); Gastonia (19,628); Ogden (17,552). Monterrey, MEX (17,168)
- The biggest independent **average per date** declines were by: Yucatan (7,270); Veracruz (1,436); Tabasco (1,182); Saltillo (832); Leon (592); Ogden (373); Boise (256); Billings (238).

Percentage Attendance Declines - 2024 vs. 2023

- MLB-affiliated teams with the largest percentage declines in total attendance were: Binghamton, NY (29.4%); Mississippi (27.2%); Fort Myers (23.4%); Down East (22.1%); Gwinnett (18.3%); Rome (17.6%); Memphis (13.7%).
- MLB-affiliated teams with the worst percentage losses in **average per date** were: Binghamton, NY (27.2%); Gwinnett (19.5%); Mississippi (18.2%); Carolina (16.1%); Delmarva (15.9%); Memphis (13.7%); Winston-Salem (13.0%).
- Independent 'same market' teams with the biggest **total attendance** percentage decreases were: Yucatan (73.4%); Veracruz (22.5%); Gastonia (21.5%); Leon (12.9%); Kansas City (12.6%); High Point (11.9%); Tabasco (11.8%).
- 'Same market' independent teams with the worst percentage losses in **average per date** were: Yucatan (68.9%); Veracruz (29.6%); Tabasco (23.9%); Gastonia (14.9%); Leon (12.9%); High Point (11.9%); Saltillo (11.4%).

An Excel worksheet with complete top to bottom rankings of MLB-affiliated teams, and independent teams, in the categories of total attendance, average per date is available. It includes **2024 vs. 2023** changes ranked by team from the highest increase to the largest decline in total attendance and average per date, by both numerical and percentage change. If you'd like a copy, please contact David Kronheim (<u>d.kronheim@verizon.net</u> or at 718-380-3851 or 718-591-2043) and it will be e-mailed to you, of course, for free.

Historical data for the now-defunct New York-Penn League is at the end of the MLB-affiliated section.

The Pioneer and Mexican Leagues are now professional independent leagues and all their notes are in the independent leagues section. The Appalachian League is now an MLB-Partner Summer Collegiate League. 2024 and historical data for the Appalachian and MLB-Draft Leagues, can be found in the Collegiate Summer Leagues section at the end of this report. 2024 attendance and historical information for other 2019 Minor League teams now playing in Collegiate Summer Leagues, or not playing in 2024, are also in that section.

The team notes for the MLB-affiliated, and the Atlantic, Mexican, and Appalachian Leagues, note the number of dates that drew what are considered 'large crowds' for each team. A definition of a 'large crowd' varies by team, based on league classification, ballpark capacity, and the team's attendance history.

- Triple-A The 30 Triple-A teams drew a combined 12,492,947 in 2024, averaging 416,432 per team and 5,792 per date, with 93 lost dates. They had 2 more dates in 2024 than in 2023. These same teams drew 12,844,626 in 2023, averaging 428,154 per team, and 5,960 per date, with 95 lost dates.
- **2024 vs. 2023** Triple-A total attendance was down 351,679 (2.7%), and average per date fell 169 (2.8%). 11 teams had gains in total attendance, and 8 were up in average per date. 9 teams had more dates in 2024 than in 2023.
- International League 20 teams. The league consists of all 14 teams from the 2019 International League, plus lowa, Memphis, Nashville, and Omaha, from the Pacific Coast League, Jacksonville, from the Double-A Southern League, and St. Paul, who played in the independent American Association in 2019.
- This league has the most teams of any league, and it drew the highest attendance of any league in **2024**. But it had the largest numerical declines of any MLB-affiliated league. Total **2024** attendance was 8,345,881, averaging 417,294 per team, and 5,882 per date. There were 81 lost dates, and one less date than in **2023**. 4 teams (Nashville, Lehigh Valley, Indianapolis, Columbus) drew over 500,000, and 9 other teams topped 400,000. The league had the top 3, and 12 of the top 18, MLB-affiliated teams in total attendance, and 10 of the 15 MLB-affiliated teams with the highest average per date. 4 teams averaged at least 7,000 per date, and 8 other teams averaged better than 6,000.
- Lehigh Valley drew 588,788, the best total of <u>any</u> Minor League team in 2024, and averaged 8,066 per date, the 2nd best average per date among all MLB-affiliated teams. Indianapolis was a very close 2nd in total attendance (588,363), and led all MLB-affiliated teams with an 8,405 average per date.
- For **2024 vs. 2023**, total attendance was down 263,364 (3.1%), and average per date fell 181 (3.0%). 8 teams had gains in total attendance, and 5 teams were up in average per date.
- Indianapolis had the largest numerical gains (31,588 in total attendance, 563 in average per date) of any MLBaffiliated team. Lehigh Valley also had a 20,000+ increase in total attendance. Norfolk, Rochester, and Toledo also had average per date growth of better than 200.
- Charlotte had 3 fewer dates than in 2023, and had the league's top total attendance decline (59,729), which was the 2nd highest loss among MLB-affiliates. Nashville's 690 dip in average per date was the worst in the league, and the 2nd largest among the MLB-affiliated teams. Charlotte, Gwinnett, Nashville, and Worcester all had total attendance declines of at least 40,000. Those same 4 teams, plus Buffalo, had average per date declines of at least 500.
- Buffalo had the largest crowd (14,524) of 2024 among all MLB-affiliated teams.
- In 2019, the 14-team International League drew 6,445,838, and averaged 6,887 per date.
- **Pacific Coast League** 10 teams. 9 of the teams in this league played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League in 2019. Sugar Land was in the independent Atlantic League.
- Total **2024** attendance was 4,147,066, down 88,315 (2.1%) from **2023**. Average per team was 414,707. Average per date fell 143 (2.5%) to 5,619. There were 3 more dates in **2024 than in 2023**, and 12 dates were lost. 3 teams had gains in total attendance, led by Salt Lake, up 25,984. 3 teams had average per date increases, topped by Sacramento, up 357. Round Rock had the largest declines in the league, down 45,525 in total, and 478 in average.
- Albuquerque led the league with 503,525 in total attendance, which was the 5th highest among MLB-affiliated teams in 2024, and in average per date (6,714). Salt Lake, which moves to a new park in 2025, had the league's largest crowd of 2024 (14,455). El Paso, Las Vegas, Sacramento, Tacoma, and Salt Lake also topped 400,000 in total attendance, and El Paso, Las Vegas, and Salt Lake also averaged better than 6,000 per date. Sugar Land was the only team that didn't average at least 4,800 per date.
- Tacoma set new team record-highs in total attendance (401,027) and average per date (5,494).
- Total **2019** attendance in the 16-team Pacific Coast League was 7,054,538, with a 6,532 average per date.

- Double-A The 30 teams drew 8,389,769 in 2024, averaging 279,659 per team, and 4,235 per date, with 88 lost dates, and 5 fewer dates played than in 2023.
- **2024** Double-A total attendance fell 208,673 (2.4%) **from 2023**, and average per date declined by 94 (2.2%). 10 teams had increases in total attendance, and 8 teams had gains in average per date.
- **Texas League** 10 teams. Made up of all 8 of the 2019 Texas League teams, plus San Antonio, who played in the Pacific Coast League in 2019, and Wichita, also from the PCL, but who played in New Orleans in 2019.
- The league drew a **2024** total of 2,946,097, with just 19 lost dates, averaging 294,610 per team, and 4,391 per date. The total was down 69,975 (2.3%) from **2023**, and average per date fell 78 (1.7%), with 4 fewer dates. Arkansas, Frisco, and Springfield, MO had total attendance increases, and Arkansas and Frisco were up in average per date.
- Frisco had the Texas League top total (371,149), top average per date (5,540), best total attendance increase (23,391), and largest crowd (12,051). Arkansas posted the highest average per date gain, up 368. Amarillo, Arkansas, Tulsa, and Wichita also surpassed 300,000 in total attendance, and Amarillo and Tulsa also averaged better than 5,000 per date. Biggest losses were by Northwest Arkansas in total attendance, down 25,953, with 2 fewer dates than in 2023, and by Wichita, down 301, in average per date.
- The 8 teams that played in the Texas League in 2019, drew 2,791,180 that year, averaging 5,131 per date.
- **Eastern League** 12 teams. 11 of the teams were in the Eastern League in 2019. Somerset played in the independent Atlantic League that year.
- The league drew 3,659,775 in **2024**, averaging 304,981 per team, and 4,621 per date. These figures are the highest among the Double-A leagues. There were 36 lost dates, and 7 more dates played than in **2023**. The total was down 46,734 (1.3%), and average per date declined 101 (2.1%). 6 teams had increases in total attendance, and 5 were up in average per date. The top crowd was 9,810 in Richmond.
- Richmond had the top total attendance (435,295) and average per date (6,595) among all Double-A teams. Hartford and Reading also topped 400,000 in total attendance and 6,000 in average per date. Portland's average per date was also above 6,000. Altoona, Portland ME, and Somerset drew over 300,000 in total attendance.
- In 2023, Binghamton had the 3rd best total attendance gain, and the 2nd highest average per date increase, among all MLB-affiliated teams. But 2024, was not so good for the Rumble Ponies. The declines of 60,850 (29.4%) in total attendance, and 865 (27.2%) in average per date, were the highest numerical and percentage decreases among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams. The weather didn't help as Binghamton had 6 lost dates, the most of any Eastern League team.
- Reading had the top increases in the league, with total attendance up 28,784, and average per date up 346.
- Teams in the **2019 Eastern League** drew 3,749,124, and averaged 4,764 per date.

- Southern League 8 teams, all of whom played in the Southern League in 2019.
- **2024** total attendance was 1,783,897, averaging 222,987 per team, and 3,444 per date, with 33 lost dates. Rocket City (Madison, AL) had the league's best attendance, with a 319,417 total and a 4,563 average per date. Their home total included 11,150 for 4 dates originally scheduled in Mississippi. (One more Mississippi 'home' date at Rocket City was rained out.) Pensacola and Tennessee also topped 285,000 in total attendance, and averaged above 4,200 per date. Largest crowd of the season was 8,026 in Birmingham.
- Compared to **2023**, the **2024** total was down 91,964 (4.9%), and average per date dropped by 122 (3.4%), with 8 fewer dates. Rocket City had the league's only increase in total attendance, up 5,111. Montgomery, up 5, had the only average per date gain. Biggest losses were by Mississippi, down 44,241 in total attendance, and down 464 in average per date. As a result of those 5 scheduled dates moved to Rocket City, and 7 home rainouts, Mississippi only played 57 home dates. This team moves to Columbus, GA in 2025, and will be named the Clingstones.
- The 10-team **2019 Southern League** drew 2,242,303, and averaged 3,439 per date.
- In 2021, the Rocket City (Madison, AL) Trash Pandas, who moved from Mobile, and had a great first season, in both marketing and attendance. They led the league in total attendance (274,858), and led all of Double-A in average per date (5,726), despite 12 lost dates. Their 2021 total was up 179,771, and the average per date rose 4,141, from 2019 in Mobile. According to Ballparkdigest.com, the Trash Pandas had \$1.4 million in merchandise sales before ever playing a game in Madison.
- **High-A** The 30 teams in this group drew a total of 6,406,158 in **2024**, averaging 213,539 per team, and 3,395 per date, with 93 lost dates. There was one more date played than in 2023.
- **2024** High-A total attendance was down 116,172 (1.8%) **from 2023**. Average per date fell 63 (1.8%). 15 teams were up in total attendance **vs. 2023**, with Lake County (OH), up 16,322, having the best gain. 12 teams had average per date increases, led by a 277 gain by Fort Wayne. Winston-Salem had the largest declines, down 38,151 in total attendance, and 615 in average per date. Top crowd was 9,917 in Lansing.
- South Atlantic League 12 teams. Asheville, Greensboro, Greenville, Hickory, Jersey Shore (Lakewood), and Rome, were in the South Atlantic League in 2019. Wilmington, DE and Winston-Salem played in the Carolina League in 2019. Bowling Green, KY was in the Midwest League, and Aberdeen, Brooklyn, and Hudson Valley played in the short-season New York-Penn League in 2019.
- This league drew 2,269,663 in 2024, averaging 189,139 per team, and 3,022 per date, with 41 lost dates, and 6 more dates than in 2023. Greenville SC led the league in both total attendance (304,653) and average per date (4,687). Greensboro, Jersey Shore (Lakewood, NJ), and Winston-Salem also topped 250,000 in total attendance, and Jersey and Winston-Salem also drew above 4,000 in average per date. Top crowd was 9,462 at Jersey Shore.
- Comparing **2024 with 2023**, total attendance decreased 100,492 (4.2%), and average per date was down 159 (5.0%). 5 teams had gains in total attendance, and 3 were up in average per date.
- Hudson Valley drew a team record-high total of 195,791. The Renegades also had the league's best increases in total attendance (up 12,142) and average per date (up 143). As noted above, Winston-Salem had the biggest declines among High-A teams.
- The Hub City Spartanburgers (Spartanburg, SC) join the league in 2025. They replace the Hickory Crawdads, who move to the Carolina League.

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- Midwest League 12 teams. All these teams played in the Midwest League in 2019.
- Drew 3,042,514 in **2024**, averaging 253,543 per team, and 4,041 per date, which were the highest figures by any Class A league. There were 39 lost dates. Lansing had the highest single game attendance 9,917.
- **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance rose 2,788 (0.1%), despite 10 fewer dates than in 2023. Average per date was up 57 (1.4%). 7 teams had gains in total attendance, led by Lake County, up 16,322. 8 teams were up in average per date, led by Fort Wayne, up 277. Wisconsin had a 201 average per date increase. Lansing, down 33,060 in total attendance, and down 382 in average per date, had the biggest declines.
- Beloit set a new team record-high in average per date (1,654).
- For the 18th straight year, Dayton had the highest attendance of any team below Triple-A, drawing an MLBaffiliated 4th best 2024 total of 528,778. They averaged 8,012 per date, 3rd highest among the MLB-affiliates. In 2022, the Dragons led all MLB-affiliated teams with a 7,935 average per date. This may have been the first time a Class A team led the Minor Leagues in average per date. Class-A Denver had the highest Minor League total attendance in 1952, but Triple-A Toronto had a higher average per date. Through 2019, Dayton had 20 of the 21 top season attendance totals by a Class A team. West Michigan had the other Top 21 total.
- Dayton holds the record for the longest consecutive sellout streak in North American sports. It was 1,385 regular season dates from the team's inception in 2000 through the 2019 season. The Dragons started the 2021 season with a greatly reduced allowable capacity in their ballpark. They did draw at least 6,000 to 33 dates. Their final 2021 Game Notes didn't mention sellouts, so it can be assumed that they didn't sell out every game in 2021. But it really wouldn't be fair to end such a great streak under circumstances mostly beyond the team's control. They sold out all 2022 dates. In both 2023 and 2024, all 66 Dayton home dates drew above their park's seating capacity, an amazing feat, especially considering they had no rainouts, and thus didn't have any redeemed rainchecks to add to their daily attendance. The sellout streak through 2024 is at 1,573, again excluding 2021. Every date in Dayton drew over 7,300 in 2024, with 29 dates attracting more than 8,000.
- Dayton, Fort Wayne, South Bend, and West Michigan drew over 300,000. Lansing, South Bend, West Michigan and Fort Wayne, along with Dayton, topped 4,000 per date.
- Northwest League 6 teams, all played in the short-season Northwest League in 2019.
- 2024 total attendance was 1,093,981, averaging 182,330 per team, and 2,856 per date. There were 5 more dates played than in 2023. Record-highs in total attendance were achieved by Spokane (254,807 as a Northwest League team), Tri-City (121,949), and Eugene (153,067 also as a Northwest League team). Eugene and Spokane had higher totals when they played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League. The short-season Northwest League record for average attendance per team occurred in 2019, when the 8-team league averaged 139,452 per team. 3 teams had 2024 total attendance gains, but only one club had an average per date increase.
- Vancouver led the league, drawing 274,892, with a 4,659 average per date, and 19 sellouts. But the Canadians had the biggest **2024 vs. 2023** declines in the league, down 22,245 in total attendance, and down 217 in average per date. As usual, Spokane drew well, with their Northwest League record-high total noted above, and a 3,920 average per date, along with the league's biggest crowd of the year (6,813).
- **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance fell 18,468 (1.7%), and average per date was down 87 (2.9%). Eugene posted the top gain in total attendance (7,171). Tri-City had the league's only average per date gain, up 51.
- With the longer schedule starting in 2021, the Northwest League now has more lost dates than in the past. There were 13 lost dates in 2024, 18 lost dates in 2023, and 21 lost dates in 2022. The 6 teams in the league had no lost dates in 2019, 1 each in 2018 and 2017, 4 in 2016 and 2013, 2 in 2015, and 3 in 2014 and 2012. The teams also play more games now on school days and nights, which tends to lead to a lower average per date, compared to when the league had a mid-June to Labor Day (Labour Day in Vancouver) schedule.

- Single-A (formerly Low-A) Combined total attendance for the 30 teams in 2024 was 4,057,595. Average per team was 135,253, and average per date was 2,203. There were 138 lost dates, which include games played by Jupiter and Palm Beach when fans were not allowed to attend. Top crowd was 9,939 at Fresno.
- **2024 vs. 2023** Single-A total attendance was down 129,391 (3.1%). Average per date fell 67 (2.9%), with 3 fewer dates with fans in attendance. 12 teams had gains in total attendance, and 13 were up in average per date. Dunedin had the largest gains in total attendance (23,156) and average per date (368). Fredericksburg suffered the biggest total attendance decline, down 34,710. Delmarva, down 504, had the biggest average per date decline.
- Carolina League 12 teams, 7 were in the Carolina League, and 5 had been in the South Atlantic League, in 2019.
- **2024** total attendance was a Single-A best 2,246,298, averaging 187,192 per team, and 2,999 per date, with 43 lost dates. The largest crowd was 8,134 at Columbia.
- It was a very close race for the total attendance lead with Charleston, SC drawing 256,695, followed by Augusta, GA (254,054), Myrtle Beach (249,349), and Fredericksburg (232,690). Charleston also had the best average per date (4,278), with Augusta (3,970), Myrtle Beach (3,958), and Fredericksburg (3,693), close behind.
- Kannapolis set a new team record-high in total attendance in 2024, with a 195,795 total.
- 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance fell 131,980 (5.5%). Average per date was down 172 (5.4%), with 1 less date. The percentage declines were the highest of any MLB-affiliated leagues. 3 teams had increases in total attendance and one was up in average per date. Salem, up 8,701, had the top total increase, and Fayetteville, had the league's only average per date gain, up 79. As noted above, Fredericksburg and Delmarva had the largest declines.
- Kannapolis moved into a new downtown ballpark in **2021**. Their **2024** total attendance was up 119,864 (157.9%) **from 2019**, their last year in the old park, with average per date increasing by 1,879 (165.8%).
- In 2025, the Hickory Crawdads move to the Carolina League from the South Atlantic League. They replace the Down East (Kinston, NC) Wood Ducks, who moved to Spartanburg, SC, and joined the South Atlantic League.
- Florida State League 10 teams, all played in the 2019 Florida State League.
- The league drew 728,122 in **2024**, an average of 72,812 per team, and 1,264 per date. There were a Minor League high 84 lost dates, which include 44 home dates played by Jupiter and Palm Beach with no fans allowed to attend.
- 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance was up 32,322 (4.6%). Average per date rose 50 (4.1%). These were the best increases among the 11 MLB-affiliated leagues. 3 more dates were played in 2024 than in 2023. 7 teams had total attendance gains, led by Dunedin, whose 23,156 increase was 5th best among MLB-affiliates. 7 teams had average per date growth, again led by Dunedin, with a 368 gain, which tied Arkansas for 3rd best among MLB-affiliates. Fort Myers had the league's top losses in total attendance (25,470), and in average per date (186).
- Dunedin, Palm Beach, and Jupiter finished 1-2-3 in 2024 vs. 2023 percentage increase for both total attendance and average per date among all MLB-affiliated teams.
- Clearwater led the league in **2024** total attendance (164,074), and average per date (2,646), and had the largest crowd (8,703). The Threshers have led the Florida State League in attendance in each of the last 13 seasons, and in 19 of 20 years since 2004.
- Both Jupiter and Palm Beach share Roger Dean Stadium in Jupiter. In 2021, local Covid-19 restrictions forced both teams to play many home games with no fans permitted to attend. This policy continued in 2022, 2023 and 2024. In **2024**, Palm Beach had 21 lost dates, but no rainouts. Jupiter lost 24 dates, but only one was rained out. Only dates with fans in attendance are counted in this report for compiling average per date. St. Lucie achieved a Florida State League rarity. They played all 66 home dates in 2024 with no postponements.

- California League 8 teams. 7 of these teams were in the 2019 California League. Fresno came from the Triple-A
 Pacific Coast League, replacing Lancaster. In 2023, Lancaster played in the independent Pecos League, and set alltime highs for any team in that league in total attendance and average per date. But that team didn't play in 2024
 because their ballpark was converted to a soccer facility.
- Total attendance was 1,083,175 in 2024, averaging 135,397 per team, and 2,095 per date. 11 dates were lost.
 Fresno, which had been in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League through 2019, was the league attendance leader by a wide margin, with a 256,446 total, a 4,007 average per date, and they drew the top crowd of the year among Class-A teams (9,939). Rancho Cucamonga came in 2nd, drawing 152,895, and averaging 2,389 per date. Visalia again drew a team record-high average per date (1,934).
- The **2024 vs. 2023** comparison shows a 29,733 (2.7%) decline in total attendance, and a 37 (1.7%) loss in average per date, with 5 fewer dates played. 2 teams were up in total attendance, and 5 teams had gains in average per date. Lake Elsinore had the biggest increase in total attendance (8,535), and Rancho Cucamonga had the best average per date gain (100). Fresno had the largest declines, down 20,643 in total attendance and down 191 in average per date.
- Weather, other than heat, is rarely an issue in the California League. There were 11 postponements in 2024, 6 in 2023, and only 2 dates were postponed in 2022, one in Fresno, and the other in Lake Elsinore. Weather was a slight issue in 2021 and 2019, with 12 lost dates each year. Only one game in 2018 was postponed. 3 dates were lost in 2017, and there were 4 in 2016. There were 8 lost dates in 2015, including one due to high winds. There were 2 lost dates in 2014, 4 in 2013, 10 in 2012, 8 in 2011, 9 in 2010, and 6 in 2009. The most rainouts over the last 25 years of this league were 23 in 1998 and 22 in 2003.
- Changes may be coming to the California League team lineup in 2026. Ground has been broken for a new park in Ontario, CA. It is thought that the Dodgers' team in nearby Rancho Cucamonga might move there, and that an Angels' team will then go to Rancho Cucamonga. No official announcement has been made.

Some MLB-Affiliated Minor League Attendance Notes

Due to the 2021 realignment, comparing 2024 league attendance data with figures from 2019 and earlier, has limited value since the number of teams, and the roster of teams in some leagues, has changed so much. Also, starting in 2021, there no longer are any MLB-affiliated short-season teams that charge admission in operation. In 2019, there were 176 teams in MLB-affiliated leagues that charged admission, with 160 of them in the U.S. or Canada. There are now 120 MLB-affiliated teams that charge admission. But some overall historical attendance facts are worth noting.

- MLB-Affiliated Minor League attendance dropped in 2009, after 5 straight record-setting seasons. Prior to 2004, the all-time record was 39,640,443, set in 1949, when there were 448 teams in 59 leagues. In 2019, there were 176 teams in the 15 MLB-Affiliated leagues that charge admission to their games. The last 19 seasons, through 2019, had 19 of the 20 highest totals in the 118-year history of the NAPBL Minor Leagues. 1949 was the other year.
- Total attendance for the U.S./Canadian 120 MLB-affiliated full-season teams first reached 30 million in 2000, and has been above that level in every season since then, through 2024, except for 2021.
- Minor League attendance declined very sharply through the 1950's, and most leagues and teams disbanded. By 1964, only 20 leagues overall, and 128 teams who charged admission, were left. A post World War II low period of NAPBL attendance occurred from 1960 to 1975. During those years, attendance was basically flat ranging from a low of 9,732,582 in 1962, to a high of 11,134,084 in 1971. Among the causes of the huge drop of Minor League attendance during this period were television, Major League expansion, easier access to Major League ballparks, fewer Minor League teams, a rise in popularity of other sports, and home air conditioning.
- Another factor in the attendance decline, according to an article by Mitchell Manoff of the Society for Baseball Research, was that many of the cities with Minor League teams in the late 1940's and early 1950's, were too small to support them. Some had ballparks that were in poor condition, and did not promote their teams well enough.
- Average attendance per team in 2024 was 261,221. 2023 average attendance per team was 267,937. In 2022, average attendance per team was 257,673. 2019 average per team, including short-season teams, was 235,819. Record-high average per team is 245,817, (includes the short-season teams) in 2008. In 1949, the 448 teams averaged 88,483 (NAPBL figure, 1950 Sporting News Guide figure is 88,582). By 1961, average per team had fallen to 66,439. The 120 full-season teams averaged 200,000+ in every year except 2021, starting in 1993. Record-high average per team for U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated full-season teams is 295,400 in 2008.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE - (20 teams - 150-game schedule 2022-2025

- Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 7,097,411 (2008 14 teams); Average per Team: 506,958 (2008); Average per Date: 7,348 (2009).
- Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 8,609,245 (2023 20 teams); Average per Team: 430,462 (2023); Average per date: 6,063 (2023).
- Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Buffalo 1,188,972 (1991 All-time Minor League high); Average per Date: Buffalo 17,235 (1991). Buffalo was in the MLB-affiliated American Association when these records were set. Buffalo also holds the International League records for total attendance (743,463), and average per date (10,933), both set in 1998.

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Lehigh Valley-588,788 (2024); Avg. per Date-Indianapolis-8,405 (2024)

- The league consists of all 14 teams that played in the International League in **2019**, plus Iowa, Memphis, Nashville, and Omaha, who moved from the Triple-A Pacific Coast League, Jacksonville, who came in from the Double-A Southern League, and St. Paul, who played in the independent American Association in **2019**.
- This league has the most teams of any MLB-affiliated league (20), and **it drew the highest total attendance and average per date in all of Minor League Baseball in 2024.** Total **2024** total attendance was 8,345,881, averaging 417,294 per team, and 5,882 per date. The league had 81 lost dates, and played one less date than in **2023**.
- 4 teams (Nashville, Lehigh Valley, Indianapolis, Columbus) drew over 500,000, and 9 other teams from this league topped 400,000. The league had the top 3, and 12 of the top 17, MLB-affiliated teams in total attendance, and 10 of the 15 MLB-affiliated teams with the highest average per date. 4 teams averaged at least 7,000 per date, and 8 other teams averaged better than 6,000.
- Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA) drew 588,788, the best total of <u>any</u> Minor League team in 2024, and averaged 8,066 per date, the 2nd best average among all MLB-affiliated teams. The IronPigs drew more than their park's 8,089 seating capacity at 37 dates, and had a full sellout crowd of 10,100 at 15 dates.
- Indianapolis averaged 8,405 per date, the highest among MLB-affiliated teams, and drew 588,363, the 2nd best total among all Minor League teams. (They played 3 fewer home dates than Lehigh Valley.)
- For **2024 vs. 2023**, total league attendance was down 263,364 (3.1%), and average per date declined 181 (3.0%). 8 teams had gains in total attendance, and 5 were up in average per date.
- Indianapolis had the top numerical gains among all MLB-affiliated teams, up 31,588 (5.7%) in total attendance, and up 563 (7.2%) in average per date. Their percentage increases in both categories were the best in the league. Rochester and Norfolk also had 300+ increases in average per date.
- Charlotte, down 59,729 (12.0%), had the league's biggest decline in total attendance, and was down 560 (8.2%) in average per date. Nashville's 690 (8.9%) dip in average per date was the league's worst, and the Sounds fell 56,721 in total attendance. On a percentage basis, Gwinnett's declines of 18.3% in total attendance and 19.5% in average per date were the largest in the league.
- Buffalo had the largest crowd (14,524) in the MLB-affiliated leagues in 2024.
- In 2019, the 14-team International League drew 6,445,838, and averaged 460,417 per team, and 6,887 per date.
- Worcester's **2024** total attendance was 148,625 (44.9%) higher, and their average per date was up 1,598 (30.4%), from what they drew in Pawtucket in **2019**.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE – TRIPLE- A - continued

- For the 2nd straight year, Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA) had the highest total attendance in all of Minor League Baseball. They also had the 2nd best average per date among the MLB-affiliated teams, (5th best in the Minors) in 2024.
- Total attendance was 588,788, up 21,466 (3.8%), from 2023. Average per date was 8,066, up 75 (0.9%). There were 2 lost dates in 2024, with 4 more dates than in 2023. 37 dates drew above Coca Cola Park's 8,089 seating capacity, and 15 dates drew a complete sellout, **and a single game record tying 10,100**. After April, through the end of the season, only 8 dates drew less than 7,000.
- The IronPigs (the name comes from 'pig iron' used to make steel) led the Minors in attendance in 2011, and had the best U.S./Canadian total in 2012. They had the U.S. Minors' highest average per date for 3 straight years from 2010 through 2012. Lehigh Valley, which began play in 2008, was the only team to top 600,000 in each year from 2008 through 2016. They averaged over 9,000 per date in each year from 2009 through 2014.
- Coca Cola Park in Allentown has just 8,089 seats. It is one of the smallest parks in Triple-A. With standing room and lawn seating, combined 2008-2024 attendance has exceeded the fixed-seating capacity at 709 (64.6%) of 1,098 regular season dates. They've sold out all seats, lawn seating, and standing room at 258 dates. The 15-year average per date of 8,675 through <u>2024</u>, but excluding 2021, is 107.2% of the ballpark's seating capacity. The IronPigs won the 2019 Larry MacPhail Award for top promotional effort.
- In the table below, "# Dates Cap+" indicates how many dates each season drew higher than Coca Cola Park's 8,089 seating capacity. "# of Full Sellouts" indicates the number of dates where all seats, standing room, and lawn seating tickets were sold out. Initial full capacity was 10,000. In 2012, it was raised to 10,100 tickets.

	Total	# of	Average	# Dates	# of Full	
Year	Attendance	Dates	per Date	Cap.+	Sellouts	Notes
2008	602,033	71	8,479	49	12	Moved from Ottawa, attendance up 475,139
2009	641,335	70	9,162	59	26	3 rd best total, 2 nd best average per date in Minors
2010	645,905	70	9,227	60	21	Minors highest average per date, 2 nd best total
2011	628,925	68	9,249	61	20	Led Minors in total attendance and average per date
2012	622,421	68	9,153	59	15	Best Minors avg. per date, top U.S. total attendance
2013	613,075	68	9,016	52	21	3 rd in total attendance and average per date
2014	614,888	68	9,042	51	18	5 th in total attendance, 4 th in average per date
2015	613,815	70	8,769	45	19	5 th again in total attendance, 7 th in average per date
2016	611,015	70	8,729	47	12	Was 5 th in total attendance, 7 th in average per date
2017	555,146	65	8,541	40	13	9 th in total attendance and average per date
2018	561,745	66	8,511	39	19	7 th in total attendance, 9 th in average per date
2019	585,110	68	8,605	43	22	6 th in total attendance, 8 th in average per date
2021	356,355	61	5,842	6	3	7 th in total attendance, 8 th in average per date
2022	544,220	71	7,665	28	9	2 nd highest MLB-affiliated total & average per date
2023	567,322	71	7,990	33	14	Best Minors total attend., Top MLB-affiliated avg/dt.
2024	588,788	73	8,066	37	15	Best Minors total, 2 nd best MLB-affiliated average/dt.
Total	9,352,098	1,098	8,517	709	258	Only team to top 600,000 each year (2008-16)

LEHIGH VALLEY IRONPIGS REGULAR SEASON ATTENDANCE

• Not included in the table above are a 2008 exhibition game with the Phillies, the 2010 Triple A Home Run Derby and All-Star Game, 4 playoff games in 2011, and 8 games in 2012 where Scranton-Wilkes Barre was officially the home team. These 15 dates drew a combined 128,520, with 10 above seating capacity, and 4 full sellouts.

- Despite attendance declines in 2024, Nashville continues to be one of the best draws in the Minor Leagues. The Sounds drew an MLB-affiliated 6rd best total of 500,241, down 56,721 (10.2%) in 2024. Average per date was an MLB-affiliated 5th highest, 7,046, down 690 (8.9%). The loss in total attendance was the 3rd highest among MLBaffiliated teams, and the average per date decline was the 2nd largest. But 2024 was the 13th time Nashville has surpassed 500,000 in total attendance, and 7,000 in average per date. There were 4 lost dates, and one less date played than 2023.
- In **2024**, 21 dates had crowds of at least 8,000, and 10 dates drew over 10,000, with a high of 11,107. An estimated 10 dates were sold out, making it 146 sellouts in 9 seasons at First Horizon Park (formerly First Tennessee Park).
- The Sounds won the 2022 Minor League Organization of the Year award, in part, due to their outstanding attendance. They led all of Minor League Baseball in total attendance in 2022 and 2021. Among MLB-affiliates, they were 5th in average per date in 2023, 4th in 2022, and had the best average per date in 2021.
- Total attendance topped 500,000, and average per date was above 7,000, each year from 2015 through 2019, and from 2022 through 2024. Nashville also reached these levels every year from 1979 through 1982, and in 1990.
- In 2019, Nashville didn't reach the record highs of a year earlier, but they still had the 8th best total, and the 6th best average per date in the Minor Leagues. Total attendance was 578,291, and average per date fell was 8,631. There were a team-high 23 sellouts. 38 dates drew above 8,000, including those 23 sellouts of 10,000+.
- Nashville set a new team total attendance record for the 2nd straight year in **2018**, reaching 603,135, up 9,456, with 2 more dates than in 2017. Average per date was a team 2nd best-ever 8,741. It was the 4th best total, and 6th best average per date in the Minors in 2018. 45 dates drew better than 8,000, with 20 dates topping 10,000.
- 2017 was a record-setting year for Nashville. The Sounds set team highs in total attendance (593,679), and average per date (8,861). Both these figures were 7th best in the Minors for 2017. This despite playing 4 fewer dates than in 2016. The total attendance gain of 89,619 was the 2nd best in the Minors, and the average per date increase of 1,762 was the highest of any team. There were 22 sellouts. Attendance reached 8,000 at 43 dates, and surpassed 10,000 at 22 dates, with a record-high of 11,764.
- Nashville's 2nd year at First Horizon Park (2016) was at least somewhat less successful than the first. Total attendance fell 61,488, which was the 2nd biggest loss (Sacramento), among U.S. teams. The average per date decline of 866 was 2nd worst among U.S. teams (Staten Island). But the total 504,060 was still 7th best in team history, and the average per date of 7,099 was 2nd best since 1990. The Sounds had 14 sellouts.
- In **2015**, Nashville moved to a new park, and had the best gain among U.S. teams in total attendance (up 241,587), and in average per date (up 3,056). Only Yucatan of the Mexican League had a better increase in those two categories. The Sounds drew 565,548, averaging 7,965 per date, with 19 sellouts. Until 2017, that had been their highest Triple-A attendance. In 1990, they drew 556,250, but attendance had not reached 420,000 since 1993.
- Nashville's old highs were in 1980, when they drew a Minor League high for that season 575,676 (8,343 per date) in the Double-A Southern League, at Herschel Greer Stadium. Average per date was also over 7,000 in 1979, 1981, and 1982. The Sounds were the first Double-A team to draw 500,000, doing it each year from 1979 through 1982.
- In 1979, Nashville and Columbus became the first clubs to reach 500,000 since the 1967 Diablos Rojos (Red Devils) of Mexico City, and 1949 Hollywood, Oakland, and Seattle of the Pacific Coast League. In 37 years at Greer Stadium (1978-2014), they drew 14,453,823, including playoffs, in 2,613 dates, averaging 5,532 per date. The final game at Greer drew 11,067, which was the largest there since 2007, and the first sellout since 2010. First Horizon Park, like Greer Stadium, has a guitar-shaped scoreboard in recognition of Nashville's role as 'Music City.'
- First Horizon Park was built on the same location as the historic Sulphur Dell ballpark, which was home to Nashville's Minor League teams from 1901 through 1961, and 1963. It was demolished in 1969, and replaced by a parking lot. ("They paved paradise, and put up a parking lot." -- Lyrics from 'Big Yellow Taxi,' sung by Joni Mitchell.)

- In 2024, Columbus topped 500,000 in total attendance for the 36th time in 45 seasons since 1979, which is more often than any team in Minor League history. The Clippers drew 530,992 in 2024, down 26,139 (4.7%) from 2023. Average per date was 7,586, down 261 (3.3%). The total was 3rd best in Minor League Baseball, and the average per date was 7th highest in all of the Minors, and 4rd best among MLB-affiliates. There were 5 lost dates, with one less date than in 2023. 32 dates drew over 8,000, 15 dates topped 10,000, with a high of 10,888.
- Columbus had the 2nd highest total in all Minor Leagues in 2023, and the 4th best total in both 2022 and 2021. Average per date was also an MLB-affiliated 3rd best in all 3 of those seasons.
- In 2019, the Clippers led the International League in attendance, and had the 4th best total attendance and average per date in Minor League Baseball. The Clippers reached 600,000 in 8 regular seasons, and 11 times if playoffs are included, from 2009 through 2019. From 2005 through 2024, 333 regular season dates have drawn 10,000+.
- 2024 was also the 18th straight 'normal' year that the Clippers surpassed 500,000. In 1979, Columbus and Nashville became the first teams to draw at least 500,000 since the 1967 Diablos Rojos (Red Devils) of Mexico City, and 1949 Hollywood, Oakland, and Seattle. The Clippers have been above 450,000 for 39 consecutive 'normal' seasons through 2024. Average per date in Columbus was over 8,600 each year from 2009 through 2019. In 2009, Columbus got a new ballpark, and had the biggest attendance increase in the Minors.
- The old park in Columbus could hold some huge crowds. Record-high there was 20,131 in 1980. The largest road attendance for the Clippers was 45,510 at Denver in 1991.
- The Charlotte Knights reached 500,000 in total attendance for 7 straight 'normal' years through 2022. But attendance has taken a hit in the last 2 seasons. Their 2024 total attendance was 439,087, down 59,729 (12.0%) from 2023, and average per date fell 560 (8.2%) to 6,273. The total attendance decline was the largest in Triple-A, and 2nd worst among MLB-affiliated teams. 5 dates were lost, and they played 3 fewer dates than in 2023. 10 dates drew over 8,000, with a ballpark record-high of 11,211.
- In **2019**, Charlotte surpassed 8,000 in average per date for the 6th straight year.
- Since moving into Truist Field, with its wonderful city skyline view, in 2014, **through 2024**, the Knights have drawn 5,629,130 in 696 dates, averaging 8,088 per date. Through **2022**, there were 151 sellouts. 2023 and 2024 sellout figures are not yet available.
- Charlotte led the Minors in total attendance in 2018, drawing 619,639, and averaging 8,980 per date. That average per date was the best among all U.S./Canadian teams, topped only by Monterrey and Tijuana of the Mexican League. There were 23 sellouts and 52 dates drew at least 8,000.
- In 2014, Charlotte moved from the suburb of Fort Mill, SC to the City of Charlotte, and their new ballpark was a huge success. The Knights led all the Minor Leagues in attendance in 2014. They drew a team-record high 687,715, the 3rd best total ever for an I.L. team, and averaged a U.S. best 9,686 per date. They had 31 sellouts. In 1998, Buffalo drew 743,463, and in 2005, Pawtucket drew 688,421. Buffalo, from 1988 through 1996, and Louisville, from 1982 through 1984, also drew higher than Charlotte did in 2014. In those years, Buffalo and Louisville were in the Triple-A American Association whose teams moved into the International and Pacific Coast Leagues in 1998.
- Charlotte had the top total attendance increase of 2014, up 432,881, which also was the 3rd best gain ever for a Minor League team that moved to a new park in the same market. (Buffalo, up 650,891 in 1988, and Memphis, up 462,512 in 2000.) Prior to 2014, the only time Charlotte topped 400,000 was in 1993, when they drew 403,029.
- In 2015, Charlotte had the highest average per date (9,428) of any Minor League team, and drew a total of 669,398 to finish 2nd in total attendance to Sacramento. The Knights had 31 sellouts in 2015. 2016 was the 3rd straight year that Charlotte led all U.S. teams in average per date. They had 25 sellouts.
- Charlotte drew 628,526 in **2017**, their 3rd best total ever. The Knights' total and average per date (9,109) were 2nd best among all U.S. teams. 23 dates were sold out. Attendance topped 9,000 at 43 dates in 2017.

- **Rochester** drew 445,338 in **2024**, their best total since 2017, and 2nd best since 2011. The total was up 7,777 (1.8%). Average per date rose 377 (6.2%) to 6,454. There were 3 fewer dates than in 2023, with 6 postponements. 17 dates drew better than 8,000, 4 dates topped 10,000, with an Innovative Field record-high of **13,605**.
- In 2022, Rochester had the biggest numerical improvement in attendance of any MLB-affiliated team that played its entire 2021 season in its home park. Total attendance rose 212,639 (96.7%) vs. 2021, to 432,580. Average per date was up 2,452 (65.8%) to 6,180. In 2022 vs. 2021 percentage gain, the Red Wings had the 4th best % increase in total attendance, and the 5th highest % gain in average per date, among MLB-affiliated teams.
- **Rochester's** attendance topped 400,000 for the 26th consecutive 'normal' year in **2024.** The only season above 400,000 prior to this streak was 1949. However, Rochester led all U.S. teams in attendance in 6 seasons between 1962 and 1975. They've reached 300,000 in 42 of the last 53 'normal' seasons through 2024, which is quite good, considering that Minor League attendance was much lower 50 years ago. The Red Wings' average per date has topped 6,000 for 27 'normal' seasons in a row.
- Opening Day has always been a big event in Rochester. 10 Home Openers at Innovative Field (formerly Frontier Field), which had its first opener in 1997, have drawn at least 10,000. The final Home Opener at the Baseball Park at Bay Street (1928) drew over 10,000, as did 31 Opening Day games from 1929 through 1963, and 4 more through 1996, at Silver Stadium. The largest Opening Day crowd in Rochester was 19,006 in 1931. In 1949, the Red Wings opened their season in Jersey City, and that game drew 52,126.
- Prior to 2024, the biggest Minor League crowd ever in the current park was 13,584 for a Scranton-Wilkes Barre vs. Pawtucket game in 2012. Andy Pettitte of the Yankees was making a rehab start that day. Scranton's ballpark was undergoing a major rebuilding that year, and they played their home games in other parks. An Orioles exhibition game in 1997 drew 13,723. Until 2024, the largest crowd at a regular Red Wings home game was 13,485 in 1997.
- The Rochester Red Wings are a community-owned team. In 1957, Morrie Silver, a Rochester businessman, raised funding from 8,222 shareholders to save the team. This is similar to what was done to keep the NFL Packers in Green Bay. There have been other community-owned Minor League teams.
- Gwinnett drew a 2024 Triple-A low 188,669 in total attendance. It was the 8th 'normal' season in a row with a total of less than 300,000, and lowest 'normal season total in the team's 15-year history. The total was down 42,375 (18.3%) vs. 2023. Average per date was 2,620, the lowest in Triple-A in 2024, and the lowest for the Stripers in any season, including 2021. The average per date fell 634 (19.5%). The percentage declines were the largest among Triple-A teams. 3 dates were lost, with one more date than in 2023. 14 dates drew over 4,000, but attendance didn't reach 2,000 at 26 dates. The top crowd was 7,050.
- This team is named the Stripers after a type of Bass in Georgia's Lake Lanier. Be careful to spell the team's name with only one 'p.' Otherwise, fans may be expecting a less family-friendly form of entertainment.
- **Iowa's 2024** total attendance was 409,712 down 22,534 (5.2%) **vs. 2023**. Average per date was 5,771, down 233 (3.9%). 18 dates drew over 7,000, with a high of 11,430 There were 4 lost dates, and one less date was played in 2024 than in 2023.
- In 2017, Iowa drew 535,660, averaging 7,763 per date. Those were the best figures for the Cubs since 2009, and the 5th best total in team history. The Cubs reached 300,000 in attendance for the first time in 1991, and have drawn better than 400,000 every 'normal' year thereafter. They topped 500,000 in 12 of 18 seasons, from 1992 through 2019. In 1981, they drew only 124,371. Since 2002, average per date has been 7,000+ every year except 2013, and from 2021through 2024. It has been above 6,000 every year except 2021, 2022, and 2024 since at least 1992. Average per date figures for seasons prior to 1992 are not available.
- Des Moines was the site of the first professional baseball night game. A crowd of nearly 12,000 attended this game, played by the Des Moines Demons of the Western League on May 2, 1930.

- The incredible attendance success in Indianapolis continued in 2024! The Indians drew 588,363 (2nd best among all Minor League teams, falling just 425 short of the lead), and achieved an average per date of 8,405, which was best among MLB-affiliated teams, and 4th best among all Minor League teams).
- Total attendance was up 31,588 (5.7%) vs. 2023, and average per date had a 563 (7.2%) increase. These were the best numerical gains among MLB affiliates. 5 dates were lost in 2024, with one less date played than in 2023. 56 dates topped 6,000, 38 dates drew over 8,000, and 22 dates were above 10,000, with a high of 13,951.
- In 2019, the total attendance of 586,860 was the 5th best in the Minors, and the average per date of 8,630 was 7th highest. Attendance reached 8,000 at 37 dates, with 26 of them drawing at least 10,000. Indianapolis drew 619,122 in total attendance in 2018, averaging 8,845 per date, the 2nd best total of any team, and the 4th best average per date (2nd best U.S.). Only Charlotte, whose total topped Indy by just 517, drew better.
- The Indians have surpassed 534,000 for 27 straight 'normal' years through 2024, the longest current streak above 500,000 of any team. They've reached 600,000 in 12 seasons since 1997. Indianapolis has drawn 10,000+ for 390 dates from 2005 through 2024. They averaged 8,000+ per date in 23 of 26 'normal' years through 2024, including every year from 2007-2019. In 7 of these seasons, their average per date has reached 9,000. Victory Field's capacity is 13,750. The Indians were the Ballpark Digest 2018 Team of the Year, in part, due to their outstanding attendance.
- Indianapolis led all of Minor League Baseball in attendance for the first time ever in 2013, drawing 637,579. Then they drew a team record-high 660,289 in 2014, and topped that by drawing 662,536 in 2015, the 3rd best Minor League total. In 2016, despite a rainy summer, Indianapolis drew 636,888 to lead all U.S. teams. In 2017, Indianapolis drew 641,141 in total attendance, averaging 9,159 per date, the best figures of any U.S. team. Among all MLB-affiliated teams, which at that time included the Mexican League, it was the 2nd best total, and 4th highest average per date.
- **Syracuse** drew a total of 350,777 in **2024**, up 14,285 (4.2%), their best total since 2011. Average per date fell 82 (1.6%) to 4,941. Average per date reached 5,000 each year from 1997 through 2013. The Mets had 4 more dates in 2024 than in 2023, with 4 dates lost. 25 crowds topped 6,000, with 4 dates drawing over 8,000, and a high of 10,815.
- In **2019**, Syracuse total attendance rose a league-high 50,146 to 327,478. Average per date was 4,962, up 760, also the largest gain in the league. Syracuse has drawn over 400,000 in 7 seasons, including 6 straight (1997-2002).
- **Durham** had an 86-44 record in **2021**, the best in Triple-A that season, and followed it up in **2022** with the International League and Triple-A championship. Total **2024** attendance was 496,715, up 4,958 (1.0%), and average per date was 6,623, down 114 (1.7%). There were no lost dates in 2024, and 2 more dates were played than in 2023. 44 dates attracted at least 6,000, 22 dates drew over 8,000, with a high of 11,183.
- For the 2014 season, Durham did a \$20 million renovation of their park, and then drew a team record-high 533,033. The old record was 520,952 in 2007. The Bulls broke that record in 2015, drawing 554,788. Their 2015 average per date was a team-record high 7,814. 38 crowds exceeded 8,000, including 15 that were above capacity.
- The Bulls have drawn over 500,000 in 13 of the last 22 'normal' years, including 6 in a row through 2019, and have topped 460,000 in all 25 'normal' years they've been a Triple-A team. Average per date reached 7,000 in 14 of the last 22 'normal' seasons, and had topped 6,500 for 22 years in a row, through 2019, and again in 2023 and 2024. In 1990, Durham was the first Class-A team since Denver in 1953 to reach 300,000. The Bulls topped 300,000 in 6 of their final 8 seasons (1990-1997) as a Class A team.
- Mother Nature has been kind to the Bulls. Since 2015, there have been only 5 postponements in Durham, one in 2019, and 2 each in 2021 and 2023.

- 2021 was the first season as an MLB-affiliated team for the St. Paul Saints. The Saints had played in the independent Northern League (1993-2005), and in the American Association from 2006 through 2019. They were the most successful team in terms of attendance, among modern independent teams.
- **2024** total St. Paul attendance was 457,012, down 3,906 (0.8%). Average per date was 6,437, down 55 (0.8%). There were 4 lost dates, with the same number of dates as in 2023. 28 dates drew above CHS Field's 7,210 capacity, with a high of 9,204. There have been 56 crowds above 9,000, including 3 in 2024, at CHS Field since it opened in 2015.
- In 2021, the Saints drew 393,394, and averaged 6,052 per date. It was the 5th best total and 7th best average per date among the MLB-affiliated teams. Despite early-season capacity restrictions, the Saints had 17 above full- capacity crowds in 2021. St. Paul played some 'home' games in 2020 with very limited capacity, in the American Association.
- In 2015, St. Paul, in their new ballpark, drew 404,528, the best total among independent teams, and a recordhigh for the team and for the American Association. At the time, it was the highest total ever for any independent team not in the Atlantic League, which plays a longer schedule than the other leagues. The Saints averaged 8,091 per date, which was a then-record-high for any independent team. The old record was 7,161 by Winnipeg in 2003. 46 of the 50 dates in St. Paul drew better than CHS Field's 7,210 seating capacity. Attendance was at least 1,000 above the seating capacity at 18 games, topped by a crowd of 10,430.
- In 2016, the Saints did even better! They drew a league-record high total of 413,482, and an independent leagues record-high average per date of 8,438. 47 of 49 dates drew above the CHS Field capacity of 7,210. 37 dates drew at least 8,000, with 29 dates at least 1,000 above seating capacity. Attendance topped 9,000 at 10 dates, led by a crowd of 10,443. Overall, the Saints drew 117% of their park's seating capacity. St. Paul's independent league record-highs have since been broken by teams in the now-independent Mexican League.
- In **2017**, St. Paul attracted 406,501, averaging 8,296 per date. Those figures were once again, the best among all independent teams. 46 of their 49 dates drew above their ballpark's seating capacity, with attendance topping 8,000 at 36 dates. There were 10 dates that drew at least 9,000, with a high of 10,143. The Saints drew 115% of their park's seating capacity, which was best in all of the Minors.
- In **2018**, the Saints drew 408,921, and averaged 8,178 per date. Both figures were tops among all independent teams. 45 of 50 dates drew above their ballpark's seating capacity of 7,210, with 32 dates topping 8,000. There were 5 dates that drew at least 9,000, with a high of 9,791. Overall, they drew 113% of their park's seating capacity.
- In 2019, the Saints had the best attendance among independent teams for the 5th straight year. They drew 394,970, averaging 8,061 per date. 40 of 49 dates drew above their park's seating capacity. Attendance topped 8,000 at 24 dates, with 8 dates reaching 9,000, including a record-high crowd of 10,631. From 2015, their first year at CHS Field, through 2024 and including 2020 reduced capacity, the Saints outdrew the park's seating capacity at 345 of 547 (63.1%) regular season dates. It was 224 of 247 dates (90.7%) through 2019.
- St. Paul has been a big success since they began play in 1993. Including 2021, they've topped 235,000 every year except 1993, and the very limited 2020. They led the American Association in total attendance each year from 2006-2010, and from 2015-2019. The Saints once had a 249 consecutive game sellout streak.
- St. Paul was an original member of the Northern League from 1993-2005. They led that league in attendance from 1993-2000, and had the best total attendance of any independent team each year from 1993-1997, and from 2015-2019. Their average per date surpassed 6,000 from 1994 through 2008, and from 2015 through 2022. St. Paul had the highest average per date among the independent league teams from 1993-1999, and from 2015 through 2019. All this despite playing only a few miles from the Twins, who in 2021, became their Major League parent team.
- Only St. Paul, along with Sioux City and Sioux Falls, were still active in 2024 from the 14 independent teams that played in 1993. That was the year that independent baseball returned. In their 31 seasons (excluding 2020, but including 2021), the Saints have drawn 9,546,917 in 1,505 dates, averaging 307,965 per season, and 6,343 per date.
- The Saints averaged at least 100% of their ballpark's seating capacity in 15 seasons from 1997 through 2019. That's tougher to do now, due to their longer schedule, with more cold weather games. In 2024, The Saints averaged 7,110 (98.6% of capacity) for the 53 dates played after May 10. Their independent league seasons began around that date.

- Worcester drew 479,636 in 2024, down 40,015 (7.7%). Average per date was 6,852, down 572 (7.7%). 49 dates drew over 6,000, and 20 of them topped 8,000, with a record-high of 9,700. The same number of dates were played in 2024 and 2023, with 5 lost dates each year.
- Compared to **2019 Pawtucket**, total **2024** attendance was 148,626 (44.9%) higher, and the average per date was up 1,598 (30.4%), with 7 more dates played in 2023.
- The Pawtucket Red Sox moved to Worcester in 2021, and became an instant success in new Polar Park. The Woosox drew 362,559 in 2021, averaging 6,145 per date. It was the 6th best total and average among MLB-affiliates.
- Worcester last had a team in the independent Can-Am League from 2005 through 2012. That team's highest total attendance was 124,745 in 2005, and the top average per date was 2,779 in 2006. Prior to 2005, Worcester's last season with a Minor League team was in 1934.
- Buffalo drew a total attendance of 472,463, averaging 6,654 per date, in **2024**. Except for 2021 and 2022, the 2024 total was the lowest since Sahlen Field opened in 1988, and the average per date was the lowest for any season there other than 2021. The total fell 14,742 (3.0%), and average per date dipped 510 (7.1%) from **2023**. The Bisons had 3 more dates than in 2023, with 4 postponements. 34 dates topped 6,000, 16 dates drew over 8,000, with 10 of them topping 10,000. One game drew 14,524, which was the largest crowd of 2024 among all MLB-affiliated teams.
- The 2021 Bisons had a most unusual year, even for 2021. The Toronto Blue Jays played their June and July home games in Buffalo, so the Bisons spent the first 3 months of their season playing 'home' games in Trenton. 39 Bisons' 2021 home dates were played in Trenton. After returning to Buffalo, the Bisons had 23 dates there
- Buffalo began a new affiliation with the Toronto Blue Jays in 2013, which they hoped would attract more fans from the Canadian side of the Niagara River. The Bisons had an increase in attendance in 2013, a tiny decline in 2014, a gain of 16,028 in 2015, and a 11,452 increase in 2016 to 562,755, their best total since 2010.
- Attendance topped 500,000 for a Minor League record 32nd straight season in 2019. But that streak ended after 2019. Until 2021, the Bisons had been above 8,000 in average per date in all but 3 years (2011, 2012, 2019) since 1988. They averaged at least 10,000 per date every year from 1988 through 2000. A Bisons' crowd of 16,409 was the largest at any Minor League game played in the United States or Canada in 2019.
- Buffalo led the Minors in attendance each year from 1988 through 1999, topping one million 6 times (1988-93), including an all-time Minor League record 1,188,972 (1,240,951 including playoffs, and an exhibition game with Pittsburgh) in 1991, when they were in the American Association. That year they averaged a U.S. record-high 17,235 per date, with 53 dates above 15,000, and 15 dates over 20,000. Buffalo also averaged over 16,000 per date in 1988, 1989, 1990, and 1992. The Bisons moved to the International League in 1998.
- Buffalo had the best attendance among all U.S./Canadian teams each year from 1957 through 1961. Sahlen Field, seated 17,600 in 2016, 16,907 in 2017 and 2018, 16,600 in 2019 and 2021, and 17,600 in 2023 and 2024, the highest seating capacity of any United States or Canadian Minor League park. The largest crowd ever in this park was 21,050 at many games, as capacity had been as high as 21,050. It has been reduced as part of ongoing renovations. Quite a few games in team history have drawn over 20,000. Monterrey, Tijuana, and Mexico City, from the Mexican League, have larger-capacity parks than Buffalo.
- Much more data on the 6 seasons that Buffalo drew over one million can be found on pages 115-117.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE – TRIPLE-A - continued

- **Memphis** had the 2nd lowest **2024** Triple-A total attendance (199,992), and average per date (2,740). It was the 9th straight 'normal' year under 400,000, and if 2021 is excluded, the lowest total since 1997. Average per date was the lowest since at least 1991, and that includes 2021. The 2024 total was down 31,706 (13.7%) **from 2023**, and average per date fell 434 (13.7%). There were 2 lost dates, and the same number of dates were played in both years. 39 dates had crowds below 2,000, 10 dates topped 5,000, with a high of 10,058.
- 2016 was a rebound year for Memphis. The Redbirds increased their total attendance by 46,002 to 324,581, and their average per date by 667 to 4,704. These were the biggest increases of any U.S./Canadian-based team that year. Both were also 16.5% increases, which were the best percentage gains of any full-season U.S. team. Memphis had recently updated their highly-acclaimed ballpark, sharply reducing the number of fixed seats to 8,404. The largest crowd ever there was 18,620 in 2008.
- In 2015, the Redbirds had 102,850 reduction in total attendance, and average per date was down 1,656. Those were the biggest declines of any U.S. team in 2015, and the 3rd worst decreases of any team. There were 20 dates that drew under 3,000 in 2015 at Auto Zone Park. Prior to 2015, the smallest crowd there had been 2,919.
- Attendance in Memphis had fallen from 498,362 in 2013, to 278,579 in 2015, the lowest total, at that time, in the team's Triple-A history. There had been 3 straight increases through 2013. That followed a 9-year attendance losing streak which ended in 2011. In 2014, total attendance fell 116,933 from 2013, and the average per date was down 1,530. Both of those declines were the worst of any MLB-affiliated team for that year.
- In 2001, the Redbirds attracted 887,976, an average of 12,507 per date. Memphis became an NBA market with the arrival of the Grizzlies in 2001. But the Redbirds still drew very well for a number of years after that. They topped 600,000 for 8 straight years from 2000 through 2007, and their average per date was over 10,000 each year from 2000 through 2005. Average per date remained above 6,500 through 2013.
- Louisville's 2024 total attendance was 361,825, down 35,015 (8.8%). Average per date was 5,096, down 416 (7.5%). These were the lowest figures in a 'normal' season since 1999. The total was 2nd lowest in a 'normal' year since the return of pro baseball to Louisville in 1982. There were 4 lost dates, and one less date than in 2023. Attendance surpassed 6,000 at 19 dates, with a high of 9,299.
- The Bats topped 600,000 yearly from 2000 through 2011, and 20 times since 1982, which is more often than any team. Since Louisville Slugger Field opened in 2000, through 2024, the Bats have drawn 13,324,446 in 1,682 dates, an average of 7,922 per date. They've reached 500,000 in all but 10 'normal' years since 1982, achieving that total for a Minor League 3rd best 31 times. Columbus has topped 500,000 in 36 years, and Buffalo has done it 32 times. Average per date topped 9,000 in 11 seasons from 1992 through 2008, and in a few other years before that.
- In 1983, Louisville drew 1,052,438 to become the first Minor League team to reach one million, and averaged 16,191 per date. That year Louisville outdrew 3 Major League teams (Cleveland, Minnesota, Seattle) in total attendance, and outdrew those same 3 teams plus Cincinnati and the Mets in average per date. See pages 115-117 for more data on Louisville's 1983 season.
- **2024 International League Champion Omaha** drew 285,679 in **2024**, averaging 4,024 per date. The total was down 18,450 (6.1%) from **2023**. Average per date fell 143 (3.4%). The total was the lowest since 1987, excluding 2021, and average per date was lowest since 1985, including 2021. 2 fewer dates were played than in 2023, and there were 4 postponements. 18 dates drew over 5,000, and a sellout high of 9,023 was reached twice.
- Omaha's attendance has gone up in 11 of the past 18 seasons through 2024. The Storm Chasers topped 300,000 for 32 straight years through 2019. Average per date was above 5,300 each year from 2008 through 2018.
- Omaha averaged above 6,000 per date each year from 1992 through 2000, but hasn't done it since then. However, the average has still reached 5,000 in 23 of 33 'normal' seasons through 2024. Werner Park, which opened in 2011, has 6,434 fixed seats, and is the smallest Triple-A facility. Full capacity is 9,023, and that figure has been achieved 28 times. Omaha's former home, Rosenblatt Stadium, was much bigger. The last game there drew 23,795, and the largest crowd for the then-named Royals was 24,989 in 2004. A big new park in Omaha for the College Baseball World Series, which had been played at Rosenblatt Stadium, opened in 2011. Notes about College World Series attendance can be found on page 309.

MLB-AFFILIATED INDIVIDUAL LEAGUE AND TEAM HIGHLIGHTS - INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE - continued

- Jacksonville moved from the Double-A Southern League to the Triple-A International League in **2021**. They drew 354,445 in **2024**, up 6,722 (1.9%), their 2nd best total since 2010. Average per date was 4,923, down 191 (3.7%). There were 4 more dates than in 2023, with 3 lost dates. 20 dates drew at least 6,000, and 6 dates topped 8,000, with a high of 9,180.
- Compared to 2019, the 2022 total attendance was up 30,706 (9.4%), and average per date increased by 13 (0.3%). Jacksonville is the only Triple-A team that played in the same market in both 2022 and 2019, to achieve a 2022 vs. 2019 increase in both total attendance and average per date.
- Jacksonville's team name was changed from the Suns to the Jumbo Shrimp for **2017**, and they had a very successful season that year in both marketing and attendance. They drew 325,743, averaging 5,171 per date. The total, at that point, was their highest since 2010, and the average per date was their best since 2008. Total attendance rose 61,342, which was the 2nd best increase among U.S. MLB-affiliated teams in 2017. The 974 average per date increase was the 3rd best among U.S. MLB-affiliated teams.
- Average per date surpassed 5,000 in 11 seasons since 2003, (barely missed in 2022 and 2024) and has been above 4,000 in each of the last 21 years, including 2021.
- Jacksonville led the Southern League in attendance for 9 straight years through 2011. They have a streak of 35 straight years above 200,000 thorough 2024 (including 2021), have topped 300,000 in 16 of the last 21 seasons (2003-2024), and reached 400,000 in 2004 and 2006. Attendance in Jacksonville hit 200,000 only once (1962) until 1989, and didn't reach 300,000 in the 58 years with listed attendance until 2003.
- From 1962 through 1968, Jacksonville played in the Triple-A International League. Prior to 2021, their previous highest Triple-A attendance was 229,679 in 1962. That was the 3rd highest attendance in Minor League Baseball that year. Rochester of the International League (272,178), and Monterrey of the Mexican League (239,179), were the only Minor League teams to outdraw Jacksonville in 1962.
- In **1888**, Jacksonville hosted the first-ever Major League Spring Training. Source: 2024 Jumbo Shrimp Media Guide.
- Scranton-Wilkes Barre posted 2024 total attendance of 314,145, down 22,017 (6.5%), and an average of 4,620 per date, down 252 (5.2%). It was their 2nd lowest total and average per date in a 'normal' year. There were a Triple-A high 7 lost dates, and one less date than in 2023. Top crowd was 10,000, and 7 dates exceeded 6,000.
- In **2013**, the Scranton-Wilkes Barre team got a new name, the RailRiders, honoring the area's railroad history. They moved into a completely rebuilt ballpark that year, after playing all their 'home' games in 6 different cities in 2012. Their 2013 total of 435,839 in their new park was up 163,671 from what they drew in their 2012 nomadic journey.
- This team reached 500,000 in 4 straight years (1990-1993), but has only done it once (2007) since then. Yet they've still drawn over 400,000 in 25 of 33 years (excluding the 'road year' of 2012, and 2021), and topped 6,000 in average per date 24 times during that same period.
- **Toledo** drew 458,450 in **2024**, up 11,066 (2.5%), averaging 6,457 per date, up 243 (3.9%). They lost 4 dates, and had one less date than in 2023. 39 dates drew over 6,000, 20 of them reached 8,000, and there were 6 dates that topped 10,000, with a high of 12,800.
- Until 2019, the Mud Hens had topped 500,000 in total attendance, and 7,300 in average per date, in all seasons at Fifth Third Field, which opened in 2002. Average per date surpassed 7,000 for 18 straight years until 2021.
- Toledo sold around 147,000 group tickets in 2014, which was the most ever for them up to that point. 485 dates were sold out at Fifth Third Field (named after a bank) from 2002 through 2018. Prior to moving to this park, Toledo had reached 300,000 just 6 times. Toledo's teams have been called the Mud Hens in most seasons since 1896.
- The Mud Hens ownership also operates the Toledo Walleye of the ECHL. The Walleye are one of the most successful teams, in attendance and on the ice, in minor league hockey. Toledo was named best Minor League Sports City by Livability, and in 2024, Sports Business Journal called Toledo the 2nd best Minor league market. This was due to the fan support their teams get, but also in recognition of the economic development in Downtown Toledo that was spurred by the construction of the Mud Hens' ballpark.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE – continued

- Norfolk drew 423,552 in 2024, up 12,123 (2.9%), and averaged 6,138 per date, up 344 (5.9%), with 6 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. It was their highest total and average per date since 2008. Top crowd was 11,877. 31 dates drew over 6,000, with 13 of them topping 8,000.
- The Tides topped 400,000 in total attendance and 6,000 in average per date, for 16 straight years from 1993 through 2008. In that period, total attendance was over 500,000 in 7 seasons, and 10 years had average per date of 7,000+. Since then, 2023 and 2024 have been the first seasons over 400,000.

Pre-2021 Historical Attendance Data

- In 2015, the **Pawtucket** Red Sox were under new ownership for the first time since the late 1970's. There was talk about building a new ballpark in Pawtucket, or in the neighboring city of Providence. But no ballpark deal could be made in Rhode Island, and in **2021, the team moved to Worcester, MA**. Despite the prospect of the team's move, Pawtucket's attendance held up fairly well through 2017, which was the 25th straight year above 400,000. That streak ended in 2018, as total attendance declined 394,811.
- In 2019, the lame-duck status of the team, plus 7 dates lost to weather, led to a 63,801 decline in total attendance to 331,010, the lowest since 1990. Average per date dropped by 728 to 5,254, the lowest since 1992. The decline in total attendance was the 3rd worst among MLB-affiliated teams, and the average per date loss was the 2nd worst.
- Pawtucket had drawn at least 500,000 for 16 straight years through 2014. This team was bankrupt 45 years ago, and couldn't draw 100,000. The Pawsox achieved incredible attendance growth after that. They played at McCoy Stadium, which was built in 1942. While this park didn't have all the amenities of newer facilities, the team provided many fan-friendly features such as free parking. Its capacity was increased from 7,002 to 10,031 in 1999.

Year	Attend.	Year	Attend.	Year	Attend.	Year	Attend.	Year	Attend.
1977	70,344	1986	186,517	1995	479,261	2004	657,067	2013	540,034
1978	123,310	1987	220,838	1996	461,181	2005	688,421	2014	515,665
1979	147,420	1988	246,940	1997	474,557	2006	613,065	2015	466,600
1980	163,283	1989	278,129	1998	475,659	2007	611,379	2016	407,097
1981	191,859	1990	290,953	1999	596,624	2008	636,788	2017	409,960
1982	204,724	1991	349,338	2000	585,107	2009	625,561	2018	394,811
1983	188,186	1992	358,318	2001	647,928	2010	592,326	2019	331,010
1984	198,786	1993	466,428	2002	615,540	2011	578,930		
1985	166,504	1994	469,029	2003	569,106	2012	521,023		

PAWTUCKET RED SOX ATTENDANCE - 1977-2019

- The International League had a 14,278 (0.2%) decline in attendance in **2019** to 6,445,838, the lowest total since 2006. The league topped 6.3 million in each of its last 22 years through 2019.
- 2019 league average per date was 6,887, which was the highest average per date in the Minors for 2019, but lowest for this league since 2006. That was the 27th straight year that the I.L. averaged above 6,000 per date, and the 22nd year in a row above 6,600. The <u>2009</u> International League average per date of 7,348 was the highest for any Minor League since the old MLB-affiliated Triple-A American Association averaged 7,588 per date in 1992, a year in which Buffalo drew more than one million. The I.L. averaged 7,317 per date in 2008.
- The <u>average attendance per team</u> was 460,417 in 2019, the 22nd straight year above 450,000. In 2014, the league averaged 501,452 per team. That was just the 6th time that any league has averaged 500,000+ per team. The International League also did it in 2008 (506,958) and 2009 (501,248). The American Association topped 500,000 per team in 1991 (511,691) and 1992 (519,800), when Buffalo drew more than one million each season. The Pacific Coast League's 8 teams averaged 508,547 per team in 1947, when the league had a 186-game schedule, with teams in Los Angeles, San Francisco, San Diego, Oakland, Hollywood, Portland, Sacramento, and Seattle.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE – TRIPLE-A - continued

In 1998, 4 teams were moved from the American Association (no relation to the current independent league with the same name) to the International League.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	20	8,345,881	(263,364)	(3.1)	5,882	(181)	(3.0)
2023	20	8,609,245	117,857	1.4	6,063	158	2.7
2022	20	8,491,388	2,675,644	46.0	5,905	1,122	23.6
2021	20	5,815,744			4,783		
2019	14	6,445,838	(14,278)	(0.2)	6,887	(15)	(0.2)
2018	14	6,460,116	(211,554)	(3.2)	6,902	(180)	(2.5)
2017	14	6,671,670	(93,839)	(1.4)	7,082	100	1.4
2016	14	6,765,509	(196,101)	(2.8)	6,982	(151)	(2.1)
2015	14	6,961,610	(59,980)	(0.9)	7,133	(136)	(1.9)
2014	14	7,021,590	255,148	3.8	7,269	228	3.2
2013	14	6,766,442	261,856	4.0	7,041	342	5.1
2012	14	6,504,586	(159,620)	(2.4)	6,699	(257)	(3.7)
2011	14	6,664,206	(278,534)	(4.0)	6,956	(92)	(1.3)
2010	14	6,942,740	(74,729)	(1.1)	7,048	(300)	(4.1)
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2009	14	7,017,469	(79,942)	(1.1)	7,348	31	0.4
2008	14	7,097,411	375,946	5.6	7,317	308	4.4
2007	14	6,721,465	305,265	4.8	7,009	269	4.0
2006	14	6,416,200	(271,296)	(4.1)	6,740	(154)	(2.2)
2005	14	6,687,496	224,614	3.5	6,894	40	0.6
2004	14	6,462,882	94,083	1.5	6,854	21	0.3
2003	14	6,368,799	(389,958)	(5.8)	6,833	(135)	(1.9)
2002	14	6,758,757	42,904	0.6	6,968	59	0.9
2001	14	6,715,853	163,178	2.5	6,909	(114)	(1.6)
2000	14	6,552,675	115,424	1.8	7,023	414	6.3
1999	14	6,437,251	(3,142)	(0.0)	6,609	(65)	(1.0)
1998	14	6,440,393	2,172,982	50.9	6,674	257	4.0
1997	10	4,267,411	148,470	3.6	6,417	70	1.1
1996	10	4,118,941	(258,685)	(5.9)	6,347	(100)	(1.6)
1995	10	4,377,626	(132,243)	(2.9)	6,447	(254)	(3.8)
1994	10	4,509,869	(96,971)	(2.1)	6,701	(84)	(1.2)
1993	10	4,606,840	1,659,155	56.3	6,785	1,094	19.2
1992	8	2,947,685	(10,797)	(0.4)	5,691	203	3.7
1991	8	2,958,482	181,087	6.5	5,488	123	2.3
1990	8	2,777,395	164,148	6.3	5,365	N/A	N/A

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - (10 teams - 150-game schedule 2022 - 2025

Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 7,420,095 (2007 – 16 teams); Average per Team: 508,547 (1947); Average per Date: 6,625 (2006 and 2007).

Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 4,235,381 (2023 – 10 teams); Average per Team: 423,538 (2023); Average per date: 5,762 (2023).

Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Sacramento–901,214 (2001)); Avg. per Date: Sacramento–12,517 (2001).

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance - Albuquerque–521,521 (2023); Avg. per Date–Albuquerque–7,062 (2022)

- **Pacific Coast League** 10 teams. 9 of the teams in this league played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League in 2019. Sugar Land was in the independent Atlantic League.
- Total **2024** attendance was 4,147,066, down 88,315 (2.1%) from **2023**. Average per team was 414,707. Average per date fell 143 (2.5%) to 5,619. There were 3 more dates than in **2023**, and 12 dates were lost. 3 teams had increases in total attendance, and 3 teams were up in average per date. Salt Lake, up 25,984, had the best increase in total attendance, and Sacramento, up 357, had the top average per date gain. Round Rock had the league's largest declines, down 45,525 in total attendance, and down 478 in average per date.
- Albuquerque led the league with 503,525 in total attendance, which was the 5th highest among MLB-affiliated teams in 2024, followed by El Paso (491,296), and Las Vegas (481,802). Albuquerque also had the best average per date in the league (6,714, which ranked 7th best among MLB-affiliates). El Paso (6,551) and Las Vegas (6,511) were next.
- Sacramento, Tacoma, and Salt Lake City also topped 400,000 in total attendance. Every team except Sugar Land and Reno topped 5,000 per date.
- Tacoma set new team record-highs in total attendance and average per date.
- Total **2019** attendance in the 16-team Pacific Coast League was 7,054,538, with a 6,532 average per date.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- Albuquerque led the league in total attendance and average per date in 2024. The lsotopes drew 503,525, down 17,996 (3.5%). Average per date was 6,714, down 334 (4.7%). Among MLB-affiliated teams, the total was 5th best, and average per date was 7th best. 17 dates topped 8,000, and 6 of them reached 10,000. The top crowd was 12,011. There were no lost dates, and one more date was played in 2024 than in 2023.
- The Isotopes have drawn over 500,000 in the each of the first 20 'normal' years of operation of the current team (2003-2024, excludes 2021). The current team has topped a 7,000 average per date every year, except 2021 and 2024. Attendance at the old park in Albuquerque never reached 400,000, through 2000. A team record-high crowd of 16,975 attended the 2018 Cinco de Mayo game.
- The Isotopes were the 2018 winners of the John H. Johnson Award as 'The Most Complete Minor League Baseball Franchise.' In 2019, Albuquerque was the repeat winner of the Copa de la Diversion (Fun Cup), part of the annual Minor League celebration of Latino culture.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - TRIPLE-A - continued

- Las Vegas drew 481,802, down 24,245 (4.8%) in **2024**. Average per date was 6,511, down 328 (4.8%). It was the 9th highest total, and 12th best average per date, among MLB-affiliated teams. One date was lost in both 2024 and 2023. 12 dates were sold out, and 15 crowds topped 8,000, with a high of 10,646. In 2022, Las Vegas Ballpark was voted again as the best Triple-A ballpark in a poll taken by ballparkdigest.com. The Aviators have had their 5 best total attendance and average per date figures ever, including 93 sellouts, in their 5 seasons at Las Vegas Ballpark.
- In 2019, Las Vegas moved to a new ballpark in the suburb of Summerlin, and had an incredible attendance year. The newly-named Aviators had the highest total attendance and average per date of any U.S. or Canadian team. Only Tijuana of the Mexican League had a higher total, and only Tijuana and Monterrey, also of the Mexican League, posted a better average per date. The Aviators also had the best total and average per date increases of any team in 2019, and the 3rd best percentage gains vs. 2018.
- The Aviators blew away their previous attendance records in 2019, drawing 650,934, up 318,710 (95.9%). Average per date was 9,299 up 4,553. The old records were set in 1993, when this franchise drew 386,310, averaging 5,441 per date. In 2019, the Aviators had 47 sellouts, 23 dates drew at least 10,000, 4 of them topped 11,000, with a high of 12,111. Only 10 dates drew under 8,000 in a park that has 8,196 fixed seats.
- Prior to 2019, Las Vegas had attendance consistency. They drew between 290,000 and 390,000, every year since joining the P.C.L. in 1983, and topped 300,000 each year from 1988 through 2018. In 2018, their final season at Cashman Field, the 51's drew 332,224, averaging 4,746 per date. Las Vegas averaged over 4,000 every year, with a high of 5,441 in 1993, and a low of 4,089 in 1986. In their 36 years at Cashman Field, the team drew 11,971,061 to regular season games, averaging 332,529 per year. Average per date, including post-season games was 4,704.
- The **Round Rock** Express had a total attendance of 366,025 in **2024**, down 45,525 (11.1%). Average per date was 5,084, down 478 (8.6%). Except for 2021, these were the lowest total and average per date in the team's 24-year history. The declines were the largest in the league. There were 3 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. 21 dates drew over 6,000, and 6 of them topped 8,000, with a high of 10,219.
- Round Rock drew 597,928, the 3rd best total in the Minors in 2019, and was 2nd to Las Vegas among U.S. teams. There were 37 crowds of at least 8,000, and 20 dates drew over 10,000. The Express topped 589,000 in each of the first 20 seasons of their history through 2019, with a high of 700,277 in 2005. They've drawn at least 650,000 in 9 of these years, and topped 600,000 in 14 seasons (2000-2009, 2011, 2016-2018). That includes 5 years in the Texas League (2000-2004), when the Express set a Double-A attendance record each year.
- Average attendance per date at Round Rock topped 8,000 every year until 2021, and was above 9,000 each season from 2000 through 2008, with a team record-high of 9,846 in 2004. Their 2019 average per date of 8,542, was the 10th best in Minor League Baseball, and 7rd best among U.S. teams. Dell Diamond in Round Rock has 8,631 fixed seats. The Express has averaged 8,369 per date (14,235,797 in 1,701 dates) in their history, including 2021. If 2021 is excluded, the average per date is 8,510.
- **Reno** drew 355,269, down 17,657 (4.7%) in **2024**. Average per date fell 239 (4.7%), to 4,801, with the same number of dates as in 2023. There was one lost date. 26 dates drew at least 6,000, with a high of 9,485.
- It was a most unusual **2021** season in **Reno**. The Aces had 7 lost dates, but none were due to rain, snow, or cold. All postponements were caused by Covid breakouts, or by smoke and bad air from fires that hit the Western states.
- In 2015, the Aces had a team record 8 sellouts, but in 2019, only 2 crowds topped 8,000. From 2011 through 2014, they only had a combined 9 sellouts. Reno drew above 400,000 from 2009 through 2011, but not after that. Prior to joining the P.C.L. in 2009, Reno had teams in the California League and in independent leagues. None of those teams ever drew better than 110,000, and in only 3 seasons (1981, 1987, 1992) did attendance reach 100,000.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - TRIPLE-A - continued

- The Chihuahuas attracted 491,296, an average of 6,551 per date in 2024, their 10th year out in the West Texas town of El Paso. The total and average per the lowest in any season, except 2021. The total declined 16,611 (3.3%) from 2023, and the average per date fell 221 (3.3%). There were no lost dates in 2024 and 2023. 14 dates drew over 8,000. The largest crowd was 9,449. 2023 was the 7th time above 500,000 for the Chihuahuas.
- El Paso drew 522,894, down 16,626, and averaged 7,578 per date, down 241, in **2019**. 25 dates drew at least 8,000. This followed the totals of 539,520 in 2018, 544,668 in 2017, 564,259 in 2016, and a record-high 578,952 (8,154 per date) in 2015. In **2014**, they attracted 560,997, which was up 360,920 from what they drew in Tucson in 2013. The 2014 totals include the first 4 home dates of the season which were played in Tucson because the new ballpark in El Paso was not ready. Average per date overall was 7,901 (8,193 for the 67 dates in El Paso), compared to an average of 2,818 in Tucson in 2013.
- The Chihuahuas averaged better than 7,500 per date every season through 2019. El Paso had been in the Texas League, and their record-high attendance there was 329,233 in 1995. The city also had an independent team for a few years, and that team's highest attendance was 211,316 in 2007.
- In their last year at Smith's Ballpark, the **2024 Salt Lake Bees** drew 469,478, up a league-best 25,984 (5.9%), with an average per date of 6,344, up 185 (3.0%). They played 2 more dates than in 2023, with one lost date. 14 dates drew over 8,000, with 11 of them topping 10,000. A crowd of 14,455 was the largest in the Pacific Coast League.
- In 2016, Salt Lake had the 2nd best total attendance gain, and 3rd highest average per date gain among U.S. teams. There was a significant loss in 2014 as total attendance dipped 60,656, the 4th worst dip among affiliated teams, and average per date fell 760. In 2012, the Bees posted the best total gain (77,864) among all U.S./Canadian MLBaffiliated teams. Average per date that year rose by 724, the 3rd best increase among the MLB-affiliated teams.
- The Bees have topped 430,000 in total attendance in all 29 'normal' years of operation as a full-season team, through 2024. Average per date was above 6,400 every year through 2019. They've been above 450,000 in 22 of those years, and have surpassed 500,000 in 12 seasons (1994-2000, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2013, 2016). Average per date has topped 7,000 in 6 of 12 years through 2019. In 1994, the first Triple-A season of the current franchise, the team drew 713,224, averaging 10,189 per date.
- Salt Lake City had been in the short-season Rookie Class Pioneer League from 1985 through 1992. This was the largest market, by far, in that league. Salt Lake City led all short-season teams in attendance each year from 1986 through 1992. In 1991, they became the first short-season team to draw 200,000.
- A new home park for the Bees will open in South Jordan in 2025. This is part of a major development to create a new downtown in that location.
- The 'Voice of the Bees,' broadcaster Steve Klauke retired following the 2023 season, after broadcasting 4,181 Bees games over 29 seasons.
- Oklahoma City drew 387,988 in 2024, down 11,920 (3.0%), with 3 more dates than in 2023. Average per date was 5,243, the lowest 'normal' season average since 1997, and down 389 (6.9%). The biggest crowd was 9,327, and 15 dates topped 7,000. There was only one rainout.
- The Dodgers fell just 92 tickets sold short of reaching 400,000 for the 9th straight 'normal' year in **2023**. Average per date had been above 6,000 for 6 years in a row through 2019. The Dodgers have topped 400,000 in total attendance for 18 of 25 'normal' years from 1998 through 2024. OKC never reached 400,000 before 1998. Average per date has been above 6,000 in 16 of 25 'normal' seasons through 2024.
- Oklahoma City's ballpark is located on South Mickey Mantle Drive, a street named for the native Oklahoman Hall-of-Famer, known in the state as the 'Commerce Comet.' In 2025, the team has been renamed as the Comets, in honor of Mickey Mantle, and also as a salute to the local aerospace industry.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - TRIPLE-A - continued

- Sacramento's 2024 total attendance increased 21,225 (5.5%) to 409,700. Average per date rose a league best 357 (6.9%) to 5,536. There was one rainout in 2024, after having none in both 2023 and 2022. 26 dates drew over 6,000, with 9 above 8,000. The largest crowd was 13,060.
- Sacramento won the Triple-A championship, but had the 2nd lowest attendance in the club's first 20 years in **2019**, though it was still quite good. The total was 549,440, and the average per date was 7,849. That was the 10th highest total in the Minors in 2019. 27 dates drew better than 8,000, with 12 of them topping 10,000.
- Sacramento has been one of the best draws in Minor League history. As the table below shows, they led the Minor Leagues in total attendance 10 times, and in average per date 6 times. In 4 other years, they had the best average per date among U.S./Canadian teams, and in one other season, they led this group of teams in total attendance. The River Cats have 102 regular season sellouts in their history, all with a crowd of better than 14,000. They averaged more than 10,000 per date in each of their first 8 seasons. Unlike most teams, Sacramento has drawn well in the playoffs, with 17 crowds above 10,000.
- The River Cats are one of only 4 teams, along with Louisville, Buffalo, and Monterrey, Mexico, to reach 900,000 in attendance in any season.
- In 2017 and 2016, Sacramento gave back the gains it made in 2015, when their total attendance rose 64,515, and average per date was up 777, with 25 crowds of at least 10,000 and 12 sellouts. 2016 attendance fell 62,688, which was the worst total loss among U.S. teams. In 2017, the total fell 47,429, which was the 6th worst loss in the MLB-affiliated leagues, and the 3rd biggest decline among U.S. teams. Average per date declined by 555, which was the biggest U.S. loss, and the 5th worst affiliated decline overall. (Some Mexican League teams, which were part of the MLB-affiliated leagues at that time, had bigger declines in 2017.)
- In 2015, Sacramento led all of Minor League Baseball in attendance for the 10th time since the team began play in 2000. They also led the Pacific Coast League in attendance for the 14th time. Their biggest crowd ever was 15,808 in 2008. 2012, 2017, 2018, and 2019 were the only years, until 2021, that this team drew under 600,000.
- **Through 2024**, the River Cats have drawn 15,071,836 since starting play in 2000, the quickest any team has ever reached 15 million. They have averaged 627,993 per season (644,009 excluding 2021), and 8,793 per date (1,714 dates) in their history. Their average per date excluding 2021 is 8,983. Sacramento had been for a few years, the largest TV market without a Major League team. (Orlando-Daytona holds that distinction now.) From 1961 through 1973, and again from 1977 through 1999, Sacramento didn't even have a Minor League team.
- Sutter Health Park will be a very busy place over the next few seasons. The former Oakland Athletics (for now named The Athletics) will play in Sacramento until their permanent new home in Las Vegas opens. 81 Athletics games, 75 River Cats P.C.L. games, plus an exhibition game with the San Francisco Giants, for a total of 156 games are scheduled at Sutter Health Park in 2025.

Year	Total Attend.	Avg./Date	Year	Total Attend.	Avg./Date	Year	Total Attend.	Avg./Date
2000	861,808*	12,312*	2008	700,168*	9,725#	2016	609,666	8,587
2001	901,214*	12,517*	2009	657,095^	9,126	2017	562,237	8,032
2002	817,317*	11,512*	2010	657,910*	9,138^	2018	538,785	7,808
2003	766,326*	10,643#	2011	600,306	8,455	2019	549,440	7,849
2004	751,156*	10,433^	2012	586,090	8,140	2021	259,640	3,994
2005	755,750*	10,497#	2013	607,329	8,435	2022	372,769	4,970
2006	728,227#	10,257#	2014	607,839	8,561	2023	388,475	5,180
2007	710,235*	10,003*	2015	672,354*	9,338	2024	409,700	5,536

SACRAMENTO RIVER CATS ATTENDANCE - 2000-2024

* - Best in Minor Leagues # - Led U.S./Canadian teams ^ - 2nd among U.S./Canadian teams

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - TRIPLE-A - continued

- 2024 was a record-setting season for Tacoma. The Rainiers drew 401,027, the highest total attendance in this team's 64-year Triple-A history, breaking a record set in 2023. Average per date was a record-high 5,494, topping the high set in 2017. The total rose 16,529 (4.3%), and average per date was up 226 (4.3%). There were 38 dates with attendance of better than 6,000, including a high of 7,462. There were 2 lost dates, same as in 2023.
- Cheney Stadium in Tacoma was renovated for 2011, and the Rainiers set a then-record-high that year. Only one game yearly was lost due to weather in 2018, 2016 and in 2015, following a loss of 7 home dates in 2014, and none in 2013.
- The Rainiers have topped 300,000 in 30 seasons since 1989, and in each year from 2001 through 2024, except 2021. They have surpassed 350,000 in 11 of 14 'normal' seasons from 2009 through 2024, after never reaching this level before. Average per date has been above 5,000 in each of the last 7 'normal' seasons. Cheney Stadium opened in 1960, and was built in just 3 months and 14 days, at a cost of \$940,000. It was renovated at a cost of \$30 million, and has a listed seating capacity of 6,500.
- Sugar Land, (a suburb of Houston) moved from the independent Atlantic League to the Pacific Coast League in 2021. They were Pacific Coast League and Triple-A Champions in 2024.
- Their total **2024** attendance was 280,956, down 18,099 (6.1%). Average per date was 3,849, down 248 (6.1%), with the same number of dates as in 2023, and 2 dates lost. The total and average per date were the lowest in team history, excluding 2021. 15 dates drew over 5,000 with a high of 7,204. The team's name was changed from Skeeters to Space Cowboys in 2022.
- In 2012, Sugar Land played its first season and drew 465,511, at that time the highest total attendance ever by a modern independent team. (2023 now-independent Yucatan of the Mexican League broke that record, and Mexico City nearly set a new high in 2024.) The Skeeters also averaged 6,650 per date, which was the best among all independent league teams in 2012. 25 dates that year drew over 7,000. The old independent team total attendance record was 443,142, set by Long Island in 2001. The current independent record-high for average per date among U.S./Canadian teams is 8,438 by St. Paul in 2016.
- But in 2013, even though the Skeeters again had the highest independent total attendance, it declined 83,452, the worst drop by any independent team. Average per date fell 1,113, which was the 2nd greatest drop among independent teams. Sugar Land had a 1,406 gain to 383,465 in 2014, and led all independent teams in total attendance. 2015 saw an 81,605 drop in Sugar Land's total attendance to 301,860, the worst decline that year by an independent team. This still was the 4th best 2015 total among the independents. Average per date fell to 4,439. In 2016, total attendance slipped to 300,331, which was the 4th best independent team total. Average per date rose to 4,483, the 5th best among independents. The Skeeters drew a team record crowd of 8,606 on July 4, 2016.
- The 2020 Atlantic League season was cancelled due to Covid. But the Skeeters created the 4-team Constellation Energy League, which played all its games in Sugar Land. The league drew over 50,000.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - TRIPLE-A - Pre-2021 Historical Attendance Data

- New Orleans had its final season in **2019**, and it did not go well in attendance. The Baby Cakes drew just 188,092, down 64,522, with 2 fewer dates. Average per date declined 888 to 2,939. These were the biggest declines in both total attendance and average per date of any Minor League team in 2019. Only 5 dates drew at least 5,000. The total attendance was the smallest in Triple-A since Ottawa drew 126,894 in 2007. The average per date was a Triple-A low since Tucson in 2013 (2,818). This was the smallest attendance in New Orleans since 1996. This franchise drew record-highs in total attendance (519,584), and average per date (7,530) in 1998.
- Despite the large dip in population in the New Orleans area after Hurricane Katrina in 2005, attendance had remained steady until 2018. In 2004, the year prior to Katrina, this team drew 324,324. Attendance had been above this level every year through 2017. It was 349,883 in 2017, up 10,487. This despite 8 lost dates, and 3 fewer dates than in 2016. Average per date in 2017 rose 412 to 5,554. 21 dates drew at least 6,000, with 3 of them reaching 10,000. The 2017 total attendance was the highest since 2011. Average per date was the best since 2010, and 2nd best since 2002. This team had a new name in 2017 the Baby Cakes, which is related to Mardi Gras. The former name, Zephyrs (for the west wind), came with the team to New Orleans from Denver.
- But 2018 was a really bad attendance year for the Baby Cakes. Even though they played 3 more dates than in 2017, total attendance declined 97,269 to 252,614, and average per date fell 1,727 to 3,827. Those were the worst declines of any Minor League team in 2018. The total and average per date were the lowest, until 2019, for New Orleans since 1996, the year before they opened their new park, known as 'The Shrine on Airline.'
- The New Orleans franchise was moved to Wichita, KS for the 2021 season, and now plays in the Texas League.
- The Pacific Coast League drew 7,054,538, averaging 6,532 per date in **2019**, the final year of the 16-team setup. Total attendance rose 132,728 (1.9%), and average per date was up 164. The league's record high average per date is 6,625 in both 2006 and 2007. P.C.L. average per date was above 6,000 for 20 straight years through 2019. Las Vegas, in their new ballpark, led the league in both total and average per date, while New Orleans, in their final season in Louisiana, had the lowest figures.
- Attendance reached 7 million 11 times in the league's last 15 years (2005-10, 2014-17, 2019). 4 teams had gains in total attendance, and 5 teams had growth in average per date in 2019. There were 7 fewer dates than in 2018. 37 dates were lost to weather in 2019, compared to 31 in 2018, 40 in 2017 and 44 in 2016. Las Vegas had the best increases in all of Minor League Baseball in both total attendance and average per date. Conversely, New Orleans suffered the worst declines of any Minor League team in 2019 in both total attendance and in average per date.
- 6 of the 16 teams in this league drew at least 500,000 in 2019. A record high of 7 P.C.L. teams topped 500,000 in 2016 and 2007. It was done by 6 teams in 2017, 2015, and 2008. The half-million mark was reached by 4 teams in 2014, 2013, 2011, and 2009, and by 5 teams in 2018, 2012 and 2010. In 1947, 5 of the 8 teams in the league reached 500,000, and every team drew at least 350,000. Both Los Angeles and San Francisco topped 600,000, and Oakland, Seattle, and Hollywood all drew over 500,000. The league played a 186-game schedule that year. In 1949, every P.C.L. team topped 378,000. Since then, no league has had every one of its teams top a figure that high in any season.
- The P.C.L. average attendance per team has been over 400,000 for 23 straight 'normal' years (2000-2019, 2022-2024), including 440,909 in 2019. It had been above 400,000 from 1946 through 1949, with a high of 508,547 in 1947. Average per team fell below 200,000 each year from 1958 through 1981, and in 1984. It reached post-World War II lows of 131,968 in 1962, and 131,999 in 1969. In 1966, none of the 12 P.C.L. teams topped 200,000, and as recently as 1974, just one team in the league reached 200,000. The last team from this league to draw under 200,000 prior to New Orleans in 2019, was Calgary in 2002.
- One more historic note: In 1946, the San Francisco Seals of the P.C.L. drew a then-Minor League record 670,563. That season mark was not topped until 1982, when Louisville drew 868,418. The Seals also topped 600,000 in 1947 and 1948. Buffalo holds the current Minor League season attendance record of 1,188,972 (1,240,951 if playoff games are included), set in 1991.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE - TRIPLE-A - continued

In 1998, 6 teams were moved from the American Association (no relation to the current independent league with the same name) to the Pacific Coast League. The league record for average per date was set in both 2007 and 2006.

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	10	4,147,066	(88,315)	(2.1)	5,619	(143)	(2.5)
2023	10	4,235,381	85,379	2.1	5,762	108	1.9
2022	10	4,150,002	1,126,247	37.2	5,654	831	17.2
2021	10	3,023,755	, -,		4,823		
		, ,			,		
2019	16	7,054,538	132,728	1.9	6,532	164	2.6
2018	16	6,921,810	(228,658)	(3.2)	6,368	(174)	(2.7)
2017	16	7,150,468	86,616	1.2	6,542	138	2.2
2016	16	7,063,852	(166,662)	(2.3)	6,404	(104)	(1.6)
2015	16	7,230,514	228,856	3.3	6,508	223	3.5
2014	16	7,001,658	237,975	3.5	6,285	241	4.0
2013	16	6,763,683	(32,474)	(0.5)	6,044	(8)	(0.1)
2012	16	6,796,157	(129,133)	(1.9)	6,052	(104)	(1.7)
2011	16	6,925,290	(107,255)	(1.5)	6,156	(168)	(2.7)
2010	16	7,032,545	(100,841)	(1.4)	6,324	(45)	(0.7)
2009	16	7,133,386	(85,970)	(1.2)	6,369	(135)	(2.1)
2008	16	7,219,356	(200,739)	(2.7)	6,504	(121)	(1.8)
2007	16	7,420,095	6,590	0.1	6,625	0	0.0
2006	16	7,413,505	67,097	0.9	6,625	13	0.2
2005	16	7,346,408	543,340	8.0	6,612	455	7.4
2004	16	6,803,068	(195,276)	(2.8)	6,157	(165)	(2.6)
2003	16	6,998,344	201,799	3.0	6,322	52	0.8
2002	16	6,796,545	44,874	0.7	6,270	132	2.2
2001	16	6,751,671	98,303	1.5	6,138	84	1.4
2000	16	6,653,368	1,046,369	18.7	6,054	779	14.8
1999	16	5,606,999	(352,811)	(5.9)	5,275	(223)	(4.1)
1998	16	5,959,810	2,715,733	83.7	5,498	634	13.0
1997	10	3,244,077	(220,702)	(6.4)	4,864	(224)	(4.4)
1996	10	3,464,779	49,912	1.5	5,088	(63)	(1.2)
1995	10	3,414,867	(89,810)	(2.6)	5,151	(26)	(0.5)
1994	10	3,504,677	592,505	20.3	5,177	817	18.7
1993	10	2,912,172	19,360	0.7	4,360	87	2.0
1992	10	2,892,812	139,269	5.1	4,273	N/A	N/A
1991	10	2,753,543	145,517	5.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	10	2,608,026	53,609	2.1	N/A	N/A	N/A

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

EASTERN LEAGUE – (12 teams – 138-game schedule 2022 - 2025)

- Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 3,966,241 (2010 12 teams); Average per Team: 330,520 (2010); Average per Date: 4,904 (1998).
- Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 3,706,509 (2023 12 teams); Average per Team: 308,876 (2023); Average per date: 4,722 (2023).
- Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Akron–522,459 (1999); Average per Date: Akron–7,572 (1999). Richmond averaged 8,065 in the Triple-A International League in 1996

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Richmond-435,295 (2024); Average per Date-Richmond - 6,595 (2024)

- **Eastern League** 12 teams. 11 of the teams were in the Eastern League in 2019. Somerset played in the independent Atlantic League. Trenton, an Eastern League team in 2019, is now in the MLB Draft League. The league topped 3.4 million in total attendance for the 24th straight 'normal' year in 2024. Average per date exceeded 4,200 for the 28th normal' year in a row.
- The league drew 3,659,775 in **2024**, averaging 304,981 per team, and 4,621 per date. These figures are the highest among the Double-A leagues. There were 36 lost dates. Richmond had the top total attendance (435,295) and average per date (6,595) among all Double-A teams. Reading (414,262 total, 6,277 average), Hartford (411,351 total 6,140 average), and Portland (395,461 total, 6,084 average) were close behind.
- Teams in the 2019 Eastern League drew 3,749,124, and averaged 4,764 per date.
- 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance fell 46,734 (1.3%), and average per dipped 101 (2.1%), with 7 more dates. 6 teams had gains in total attendance, and 5 were up in average per date. Reading had the league's highest gains, up an MLB-affiliated 2nd best 28,784 in total attendance, and up a 7th best 346 in average per date. On a percentage growth basis, Reading had the 7th best total attendance increase among MLB-affiliates. Binghamton had declines of 60,850 (29.4%) in total attendance, and 865 (27.2%) in average per date. Those were the worst numerical losses among all U.S./Canadian Minor League teams.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- The Richmond Flying Squirrels drew a 2024 Double-A best, total attendance of 435,295, their highest since 2012, and an average per date of 6,595, the best since 2013. The total was up 6,754 (1.6%) from 2023, and average per date rose 199 (3.1%). 41 dates drew over 6,000, with 11 of them topping 8,000, with an Eastern League high of 9,810. Since 2020, there have been 70 sellouts. There was one less date than in 2023, with 3 lost dates.
- Richmond also led the Eastern League in average per date in **2019**, **2022**, and **2023**. The Flying Squirrels topped 400,000 in 10 of their 13 'normal' seasons in the Eastern League, and led the league in total attendance 7 times. The total has been above 385,000 every year except 2021. Average per date has been over 6,000 in 12 of 13 'normal' seasons (2010-2024). The Triple-A Richmond Braves, who moved to Gwinnett County, Georgia, an Atlanta suburb, after the 2008 season, surpassed 400,000 for 15 straight years from 1989 through 2003. In 6 of those seasons, their attendance exceeded 500,000. Total attendance has been above 300,000 in every season, except 2008 and 2021, since The Diamond opened in 1985. Groundbreaking for a long-awaited new ballpark in Richmond took place in 2024. CarMax Park, with a capacity of 10,000, opens in 2026.
- Richmond had been the Triple-A affiliate of the Atlanta Braves from 1966 through 2008. Moving their Triple-A team to a suburb of Atlanta provided logistical benefits to the Braves, such as making it easier to call up or send down players from one team to another. But from an attendance standpoint, Richmond has been a much better draw than Gwinnett. From 2010 through 2024 (including 2021), the Richmond Flying Squirrels have drawn 5,739,548 in 923 dates, averaging 409,968 per season, and 6,218 per date. The Gwinnett Stripers have drawn 3,556,498 in 962 dates in these 14 seasons, averaging 254,036 per season, and 3,697 per date. In these 14 seasons (remember, no games in 2020), Richmond has averaged 2,521 (68.2%) higher than Gwinnett in average per date.

EASTERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- Hartford had the 3rd best total attendance and 3rd highest average per date among the 30 Double-A teams in 2024. Total attendance was 411,351, up 8,620 (2.1%). Average per date was 6,140, down 153 (2.4%). There were 2 lost dates, and 3 more dates were played in 2024 than in 2023.
- 39 dates drew at least 6,121 (the Dunkin Park full seating capacity), and the old sellout figure of at least 6,850 tickets were sold for 25 dates. The top crowd was 7,532. In their first 7 seasons (2017-2019, 2021-2024) the Yard Goats drew above the Dunkin Park full seating capacity at 278 of 457 dates there, and the old sellout figure of 6,860 was reached at 152 dates.
- 2019 was another record-setting year for the Yard Goats. They led the Eastern League in total attendance, drawing 414,946. Average per date was 6,193. These were then record-highs not only for this franchise (including its years in New Britain), but for any Minor League team in Connecticut. The average per date record was broken in 2023 (6,293). The old records were 408,942 in total attendance, and 6,014 in average per date, both set by Hartford in 2018.
- Since Hartford's ballpark was not finished in time for the 2016 season, and they couldn't go back to New Britain because that park had become home to an independent Atlantic League team, the Yard Goats had to play all their games on the road that year. But when the Yard Goats finally got home, they were an instant attendance success. In **2017**, they drew 395,196, averaging 5,812 in their new park. That was 353,627 better in total attendance, and 5,013 per date more, than they drew on their home-away-from home journey in 2016. The 2017 Yard Goats had 41 sellouts, including 26 of the final 31 dates of the season. Compared to their 2015 season in New Britain, 2017 total attendance was up 127,819, and average per date had a 1,761 gain.
- In the current Hartford team's 20 seasons at New Britain Stadium (1996-2015), they drew 5,686,765 in 1,312 dates, averaging 234,338 per season, and 4,334 per date. The highest total was 368,523 in 2010, and the top average per date was 5,867 in 2011. From 1983 through 1995, they played at neighboring Beehive Field, drawing 1,435,260, an average of 110,405 a year.
- New Britain's attendance had surpassed 300,000 for 11 straight years through 2014, and had generally more than doubled since the early years of New Britain Stadium, which opened in 1996. From 1983 through 1999, New Britain never drew above 182,000. The then-named Rock Cats had set a team attendance record 10 times in an 11-year period from 2000 through 2010. There was an independent Atlantic League team, the Bees, in New Britain from 2016 through 2019. That club's highs were 214,635 in total attendance and 3,302 in average per date, both in 2016, when the Bees were the only team in the market. Their lows were a total of 133,141, and an average of 2,113 in 2019. This team was replaced by a Summer Collegiate club in 2021, and it averaged 1,486 per date in 2024.
- The Altoona Curve attracted a total of 305,598, down 2,405 (0.8%) in **2024.** Average per date was 4,630, the highest since 2008, and up 33 (0.7%). 22 dates drew over 5,000, with a high of 8,905. There were 3 lost dates and one less date than in 2023.
- In **2023**, the Curve drew a record-high crowd of 10,164. The last time a game drew 10,000+ in this league was for a Portland home game at Fenway Park in 2013. The previous 10,000+ crowd at an Eastern League park was in 2007 for 2 games at Bowie.
- Altoona's **2024** total attendance reached 300,000 for the 14th time in the team's 25-year history. The Curve topped 300,000 each year from 1999 through 2008, but not again until 2015 and then in 2023 and 2024. They averaged over 5,000 per date from 2000 through 2008. Team owner Bob Lozinak was voted '2019 King of Baseball' for dedication and service to the game.
- The team is named for the curveball in baseball, and also for the railroad Horseshoe Curve built in the 1850's just outside of Altoona.

EASTERN LEAGUE - DOUBLE-A - continued

- **Reading** is called Baseballtown, and for a good reason. Their **2024** total attendance was 414,262, the best since 2016, up 28,784 (7.5%), and average per date rose 346 (5.8%), to 6,277, the best since 2013. This was the 2nd highest total and average per date among all Double-A teams, and the 2nd best total attendance increase among the MLB-affiliated clubs. It was the 28th straight 'normal' season with average per date above 5,400. 3 dates were lost in 2024, and there was one more date than in **2023**. 38 dates in 2024 drew over 6,000, with a high of 8,805.
- 2017 league attendance leader Reading was back over 400,000 in 2015, 2016, and 2017, after their streak of drawing at least 400,000 for a then-Double-A record 16 straight years ended in 2014. Trenton topped this level every year from 1995 through 2008, and Frisco of the Texas League did it for 17 straight years through 2019. Since 2002, Reading has led the Eastern League in total attendance 11 times and had the league's top average per date 11 times. In 2025, Reading celebrates its 59th straight season as a Phillies affiliate, the longest current affiliation of any team.
- Baseball is very popular in Reading, despite a tough local economy, and a ballpark built in 1951. The Triple-A Lehigh Valley IronPigs, who topped 544,000 in each 'normal' year from 2008 through 2024, and led all of Minor League Baseball in total attendance in 2023 and 2024, play in nearby Allentown. (These 2 teams have the same ownership.) Other Minor League or MLB Draft League teams in nearby Lancaster, Trenton, and Harrisburg, have all drawn pretty well, and the Philadelphia Phillies are just 60 miles away. An indoor arena and a minor league hockey team joined the Reading sports scene in 2001. There has been a huge growth in Reading's attendance since the early 1980's. The figures in bold in the table below are the years when Reading led the Eastern League in total attendance. (Attendance in the table for 1996, 1998, and 2000 includes an exhibition game with the Philadelphia Phillies.)

Year	Attendance	Year	Attendance	Year	Attendance	Year	Attendance
1984	67,333	1994	338,249	2004	478,257	2014	394,458
1985	76,819	1995	383,984	2005	469,105	2015	417,010
1986	83,506	1996	384,151	2006	460,216	2016	420,320
1987	100,895	1997	398,182	2007	466,385	2017	411,698
1988	144,107	1998	423,336	2008	436,789	2018	388,510
1989	178,734	1999	448,367	2009	460,791	2019	398,214
1990	204,240	2000	461,848	2010	456,466	2021	226,667
1991	250,610	2001	458,585	2011	456,957	2022	368,068
1992	287,078	2002	486,570	2012	426,623	2023	385,478
1993	313,083	2003	465,717	2013	436,134	2024	414,262

READING TOTAL ATTENDANCE - 1984-2024

- In 2024, Bowie (renamed Chesapeake for 2025) drew 234,807, up 280 (0.1%), and average per date was 3,505, up 4 (0.1%). There were 2 lost dates, same as in 2023. 17 dates drew over 5,000, and 5 of them topped 7,000, with a high of 8,975.
- Bowie has not reached 300,000 since 2005, after surpassing that figure in the 11 prior years, including 5 seasons (1995, 1997-2000) with attendance above 400,000. Average per date topped 5,000 each year from 1995 through 2003, but not since. It was above 4,000 per date from 1993 through 2007.
- **2024 Eastern League Champion Erie** drew 190,780, down 16,775 (8.1%), with an average of 2,891 per date, down 207 (6.7%). The largest crowd of the season was 6,503, and 7 dates drew over 5,000. There were 3 lost dates, and one less date than in 2023.
- Since entering the Eastern League in 1999, through **2019**, Erie's total attendance ranged from 197,656 to 246,404. The average per date ranged from 3,044 to 3,613 between **2001 and 2019**. The **2019** total of 215,444 was the best since 2011. Erie averaged over 4,900 each year from 1995 through 1998 in the short-season New York-Penn League. But their highest Double-A average per date was 3,613 in 2007. Erie is a very small Double-A market, ranked #154 by A.C. Nielsen. Binghamton (#162) is the only smaller market with a Double-A team.

EASTERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- The Somerset (NJ) Patriots drew 348,390 in 2024, averaging 5,279 per date. The total was down 3,903 (1.1%) vs. 2023. Average per date rose 98 (1.9%). 21 dates drew over 6,000, with a high of 8,260. There were 2 fewer dates than in 2023, and 3 dates were lost. It was the 24th 'normal' year in a row with total attendance above 335,000, and average per date exceeding 5,100.
- For 2022 vs. 2019, total attendance rose 6,501 (1.9%), and average per date was up 97 (1.9%), with the same number of dates played in both seasons. This average per date numerical increase was the best among the 57 teams in Triple-A and Double-A that played in the same market in both 2022 and 2019.
- **Somerset** was one of the most successful independent league teams, and became the Double-A affiliate of the Yankees in **2021**. They really were tested by Covid-related issues, capacity restrictions, and the usual rainouts. And then, Tropical Storm Ida flooded their ballpark, forcing 3 games to be moved to Hartford. One was rained out. Incredibly, within a few days of this flood, the Patriots were playing again at home, in front of a near-capacity crowd.
- Somerset led the independent Atlantic League in total attendance and average per date in **2019**. Their 2019 total of 344,641 was 2nd highest among independent teams. Average per date was an independent leagues' 2nd best 5,144. Patriots' attendance has been very good and very stable through the team's history. Their total attendance has ranged from a low of 335,056 in 1999, to a high of 376,315 in 2004, **excluding 2021**. Average per date, **except for 2021**, ranged from 5,110 (2018) to 5,433 (2008). **Through 2024, and including 2021**, Somerset has drawn 8,724,939 in 25 seasons and 1,676 dates, averaging 348,998 per season, and 5,206 per date. What makes these figures even more impressive is that throughout their history, there have been numerous Minor League Baseball teams a fairly short distance away, along with the New York and Philadelphia Major League sports teams.
- New Hampshire (Manchester) drew 237,029, up 220 (0.1%) in **2024.** Average per date was 3,704, down 379 (9.3%). There were 5 lost dates in 2024, but 6 more dates were played than in 2023. The Fisher Cats were tied for the most rainouts in 2023, with 11. 13 crowds in 2024 exceeded 5,000 with a high of 6,339.
- The Fisher Cats topped 300,000 in 13 of 14 years **through 2019**. 10 of 13 seasons, from 2007 through 2019, averaged better than 5,000 per date. **Through 2024, and including 2021**, the Fisher Cats have drawn 6,295,059 in 1,316 dates in their 20-year history, averaging 4,783 per date.
- Total **2024** attendance in **Harrisburg** was 275,733, up 1,965 (0.7%). Average per date was 4,055, down 157 (3.7%). It was the best total since 2015. There was one lost date, and 3 more dates than in 2023. Attendance topped 5,000 at 19 dates with a high of 7,463.
- The **2024** Senators topped 200,000 for the 35th time in their 37-year history, (2008 and 2021 are the exceptions). They surpassed 270,000 for 6 straight years through 2015, and again in 2023 and 2024. Prior to 2010, they reached 270,000 only in 2001. Average per date was above 3,800 each year from 2010 through 2019, and in 2023 and 2024.
- The 2024 Portland Sea Dogs' total attendance was 395,461, down 8,496 (2.1%). Average per date was 6,084, down 37 (0.6%). There were 4 postponements and one less date than in 2023. 44 dates drew over 6,000, and 15 of them were sellouts that each attracted a team record-tying high of 7,368.
- The Sea Dogs reached 340,000 in all 29 'normal' seasons through 2024, including 10 years above 400,000. Average per date has been above 5,000 every year except 2021, and has topped 6,000 in 11 seasons.
- There have been 584 sellouts in 1,978 dates in Portland's history **through 2024, and including 2021**, drawing 11,451,300, an average of 5,789 per date. Their season high for sellouts was 48 in 1995, and the Sea Dogs also had 47 sellouts in 1994, and 46 sellouts in 1996. This is all really good for any Double-A market, and especially for one that often has cold early season weather.

EASTERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- Akron drew 265,008 in 2024, down 928 (0.3%), with a 3,897 average per date, down 132 (3.3%). There was one lost date, and 2 more dates played than in 2023. Highest attendance was 8,232, and 17 dates drew at least 5,000.
- In **2014**, Akron's team was renamed the Rubber Ducks in recognition of that's city's rubber industry. The rebranding was a big success as attendance rose 55,245 to 350,704, with 12 sellouts. This was the best total in Akron since 2007, and the gain was the 3rd best among all MLB-affiliated teams. Average per date rose 936, 2nd best gain among all Minor League teams. That total was up nearly 100,000 from the 256,473 that they drew in 2012, and average per date increased from 3,772 in 2012 to 5,157 in 2014. Akron's attendance had fallen 7 times in 8 years through 2012.
- **2019** was the 6th straight year above 340,000 in Akron. In 27 seasons in Akron, total attendance has reached 340,000 18 times, and average per date has surpassed 5,000 in 17 seasons (1997-2008, 2014-2017, 2019). In 2015, the Rubber Ducks won the Larry MacPhail award for top promotional effort in the Minors.
- The then-named Akron Aeros drew 522,459 in 1999 to set the Eastern League record. In both 1998 and 1999, the Aeros were the 2nd Double-A franchise to draw 500,000 in a season. Nashville had done it 4 times (1979-1982). More recently, 4 Texas League teams have achieved this level--(Round Rock 2000-2004, Springfield 2005, Frisco 2003-2011, and Corpus Christi–2005-2006). Total attendance in Akron surpassed 400,000 each year from 1997 through 2006. Average per date was above 7,000 in 6 years between 1997 and 2004, including 1999, when they set the Eastern League team record-high of 7,572 per date.
- Attendance at **Binghamton** has been on a roller coaster over the past 2 years. In **2023** the total was up 60,232 (41.1%) to 206,911. Average per date rose 817 (34.6%) to 3,183. Numerically, this was the 3rd best increase in total attendance, and the 2nd highest gain in average per date, among MLB-affiliates. Percentage-wise, the Rumble Ponies had the 2nd best MLB-affiliated increases in both categories. The team's total was 2nd best since 2011, and their average per date was 3rd highest since 2008.
- In 2024, the Rumble Ponies drew 146,061, down 60,850 (29.4%). Average per date was 2,318, down 865 (27.2%). Except for 2021, these were the lowest figures in the team's 32-year history. Numerically, the 2024 vs. 2023 declines were the largest among all U.S./Canadian Minor League teams. These were also the largest percentage losses among all U.S./Canadian teams playing more than a limited home schedule. 2 fewer dates were played than in 2023. There were a league-high 6 postponements. Binghamton had the most lost dates in this league in 2024, 2022, 2021, 2019, and 2017. 3 dates drew over 4,000, with a high of 5,448.
- Weather and Covid hit Binghamton very hard in **2021**. The Rumble Ponies lost 12 dates, which tied Rocket City for the most dates lost by a non-Florida team. An entire 6-game late-season series was cancelled due to Covid.
- In 2018, Binghamton had a nice attendance increase at home, and a very big increase on the road. Was it because Tim Tebow was on the team? Rumble Ponies' total home attendance was up 29,514 to 220,279, the best total since 2008. The numerical increase was the 5th best in the MLB-affiliated leagues, and the 15.5% percentage gain was 8th best. Average per date was up 264 (9th best gain among MLB-affiliated teams) to 3,553, the team's best since they averaged 4,180 in 1992, their first season. This followed an average per date gain of 670 in 2017. On July 20, 2018, the Rumble Ponies drew 7,488, which was then, a single game record-high for this club. On the road in 2018, Binghamton drew 384,234, up 83,124. Their road average per date was 5,822, up 1,260.
- Binghamton topped 250,000 in its first season (1992), but has not done it since. That was also the only year that average per date (4,180) reached 4,000. While Binghamton's attendance figures are generally low, it must be noted that this is a very small Minor League market. A.C. Nielsen ranks Binghamton as the 162nd largest (out of 210) U.S. markets in terms of the number of TV households. Jackson, TN, ranked #176, was until 2021, the only market smaller than Binghamton with a Triple-A or Double-A team. Jackson no longer has a Minor League team. The Binghamton Mets were renamed the Rumble Ponies for 2017, in honor of the 6 vintage carousels located in Binghamton. Mirabito Stadium (formerly NYSEG Stadium) had a \$5.1million upgrade for 2019.

EASTERN LEAGUE - DOUBLE-A - continued

Pre-2021 Historic Attendance Data

- The Eastern League had a small attendance decline in 2019. Total attendance fell 18,547 (0.5%) to 3,749,124, the 21st straight year above 3.4 million. This decrease occurred despite much better April weather in 2019 compared to 2018. In 2018, 58 Eastern League games in April began with temperatures under 50 degrees, and at 17 of these games, the gametime temperature was below 40. Just 38 games started in temperatures of at least 60 degrees. In 2019, 24 April games began in temperatures below 50, and it was at least 60 degrees at 66 games. The league had 53 lost dates in 2019, 54 in 2018, and 59 in 2017, and played one more date in 2019 than in 2018.
- 2019 league average per date was 4,764, down 29. 6 of the 12 teams had gains in total attendance, and 7 were up in average per date. Altoona had the league's best gain in total attendance, and Reading had the best growth in average per date. Binghamton suffered the worst losses in both categories. Akron, Hartford, Portland, Reading, Richmond, and Trenton all averaged over 5,000 per date.
- 2018, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were the only years in Eastern League history that each team drew over 200,000.
- League attendance surpassed 3 million for the 23rd straight year in **2019.** It was the 18th time above 3.7 million. Average per date topped 4,200 for the 25th year in a row, and in all of these years, except 2016, it surpassed 4,500. In 2019, the average per date was above 4,700 for the 13th time.
- The league had averaged at least 300,000 per team for 19 straight seasons through 2015. But Hartford caused this average to fall to 285,376 in 2016. Excluding Hartford, the 2016 average per team was 307,540, but that was still the lowest figure since 2003. The league's average per team topped 100,000 each year from 1946 to 1949, but didn't reach this figure again until 1983. An average of 200,000 per team was first achieved in 1994. The following year, the average per team reached 300,000. It was 310,251 in 2017, 313,973 in 2018, and 312,427 in 2019.
- A big part of the 2017 and 2016 attendance story for the Eastern League was what happened to the Hartford Yard Goats. This team had played in the neighboring city of New Britain through 2015, and a new ballpark was being built for them in Hartford. But there were many construction delays, and the team didn't play any games there in 2016. Construction resumed after the 2016 season, and the ballpark opened in 2017.
- The Yard Goats couldn't return to their park in New Britain for the 2016 season, since a team from the independent Atlantic League moved in there. So they had to play all of their scheduled home games in other Eastern League ballparks, and in Norwich, home of the New York-Penn League Connecticut Tigers. They had just 52 'home' dates with recorded attendance, and drew 41,659, an average of 799 per date. In 2015, they drew 267,377, averaging 4,051 per date, in New Britain. Only 13 of the 52 dates in 2016, where the Yard Goats were the 'home' team, attracted at least 1,000. There were 8 dates with official attendance listed as under 100, with a low of 9, for a game at New Hampshire. Hartford played 5 dates where no fans were admitted to the ballpark. Those games were not included in the list of number of dates played.
- The Hartford situation resulted in a 2016 total attendance decline of 335,652 (8.9%) for the Eastern League. Exclude Hartford, and the decline was 109,844 (3.1%). 2016 average attendance per date was 4,259, which was the lowest since 1994, and down 321 from 2015. If Hartford is excluded from the 2016 figures, the league's average per date was 4,499. In 2015, the league, including New Britain, averaged 4,580. Exclude New Britain, and the 2015 average per date was 4,626. The league's record-high average per date is 4,904, set in 1998.
- In 2017, Hartford moved into their new park, and they were a big attendance success. It led to an increase of 298,497 (8.7%) in total attendance for the Eastern League, to 3,723,010. Average per date was up 514 to 4,773. These were the largest gains for any Minor League in 2017. If Hartford is excluded, the remaining 11 teams had a combined total attendance decline of 55,130 (1.6%), but an average per date gain of 175 to 4,674.

EASTERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

EASTERN LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

[# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	12	3,659,775	(46,734)	(1.3)	4,621	(101)	(2.1)
2023	12	3,706,509	236,031	6.8	4,722	323	7.3
2022	12	3,470,478	1,110,330	47.0	4,399	745	20.4
2021	12	2,360,148			3,653		
2019	12	3,749,124	(18,547)	(0.5)	4,764	(29)	(0.6)
2018	12	3,767,671	44,661	1.2	4,793	20	0.4
2017	12	3,723,010	298,497	8.7	4,773	514	12.1
2016	12	3,424,513	(335,652)	(8.9)	4,259	(321)	(7.0)
2015	12	3,760,165	54,220	1.5	4,580	(24)	(0.5)
2014	12	3,705,945	(37,637)	(1.0)	4,604	(12)	(0.3)
2013	12	3,743,582	(47,659)	(1.3)	4,616	(53)	(1.1)
2012	12	3,791,241	(132,140)	(3.4)	4,669	(199)	(4.1)
2011	12	3,923,381	(42,860)	(1.1)	4,868	72	1.5
2010	12	3,966,241	271,847	7.4	4,796	184	4.0
2009	12	3,694,394	(75,939)	(2.0)	4,612	(3)	(0.1)
2008	12	3,770,333	(117,001)	(3.0)	4,615	(275)	(5.6)
2007	12	3,887,334	74,427	2.0	4,890	64	1.3
2006	12	3,812,907	(131,288)	(3.3)	4,826	22	0.5
2005	12	3,944,195	30,168	0.8	4,804	(64)	(1.3)
2004	12	3,914,027	244,767	6.7	4,868	147	3.1
2003	12	3,669,260	(76,669)	(2.0)	4,721	39	0.8
2002	12	3,745,929	(93,346)	(2.4)	4,682	(52)	(1.1)
2001	12	3,839,275	119,551	3.2	4,734	138	3.0
2000	12	3,719,724	(148,008)	(3.9)	4,596	(93)	(2.0)
1999	12	3,868,732	578,376	17.6	4,689	(215)	(4.4)
1998	10	3,290,356	95,004	3.0	4,904	113	2.4
1997	10	3,195,352	247,687	8.4	4,791	291	6.5
1996	10	2,947,665	(109,386)	(3.6)	4,500	(29)	(0.6)
1995	10	3,057,051	502,481	19.7	4,529	593	15.1
1994	10	2,554,570	854,748	50.3	3,936	648	19.7
1993	10	1,699,822	235,467	16.1	3,288	383	13.2
1992	8	1,464,355	2,928	0.2	2,905	N/A	N/A
1991	8	1,461,427	91,838	6.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	8	1,369,589	96,792	7.6	N/A	N/A	N/A

SOUTHERN LEAGUE – (8 teams – 138-game schedule 2022 - 2025)

- Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 2,589,072 (1994 10 teams); Average per Team: 258,907 (1994); Average per Date: 4,002 (1994) The Double-A Southern Association averaged 272,543 per team in 1947.
- Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 1,875,861 (2023 8 teams); Average per Team: 234,483 (2023); Average per date: 3,566 (2023).
- Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Birmingham–467,864 (1994); Avg. per Date: Birmingham –6,983 (1994) Michael Jordan played for Birmingham in 1994.

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Rocket City-327,007 (2022); Avg. per Date – Rocket City - 5,726 (2021)

- Southern League All 8 of the 2024 teams played in the Southern League in 2019. Jacksonville, FL, a 2019 Southern League member, is now in the Triple-A International League. Jackson, TN, also in the 2019 Southern League, no longer has a team in professional Minor League Baseball, but now has Summer Collegiate league team.
- **2024** total attendance was 1,783,897, averaging 222,987 per team, and 3,444 per date, with 33 lost dates. Rocket City (Madison, AL) had the league's best attendance, with a 319,417 total and a 4,563 average per date. The Trash Pandas were the only team in the league to draw over 300,000. Pensacola and Tennessee also topped 4,000 per date. Largest 2024 crowd was 8,026 in Birmingham.
- Compared to 2023, the 2024 total was down 91,964 (4.9%), average per date fell by 122 (3.4%), with 8 fewer dates. Rocket City had the league's only gain in total attendance, up 5,111. Montgomery had the only average per date increase, up 5. Mississippi, in its final season in this league, had the biggest declines, down 44,241 in total attendance, and down 464 in average per date, with 7 fewer dates played than in 2023.
- The Southern League had the only increase in either total attendance or average per date by an MLB-affiliated league for **2021 vs. 2019**. The 10-team **2019 Southern League** drew 2,242,303, and averaged 3,439 per date.
- In 2021, the Rocket City Trash Pandas, who moved from Mobile, and had a great first season, in both marketing and attendance. They led the league in total attendance (274,858), and led all of Double-A in average per date (5,726), despite 12 lost dates. Their 2024 total was up 224,330, and the average per date rose 2,978, from 2019 in Mobile. According to Ballparkdigest.com, the Trash Pandas had \$1.4 million in merchandise sales before ever playing a game in Madison.
- The Mississippi Braves move to Columbus, GA in 2025, and will be renamed the Clingstones.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- Total **2024** attendance in **Biloxi** was 155,256, down 3,330 (2.1%). Average per date was 2,426, down 14 (0.6%). 3 dates drew at least 4,000, with a high of 5,728. There were 5 lost dates, and one less date than in 2023.
- A big College Baseball draw in recent years in Biloxi has been Mississippi State vs. Texas Tech. 4 dates between these schools have each attracted more than 5,300. In 2023, Mississippi State played Nicholls State and Louisiana in Biloxi. Both of those games drew over 5,600. 2 Mississippi Games in Biloxi drew a combined 10,107 in 2024.
- After moving from Huntsville, AL after the 2014 season, Biloxi had quite an adventure before finally playing their first true home game in June, 2015. Ballpark construction delays forced the team to take a 54-game road trip to start the season. Amazingly, the Shuckers went 33-21 on that trip. They were the designated home team for 12 dates in their old park in Huntsville, 4 in Jacksonville, and 5 at Mississippi, and were credited with the attendance for those games, which drew 27,168, an average of 1,294 per date. The Shuckers played 42 dates in their new, but not totally finished, ballpark in Biloxi. Those games attracted 136,908, an average of 3,260 per date. The uncertainty of when the ballpark would open hurt advance ticket and group sales, and made it hard to plan promotions. Prior to 2015, the Biloxi-Gulfport area last had a Minor League team from 1926 through 1928. It played in the Cotton States League, which disbanded after the 1955 season.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- The Rocket City (Madison, AL, near Huntsville) Trash Pandas drew a league-high 319,417 in 2024, up 5,111 (1.6%). This was the only total attendance gain in the league. Average per date was a league-leading 4,563, down 348 (7.1%). 3 games were rained out. There were 6 more dates than in 2023. Included in the 2024 figures is attendance from 4 Mississippi home games that were relocated to Rocket City. Those games drew a total of 11,150. 14 dates topped 6,000, with a record-tying high of 7,500.
- Compared to what this franchise drew **in Mobile in 2019**, the **2024** total in Madison was 224,330 (235.9%) higher, and the average per date was up 2,978 (187.9%), with the same number of dates in both seasons.
- Rocket City moved from Mobile after 2019, and had a great first season, in both marketing and attendance. They led the league in 2021 total attendance (274,858), and led all of Double-A in average per date (5,726), the highest average per date ever for a team in the Huntsville area. The 2021 total was up 179,771, and the average per date rose 4,141, from 2019 in Mobile. According to Ballparkdigest.com, the Trash Pandas had \$1.4 million in merchandise sales before ever playing a game in Madison.
- The Huntsville Stars, near Madison, had drawn just 94,929 in 2014, their final season before moving to Biloxi. This was the lowest total of any Double-A team in 2014. It was the 4th time in 6 seasons that the Stars drew less than 100,000, the 9th straight year below 170,000, and the 11th time in 12 years below 200,000. From 1985 through 2002, Huntsville topped 200,000 in all seasons except 1988. The Stars' average per date of 1,460 was the lowest in Double-A in 2014. In each of their final 6 seasons, the Stars averaged less than 2,000 per date.
- The all-time record attendance in Huntsville was 300,810, in 1985, which was that team's first season. In 1985, Huntsville had the 2nd highest attendance of the 26 Double-A teams, topped only by Albany-Colonie of the Eastern League, who drew 324,003. In 1985, 10 Double-A teams drew under 100,000.
- 2024 was the last season for the Mississippi Braves, who played in Pearl, near Jackson. They drew 118,621, down 44,241 (27.2%). Average per date was 2,081, down 464 (18.2%). 7 fewer dates were played than in 2023, and 7 dates were lost. 4 dates were relocated to Rocket City, and are not included in Mississippi's attendance figures. 5 dates drew over 4,000, with a high of 5,334. The team will play in Columbus, GA starting in 2025, and is named the Clingstones. An independent Frontier League team, the Mississippi Mud Monsters, will play in Pearl in 2025.
- Total attendance had been less than 200,000 in 11 of the last 14 'normal' seasons. Average per date has been under 3,000 in the last 7 'normal' years, and in 12 of the last 14 seasons, again excluding 2021.
- The Braves' first year in Pearl was 2005. The highest attendance there was 246,674 in 2007, and the record-high average per date was 3,848 in 2005. Nearby Jackson had been a Texas League member from 1975 through 1999.
- **Columbus, GA** has hosted Minor League teams for many years, including in the Southern League from 1964-1966, and from 1969-1990. There was a South Atlantic League team there as recently as 2008. Top total attendance was 157,266 in 1982. Average per date for that season is not available. From 1992 through 2008, the highest average per date in Columbus was 2,020 in 1994, when total attendance was 133,351.
- 2024 total attendance for the Chattanooga Lookouts was 213,890, down 15,050 (6.6%), and average per date fell 22 (0.6%) to 3,395. There were 6 lost dates, and 4 fewer dates played than in 2023. 7 dates drew at least 5,000, with a new team record-high of 6,477.
- 1999, 2015, 2017, 2018, 2022, and 2024 are the only 'normal' years below 220,000 in Chattanooga since 1991. The Lookouts have never drawn 300,000 in a season, but have topped 200,000 for 31 straight 'normal' years through 2024. This team had reached 200,000 just 3 times (1946, 1947, 1952) in 66 seasons prior to **1992**. Average per date in Chattanooga topped 4,000 from 1993 through 1995, and from 2000 through 2002. Chattanooga's first season in the Southern League was 1885.
- Groundbreaking for a new ballpark in Chattanooga took place in 2024. The new park is expected to open in 2026.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- The **2024 Southern League Champion Birmingham Barons** had a total attendance of 234,488, down 18,744 (7.4%), and an average of 3,608 per date, down 229 (6.0%). This was the lowest 'normal' season total since 2012, and the lowest average per date in any year since 2012. 4 dates were lost, and one date less was played than in 2023. 7 dates drew over 5,000, led by a league high crowd of 8,026.
- Regions Field, Birmingham's downtown ballpark, which opened in 2013, has been a huge hit in design, location, and attendance. The Barons moved back to the city from suburban Hoover, where they had played since 1988. Total attendance rose 192,551 in 2013, by far the biggest gain of any Minor League team that year. 2013 average per date was 5,669, up 2,665, which was also the best gain of the year, by a very large margin, in the Minors.
- In 2019, Birmingham led the Southern League with a total of 379,707. This was the 7th straight year that the Barons led the league in attendance, and drew above 375,000. That figure was reached only 3 times in 91 seasons prior to 2013. Total attendance topped 400,000 in 2014, 2015, and 2016, as well as in 1948, 1949, and 1994. Average per date was a league-leading 5,424 in 2019. The Barons averaged above 5,400 for 7 straight years through 2019. From 1988 through 2012, the only year with an average above 5,000 was in the Michael Jordan year of 1994.
- The **2015** league-leading total of 444,639 in Birmingham was the 2nd highest attendance by a Southern League team in the 1964-2024 era. The only higher total for a Southern League team was in Birmingham, in **1994**, when Michael Jordan was a Baron. Fans came out in droves to see him. **The team drew a league record 467,867 at home, averaging 6,983 per date, with a home/road total of 986,185.** The final 1994 home game drew 16,247.
- Birmingham drew 445,926 in 1948 and 421,305 in 1949, when it played in the old Southern Association. The Barons had topped 250,000 for a then-Double-A high 24 straight years through 2011. But attendance fell 57,354 in 2012 to 204,269. That was the smallest total this team had since 1987.
- From 1996 through 2016, and again in 2018, 2019, and 2024, the Barons played one game each year at Rickwood Field in Birmingham. That park was their home from 1910 through 1987, and is the oldest professional ballpark still in use. It was the first concrete and steel ballpark in the Minor Leagues. The largest crowd ever there was 20,074 in 1931 for a playoff game that was pitched by future Major League star Dizzy Dean. The 'Rickwood Classic' attracted 6,028 in 2018, 7,015 in 2019, and 7,866 in 2024, and has drawn 168,247, averaging 7,010 per game, in its 24 years.
- Major League Baseball came to Birmingham on June 20, 2024. The Giants and Cardinals played at historic Rickwood Field. In addition to being home to the Barons, Rickwood Field was also the home park of the Birmingham Black Barons of the Negro Leagues. The game paid tribute to that team, and honored legendary Hall-of-Famer Willie Mays, who, as a teenager, played for that team. It drew a sellout crowd of 8,332.
- The **2024 Tennessee Smokies** drew 292,445, down 3,158 (1.1%), and averaged 4,365, down 183 (4.0%). There were 2 more dates than in 2023, and 2 dates were postponed. 21 dates had crowds above 5,000, 16 of them drew over 6,000, with a high of 8,002.
- In 2025, the team goes back to their old name, the Knoxville Smokies, to coincide with the opening of their new home, Covenant Health Park.
- In 2017, Tennessee drew a team record-high total of 313,796, up 20,102, and they did it in 5 less dates than in 2016. The old record total was 293,694, set in 2016. Average per date was record-high 4,981, up 662. That was the 6th best U.S. MLB-affiliated average per date gain for 2017. The old average per date high was 4,406 in 2015.
- The Smokies have drawn at least 240,000, and above 3,500 per date, in all 24 seasons, **including 2021**, in the Knoxville suburb of Kodak. Prior to 2000, their highest total was 150,396 in 1950, and they topped 100,000 in just 18 of 63 seasons since 1932. In 2014, the Smokies topped 275,000 in total attendance, and 4,000 per date, for the first time in team history. They have since reached that total in every 'normal' year through 2024, and in average per date in every year, including 2021.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- **Montgomery's** total attendance was 163,959 in **2024**, down 4,792 (2.8%). Average per date rose 5 (0.2%) to 2,562. This was the only average per date increase in the league in 2024. There were 5 lost dates, with 2 fewer dates played than in 2023. The biggest crowd was 6,548, and 7 dates topped 4,000.
- The Biscuits averaged over 4,000 per date in their first 7 seasons (2004-2010) but have not hit that mark since. But they've averaged at least 3,400 each season except 2016, and 2019 through 2024. Their total attendance had topped 225,000 in all 15 years until 2019, and was above 300,000 from 2004 through 2007.
- **Pensacola** joined the league in 2012, and was the league leader in both total attendance and average per date that season. The Blue Wahoos (named after a fish that is native to the area) drew 328,147 in 2012, with 40 sellouts in 68 dates, to their beautiful new waterfront ballpark. In **2024**, they drew 285,821, down 7,760 (2.6%) and averaged 4,203 per date, down 52 (1.2%). Although this was the lowest average per date of any season, excluding 2021, this team draws well every year. There was one lost date in 2024, and one less date played than in 2023. 26 dates had a sellout crowd of 5,038, making it 304 sellouts in 12 seasons.
- Average per date has been above 4,000 in all 12 seasons, including 2021. Total attendance has surpassed 300,000 in 6 of these seasons, barely missing that level in 2017, 2019, 2023, and 2024. Pensacola had been a Minor League city prior to 2012. Their previous MLB-affiliated record attendance was 117,696 in 1947, and an independent team drew 92,468 in 2007.
- Before relocating, the Pensacola franchise played for 21 seasons in Zebulon, NC, which is east of Raleigh, as the Carolina Mudcats. They drew a record-high 328,207 in 1993, and were also above 300,000 in 1994 and 1995. But their attendance did not reach 300,000 after that. Mudcats' attendance was 255,216 in 2011, their final Southern League season. A Carolina League team moved from Kinston to Zebulon in 2012, and retained the Mudcats name. That team will move about 20 miles east, to a new ballpark in Wilson, NC, in 2026.
- The Montgomery Biscuits of the Southern League, the Cedar Rapids Kernels of the Midwest League, and the Chicago Dogs of the American Association, are the only teams in Minor League Baseball that are named for food. The Dogs are named for Chicago-style hot dogs, not canines. The Kansas City T-Bones of the American Association were also named for food, but they adopted the name of Kansas City's famed Negro League team, the 'Monarchs' in 2021. (Source: Tampa Bay Rays Media Guide.)

SOUTHERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

Pre-2021 Historic Attendance Data

- The Jackson (TN) Generals were one of the teams eliminated when the Minor Leagues were contracted in 2021. But Jackson was a temporary home to the independent Winnipeg Goldeyes of the American Association for part of the 2021 season. This was due to the closure of the U.S./Canadian border. The Goldeyes drew 16,785 in 29 dates, an average of 579 per date in Jackson, before they continued their season in Winnipeg. In 2023, Jackson joined the Collegiate Summer Prospect League, with a team named the Rockabillys, who averaged 1,842 per date in 2024.
- In 2019, their final season in the Southern League, Jackson drew 107,131, down 3,667, the 4th lowest total in the team's 22 seasons. Average per date rose 102 to 1,756. Bad weather hurt attendance as the Generals had 6 fewer dates than in 2018, with 9 lost dates. Just 9 dates drew at least 3,000. The average topped 4,000 per date in this team's first 3 seasons (1998-2000), but was below 3,000 each year from 2003 through 2019, and under 2,000 in 9 of the team's final 15 years. The Generals had drawn over 300,000 in their first 3 years of operation (1998-2000), but were below 150,000 for the final 15 years, and under 200,000 in the final 17 seasons.
- Based on 2019-20 A.C. Nielsen TV market estimates, Jackson, which ranks #176, was the smallest market in terms of TV households, with a 2019 Double-A team. Bowling Green, KY (Market #177) was the only smaller market with a 2019 full-season MLB-affiliated team. Grand Junction (#188), and Great Falls (#192), both in the Pioneer League, are markets smaller than Jackson that had short-season MLB-affiliated teams in 2019.
- In **2018**, the **Mobile Bay Bears**, who announced that they would move to Madison, AL (Rocket City) after the 2019 season, had the worst attendance in their 23-year history. The Bay Bears drew team lows in total attendance (69,504, down 23,394) and average per date (1,121, down 377). They were also the lowest 2018 figures in Double-A, and the lowest total for a Southern League team since Orlando drew 61,960 in 2000. The percentage declines of 25.2% in both total attendance and average per date, were each the 7th worst among MLB-affiliated teams in 2018.
- In **2019**, despite being a lame-duck team, Mobile had a healthy increase from the 2018 figures. Total attendance was 95,087, up 25,583, and average per date rose 464 to 1,585, despite 10 lost dates. These gains ranked 15th best in total attendance, 11th best in average per date, 9th best in total attendance percentage gain (36.8%), and 7th best average per date percentage gain (41.4%), among MLB-affiliated teams.
- 2019 was Mobile's 5th straight year with a total of under 100,000, and the 6th year in a row with an average per date of less than 2,000. Mobile drew 332,639 in 1997, which was the first season for this latest franchise to play in Mobile. Attendance did not reach 300,000 since then. A previous team in Mobile drew its high of 237,322 in 1947. Average per date was a record-high 4,821 in 1997, and also topped 4,000 in 1999.
- Southern League total attendance was 2,242,303 in 2019. The league reached 2 million in total attendance every year from 1991 through 2019. Average per date was 3,439. In 2024, the league topped 3,400 in average per date for the 11th straight year including 2021, and for the 26th time in the last 32 years, again including 2021. Since 1992, excluding 2021, Southern League average per date has ranged from a low of 3,135 in 1996, to a high of 4,007 in 1994, when Michael Jordan played for Birmingham.
- Southern League average attendance per team reached 200,000 for the first time in 1991, and remained above that figure ever since, and was quite stable. The record-high average per team of 258,907 was set in 1994, when Michael Jordan played in this league. Low average per team since 1991, except for 2021, was 212,783 in 1991. It was 224,230 in 2019. The old Southern Association topped 200,000 per team each year from 1946 through 1950. Their record average per team was 272,543 in 1947.
- The original Southern League began play in 1885, and later changed its name to the Southern Association. That league played through the 1961 season. Birmingham, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Mobile, and Montgomery were 2019 Southern League markets who were in the Southern Association. The Southern Association's best attendance was 2,180,344 in 1947. That year, the most prominent team in the league, the Atlanta Crackers, had their top attendance, drawing 404,584. Record-high team season attendance in that league was 445,926 by Birmingham in 1948. 7 of the 8 teams in the league drew over 200,000 in 1947. But by its last year in 1961, just 3 of the 8 Southern Association teams drew over 100,000. (Source: Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball.)

SOUTHERN LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

SOUTHERN LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	8	1,783,897	(91,964)	(4.9)	3,444	(122)	(3.4)
2023	8	1,875,861	36,230	2.0	3,566	49	1.4
2022	8	1,839,631	349,556	23.5	3,517	20	0.5
2021	8	1,490,075			3,498	55	1.7
2019	10	2,242,303	(19,531)	(0.9)	3,439	38	1.1
2018	10	2,261,834	(77,251)	(3.3)	3,401	(170)	(4.8)
2017	10	2,339,085	13,215	0.6	3,571	100	2.9
2016	10	2,325,870	(39,009)	(1.6)	3,471	(134)	(3.7)
2015	10	2,364,879	(2,831)	(0.1)	3,605	66	1.9
2014	10	2,367,710	51,119	2.0	3,539	24	0.7
2013	10	2,316,591	163,739	7.6	3,515	278	8.6
2012	10	2,152,852	(22,653)	(1.0)	3,237	(5)	(0.2)
2011	10	2,175,505	(34,325)	(1.6)	3,242	(91)	(2.7)
2010	10	2,209,830	(74,371)	(3.3)	3,333	(128)	(3.7)
2009	10	2,284,201	(176,637)	(7.2)	3,461	(201)	(5.5)
2008	10	2,460,838	(56,979)	(2.3)	3,662	(19)	(0.5)
2007	10	2,517,817	72,017	2.9	3,681	79	2.2
2006	10	2,445,800	29,569	1.2	3,602	(53)	(1.5)
2005	10	2,416,231	(29,758)	(1.2)	3,655	(45)	(1.2)
2004	10	2,445,989	162,330	7.1	3,700	208	6.0
2003	10	2,283,659	21,878	1.0	3,492	106	3.1
2002	10	2,261,781	(142,167)	(5.9)	3,386	(251)	(6.9)
2001	10	2,403,948	(20,898)	(0.9)	3,637	18	0.5
2000	10	2,424,846	92,134	3.9	3,619	168	4.9
1999	10	2,332,712	(61,496)	(2.6)	3,451	(65)	(1.8)
1998	10	2,394,208	89,129	3.9	3,516	13	0.4
1997	10	2,305,079	214,009	10.2	3,503	368	11.7
1996	10	2,091,070	(169,680)	(7.5)	3,135	(170)	(5.1)
1995	10	2,260,750	(328,322)	(12.7)	3,305	(697)	(17.4)
1994	10	2,589,072	180,494	7.5	4,002	369	10.2
1993	10	2,408,578	90,498	3.9	3,633	137	3.9
1992	10	2,318,080	190,254	8.9	3,496	N/A	N/A
1991	10	2,127,826	268,259	14.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	10	1,859,567	171,723	10.2	N/A	N/A	N/A

TEXAS LEAGUE – (10 teams – 138-game schedule in 2022 - 2025)

Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 3,129,865 (2008 – 8 teams); Average per Team: 391,233 (2008); Average per Date: 5,691 (2008).

Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 3,016,072 (2023 – 10 teams); Average per Team: 301,607 (2023); Average per date: 4,468 (2023).

Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Round Rock–689,286 (2004); Avg. per Date: Round Rock–9,847 (2004). Current Texas Leag. Team: Total-Frisco-666,977 (2003); Avg. per Date-Frisco 9,264 (2003)

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Amarillo-379,029 (2022); Average per Date - Frisco - 5,540 (2024)

- Texas League 10 teams. All 8 teams from the 2019 Texas League are now in this league, along with San Antonio, who played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast League in 2019, and Wichita, also from the PCL, but who played in New Orleans in 2019.
- The league drew a **2024** total of 2,946,097, with 19 lost dates, averaging 294,610 per team, and 4,391 per date. The total was down 69,975 (2.3%) from **2023**, average per date fell 78 (1.7%), with 4 fewer dates. 3 teams had increases in total attendance, and 2 teams were up in average per date.
- Frisco had the top total (371,149). They also had the largest Double-A crowd of the season (12,051). Amarillo, Arkansas, Tulsa, and Wichita, also topped 300,000. Frisco led in average per date (5,540), with Amarillo and Tulsa also averaging over 5,000 per date.
- Frisco had the league's largest total attendance increase (23,391), and Arkansas had the top average per date gain (368). Northwest Arkansas posted the largest total attendance decline (25,953), and Wichita had the top loss in average per date (301).
- The 8 teams that played in the Texas League in 2019, drew 2,791,180 that year, averaging 5,131 per date.
- Amarillo set a single game high attendance record in 2024.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- Amarillo's total attendance was 340,033 in 2024, down 15,407 (4.3%). Average per date was 5,152, down 233 (4.3%). There were 3 lost dates in both 2024 and 2023, with the same number of dates in both years. 37 dates topped 5,000, and 13 of those dates drew over 6,000, with a single-game record-high of 7,704.
- 2021 was great attendance year for Amarillo. The Sod Poodles (The name comes from "a pioneer's name for a Prairie Dog,") drew a Double-A-best total of 316,288, and averaged a league-high 5,453 per date. Only Rocket City had a higher average per date among Double-A teams. There were 10 sellouts in 2021, giving the Sod Poodles 50 sold out games in their first 2 seasons.
- Amarillo replaced San Antonio in the Texas League in 2019, and had an incredible season on the field and at the gate. They won the Texas League championship. 2019 attendance at Hodgetown, their new ballpark, was 427,791, the 2nd highest among all Double-A teams. Average per date was 6,291. The total was up 100,515, and the average per date was up 1,406, from what San Antonio drew in 2018. 47 dates drew at least 6,000, 13 topped 7,000, with a high of 7,451. There were 40 sellouts, including a streak of 23 in a row.
- Amarillo had independent teams from 1994 through 2016, most recently in the American Association from 2011 through 2016. Their best attendance in those leagues was a total of 159,332 (3,621 per date) in 2008, when they played in the United League. Prior to their independent years, Amarillo had teams from 1922-1923, 1927-1928, 1939-1942, 1946-1963, 1965-1974, and 1976-1982. Top attendance in those seasons was 132,128 in 1955, in the West Texas-New Mexico League. From 1959 through 1982 Amarillo was in the Texas League. Attendance never reached 100,000 in Amarillo's 22 Texas League seasons through 1982. It did top 100,000 in 6 seasons between 1946 and 1957. The best year in the Texas League was 89,476 in 1981.

TEXAS LEAGUE – DOUBLE-A - continued

- The Frisco RoughRiders led the Texas League in 2024 attendance, with a total of 371,149, up a league-best 23,391 (6.7%). Average per date was a league-high 5,540, up 349 (6.7%), with the same number of dates as in 2023, and 2 postponements. 29 dates drew better than 6,000, and 12 dates drew over 8,000. Top crowd was 12,051, the largest in Double-A in 2024, and the 2nd biggest ever (12,067 in 2018) at Riders Field.
- Frisco drew 455,765 in **2019**, to lead all of Double-A for the 15th consecutive year in both total attendance and average per date (6,802). Attendance reached 8,000 at 26 dates, and was above 10,000 at 9 dates, including a single game 2019 Texas League-high of 12,023, which was the 2nd highest ever for this club (12,067 in 2018).
- This team drew at least 449,000 in each of their first 17 seasons, **through 2019**, including over 500,000 each year from 2003 through 2011, and 666,977 in 2003. In their 21-year team history, **including 2021**, they've drawn 10,184,963 in 1,424 dates, averaging 484,998 per season, and 7,152 per date. That average per date is 92.3% of the Riders Field seating capacity of 7,748. Until 2021, average per date had topped 6,600 every season, reached 7,000 in 12 of 17 years, and was above 8,000 yearly from 2003 through 2009, with a high of 9,264 in 2003.
- This game was hot! The August 17, 2023 game at Frisco began at 7:05 P.M., with the temperature at 107 degrees.
- **Midland** drew 225,274 in **2024**, with an average per date of 3,362. The total was down 8,450 (3.6%), and average per date fell 25 (0.7%). It was the lowest total and average in a 'normal' season since 2001. There were 2 rainouts, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. Attendance topped 5,000 at 10 dates, with a high of 6,537.
- 2019 was the 18th straight year above 250,000 for the RockHounds. Attendance in Midland never topped 204,000 in 43 seasons through 2001, but has been over 250,000 every year, except 2021 through 2024, since then. Through 2019, average per date was over 3,700 for 22 straight years, and had topped 4,000 in 11 of the previous 13 seasons. In 2016, the RockHounds won the Larry MacPhail Award for promotional effort.
- **Tulsa** had a **2024** total attendance of 341,751, down 14,251 (4.0%). Average per date was 5,178, down 57 (1.1%). These were the lowest total and average figures since 2009. But as noted below, this team has drawn quite well. The Drillers had 3 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. 25 crowds were above 6,000, and 11 of them drew over 7,000, with a high of 8,683.
- In 2024, Tulsa topped 300,000 for the 15th straight year (including 2021), and for the 28th time in the last 31 seasons. In 65 seasons, from 1919 through 1988, Tulsa reached 200,000 only in 1948, 1949, 1963, 1964, and 1965. They never reached 250,000 until 1991, but have done it every year since. 2010 through 2024 had 13 of the 14 top attendance totals (1999 is the other season) in the 111-year history of pro baseball in Tulsa. Average per date has surpassed 5,000 in each of the last 14 seasons, including 2021. 2024 was the Drillers' 13th straight 'normal' year above 340,000 in total attendance, and above 5,100 in average per date.
- In 2014, Tulsa had their 2nd best regular season total attendance (403,732) in team history. In **2019** it was 374,501, up 24,105, the Texas League's best gain.
- In 2024, Corpus Christi drew 279,467, with a 4,110 average per date. The total fell 15,519 (5.3%). Average per date decreased by 293 (6.7%). 16 dates drew over 5,000 with a high of 7,689. There was one lost date, and one more date than in 2023.
- The Hooks have been above 400,000 in 6 seasons, surpassed 500,000 twice, and have topped 320,000 every year, except 2021 through 2024. Only 5 other Double-A teams (Nashville, Akron, Round Rock, Springfield, and Frisco) have ever drawn 500,000 in a season. Average per date was above 7,000 in 2005, 2006, and 2007, and topped 5,000 each year from 2005 through 2016.
- Total attendance for their 19 seasons, including 2021, is 7,132,503 in 1,295 dates, averaging 375,395 per season, and 5,508 per date. In 2005, they replaced Round Rock, which moved to the Triple-A Pacific Coast League. In each of its 5 years in the Texas League, Round Rock set a Double-A attendance record, including a Double-A record-high of 689,286 in 2004.

TEXAS LEAGUE - DOUBLE-A - continued

- **2024** total attendance for **Wichita** declined 20,751 (6.4%) to 301,886. Average per date dipped a league-high 301 (6.4%) to 4,375. There were no lost dates in 2024 or 2023. 22 dates drew over 5,000, 11 dates surpassed 6,000, with a high of 9,264. Compared to **2019 New Orleans**, the **2024** total was up 113,794 (60.5%), and average per ate rose 1,436 (48.9%).
- In **2023**, Wichita set market record-highs in total attendance, average per date, and drew a current team single game high crowd. They also posted the biggest 2023 vs. 2022 gains among MLB-affiliated teams in total attendance and average per date, on both a numerical and percentage growth basis.
- Wichita replaced New Orleans in 2021. They opened a new ballpark, built on the same site as the former park, Lawrence Dumont Stadium, which opened in 1934. Wichita was a member of the MLB-affiliated Triple-A American Association from 1956 through 1958, and again from 1970 through 1984. They had a Texas League team from 1987 through 2007. Then they were part of the independent American Association from 2008 through 2017. Highest total MLB-affiliated attendance in Wichita prior to 2021 was 280,320 in 1971. Best independent attendance was 161,170, with a 3,504 average per date in 2009.
- In **2021**, Wichita drew 241,230, averaging 4,021 per date, with no lost dates. Total attendance was up 53,138, and average per date rose by 1,082, from the figures compiled by **2019 New Orleans**. The Opening Day crowd of 7,908 was the largest of the season, and 14 dates drew at least 5,000.
- After one season in Triple-A, **San Antonio** returned to Double-A in **2021**. The Missions drew 265,011 in total **2024** attendance, down 19,408 (6.8%), and averaged 3,897 per date, down 285 (6.8%). The total and average were the lowest since 1993, excluding 2021. One date was lost each year in 2024 and 2023. 14 dates drew over 5,000 with a high of 7,529.
- San Antonio joined the Pacific Coast League in **2019** when the Colorado Springs Sky Sox moved to the Alamo City. The Texas League team that played in San Antonio relocated to Amarillo, but they left their name, the Missions, behind for the new Triple-A team. The Missions drew 337,484 in 2019, averaging 4,891 per date. Those were gains of 74,827 in total attendance, and 787 in average per date, compared to what Colorado Springs drew in 2018. The total was up 10,208, and the average per date was up 6, compared to what the Texas League team in San Antonio drew in 2018. It was the highest total and average per date for a San Antonio team since 1998. There were 9 sellouts, and 15 dates topped 6,000 at Nelson Wolff Municipal Stadium, which seats 6,200.
- Attendance in San Antonio topped 300,000 in each of the last 4 Texas League seasons through 2018, and has been above 265,000 every year, except 2021,.since Nelson Wolff Municipal Stadium opened in 1994. 1994 was the record-high attendance season in San Antonio with a total of 411,959, averaging 6,149 per date. That year, San Antonio also had a team in the independent Texas-Louisiana League. It drew 25,204, the lowest total in that league.
- The pre-1994 high was 295,103 in 1946. San Antonio has drawn at least 300,000 in 17 seasons since 1994. The average per date was above 4,180 for 14 straight 'normal' years through 2023, and topped 4,000 in all but 5 seasons (2004, 2005, 2006, 2021, 2024) since 1994. It was above 5,000 per date from 1994 through 1998. From 1922 through 1993, the only seasons above 200,000 were 1946, 1949, and 1972. The last season with attendance under 100,000 was 1979. San Antonio first joined the Texas League in 1888, and had been a member of that league since 1907, except for 1943-1945 and 1965-1967, when there was no pro baseball in that city.
- The **Springfield (MO)** Cardinals drew 263,648 in **2024**, up 6,701 (2.6%), with a 3,877 average per date, down 16 (0.4%). There were 2 more dates than in 2023, with one postponement. Highest game attendance was 7,093, and 13 dates drew at least 5,000.
- The Cardinals drew a team record-high 526,630 in 2005, and surpassed 400,000 each year from 2005 through 2009. Average per date was over 7,000 in 2005, 2006, and 2007, and has been above 4,700 every year except 2021 through 2024. Springfield is one of just 6 Double-A teams to have ever drawn at least 500,000 in a season.

TEXAS LEAGUE - DOUBLE-A - continued

- In 2024, Northwest Arkansas drew 230,599, down 25,953 (10.1%), averaging 3,494 per date, down 279 (7.4%).
 These were the lowest figures in a 'normal' season in team history. Attendance surpassed 5,000 at 7 dates, with a top crowd of 6,462. 3 dates were lost, with 2 fewer dates played than in 2023
- Northwest Arkansas' average per date has been above 4,300 every season, except 2021 through 2024. The Naturals have topped 300,000 in 10 seasons, and averaged 5,200 in 2008, their first season.
- It's a bit toasty on the field Gametime temperature for Naturals games at Tulsa on August 1 and August 2, 2012 was 111 degrees. Source: 2024 Naturals Media Guide.
- **2024 Texas League Champion Arkansas** (North Little Rock) drew 327,279, up 19,672 (6.4%), and averaged 4,959 per date, up a league-best, and MLB-affiliated 3rd best, 368 (8.0%). This was the highest total attendance and average per date for Arkansas since 2015. There were 3 lost dates, and one less date played than in 2023. 25 dates drew at least 5,000, and 14 dates drew over 7,000, with a high of 9,172.
- The Travelers had never reached 300,000 until 2007, but have now done it 14 times in the last 16 'normal' years through 2024. Average per date has surpassed 4,500 in 14 years, and has reached 5,000 in 5 of those seasons. Attendance first reached 200,000 in 1951, and then each year from 1980 through 1996.

Texas League Historic Attendance Data

- 2024 was the 24th straight year, including 2021, that the Texas League drew over 2 million, and the 20th straight year, excluding 2021, above 2.6 million.
- Texas League average attendance <u>per team</u> had topped 350,000 for 10 straight years through 2014, until falling below that since then. It was 348,998 in 2019, the 17th straight year above 330,000. The average per team was over 200,000 from 1947 through 1950, but didn't get that high again until 1991. It first topped 300,000 in 2003, and then did it every year through 2019, and again in 2023.
- Average per date was up 182 in 2019 to 5,131. The league's average per date first reached 5,000 in 2003, and surpassed that mark in 13 of 15 seasons through 2019. The 2019 average per date was up 1,732 (51.0%) since 1999. The record-high is 5,691 in 2008. All teams in the 2019 Texas League averaged at least 4,197 per date. No other Minor league in 2019 had each one of its teams post such a high average per date. Frisco led, with a Double-A best 6,802 per date.
- The all-time single game record-high attendance in the Texas League is 54,151 for a game on April 11, 1950 at the Cotton Bowl in Dallas. A very good article about this game and its attendance can be found at hardballtimes.com. The record-high attendance for any Minor League game is 65,666 set by the Denver Bears of the MLB-Affiliated Triple-A American Association at Mile High Stadium on July 4, 1982. The largest capacity of any current Minor League park is about 22,000 in Monterrey of the Mexican League. Sahlen Field in Buffalo, which has seated at least 16,600 since 2019, (17,600 in 2024) is the biggest Minor League park in the United States.
- The Texas League, like many Minor Leagues, had a big attendance boom in the late 1940's, with the league reaching a total of 2 million in both 1948 and 1949. Houston in 1948 (401,383), and Dallas in 1949 (404,851), set the records for team attendance. Those team records were not topped until San Antonio drew 411,959 in 1994. Attendance for the entire league did not reach 2 million again also until 1994. It was above 2 million every year starting in 2000.

TEXAS LEAGUE - DOUBLE-A - continued

TEXAS LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	10	2,946,097	(69,975)	(2.3)	4,391	(78)	(1.7)
2023	10	3,016,072	161,987	5.7	4,468	202	4.7
2022	10	2,854,085	606,323	27.0	4,266	384	9.9
2021	10	2,247,762.			3,882		
2019	8	2,791,180	113,883	4.3	5,131	182	3.7
2018	8	2,677,297	(50,053)	(1.8)	4,949	(102)	(2.0)
2017	8	2,727,350	27,727	1.0	5,051	61	1.2
2016	8	2,699,623	(92,903)	(3.3)	4,990	(191)	(3.7)
2015	8	2,792,526	(48,388)	(1.7)	5,181	(70)	(1.3)
2014	8	2,840,914	25,781	0.9	5,251	47	0.9
2013	8	2,815,133	(19,731)	(0.7)	5,204	40	0.8
2012	8	2,834,864	12,755	0.5	5,164	(43)	(0.8)
2011	8	2,822,109	(120,821)	(4.1)	5,207	(243)	(4.5)
2010	8	2,942,930	(21,240)	(0.7)	5,450	(9)	(0.2)
2009	8	2,964,170	(165,695)	(5.3)	5,459	(232)	(4.1)
2008	8	3,129,865	315,751	11.2	5,691	321	6.0
2007	8	2,814,114	(27,917)	(1.0)	5,370	117	2.2
2006	8	2,842,031	7,676	0.3	5,253	43	0.8
2005	8	2,834,355	167,226	6.3	5,210	234	4.7
2004	8	2,667,129	(100,725)	(3.6)	4,976	(103)	(2.0)
2003	8	2,767,854	603,577	27.9	5,079	988	24.2
2002	8	2,164,277	93,454	4.5	4,091	242	6.3
2001	8	2,070,823	(197,084)	(8.7)	3,849	(374)	(8.9)
2000	8	2,267,907	479,992	26.8	4,223	824	24.2
1999	8	1,787,915	(50,457)	(2.7)	3,399	(18)	(0.5)
1998	8	1,838,372	7,736	0.4	3,417	(167)	(4.7)
1997	8	1,830,636	(143,272)	(7.3)	3,584	(169)	(4.5)
1996	8	1,973,908	(63,885)	(3.1)	3,753	(158)	(4.0)
1995	8	2,037,793	(70,612)	(3.3)	3,911	(207)	(5.0)
1994	8	2,108,405	216,763	11.5	4,118	380	10.2
1993	8	1,891,642	140,589	8.0	3,738	323	9.5
1992	8	1,751,053	64,114	3.8	3,415	N/A	N/A
1991	8	1,686,939	106,540	6.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	8	1,580,399	68,759	4.5	N/A	N/A	N/A

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE – (12 teams – 132-game schedule - 2022 - 2025)

Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 3,862,007 (2007 – 16 teams); Average per Team: 241,380 (2007); Average per Date: 3,630 (2007).

Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 2,370,155 (2023 – 12 teams); Average per Team: 197,513 (2023); Average per date: 3,181 (2023).

Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Jersey Shore–482,206 (2001); Avg. per Date: Jersey Shore–6,889 (2001). Brooklyn averaged 8,345 per date in the short-season New York-Penn League in 2002.

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Greenville, SC–317,150 (2022); Avg. per Date: Greenville - 4,973 (2023)

- South Atlantic League 12 teams. Asheville, Greensboro, Greenville, Hickory, Jersey Shore (Lakewood), and Rome, were in the South Atlantic League in 2019. Wilmington, DE and Winston-Salem played in the Carolina League in 2019. Bowling Green, KY was in the Midwest League, and Aberdeen, Brooklyn, and Hudson Valley played in the short-season New York-Penn League in 2019.
- This league drew 2,269,663 in **2024**, averaging 189,139 per team, and 3,022 per date, with 41 lost dates. Greenville SC led the league in both total attendance (304,653) and average per date (4,687). Greensboro, Jersey Shore (Lakewood, NJ), and Winston-Salem also topped 250,000. Jersey Shore and Winston-Salem also averaged above 4,000 per date. Jersey Shore had the top crowd of the season in this league (9,462).
- Comparing 2024 with 2023, total attendance fell 100,492 (4.2%), and average per date was down 159 (5.0%), with 6 more dates. 5 teams had gains in total attendance, led by Hudson Valley. 3 teams were up in average per date, also led by Hudson Valley.
- Winston-Salem, down 38,151 in total attendance, and down 615 in average per date, had the largest declines among all Class-A teams.
- Hudson Valley (Fishkill, NY) set new record-highs for total attendance and for their largest crowd ever.
- It should be noted that as short-season teams until 2021, Brooklyn, Aberdeen, and Hudson Valley weren't playing any cold-weather games, and had few games, or in some years, no games, on school nights.
- The 14-team South Atlantic League drew 2,978,718 in **2019**, averaging 3,176 per date. The Carolina League, with 10 teams, had a **2019** total attendance of 2,018,496, and had an average of 3,139 per date. The now-defunct short-season New York-Penn League's **2019** total was 1,316,873, and that league averaged 2,644 per date.
- In 2025, The Hub City Spartanburgers (Spartanburg, SC) join this league. They played as the Down East (Kinston, NC) Wood Ducks of the Carolina League through 2024, and will replace Hickory, which moves to the Carolina League. Spartanburg had 42 seasons with listed attendance between 1947 and 1995. Attendance topped 100,000 in 7 of those seasons, with a high of 173,010 in 1966. That was the 2nd best attendance of any team below Triple-A that year. The team had a 91-35 record. But in Spartanburg's 26 final MLB-affiliated seasons (1969-1994), attendance reached 50,000 only 7 times.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- The **Greensboro Grasshoppers** had a total attendance of 253,050 in **2024**, down 26,010 (9.3%), with a 3,954 average per date, down 547 (12.2%). This was the lowest total and average per date in a 'normal' season since 2004. There were 2 lost dates, and 2 more dates than in 2023. Attendance was above 5,000 at 12 dates, with a high of 8,183.
- The Grasshoppers topped 300,000 for 15 straight years **through 2019**, and were above 350,000 in 12 of them. They drew 400,000 each year from 2005 through 2009. But prior to 2005, teams in Greensboro reached 200,000 just 6 times in 50 seasons, with a high of 260,340 in 1981. Average per date had exceeded 5,000 for 13 years in a row through 2017, and was over 6,000 from 2006 through 2008.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

- **Greenville, SC** led the league in **2024** attendance with a total of 304,653. Average per date was a league-best 4,687, but the lowest in a 'normal' year since 2005. The total rose 1,325 (0.4%). Average per date was down 286 (5.7%). There were 4 more dates than in 2023, with one rainout. 28 dates topped 5,000, with top crowd of 6,190.
- The Drive also had the best attendance in this league in 2021, drawing a total of 243,962, and an average per date of 4,125. This was the 2nd best total and average per date among the 60 Class-A teams. Only Dayton drew better in this group of teams.
- <u>In 2006</u>, Greenville got a new park, and posted the biggest total attendance gain by a U.S. based team. Greenville has surpassed 300,000 in 17 straight 'normal' years through 2024, a mark they never reached in the 42 previous years. The Drive has been above 200,000 in all but 3 years since Minor League Baseball returned there in 1984. Average per date has topped 4,600 every year, except 2021, in the current park. Greenville won the 2017 John H. Johnson President's Award for excellence.
- The Lakewood BlueClaws were renamed the **Jersey Shore BlueClaws** in **2021**. In **2024**, total attendance was 284,136, down 3,466 (1.2%), and average per date fell 422 (8.8%) to 4,371. They had 5 more dates than in 2023, with just one postponement. 18 dates topped 5,000, and 5 were above 8,000, with a league high crowd of 9,462.
- In **2019**, for the just the 3rd time in their first 19-years, the BlueClaws did not lead the South Atlantic League in either total attendance or average per date. 2018, and 2021 through 2024 are the only years that Jersey Shore has drawn under 300,000, and had an average per date below 5,000. 2011, 2014 through 2019, and 2021 through 2024, are the only seasons below 400,000 for Lakewood. Attendance had topped 380,000 each year until 2016. They lost 9 dates due to weather in 2011. The BlueClaws led the South Atlantic League in total attendance 14 times in their first 19 years in the league, and in 2 of the years they didn't have the top total, they still led the league in average per date.
- There have been 160 crowds of at least 8,000 in Lakewood since 2001 (seating capacity-6,588). They averaged over 6,000 per date every year through 2012. The BlueClaws have a 23-year total attendance of 8,690,433 in 1,513 dates which averages out to 377,845 per season, and 5,744 per date, **including 2021**.
- **Hickory's** total **2024** attendance was 114,548, up 5,773 (5.3%), with an 1,848 average per date, up 64 (3.6%). The largest crowd was 4,476, and 9 dates topped 3,000. 4 dates were lost, with one more date than in 2023.
- The first season for the Hickory Crawdads was 1993, when they reached their record-high total of 283,727. They topped 200,000 in each of their first 4 years (1993-1996), but have not done it since. Average per date in 2019 was up a league-best 184 to 2,084. The Crawdads averaged 4,053 per date in 1993, and above 3,000 in 1994 and 1995. They haven't reached that level since then, but have been above 2,000 every year except 2009, 2018, and 2021 through 2024. Their ballpark got a makeover prior to the 2014 season.
- The Crawdads will play in the Carolina League in 2025, and will be replaced in this league by Spartanburg.
- 2024 total attendance in Asheville was 183,987, up 953 (0.5%). It was the 6th time in the last 8 'normal' years above 180,000. Asheville did not reach 180,000 in the 67 seasons with reported attendance prior to 2015. Average per date was 2,920, down 80 (2.7%) from the record-high set in 2023, but still the 2nd highest average since at least 1991. 3 dates were lost, with 2 more dates than in 2023. 25 dates drew crowds of at least 3,000, 15 dates topped 4,000, with a high of 4,272.
- The 2019 Asheville Tourists set a record-high total for the 4th time in 5 years, drawing 187,718. The old record was set in 2017. That was also the 6th straight year with a record-high in either total attendance or average per date. Through 2024, average per date has been above 2,500 for 10 straight 'normal' years. Total attendance has surpassed 150,000 for 13 'normal' years in a row, and in 17 of the previous 18 'normal' seasons. In the 57 years with recorded attendance before that, it reached 150,000 only in 2000 and 2001. Attendance was above 100,000 just 7 times until 1990. Asheville's McCormack Field opened in 1924. A new park with the same name on the same site, opened in 1992. The park is undergoing a major reconstruction, due to be completed in 2026. The Asheville area sustained severe flooding damage from Hurricane Helene in 2024.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

- Rome, GA's, team is now named the Emperors because the city has 7 hills, separated by rivers, just like Rome, Italy.
- Mother Nature was not kind to the Emperors in **2024**. They had 10 rainouts, which is tied for the most among all Minor League teams. This led to the lowest total attendance (78,369) in team history. Average per date was 1,399, also an all-time low for this team. Those were the lowest figures among all High-A teams.
- The total was down 16,751 (17.6%) from 2023, and average per date fell 135 (8.8%). 6 fewer dates were played vs. 2023. The largest crowd was 3,083, the only one above 3,000. 22 dates drew under 1,000. The Emperors have been below 200,000 in total attendance, and below 3,000 in average per date, for the past 15 years, including 2021, after being above that level in their first 6 years.
- In 2024, the Bowling Green (KY) Hot Rods won the South Atlantic League Championship for the 4th time in the last 6 seasons. They had a 2024 total attendance of 137,683, down 17,764 (11.4%), and a 2,295 average per date, down 212 (8.5%). The total and average per date were this team's lowest ever in a 'normal' season. 6 dates were lost, with 2 fewer dates than in 2023. Crowds of at least 4,000 attended 4 dates, with a high of 5,889.
- The Hot Rods reached a total of 200,000 in their first 5 seasons (2009-2013), and also in 2015. Their average per date topped 3,000 in their first 5 years, but not since. Bowling Green is one of the smallest markets with a Minor League team. It is ranked #180 in TV households by A.C. Nielsen.
- Wilmington, DE drew a 2024 total attendance of 163,031, up 6,831 (4.4%). Average per date was up 110 (4.4%) to 2,630. 7 dates drew over 4,000, with a high of 6,355. There were 4 lost dates, same as in 2023.
- Wilmington topped 275,000 in each of their first 24 seasons (1993-2016). But weather was a problem in 2017, with 10 rainouts, and in 2019, with 8 lost dates. The Blue Rocks led the Carolina League in attendance each year from 1998 through 2008, and topped 300,000 for 16 straight years (1993-2008). Average per date had been above 4,100 every year until 2017, and in 1993, 1994, 1995, and 2001, it topped 5,000. In 31 years, including 2021, they've drawn 8,728,584 in 2,020 dates, averaging 4,321 per date at 6,532 capacity Frawley Stadium.
- The **Winston-Salem** Dash, named for the dash in that city's name, drew 255,895, down 38,151 (13.0%) in **2024.** Average per date was 4,127, down 615 (13.0%). The total and average per date were the lowest in a 'normal' season since 2009, and the 2024 vs. 2023 declines were the largest among Class-A teams. 13 dates drew over 5,000, and 11 dates topped 6,000. The top crowd was 8,024. 4 dates were lost, the same as in 2023.
- The Dash led all High-Class A teams in total attendance in **2019** (264,879). Attendance had been below 170,000 each year from 1951 through 2009, but has been above 255,000 each 'normal' year since then, with 5 years above 300,000. Average per date has topped 4,100 for 13 straight 'normal' years through 2024.
- In 2010, the Dash opened a new ballpark, and set a team record-high, drawing 312,313, with 19 sellouts. Their old record had been 233,507 in 1947, which was the longest-standing record by a current Minor League franchise going into 2010. Now, the Mexico City Red Devils, whose record-high was set in 1967, have gone the longest time of any team since achieving their all-time record. Mexico City drew over 500,000 in 2024, and set an all-time record for average per date by an independent league team.
- 2010 attendance in Winston-Salem was up 254,648 from 2009, which was the biggest increase in the Minor Leagues for that season. In 67 seasons prior to 2010, Winston-Salem's only total attendance above 200,000 was in 1947. Construction delays and financial problems caused the new park's opening to be pushed back to 2010. The team played the 2009 season in old Ernie Shore Field. Total 2009 attendance was just 57,665, the smallest attendance by any team in the Carolina League since Peninsula drew 41,107 in 1991. Winston-Salem's attendance was down 112,398 in 2009, the 2nd worst decline among U.S. teams for that year.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

A SCHEDULE NOTE ABOUT BROOKLYN, HUDSON VALLEY, ABERDEEN, AND THE NORTHWEST LEAGUE TEAMS

All these teams played a full-season schedule for the first time in 2021. Through 2019, their seasons began in mid-June, and were 76 games long. In any **2024**, **2023**, **2022**, **or 2021**, **vs. 2019 or earlier comparisons**, most of these teams show a significant decline in average per date. Part of the reason for this is that they now have games during colder weather periods, and on school nights, which can be factors that reduce attendance. For Brooklyn and Hudson Valley in particular, their former short-season schedules took place at the same time as the entire school summer vacation period in their area. All of these teams also are now selling and promoting 66 home dates per season, compared to just 38 dates prior to 2021.

- The Brooklyn Cyclones, the most successful team, attendance-wise, in the 6-decade history of short-season Minor Leagues, became a full-season team in 2021. Their 2024 total attendance was 173,405, down 9,470 (5.2%), and they averaged 2,752 per date, down 105 (3.7%). 3 dates were lost, and there was one less date than in 2023. Top crowd was 7,221, with 16 dates above 4,000.
- 2016 through 2019 were the only times in the 19-year short-season history of the Brooklyn Cyclones that they did not lead <u>all short-season teams</u> in both total attendance and average per date. Vancouver of the Northwest League drew better these 4 years. In 2019, Brooklyn led the New York-Penn League in attendance for the 19th straight year, but did have the lowest short-season total (174,522) in team history. The Cyclones have topped 200,000 every year except 2017, 2019, and 2021 through 2024. Average per date was 4,848 in 2019, the first time it was under 5,000.
- Brooklyn drew 4,832,173 in their 19 short-season years (so this excludes 2021 through 2024), reaching 4 million in their 15th year, which was sooner than any short-season team had ever done. Spokane held this record previously, and it took that team 28 years to top 4 million. Eugene, OR of the Northwest League hit 4 million in its 39th short season.
- In 2002, the Cyclones set the short-season records of 317,124 in total attendance, and 8,345 in average per date, and sold out every game. They also topped 300,000 in 2003, and were above 250,000 each year from 2001 through 2010. In 2001, the Cyclones drew 289,382, breaking the New York-Penn League mark set by Mahoning Valley (206,287) in 2000, and the short-season record of 249,995 set by Portland, OR of the Northwest League in 1996.
- The Cyclones ranked in the top-10 in MLB-affiliated Minor League average per date in 2001, 2002, and 2003, and are the only short-season team to ever accomplish this. Brooklyn reached 200,000 in attendance 17 times in their New York-Penn League years. Other short-season teams topping 200,000 were Aberdeen (11 times), Vancouver (5), Portland, OR (4), Salt Lake City, Staten Island, Mahoning Valley (2 each), Spokane, Lowell (1 each).
- Brooklyn's 2019 average of 4,848 per date still topped 55 of the 60 full-season Class A teams, 19 of the 30 teams in Double-A, 10 Mexican League teams, and even 3 Triple-A teams. In their 19 short-season years, the Cyclones played 701 dates, averaging 6,893 per date. Attendance was above 7,000 at 392 of these dates, and 324 were sellouts. From 2001 through 2007, only Dayton drew a higher percentage of ballpark capacity than Brooklyn. There was a streak of 113 consecutive sellouts from 2001-2004. Their season average per date reached 7,000 from 2001 through 2011. The Cyclones won the 2017 Larry MacPhail Award due to their many great promotions.
- Since 2012, the Cyclones have had competition for sports dollars from the Barclays Center, an arena that is home to the NBA Brooklyn Nets, the 2024 WNBA Champion New York Liberty, and starting in the 2015-16 season, the NHL New York Islanders. The Islanders now play at UBS Arena, which opened in November, 2021, on the grounds of Belmont Park Racetrack.
- Maimonides Park is now the name of the Cyclones' ballpark, located at the boardwalk in Coney Island, overlooking the Atlantic Ocean. The park's sponsor is Maimonides Medical Center, located in Brooklyn, and named for the 12th Century Talmudic scholar, physician, and philosopher. It was the first hospital in the United States to perform a human heart transplant. It is also the birthplace of this report's author.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- Hudson Valley, a very successful short-season team, moved to full-season status in 2021. The Renegades drew a record-high 195,791, with a 3,012 average per date in 2024. Total attendance was up 12,142 (6.6%), and average per date rose 143 (5.0%), the best gains in this league. 12 dates topped 4,000, with a team record-high of 6,176. One date was lost, and one more date was played than in 2023.
- The Renegades topped 4,000 in average per date in 24 of their 26 seasons in the New York-Penn League. (They missed by 54 in 1994, their first season, and fell short by 2 in 2017.) The Renegades drew at least 138,000 in all short-seasons since starting play in 1994, and were above 160,000 in 10 of these seasons. Total attendance for those 26 years (1994-2019) was 4,057,535 in 945 dates, an average per date of 4,294 (95.5% of capacity) in a park that seated 4,494. Highest game attendance during that period is 5,601, set in 2015. Seating capacity is now 5,400.
- **Aberdeen** also made the move from short-season to full-season in **2021**. The IronBirds drew 125,115, down 15,904 (11.3%) in **2024**, averaging 1,955 per date, down 249 (11.3%). The average was the lowest in a 'normal' season in team history. 2 dates were lost, same as in 2023. Biggest crowd was 5,587. 14 dates drew over 3,000.
- In 2019, Aberdeen had the lowest attendance in their 18-years of short-season play. Total attendance was 118,357, with an average per date of 3,199. 2019 total attendance fell by 126,617 (51.7%) since 2012, from 244,974. Average per date was down 3,361 (51.2%) since 2011. Prior to 2013, the IronBirds had topped 225,000 in total attendance, and 6,000 in average per date in all 11 seasons they had played. Among all short-season teams from 1963 through 2019, only Brooklyn had more seasons (17) with total attendance above 200,000 than Aberdeen.

South Atlantic League Historic Attendance Data

- Weather hit this league very hard in 2018. 95 of the 980 dates (9.7%) scheduled were postponed. The league played 32 fewer dates in 2018 than in 2017. There were 23 dates in April that began with temperatures of less than 50 degrees, and 43 games that had a gametime temperature of at least 70. But the weather was much better in 2019. There were 53 more dates played than in 2018, and only 41 dates were postponed. April and May had a combined 22 postponements in 2019, compared to 48 in 2018. Just 3 April 2019 dates began at less than 50 degrees, while it was at least 70 degrees at the start of 87 dates.
- Total attendance rose 71,421 (2.5%) to 2,978,718 in **2019**. Average per date was down 109 to 3,176. This ended a streak of 14 straight years year with an average per date of 3,200+. Delmarva had the top gain in total attendance, and Hickory posted this league's best average per date gain. Greensboro had the worst total decline, and Lexington had the biggest average per date dip. 9 teams were up in total attendance, and 5 had gains in average per date.
- Compared to 2000, 2019 total attendance in the South Atlantic League was up 52.4% (1,954,697 to 2,978,718), and average per date rose 47.7% (2,150 to 3,176). Average per team increased by 52.6% from 139,389 to 212,766.
- There were 16 teams in the South Atlantic League when it set its all-time attendance record in 2007. Despite having 2 fewer teams starting in 2010, the league topped 3 million for 10 straight seasons through 2012, fell slightly below this level in 2013 and 2014, before finishing above it in 2015, 2016, and 2017. Attendance first reached one million in 1988, and topped 2 million initially in 1997.
- From its inception in 1960 as the Western Carolinas League, league total attendance was under 500,000 until 1980. Average attendance per team reached 60,000 just once (in 1970) until 1980. It topped 100,000 for the first time in 1993. The average per team first hit 200,000 in 2004, and was always above that level thereafter through 2019.
- The South Atlantic League posted some of the best gains ever for relocated teams. In their first season (2001), Lakewood (now named Jersey Shore) drew 482,206, an all-time high for a South Atlantic League team. It was also a <u>14-fold increase</u> from the 32,641 this franchise attracted in 2000, when it was in Cape Fear, NC. Lake County OH, which is now in the Midwest League, drew 437,515, in 2003, their first year in Ohio. In 2002, the franchise drew just 52,103 in Columbus, GA., a city that gets a Southern League team in 2025.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	12	2,269,663	(100,492)	(4.2)	3,022	(159)	(5.0)
2023	12	2,370,155	127,566	5.7	3,181	203	6.8
2022	12	2,242,589	580,124	34.9	2,978	497	20.0
2021	12	1,662,465			2,481		
2019	14	2,978,718	71,421	2.5	3,176	(109)	(3.3)
2018	14	2,907,297	(166,138)	(5.4)	3,285	(67)	(2.0)
2017	14	3,073,435	27,098	0.9	3,352	69	2.1
2016	14	3,046,337	(7,096)	(0.2)	3,283	(14)	(0.4)
2015	14	3,053,433	69,551	2.3	3,297	61	1.9
2014	14	2,983,882	32,069	1.1	3,236	(26)	(0.8)
2013	14	2,951,813	(104,284)	(3.4)	3,262	(17)	(0.5)
2012	14	3,056,097	(69,837)	(2.2)	3,279	(79)	(2.4)
2011	14	3,125,934	(97,721)	(3.0)	3,358	(57)	(1.7)
2010	14	3,223,655	(467,303)	(12.7)	3,415	(110)	(3.1)
2009	16	3,690,958	(86,215)	(2.3)	3,525	(38)	(1.1)
2008	16	3,777,173	(84,904)	(2.2)	3,563	(67)	(1.8)
2007	16	3,862,077	66,527	1.8	3,630	29	0.8
2006	16	3,795,550	275,113	7.8	3,601	212	6.3
2005	16	3,520,437	234,488	7.1	3,389	271	8.7
2004	16	3,285,949	156,737	5.0	3,118	35	1.1
2003	16	3,129,212	361,063	13.0	3,083	481	18.5
2002	16	2,768,149	(182,481)	(6.2)	2,602	(205)	(7.3)
2001	16	2,950,630	999,185	51.2	2,807	657	30.6
2000	14	1,951,445	(98,016)	(4.8)	2,150	(80)	(3.6)
1999	14	2,049,461	(34,687)	(1.7)	2,230	(1)	(0.0)
1998	14	2,084,148	(8,948)	(0.4)	2,231	(54)	(2.4)
1997	14	2,093,096	191,122	10.0	2,285	246	12.1
1996	14	1,901,974	(735)	(0.0)	2,039	(14)	(0.7)
1995	14	1,902,709	96,210	5.3	2,053	35	1.7
1994	14	1,806,499	17,072	1.0	2,018	114	6.0
1993	14	1,789,427	441,443	32.7	1,904	401	26.7
1992	14	1,347,984	(43,510)	(3.1)	1,503	N/A	N/A
1991	14	1,391,494	291,480	26.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	12	1,100,014	39,050	3.7	N/A	N/A	N/A

MIDWEST LEAGUE - (12 teams - 132-game schedule 2022 - 2025)

Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 4,233,904 (2015 – 16 teams); Average per Team: 264,619 (2015); Average per Date: 3,924 (2015).

Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: **3,042,514 (2024 – 12 teams)**; Average per Team: **253,543 (2024)**; Average per date: **4,041 (2024)**.

Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Dayton–597,433 (2001); Average per Date: Dayton – 8,624 (2008)

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Dayton-528,778 (2024); Average per Date: Dayton - 8,012 (2024)

- Midwest League 12 teams. All of these teams played in the Midwest League in 2019. 2019 Midwest League teams that moved to other leagues for 2021 were Kane County (to the independent American Association), Bowling Green (to the South Atlantic League), and Burlington, IA and Clinton (to the Summer Collegiate Prospect League).
- Drew 3,042,514 in **2024**, averaging 253,543 per team, and 4,041 per date, which were the highest figures by any Class A league. There were 39 lost dates.
- **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance increased 2,788 (0.1%), and average per date was up 57 (1.4%), with 10 fewer dates. 7 teams had gains in total attendance, led by Lake County, up 16,322. 8 teams were up in average per date, led by Fort Wayne, up 277. Lansing hosted the biggest Class-A crowd (9,917), but also had the largest declines in the league, down 33,060 in total attendance, and down 382 in average per date.
- Beloit set new team record-high in average per date. South Bend had its biggest crowd ever.
- As usual, Dayton had the highest attendance of any team below Triple-A, with a 2024 total of 528,778, which ranked 4th among MLB-affiliates. Their average per date was 8,012, which was 3rd among MLB-affiliated teams to Triple-A Indianapolis and Lehigh Valley.
- In 2022, the Dragons led all MLB-affiliated teams with a 7,935 average per date. This may have been the first time ever, that a Class-A team led the Minor Leagues in average per date. 1952 Denver was the last Class-A team to lead Minor League Baseball in total attendance, but they did not lead in average per date. Through 2019, Dayton had 20 of the 21 top season attendance totals by a Class-A team. West Michigan had the other Top 21 total.
- Dayton holds the record for the longest consecutive sellout streak in North American sports 1,385 regular season dates from the team's inception in 2000 through the 2019 season. The Dragons started the 2021 season with a greatly reduced allowable capacity in their ballpark. They did draw at least 6,000 to 33 dates. Their final 2021 Game Notes didn't mention sellouts, so it can be assumed that they didn't sell out every game in 2021. But it really wouldn't be fair to end such a great streak under circumstances mostly beyond the team's control. In 2022, 2023, and 2024, all 188 Dayton home dates drew above their park's seating capacity of 6,830. So the sellout streak is at 1,573, again_excluding 2021.
- Fort Wayne, South Bend, and West Michigan also drew over 300,000.
- Fort Wayne, Lansing, South Bend, and West Michigan, also averaged above 4,000 per date.

MIDWEST LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- In 2024, Dayton had the highest attendance of any team below Triple-A for the 18th straight year, including 2021. Only 2 teams below Triple-A (Round Rock, while in the Texas League before moving up to Triple-A, and Frisco, of the Double-A Texas League) have ever outdrawn Dayton in a single season since 2000.
- The 2024 Dragons drew 528,778, up 8,345 (1.6%), with no lost dates for the 2nd straight year. (They had 10 lost dates in 2022.) The 2023 vs. 2022 increase in the number of dates played tied Fort Myers for the most among all Minor League teams. The total attendance was the 4th highest among all Minor League teams in 2024. Average per date was an MLB-affiliated 3rd best 8,012, up 126 (1.6%). Only Indianapolis, Lehigh Valley, and 3 Mexican League teams had a higher average per date. All dates drew at least 7,300 and 32 dates topped 8,000, with a high of 9,074.
- The 2022 Dayton Dragons may have added another accomplishment to their incredible attendance history, perhaps becoming the first Class-A team to ever lead all MLB-affiliated teams in average per date. The Dragons averaged an MLB-affiliated best 7,935 per date in 2022. 1952 Denver of the Class-A Western League was the last Class-A team to lead the Minor Leagues in total attendance, drawing 461,419 in 67 dates, averaging 6,887 per date. Toronto, of the Triple-A International League had the next highest total attendance that year (446,040). But they reached that total in just 57 dates, and averaged 7,825 per date.
- Through 2019, Dayton had 20 of the 21 highest season attendance totals in history by a team in Class A. (1996 West Michigan has the other.)
- Dayton holds the record for the longest consecutive sellout streak in North American sports. It was 1,385 regular season dates from the team's inception in 2000 through the 2019 season. It wouldn't be fair to end the streak in 2021, due to so much uncertainty, plus the reduced-capacity restrictions. And in 2022, 2023, and 2024, Dayton once again sold out every game. Their sellout streak, excluding 2021, is at 1,573 regular season dates through the end of the 2024 season.
- The Dragons topped 545,000 in each of their first 20 seasons, and reached 580,000 in 9 years. (They play a slightly shorter schedule now.) 2019 average per date was a Class-A best 7,900. It has topped 8,400 per date in 10 seasons. In their 23 'normal' seasons through 2024, the Dragons drew 13,007,529 in 1,573 regular season dates, averaging 565,545 per year, and 8,269 per date. They've averaged above 8,500 per date in 2007, 2008, 2010, and 2012. If 2021 is included, Dayton has drawn 13,351,696 in 1,628 regular season dates, averaging 8,201 per date, and 556,321 per year.
- Dayton's sellout streak started on Opening Day 2000. It's the longest sellout streak in North American pro sports history! The Boston Red Sox still have the Major League Baseball record of 794 straight sellouts of regular season games, plus 26 post-season games, a streak which ended with the 2nd game of the 2013 season. The Portland Trail Blazers of the NBA had 814 consecutive sellouts, including playoffs, from April 9, 1977 to November 16,1995, which had been the longest sellout streak before the Red Sox broke it. On February 12, 2020, the NBA Dallas Mavericks surpassed the Portland NBA record, and later topped the Red Sox' Major sports league record. The Mavericks' streak is still active through January 21, 2025, at 982 straight sellouts. The San Francisco Giants had a National League record 555-date sellout streak (530 regular season dates+25 post-season dates). That streak began on October 1, 2010, and ended on July 17, 2017.
- Dayton's owners have included NBA legend Magic Johnson, and two-time Heisman Trophy winner Archie Griffin.
- Dayton, Kane County, and West Michigan, were the Class-A teams that averaged over 5,100 per home date in each season from 2000 through 2019. West Michigan, still in the Midwest League, and Kane County, now in the independent American Association, both averaged above 5,000 per date in 2024. Lakewood (now named Jersey Shore) of the South Atlantic League topped 6,000 per date from their start in 2001 through 2012, and were above 5,200 every year until 2018. Fort Wayne has also averaged more than 5,000 per date each 'normal' year from 2009 through 2024. Dayton's park had 6,830 seats in 2024. The single game record-high in Dayton is 9,558 in 2009.
- The only Class A teams to ever draw at least 500,000 in a season are Midwest League teams Dayton (22 times), Kane County (6), West Michigan (4), and Lansing (2).

MIDWEST LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

- West Michigan held the Class-A season attendance record broken by Dayton in 2000. The Whitecaps, who play in Comstock Park MI, near Grand Rapids, topped 500,000 for 4 straight years (1995-1998), including 1996, when they drew a then-Class A-record 547,701. In 1994, they first broke the Class A record of 463,039 set by Denver in 1949. They reached 350,000 for 26 years in a row through 2019, and again in 2023 and 2024. A total of 400,000 was reached in 9 seasons (1994-2002). Average per date has been over 5,000 every year except 2021, was over 6,200 from 1994 through 2001, topped 7,000 from 1995 through 1998, and was exactly 8,000 in 1997. In 2014, the Whitecaps drew 391,653, up 13,705, their best total attendance since 2002. It's quite an accomplishment considering that a fire that January partly destroyed their park.
- In 2024, West Michigan drew 372,943, up 11,944 (3.3%), with an average per date of 5,827, up 97 (1.7%). This was the 2nd best total and average per date in Class A, topped only by Dayton. Attendance reached 6,000 at 35 dates, and topped 7,000 at 19 dates, with a high of 9,041. There was one more date than in 2023, and 2 lost dates.
- In their 30 years, including 2021, West Michigan has drawn 11,947,158 in 2,018 dates, an average of 398,239 per season, and 5,920 per date. The Whitecaps have had 50 crowds of at least 10,000 in their history. LMCU Ballpark is undergoing a major renovation, and the first phase was completed in 2024. Phase 2 begins in 2025.
- 2024 had another attendance record in Beloit. The Sky Carp drew 99,224. Average per date was a recordhigh 1,654. The total was down 5,187 (5.0%), but average per date rose 47 (3.0%). 8 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 3,802. Weather was a problem, with 6 lost dates, and 5 fewer dates than in 2023.
- **Beloit** opened a new, privately-financed ballpark, ABC Supply Stadium, on August 4, **2021**. The Snappers began that season, at Pohlman Field for the 39th year. The 35 dates there drew just 14,888, an average of 425 per date. Only the final game at Pohlman drew at least 1,000. ABC Supply Stadium hosted 23 dates, and it drew 31,858, an average of 910 per date. Opening Night had a sellout crowd of 3,500.
- For 2022, this team had a new name, the Sky Carp, a slang term for a goose that does not migrate to a warmer climate in winter, and a new attendance record. Total attendance was a then-team record-high 102,794, and average per date was a team then-record-high 1,632. The old record-highs in this very small market, were 101,127 in 1986 for total attendance, which was the only year other than 2022 and 2023 in Beloit's 41-year history that topped 100,000, and 1,487 in 2004 for average per date. (Average per date prior to 1992 is not available.)
- Despite relatively low attendance, this team is often profitable. It is community owned, mainly staffed by volunteers, and profits go into ballpark maintenance.
- The Wisconsin Timber Rattlers (Appleton), had a **2024** total attendance of 229,129, up 2,010 (0.9%), and an average per date of 3,696, up 201 (5.8%). This was the best total since 2017, and the highest average per date since 2014. There were 4 lost dates, and 3 fewer dates than in 2023. Best attendance of the year was 6,947. 25 dates reached 4,000, and 9 of those dates attracted over 6,000.
- In 2014, Wisconsin actually drew the largest total attendance ever (250,131) in their home ballpark, which underwent a major renovation for the 2013 season. The official team record-high is 253,240 in 2009. But that includes a crowd of 17,880 for a game they played at Miller Park in Milwaukee. Average per date has topped 3,000, and total attendance has been above 190,000, for 28 straight 'normal' years through 2024. The total never reached 100,000 in 45 seasons prior to 1995. The average per date has surpassed 3,300 for 14 'normal' years in a row through 2024.

MIDWEST LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- Fort Wayne drew 341,015, up 977 (0.3%) in 2024, averaging 5,590 per date, up 277 (5.2%). This was the 3rd best total and average among all Class-A teams, and the best average per date increase among all High-A teams. 38 dates drew over 5,000, and 15 dates topped 7,000, with a high of 9,337. There were 3 fewer dates than in 2023.
- The Tincaps have surpassed 200,000 in all 31 years of operation, including 2021, and topped 370,000 in 11 of the first 15 years in their current ballpark. They have reached 400,000 in 6 of the last 13 'normal' seasons, including 5 of the last 10. Average per date has never been under 2,962 in this team's history, was above 5,400 for 11 years in a row through 2019, and in 2024. It was over 5,000 in 2022 and 2023. The Tincaps were the only team in the Midwest League that did not lose a home date due to weather in both 2013 and 2014, but had 3 lost dates in 2015 (all on Fireworks Nights), 2 in 2016, just one in 2017, 4 in 2018, 3 in 2019, 2 in 2021, 6 in 2022, 2 in 2023, and 5 in 2024.
- Fort Wayne won the 2016 John H. Johnson President's Award, the Minor Leagues top honor for organizational excellence. Their park is often cited as an example of how a sports facility can lead to significant development in a downtown area. In 2018, the Tincaps won the 'Ballpark Digest Continued Excellence Award.'
- The 2024 Midwest League Champion Lake County Captains (Eastlake, Ohio) had 6 weather postponements, which was an improvement from 2023, when they lost 11 dates. Total 2024 attendance rose a league-best 16,322 (8.4%) to 209,758, the highest since 2017, with 5 more dates than in 2023. Average per date was 3,496, the 2nd best since 2013, and down 21 (0.6%). 23 dates drew at least 4,000, and 14 dates topped 5,000, with a high of 8,546.
- Total attendance for this team fell from 437,515 in 2003, to 200,756 **in 2019**, and 2019 had the 14th decline in 16 years. Average per date went from 6,341 in 2003 to 3,089 in 2019. The Captains reached 400,000 in 2003 and 2004, but have been below 300,000 for the last 15 seasons through 2024, including 2021. Average per date topped 6,000 in 2003 and 2004, and stayed above 5,000 through 2007.
- The **Great Lakes Loons** of Midland, Michigan, had a **2024** total attendance of 200,892 their best since 2017, and up 14,780 (7.9%). Average per date was 3,189, the highest since 2015, and up 187 (6.2%). There were 3 lost dates, and one more date than in 2023. Top 2024 crowd was 6,570, and 18 dates drew at least 4,000.
- The Loons drew 324,564 in 2007, their first year, but have not reached 300,000 since then. Average per date was 4,000+ in their first 4 years (2007-2010).
- Quad Cities had a 4,121 (2.4%) decline to 169,603, in 2024 vs 2023 total attendance. Average per date was 2,736, up 103 (3.9%). 4 fewer dates were played than in 2023, and there were 4 postponements. 11 crowds topped 4,000, with a high of 6,024.
- Flooding on the Mississippi River, right next to their park, hit Quad Cities hard in **2019**. They had 7 fewer dates than in 2018, and some games had to be relocated to other ballparks. There was one 'home' game in Burlington, which drew 2,252, 2 in Cedar Rapids, which drew a total of 1,378, 2 in Clinton, drawing a total of 2,052, 6 in Peoria, drawing a total of 3,963, and 3 at the University of Iowa, which had no official attendance. The 2018 total was the 11th straight year above 200,000. The River Bandits had reached 200,000 only 6 times in 70 seasons (1990-1992, 1994-1996) with recorded attendance before that most recent streak. Average per date surpassed 3,100 for the 11th straight year in 2018.
- 2024 was the 101st year of professional baseball in Davenport, IA, which is one of the Quad Cities. The first year of pro ball there was 1879. A popular feature at Modern Woodmen Park is a 110-foot-tall Ferris wheel.

MIDWEST LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

- Lansing's 2024 total attendance was 266,389, down 33,060 (11.0%), with an average per date of 4,297, down 382 (8.2%). These were the largest declines in the league, and the lowest total and average figures for the Lugnuts in any 'normal' season. 20 dates drew better than 5,000, and 8 dates topped 7,000. One game drew 9,917, which was the largest crowd at any 2024 High-A game. 4 dates were lost, and 2 fewer dates were played vs. 2023.
- The Lugnuts drew better than 500,000 in 1996 and 1997, and finished above 400,000 from 1996 through 2001. They've reached 350,000 in 12 seasons, and had been above 300,000 in all 24 years through 2019. They missed that mark by just 551 in 2023.
- Total attendance, including 2021, is 10,035,198 in 1,855 dates, an average of 5,410 per date. Average per date was above 7,000 from 1996 through 1998, and surpassed 6,000 from 1996 through 2001.
- Each year since 2007, except 2020 and 2021, Lansing has played an exhibition game against Michigan State University. Attendance for the 16 games of the 'Crosstown Showdown' has totaled 119,115, an average of 7,445 per game. 4 of these games have attracted over 11,000 fans, with a high of 12,997 in 2012. This game was played in 2022, 2023, and 2024, and is scheduled for 2025. The 2024 game, in bad weather, drew 4,118.
- In Peoria, the Chiefs played to a total of 164,658, up 6,449 (4.1%) in 2024, with a 2,533 average per date, up 61 (2.5%). One date was lost, and one more date was played in 2024 than in 2023. Attendance reached 4,000 at 7 dates, with a high of 6,326.
- The Chiefs had topped 200,000 in total attendance, and 3,000 in average per date, in 15 of the previous 17 years until 2019. Prior to 2002, Peoria reached 200,000 in only 3 of the previous 25 years with recorded attendance.
- South Bend drew 310,023 in 2024, down 4,568 (1.5%). The Cubs averaged 4,770 per date, down 146 (3.0%). One date was postponed, and one more date was played in 2024 than in 2023. There were 28 crowds of better than 5,000, and 14 dates drew over 6,000, with a single game record-high of 8,169.
- For **2012**, South Bend renovated its ballpark, and increased its attendance by 76,780, the 3rd best gain among MLBaffiliated teams. Average per date rose by 985, the top increase among all U.S. MLB-affiliated teams. In **2013**, the Silver Hawks had another big gain. Total attendance increased by 47,873, which was the 4th highest affiliated gain. Average per date was up a league-best 850. In **2014**, the team drew 258,836, a record-high which was 412 higher than the old mark of 258,424 in 1994. South Bend's total attendance gain of 21,388 was the best in the league.
- The incredible attendance growth continued in **2015** in South Bend. The team affiliated with, and was renamed, the Cubs. Total attendance grew by 88,842 to a team record-high 347,678. Average per date was up 1,288 to a record-high 5,039. The gains in both total attendance and average per date were the 3rd best among MLB-affiliated teams in 2015. There were 40 sellouts. New highs in total attendance and average per date were set again in **2016**.
- More records were set in **2017** despite 2 fewer dates. The Cubs' total of 354,070, and average per date of 5,285, made it 4 straight years with new highs. Some bad weather may have prevented the Cubs from setting more records in **2018**. Total attendance that year was 343,763, and average per date was 4,911.
- In 2019, the Cubs drew 319,616. Average per date was 4,770. That total and average were the 5th best in the team's 34 seasons. From 2011 through 2019, total attendance was up 206,821 (183.4%) from 112,795, and average per date increased by 3,008 (170.7%) from 1,762. Attendance reached 200,000 each year from 1989 through 1996. But it was under 200,000 in 12 of 16 years from 1997 through 2012.
- Four Winds Field in South Bend, formerly Stanley Coveleski Regional Stadium, is the only ballpark in America with a former synagogue on its grounds. The Sons of Israel Synagogue was built in 1901, but had been empty for over two decades. When the ballpark was renovated, the team bought the building, located behind the outfield wall, to use as its team store. They refurbished it, while still respecting its religious and landmark status.

MIDWEST LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- The 2024 Cedar Rapids Kernels (named after corn) drew 150,102, down 11,103 (6.9%). Average per date fell 98 (3.9%) to 2,383. Their best crowd was 4,788, and 21 dates topped 3,000. 2 less dates were played than in 2023, and 3 dates were lost.
- The Kernels have never topped 200,000 in a season. But they drew over 150,000 for 18 straight years through 2019, and again in 2023 and 2024, after reaching that level just 3 times (1985, 1988, 1989) in the 64 previous years with listed attendance. The 2024 average per date was the 21st straight 'normal' year above 2,100. Since Perfect Game Field opened in 2002, attendance has been very steady through 2024, with the total ranging from 136,360 (2022) to 196,066 (2002), and the average per date ranging from 2,164 (2022) to 2,883 (2002). These figures exclude 2021.

Midwest League Historic Attendance Data

- 2019 Midwest League attendance declined 112,914 (2.9%). Total attendance was 3,824,807, the lowest total in the 10 years that this league had 16 teams. Average per date slipped 99 to 3,612, lowest since 2006. There were 2 fewer dates than in 2018, and 57 lost dates. But the weather in April 2019 was much warmer than in April 2018. In April 2018, 63 dates began with temperatures of less than 50 degrees, and at 29 of these dates, the temperature was under 40 degrees. In April 2019, 46 dates had a gametime temperature of less than 50 degrees, with just 5 dates under 40. 73 dates began with temperatures of at least 60 degrees in April 2019, vs. 46 dates in April 2018.
- In 2015, the Midwest League set new league and Class-A record-highs for total attendance, average per date, and average per team. Total attendance was 4,233,904, breaking the league record set in 2010. Average per date was 3,924, topping a mark set in 2013. Average per team was 264,619.
- This league's attendance first topped one million in 1982 when it expanded from 8 to 12 teams. It reached 2 million in 1994, and 3 million in 1996, with 14 teams in those years. Total attendance topped 3 million for its last 20 seasons, was above 3.5 million for the final 13 years, and was over 4 million in 7 of the last 10 years, all through 2019. Through 2024, the total has reached 3 million in 22 of the last 24 seasons, with 2021 and 2022 being the exceptions. Of course, with 4 fewer teams now in the league, some of these large totals are much more difficult to reach.
- Average attendance per date has been above 3,000 for 28 straight 'normal' years, which also is a Class A record. It has topped 3,500 per date for the league's last 23 'normal' years (so it excludes 2021), through 2024.
- Midwest League average attendance per team was under 70,000 from 1947 through 1980. In 13 of those seasons, it was below 50,000, with a low of 20,128 per team in 1948, when it was the Illinois State League. Lowest average per team under the Midwest League name (since 1956) was 40,362 in 1967. The average per team reached 100,000 for the first time in 1985, and initially topped 200,000 in 1996. It has been above 200,000 for the last 22 'normal' years, and reached 250,000 in 10 of 13 seasons through 2019, and then again in 2023. It was 239,050 in 2019, the lowest since 2006, 253,310 in 2023, and 253,543 in 2024. The league expanded to 16 teams, from 14, in 2010, before going back to 12 teams in 2021.
- The Midwest League's single game attendance high was 32,103, set on July 29, 2008, for a Peoria/Kane County game at Wrigley Field in Chicago. The top crowd at a Midwest League park was 14,872 in 2009 at Kane County, a team that now plays in the independent American Association.

MIDWEST LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

MIDWEST LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	12	3,042,514	2,788	0.1	4,041	57	1.4
2023	12	3,039,726	283,618	10.3	3,984	259	7.0
2022	12	2,756,108	761,254	38.2	3,724	825	28.5
2021	12	1,994,854	,		2,899		
					,		
2019	16	3,824,807	(112,894)	(2.9)	3,612	(99)	(2.7)
2018	16	3,937,721	(149,652)	(3.7)	3,711	(88)	(2.3)
2017	16	4,087,373	(65,694)	(1.6)	3,799	(64)	(1.7)
2016	16	4,153,067	(80,837)	(1.9)	3,863	(61)	(1.6)
2015	16	4,233,904	91,086	2.2	3,924	45	1.2
2014	16	4,142,818	24,769	0.6	3,879	(28)	(0.7)
2013	16	4,118,049	33,706	0.8	3,907	177	4.7
2012	16	4,084,343	101,061	2.5	3,730	(24)	(0.6)
2011	16	3,983,282	(201,561)	(4.8)	3,754	(150)	(3.8)
2010	16	4,184,843	555,805	15.3	3,904	14	0.4
2009	14	3,629,038	26,951	0.7	3,890	16	0.4
2008	14	3,602,087	71,949	2.0	3,874	57	1.5
2007	14	3,530,138	232,043	7.0	3,817	271	7.6
2006	14	3,298,095	(188,680)	(5.4)	3,546	(136)	(3.7)
2005	14	3,486,775	(18,781)	(0.5)	3,682	(67)	(1.8)
2004	14	3,505,556	129,658	3.8	3,749	35	0.9
2003	14	3,375,898	9,119	0.3	3,714	105	2.9
2002	14	3,366,779	134,424	4.2	3,609	65	1.8
2001	14	3,232,355	(36,118)	(1.1)	3,544	(108)	(3.0)
2000	14	3,268,473	494,046	17.8	3,652	636	21.1
1999	14	2,774,427	(117,900)	(4.1)	3,016	(77)	(2.5)
1998	14	2,892,327	(60,950)	(2.1)	3,093	(207)	(6.3)
1997	14	2,953,277	(215,355)	(6.8)	3,300	(225)	(6.4)
1996	14	3,168,632	404,303	14.6	 3,525	373	11.8
1995	14	2,764,329	294,330	11.9	3,152	438	16.1
1994	14	2,469,999	655,498	36.1	2,714	543	25.0
1993	14	1,814,501	70,638	4.1	2,171	212	10.8
1992	14	1,743,863	(73,035)	(4.0)	1,959	N/A	N/A
1991	14	1,816,898	168,803	10.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	14	1,648,095	(68,348)	(4.0)	N/A	N/A	N/A

NORTHWEST LEAGUE - (6 teams - 132-game schedule in 2022 - 2025)

This was a short-season league prior to 2021, playing a 76-game schedule.

Pre-2021 League Records:	Total Attendance: 1,115,614 (2019 – 8 teams); Average per Team: 139,452 (2019); Average per Date: 3,670 (2019).
Post-2020 League Records:	Total Attendance: 1,112,449 (2023 – 6 teams); Average per Team: 185,408 (2023); Average per date: 2,943 (2023).
Pre-2021 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Portland–249,995 (1996); Average per Date: Portland – 6,579 (1996) Vancouver averaged 6,303 per date in 2017, highest average among 2023 NWL teams.
Post-2020 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Vancouver-313,256 (2022); Average per Date: Vancouver - 5,135 (2022)

A SCHEDULE NOTE ABOUT THE NORTHWEST LEAGUE TEAMS

All Northwest League teams, along with Brooklyn, Aberdeen, and Hudson Valley, of the South Atlantic League, played a full-season schedule for the first time in 2021. Through 2019, their seasons began in mid-June, and were 76 games long. So comparisons with seasons prior to 2020 may show significant average per date declines. Part of the reason for this is that they now have games during colder weather periods, and on school nights, which can be factors that reduce attendance. For Brooklyn and Hudson Valley in particular, their former short-season schedules took place at the same time as the entire school summer vacation period in their area. All of these teams also are now selling and promoting 66 home dates per season, compared to just 38 dates prior to 2021.

- Northwest League 6 teams, all played in the short-season Northwest League in 2019.
- **2024** total attendance was 1,093,981, averaging 182,330 per team, and 2,856 per date. There were 13 lost dates. Vancouver drew a league-high 274,892, averaging 4,659 per date.
- 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance fell 18,468 (1.7%), and average per date was down 87 (2.9%), with 5 more dates. 3 teams had increases in total attendance, but only Tri-City (Pasco, WA) was up in average per date. Eugene, up 7,171, had the largest total gain. Tri-City was up 51 in average per date. Vancouver, with 7 lost dates, had the largest declines in total attendance (22,545), and average per date (217).
- Eugene and Tri-City WA each had record-highs in total attendance. Spokane had its highest total as a Northwest League member.
- In 2019, the same 6 teams in the league in 2023 drew 904,976, and averaged 3,969 per date. The 2019 Northwest League, with 8 teams, drew league record-highs of 1,115,614 in total attendance, and 3,670 in average per date. In 2019, the Northwest League played a short-season schedule (76 games) as opposed to a 132-game schedule from 2022 through 2025.
- With the longer schedule starting in 2021, the Northwest League now has more lost dates than in the past. There were 13 lost dates in 2024, 18 in 2023, 21 in 2022, and 15 in 2021. The 6 teams in the league had no lost dates in 2019, 1 each in 2018 and 2017, 4 in 2016 and 2013, 2 in 2015, and 3 in 2014 and 2012. The teams also play more games now on school days and nights.
- From the start of the **2024** season, through June 12, the league averaged 2,167 per date. From June 13, to the end of the season, a similar length of time to the league's pre-2021 schedule, average per date for the league was 3,395. The league's short-season record-high average per date of 3,670 was set in **2019**.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- The Vancouver Canadians drew a league-leading 274,892, with a 4,659 average per date. But they had the largest declines in the league, and the average per date was the lowest in a 'normal' season since 2012. Total attendance fell 22,545 (7.6%), and average per date was down 217 (4.4%). 29 dates drew over 5,000, and 20 dates had sellout crowds of 6,413 or the later-in-the-year sellout figure of 6,013. There were 7 lost dates, with 2 fewer dates than in 2023. In April and May, the Canadians averaged 2,821 per date with no sellouts. From June through September, they averaged 5,343 per date with 20 sellouts.
- The closing of the U.S./Canadian border caused **Vancouver** to play its **2021** home games in Hillsboro, OR. They drew 15,822, averaging 268 per date. The largest 'crowd' was 608.
- Vancouver drew 235,980 in **2019**, down 3,106, the only total attendance decline in the Northwest League that year. The Canadians' average per date of 6,210, was down 82, but it was the 4th straight year above 6,000. 25 of 38 dates drew a full sellout figure of 6,413, and 30 dates topped 6,000. Nat Bailey Stadium seats 5,157. In 2019, the Canadians averaged better than 1,000 per date above seating capacity, and 96.8% of full-sellout capacity. The 2019 short-season total was higher than what Vancouver drew in 27 of 43 years with full-season teams.
- The 2019 Canadians led all short-season teams in total attendance and average per date for the 4th year in a row. Brooklyn had been the short-season leader each year from 2001 through 2015. In 2019, in total attendance, Vancouver outdrew 2 Triple-A teams, 9 of 30 Double-A teams, 44 of 60 full-season Class A teams, and 9 of 16 Mexican League teams, all of whom played much longer schedules. In average per date, Vancouver topped 11 of 30 Triple-A teams, 27 of the 30 Double-A clubs, all teams except Dayton in full-season Class A, 11 of 16 teams in the Mexican League, and every independent team except St. Paul.
- **2024** was the 13th consecutive 'normal' year that Vancouver's total attendance surpassed 150,000, with average per date above 4,000. It was the 8th 'normal' year in a row with a total above 200,000. Average per date reached 6,000 for the 4th straight year in **2019**. Vancouver topped 100,000, and 3,000 per date, in all short-seasons. In 1988, Vancouver set its all-time record of 386,220, while a member of the full-season Pacific Coast League. Vancouver is a rainy city, but less so during their baseball season. They had a total of just 12 regular season rainouts from 2000 through 2019. The earlier season start means more rainouts. There were 5 each in 2022 and 2023, and 7 in 2024.
- 2024 Northwest League Champion Spokane drew 254,807, up 5,795 (2.3%) in total attendance in 2024, and 3,920, down 32 (0.8%) in average per date. The total attendance was the highest for Spokane as a Northwest League team. There was one lost date, with 2 more than in 2023. The top crowd of 6,813 was the highest in this league in 2024. 30 dates drew at least 4,000, with 7 of them topping 6,000. Minor League Baseball selected the Indians as their 2021 'Organization of the Year.'
- Spokane attracted 200,273 in 2019, a record-high for a <u>short-season team</u> in that city. 9 short-season franchises have drawn 200,000+, and it has been done a total of 45 times by these 9 clubs. Brooklyn (17 times) did it most often, followed by Aberdeen (11 times), Vancouver (5 times), and Portland, OR (4 times). Salt Lake City, Mahoning Valley, and Staten Island did it twice each, and Lowell and Spokane did it once. Record-high for a full-season team in Spokane is 287,185 in the Class B Western International League in 1947. Spokane led the Northwest League in total attendance for 15 straight years through 2014, until Vancouver topped them.
- As a short-season team **through 2019**, the Indians topped 100,000 for 34 straight years, drew over 160,000 for 25 years in a row through 2019, and reached 180,000 each year from 2013 through 2019, and 18 times since 1996. The 2019 total was higher than the total Spokane drew in 18 of the 24 seasons that it was a member of the full-season Triple-A Pacific Coast League (1958-1971, 1973-1982). In 2015, the Indians became the first short-season team to reach 5 million in attendance (only short-season years are included in this total). Spokane's short-season team drew 5,895,308 in its short-season history (1983-2019).
- In 2019, Spokane averaged 5,270, which was higher than any Pacific Coast League team in Spokane had ever averaged. 2019 was the 7th straight year that the average per date topped 5,000, and the 26th year in a row above 4,200. Spokane's park, which opened in 1958, underwent a renovation that was completed for the 2013 season, and has a seating capacity of 6,803.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- Total 2024 attendance for the Eugene Emeralds was 153,067, up a league-high 7,171 (4.9%). This was the highest Class-A total ever in Eugene, surpassed only by a Triple-A total of 168,094 in 1972. It was the 2nd best total in 73 years with listed attendance, which includes 5 seasons in the Pacific Coast League. The Emeralds averaged 2,355 per date, down 118 (4.8%). There was one lost date. 18 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 4,133.
- There were 6 more dates played in Eugene in 2024 than in 2023. The Emeralds had to play a 6-game homestand at Tri-City (Pasco, WA) in 2023 because the University of Oregon, who they share their ballpark with, needed the park for NCAA College Baseball post-season games. No official attendance was reported for those games, and they are not included in the number of dates listed.
- The Emeralds topped 100,000 for the 35th straight year in 2019, the longest such streak by a short-season team. The total reached 120,000 in 26 short-seasons since 1987. Prior to this, attendance reached 100,000 only 4 times in 32 seasons from 1950 through 1984, with a high of 168,094 in 1972. Those 100,000+ seasons all occurred between 1969 and 1973, when Eugene was in the full-season Pacific Coast League. Average per date topped 4,000 in 1996, and was above 3,000 in all but 3 seasons since 1993. Eugene won the 2018 Larry MacPhail Award for promotional effort. Their new, smaller park has a capacity of 4,000 and is on the campus of the University of Oregon. In 2019, the University of Oregon averaged 1,366 per date for its home games. 3 games with Oregon State averaged 3,777. In 2024, Oregon Ducks Baseball drew 67,642 in 31 dates, averaging 2,182 per date.
- 2024 attendance for Tri-City (Pasco, WA) was a team and market record high 121,949, up 1,505 (1.2%). This broke the record set in 2023. An independent Western League team drew 109,101 in 1997. The short-season record-high of 87,021 was set in 2019. Average per date was 1,876, up 51 (2.8%), the only average gain in the league. There was one less date than in 2023, with one lost date. 3 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 3,727.
- In 2019, the Dust Devils averaged 2,290 per date, the 2nd best in team history. They set a team record-high for average per date in 7 straight years through 2013, and again in 2016 and 2018. Attendance in Tri-City was very consistent from 2009 through 2019, ranging from 83,987 in 2013, to 87,021 in 2019. Average per date ranged from 2,216 to 2,332 during this period. The independent Western Baseball League had a longer season than the short-season Northwest League, but had fewer scheduled games than the current Northwest League has.
- Hillsboro (a suburb of Portland, OR) drew 153,571 in 2024, down 5,152 (3.2%). Average per date was 2,363, down 42 (1.8%). One less date was played in 2024 than in 2023, with one lost date. 11 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 5,272.
- In **2021**, the Hops shared their park with the Vancouver Canadians, who were not allowed to enter Canada. The Hops topped 128,000 and 3,300 per date in all 7 short seasons in the Northwest League. This franchise played in Yakima through 2012. Highest attendance ever in Yakima was 86,822 in 1993.
- Northwest League teams were in Portland from 1973-1977, and from 1995-2000. In 1996, Portland drew 249,995, an all-time high for a team in this league, and at that time, the highest attendance ever by any short-season team (broken by Brooklyn in 2001). For most of the 20th Century, and continuing through 2010, Portland was in the Pacific Coast League. Their record-high in that league was 454,197 in 2002. That team played in PGE Park, which was one of the largest Minor League ballparks in the country, seating nearly 20,000. On June 15, 1995, a game there drew 20,600, which is a Northwest League record. The facility has recently been renovated for use as a soccer stadium, renamed JELD-WEN Field, and is the home of the Timbers of Major League Baseball expansion team.
- A new park is under construction in Hillsboro, and will open for the 2026 season.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE - HIGH-A - continued

- 2024 total attendance in Everett was 135,695, down 5,242 (3.7%), with a 2,120 average per date, down 117 (5.2%). This was the 2nd best total (to 2023) in the 40-year history of this team. 13 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 4,006. There were 2 lost dates, and one more date was played than in 2023.
- Everett's **2019** total attendance was 116,630, the 2nd best total (to 1998) in their 36-year short-season history. Average per date was 3,069, highest since 2001. The AquaSox topped 100,000 each year from 1998 through 2007, but didn't do it again until 2015 through 2019. Prior to 1998, Everett hit 90,000 just once in 14 years. The average per date reached 3,000 in 1998, 2000, 2001, and 2019.

Northwest League Historic Attendance Data

- The Northwest League set a league total attendance record-high for the 3rd straight year in 2019! The total was 1,115,614, up 25,684 (2.4%). This broke the mark of 1,089,930 set in 2018. Prior to 2017, the record-high was 1,060,587 in 1998. The Northwest League 2017 Media Guide listed their 1998 attendance as 1,088,382, because they added 27,795 to Portland's total. However, the 1998 NAPBL attendance press release, the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball, and The Baseball Cube, all show the lower figure for 1998. One thing for sure, a new record was set in 2017, and then broken again in 2018 and in 2019.
- Average per date rose 73 to a record-high 3,670 in 2019, the 4th year in a row with a new high. The league averaged over 3,200 per date for its last 7 seasons (2013-2019), and from 1995 through 2000, and in 2007, 2008, and 2011.
- All teams in the Northwest League averaged better than 2,000 per date from 2013 through 2017, and in 2019. These are the only times in Minor League history that every team in one of the short-season leagues averaged at least 2,000 per date in the same year. Salem-Keizer broke the 2013-2017 streak in 2018 by averaging 1,897.
- 7 teams had increases in total attendance in 2019, and 6 teams had gains in average per date. Salem-Keiser posted the league's best gains. Vancouver had the only total attendance loss, and the top average per date decline.
- Not one date was lost to weather in the entire Northwest League in 2019. Only one date each year was lost in 2018 and 2017. There were 6 dates lost in 2016, 2 in 2015, 3 in 2014, 5 in 2013, and 3 in 2012. In 2011, there were none. Through 2019, the Northwest League had just 32 lost dates in 15 seasons since 2005, and 78 lost dates in 26 seasons since 1994. The longer schedule, with its earlier start, has resulted in more postponements, nearly all due to weather, but a few due to Covid. There were 15 lost dates in 2021, 21 in 2022, and 18 in 2023, which includes the 6 games scheduled for Eugene that were relocated to Tri-City. The University of Oregon needed the park in Eugene for NCAA post-season games.
- Total attendance in this league topped one million each year from 1995 through 2000, but didn't reach that figure again until 2015 through 2019, and again in 2022, 2023, and 2024. The league drew better than 800,000 in all seasons since 1994. Before that year, the last time this league reached 800,000 was in 1948, when it played a full-season schedule. Total attendance was under 300,000 in all seasons from 1961 through 1982.
- Average attendance per team was a short-season record-high 139,452 in 2019, and a full-season record-high 185,408 in 2023. The old short-season record was 136,241 per team in 2018. It was 132,573 in 1998, and with longer schedules was 124,174 in 1947 and 110,051 in 1948. The next time the average per team topped 100,000 was in 1994, and it did that every year since. It was over 130,000 in each of the final 5 short seasons. With the longer schedule, it was 178,077 in 2022 and 182,330 in 2024. The average per team was below 50,000 from 1961 through 1984, with a low of 20,482 in 1968. That year, the 4-team league drew a total of 81,928. In 2015, each of the 8 teams in the league individually drew better than that. Salem-Keizer fell below the 1968 league total from 2016 through 2019.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE – HIGH-A - continued

NORTHWEST LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

[# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	6	1,093,981	(18,468)	(1.7)	2,856	(87)	(2.9)
2023	6	1,112,449	43,988	4.1	2,943	78	2.7
2022	6	1,068,461	546,649	104.8	2,865	1,330	86.6
2021	6	521,812			1,535		
2019	8	1,115,614	25,684	2.4	3,670	73	2.0
2018	8	1,089,930	949	0.1	3,597	3	0.1
2017	8	1,088,981	39,339	3.7	3,594	72	2.0
2016	8	1,049,642	(1,623)	(0.2)	3,522	41	1.2
2015	8	1,051,265	69,491	7.1	3,481	219	6.7
2014	8	981,774	(2,658)	(0.3)	3,262	(30)	(0.9)
2013	8	984,432	87,651	9.8	3,292	313	10.5
2012	8	896,781	(17,205)	(1.9)	2,979	(28)	(0.9)
2011	8	913,986	28,961	3.3	3,007	67	2.3
2010	8	885,025	(22,069)	(2.4)	2,940	(54)	(1.8)
2009	8	907,094	(12,059)	(1.3)	2,994	(50)	(1.6)
2008	8	919,153	(8,016)	(0.9)	3,044	(36)	(1.2)
2007	8	927,169	33,348	3.7	3,080	130	4.4
2006	8	893,821	14,083	1.6	2,950	47	1.6
2005	8	879,738	16,573	1.9	2,903	(3)	(0.1)
2004	8	863,165	(27,926)	(3.1)	2,906	(35)	(1.2)
2003	8	891,091	10,452	1.2	2,941	25	0.9
2002	8	880,639	9,956	1.1	2,916	(35)	(1.2)
2001	8	870,683	(170,956)	(16.4)	2,951	(510)	(14.7)
2000	8	1,041,639	20,459	2.0	3,461	22	0.6
1999	8	1,021,390	(39,197)	(3.7)	3,439	(73)	(2.1)
1998	8	1,060,587	5,782	0.5	3,512	(4)	(0.1)
1997	8	1,054,805	15,381	1.5	3,516	51	1.5
1996	8	1,039,424	16,945	1.7	3,465	34	1.0
1995	8	1,022,479	166,829	19.5	3,431	607	21.5
1994	8	855,650	68,849	8.8	2,824	157	5.9
1993	8	786,801	64,470	8.9	2,667	210	8.5
1992	8	722,331	(20,707)	(2.8)	2,457	N/A	N/A
1991	8	743,038	50,912	7.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	8	692,126	55,939	8.8	N/A	N/A	N/A

CAROLINA LEAGUE - (6 teams - 132-game schedule - 2022 - 2025)

- Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 2,027,878 (2017 10 teams); Avg. per Team: 247,709 (8 teams-2014); Average per Date: 3,811 (2014).
- Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 2,378,278 (2023 12 teams); Average per Team: 198,190 (2023); Average per date: 3,171 (2023).
- Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: Durham–390,486 (1995); Average per Date: Durham 6,007 (1995) 2023 teams: Total: Carolina-328,207 (1993), Average per Date: Delmarva 4,915 (1997) Carolina was in the Double-A Southern League in 1993.

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Charleston–270,170 (2023); Avg. per Date: Charleston - 4,288 (2023)

- Carolina League 12 teams, 7 were in the Carolina League, and 5 had been in the South Atlantic League, in 2019.
- **2024** total attendance was 2,246,298, averaging 187,192 per team, and 2,999 per date, all best among the Single-A (formerly Low-A) leagues. There were 43 lost dates. Charleston SC had the league's top total (256,695), and average per date (4,278). Close behind were Augusta, GA (254,054 total and a 3,970 average), and Myrtle Beach (249,349 total and a 3,958 average).
- Kannapolis set a new team record-high in total attendance for the 4th straight year.
- **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance fell 131,980 (5.5%). Average per date was down 172 (5.4%), with one less date. 3 teams had increases in total attendance, but Fayetteville, SC had the only average per date increase.
- Salem posted the league's best total attendance increase, up 8,701. Fayetteville's average per date gain was 79. Fredericksburg had the largest total attendance loss (34,710), and Delmarva had the top decline in average per date (504). Those were the largest declines in each category among the Single-A teams.
- The 2019 Carolina League drew 2,018,496, averaging 3,139 per date.
- Kannapolis moved into a new downtown ballpark in **2021**. In each of their 4 years in the new park, they've drawn better than in any season through 2019. Their **2024** total attendance was up 119,864 (157.9%) from **2019**, with average per date increasing by 1,879 (165.8%). These **2024 vs. 2019 increases in total attendance and average per date were the best of any 'same market' MLB-affiliated Minor League team.**
- Fredericksburg was relocated from Woodbridge, VA (Potomac). Their **2024** total attendance was 40,216 (20.9%) higher than in **2019** in Woodbridge, and average per date rose by 431 (13.2%) vs. **2019**.
- In **2025**, the Down East Wood Ducks relocate to Spartanburg, SC, becoming the Hub City Spartanburgers, and moving to the South Atlantic League. They have been replaced in the Carolina League by the Hickory Crawdads, who move from the South Atlantic League. Got all that?
- In 2026, the Carolina Mudcats move to a new park in Wilson, NC, and will be named the Wilson Warbirds.

- The RiverDogs of Charleston, SC were the Low-A East Champs in 2021, and the Carolina League Champions in 2022 and 2023. They drew a league high 265,695 in 2024, down 13,475 (5.0%), averaging a Single-A best 4,278 per date, down 10 (0.2%). 16 dates drew over 5,000, with a high of 7,389. There were 6 lost dates, and 3 fewer dates were played in 2024 than in 2023.
- Charleston set a record-high in total attendance, or came close, in 5 straight years from 2015 through 2019. The 2019 total was 301,320, the 3rd highest in team history. Average per date was 4,367, and was this market's 4th best ever. 2024 was the 27th straight year, including 2021, above 200,000, and the 17th 'normal' year in a row above 250,000. 2019 was the 3rd consecutive season above 300,000 for Charleston.
- The RiverDogs had never drawn 200,000 until 1997, or 300,000 until 2017. A former team in Charleston drew over 170,000 in both 1947 and 1948. But this city reached 120,000 only once (1986) in the next 31 seasons that it had a team, through 1996. Average per date has been above 3,300 for the past 27 seasons, including 2021, and between 2013 through 2019, and again in 2023 and 2024, it topped 4,000. The team won the 2013 Larry MacPhail Award for the top promotional effort in the Minor Leagues. Comedian Bill Murray is one of the team's owners.
- In 2002, Charleston, SC had a game with an official attendance of 0. It was a promotion called "Nobody Night" to achieve the lowest attendance ever at any game. A party for fans was held outside the ballpark until after the 5th inning, when the game became official. Fans were then admitted free. The old record for smallest 'crowd' was 1, set by Oakland of the Pacific Coast League on November 8, 1905. Yes, November, and no promotion here. It was a rainy day. The P.C.L. used to have a very long schedule. In 1905, Oakland played 222 games.
- The Augusta GreenJackets drew 254,054, down 6,006 (2.3%) in 2024. Average per date was 3,970, down 225 (5.4%). 5 dates drew above 5,000, with a high of 5,745. There were 2 more dates than in 2023, and 2 dates were lost.
- In 2018, the GreenJackets, named for the green jacket given to the winner of The Masters golf tournament in Augusta, moved to a new park in neighboring North Augusta, SC, and had a record-setting attendance year. Total attendance was 255,155, and average per date was 4,050 (old records were 201,760 and 3,011, both in 2010). The total gain was 76,886, and average per date rose by 1,307. Both of those increases were the best in Minor League Baseball in 2018. The 43.1% increase in total attendance, and the 47.6% gain in average per date, were the 2nd best percentage gains (to Tabasco of the Mexican League) in the MLB-affiliated leagues. (In 2018, the Mexican League was considered to be an MLB-affiliated league. It is now independent.)
- This team has played in Augusta or North Augusta since 1988. Attendance topped 200,000 only in 2008, 2010, and 2011, prior to the years 2018 through 2024. But it has been above 150,000 for 18 straight years, including 2021. Average per date has reached 2,500 for the last 17 seasons, also including 2021.
- **Delmarva** (Salisbury, Maryland) drew 172,786, down 16,963 (8.9%) in **2024**, with a 2,658 average per date, down 504 (15.9%). The average per date loss was the largest among the Single-A teams. This followed a season with a 666 average per date increase, which was 5th best among MLB-affiliated teams. There was one lost date in 2024, and 5 more dates were played than in 2023. Crowds of at least 4,000 attended 10 dates, with a high of 6,077.
- In 2019, the Shorebirds won 90 games, and had the best winning percentage of any MLB-affiliated team. They led the league in attendance from 1996 through 2000, and topped 200,000 in all 24 years of operation through 2019. Attendance was above 300,000 in the team's first 2 seasons (1996, 1997). But it has not reached that figure since then, and has been under 240,000 for the last 21 years, including 2021 through 2024. The Shorebirds averaged over 4,000 per date from 1996 through 2000, but not since. Their high average per date was 4,915 in 1997. But they've been above 3,000 every year, except 2021, 2022, and 2024.

- Fredericksburg had a record-setting season in 2022, and then broke those records in 2023. These team record-highs cover this franchise's entire history, going back to 1984.
- In **2024**, the FredNats won the Carolina League Championship. Total attendance was 232,690, down 34,710 (13.0%), the largest decline in Single-A. Average per date was 3,693, down 485 (11.6%). There was one less date played in 2024 than in 2023, and 3 dates were lost. Attendance surpassed 4,000 at 28 dates, with a high of 5,074.
- The comparison of **2024 Fredericksburg with 2019 Potomac** shows a total attendance increase of 40,216 (20.9%), and an average per date gain of 431 (13.2%).
- The Potomac Nationals moved about 35 miles south to a new ballpark in Fredericksburg, Virginia in **2021**. This is the first-ever Minor League team for this city. The FredNats drew 199,071 in **2021**, with a 3,492 average per date. The total was up 6,597, and the average per date rose 230, from what the team drew in Woodbridge (Potomac) in **2019**.
- **Potomac** had a tough final season in Woodbridge, Virginia. Total **2019** attendance fell 44,770 to 192,474, and average per date dipped 504 to 3,262. There were 11 rainouts, the most of any team not in the Florida State League. From 2000 through 2009, the Nationals never reached 200,000. But they did it in 2010, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2017, and 2018. Average per date in Potomac topped 3,000 for the 7th straight year in 2019. From 2000 through 2009 only twice. The record-high total in **Potomac** was 243,559 in 2014, and the top average per date there was 3,869 in 2017. Considering the lack of ballpark amenities in Potomac, these figures were quite good.
- The **Carolina Mudcats** had total **2024** attendance of 119,954, down 18,345 (13.3%), with a 1,935 average per date, down 370 (16.1%). The total and average were the lowest for this team in their 32 'normal' seasons. 4 dates were lost, with 2 more dates than in 2023. Attendance was over 3,000 at 14 dates, with a high of 5,366.
- The Mudcats averaged 4,000+ in 8 seasons since 1992 (1992-97, 2000, 2008). They reached 300,000 from 1993 through 1995, but have not done it since. Total attendance was above 200,000 for 25 straight seasons, but has been below that level in the last 8 years, including 2021. The Mudcats played in the Double-A Southern League through 2011, before moving to the Class-A Carolina League.
- In 2026, the Mudcats move about 20 miles east to Wilson, NC, and will be renamed the Wilson Warbirds. Wilson last had pro baseball from 1946-1952, 1956-1968, and in 1973. Top attendance was 138,548 in 1947.
- 2024 was another record-setting year in Kannapolis. The Cannon Ballers drew a team record-high total of 195,795, up 295 (0.2%). Average per date was 3,012, down 42 (1.4%). There was one more date than in 2023, and one rainout. 9 dates topped 4,000, with a high of 5,346.
- The effect of a new park was evident when comparing 2024 vs. 2019 attendance. The total was up 119,864 (157.9%), and average per date rose 1,879 (165.8%). These 2024 vs. 2019 increases in total attendance and average per date were the best of any 'same market' MLB-affiliated Minor League team.
- 2021 was a new ballpark year for the renamed Kannapolis Cannon Ballers (from Intimidators), and a thenrecord-setting attendance year as well. They opened Atrium Health Ballpark, in the downtown area, and drew then-team record-highs in total attendance (162,031), and average per date (2,701). Total attendance rose 86,100 vs. 2019, and average per date was up 1,567. The old record-highs were 138,487 in total attendance (2011), and 2,150 in average per date (2001).
- Kannapolis played its final year in Intimidators Stadium in 2019. Total **2019** attendance was 75,931, and average per date was 1,133. The total was under 100,000 in 2003, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019. Their low was 64,688 in 2018. Average per date was above 2,000 in 2001, from 2009 through 2012, and in 2015, plus 2021 through 2024 at the new park. In 25 seasons at Intimidators Stadium, this club drew 2,793,420, averaging 111,736 per year. Kannapolis is only about 25 miles from the very successful ballpark in Charlotte, which may hurt their attendance.

- The **Down East** Wood Ducks were located in **Kinston**, **NC**, and played in Grainger Stadium, which opened in 1949. Their **2024** final Carolina League season total attendance was 74,996, down 21,224 (22.1%), and they averaged 1,339 per date, down 188 (12.3%). The total was the lowest since 1987, and the average per date was the lowest in any year since at least 1991. Kinston did not have a team from 2012 through 2016. 3 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 2,593. No Minor League team had more 2024 rainouts than the 10 at Down East, and they had 7 fewer dates than in 2023.
- Starting in 1946, Kinston had a team from 1946 through 1952, 1956, 1957, 1962 through 1974, and 1978 through 2011. When pro ball returned to Kinston in 1962, it was, for that time, a big draw. In 1962, the team drew 141,227, the highest of any team below Double-A. Attendance was 119,346 in 1963, and 101,915 in 1964. In both of those years, Kinston was the only Class A or Rookie league team to draw at least 100,000. Attendance also surpassed 100,000 in every year from 1990 through 2011, with a high of 151,953 in 1997. The top average per date, going back to 1992, was 2,374 in 1997. The current team topped 100,000 in its first 3 seasons (2017-2019).
- This team moves to the South Atlantic League and Spartanburg, SC, as the Hub City Spartanburgers, in 2025. That city had 42 seasons with listed attendance between 1947 and 1995. Attendance topped 100,000 in 7 of those seasons, with a high of 173,010 in 1966. That was the 2nd best attendance of any team below Triple-A that year. The team had a 91-35 record. But in Spartanburg's 26 final MLB-affiliated seasons (1969-1994), attendance reached 50,000 only 7 times. An independent Frontier League team, named the Bird Dawgs, will play in Kinston in 2025.
- **Columbia, SC** had a **2024** total attendance of 217,809, down 1,468 (0.7%). Average per date was 3,457, down 137 (3.8%). The Fireflies had 3 lost dates, and 2 more dates than in 2023. They drew over 4,000 at 21 dates, and 9 dates topped 5,000. The largest crowd of 8,134 was also the highest at any Carolina League game in 2024.
- The Fireflies play in Segra Park, which opened in 2016. It was voted as 'Class-A Ballpark of the Decade' by Ballpark Digest in 2019. On days when there is no scheduled event, it is open as a public park. 2016 total attendance was 261,134, up 135,547 from what the franchise drew in Savannah in 2015. Average per date was 3,785, up 1,823 from Savannah. Prior to 2016, Columbia had a team from 1983-2004. It drew 100,000+ in 17 of 22 seasons, including each of the last 13. Record-high for that team was 156,921 in 1996. Since 1946, teams also played in Columbia from 1946 through 1957, and in 1960 and 1961.
- 2017 was a record year again for Columbia. The Fireflies drew 315,034, up 53,900, which was the 4th best gain among all MLB-affiliated teams. Average per date was 4,773, up 988, the 3rd best increase among the MLB-affiliates. The game played during the August solar eclipse drew 9,629.
- The Tebow Effect in Columbia In **2017**, Tim Tebow played for Columbia until he was promoted to St. Lucie on June 26. At home, Columbia had Tebow for 39 dates, and drew 207,031, an average of 5,308. After Tebow left, the Fireflies drew 108,003 in 27 home dates, an average of 4,000. On the road with Tebow, Columbia drew 169,443 in 29 dates, averaging 5,843 per date. Columbia's 37 road dates after Tebow left drew 125,259, an average of 3,885 per date. Combined home and away with Tebow, Columbia drew 376,474 in 68 dates, averaging 5,536 per date. Without him, combined attendance was 233,262 in 64 dates, an average of 3,645. In 2018, without Tebow, total attendance fell 63,448, and average per date was down 1,018.
- Combined Columbia-St. Lucie home attendance with Tebow was 274,822 in 68 dates, averaging 4,042 per date. Without Tebow, these 2 teams drew 172,571 in 64 home dates, an average of 2,696. On the road, the combined Columbia-St. Lucie total with Tebow was 296,989 in 62 dates, an average of 4,790. Without Tebow, it was 163,200 in 70 dates, an average of 2,331 per date.
- **2024** total attendance for the **Salem Red Sox** was 185,784, up 8,701 (4.9%). They averaged 2,858 per date, down 45 (1.5%), with one lost date and 4 more dates than in 2023. The largest crowd was 6,799. 14 dates topped 4,000.
- Until 1999, attendance in Salem never reached 200,000 in 43 years with recorded attendance. But it surpassed that total 15 times in the last 25 seasons through 2024. Average per date has been over 3,000 in 12 of the last 20 seasons through 2024, and 15 times since 1999.

- In 2024, Myrtle Beach didn't match the team record-highs in both total attendance and average per date they set in 2023. But they did have the 3rd highest total attendance, and 2nd best average per date in team history The Pelicans drew a total of 249,349, down 19,351 (7.2%), and averaged 3,958 per date, down 239 (5.7%). One less date was played in 2024 than in 2023, with 3 dates lost. 13 dates topped 5,000, 5 dates drew over 6,000, with a record-tying high of 6,600.
- The Pelicans achieved a 2021 vs. 2019 increase in average attendance per date. They were the only MLBaffiliated team, who played a 'normal' 2019 season, and didn't open a new park in 2021, who did that. 2021 average per date was 3,504, up 127 from 2019. Total attendance was 199,704. Quad Cities of the Midwest League also had a higher average per date in 2021 than in 2019. But some of their 2019 home games were moved to other locations due to flooding at their home park.
- This team in Myrtle Beach, which began play in 1999, has topped 200,000 in every season except 2005 and 2021, when they just missed. Average per date has been over 3,000 in all seasons, including 2021, other than 2005.
- The seats in Pelicans Ballpark were originally in Atlanta Fulton County Stadium, which was home to the Atlanta Braves from 1966 through 1996.
- The first streaker at a Pelican's home game was in 1999. (See what interesting facts we can learn when teams post their Media Guides on their Websites.)
- Lynchburg's 2024 total attendance was 97,282, the 2nd lowest in a 'normal' year since 1992, and down 11,443 (10.5%), with a 1,595 average per date, down 78 (4.7%). 5 dates were lost, and 4 fewer dates were played than in 2023. 11 dates topped 2,000. The largest crowd was 4,876.
- Until 2005, Lynchburg had never drawn at least 150,000 in its long Minor League history, and reached 130,000 only in 1948. The Hillcats then topped 150,000 in each year from 2005 through 2015.
- **Fayetteville, NC** had a **2024** total attendance of 189,104, up 1,909 (1.0%), with a 3,050 average per date, up 79 (2.6%). The Woodpeckers had the only average per date increase in the league. There was one less date than in 2023, and 4 dates were lost, 3 of them to Hurricane Debby. Top crowd was 5,576, and 14 dates drew over 4,000.
- In 2017 and 2018, the Buies Creek Astros, had a temporary home at Campbell University's ballpark, which seats around 1,000. In 2019, the team moved to its permanent home, became the Fayetteville Woodpeckers, and smashed previous attendance records for that city. They drew a total of 246,961, averaging 3,632, in new Segra Stadium. 9 dates topped 5,000, with a high of 6,202. Although this was officially a new team, total attendance was 222,893 above the Buies' Creek 2018 total, and the average per date was up 3,273. These gains were each the 3rd best among MLB-affiliates. Fayetteville had post-World War II teams from 1946 through 1956, and again from 1987 through 2000. Only the 1992 through 1995 teams drew at least 100,000, with a high of 121,051 in 1995. The top average per date, since 1992 for those teams, was 1,862 in 1995.
- The **Hickory Crawdads** move from the South Atlantic League to the Carolina League in **2025**. Their total **2024** attendance in the South Atlantic League, was 114,548, up 5,773 (5.3%), with an 1,848 average per date, up 64 (3.6%). Largest crowd was 4,476, and 9 dates topped 3,000. 4 dates were lost, with one more date than in 2023.
- The first season for the Hickory Crawdads was 1993, when they reached their record-high total of 283,727. They topped 200,000 in each of their first 4 years (1993-1996), but have not done it since. Average per date in 2019 was up a league-best 184 to 2,084. The Crawdads averaged 4,053 per date in 1993, and above 3,000 in 1994 and 1995. They haven't reached that level since then, but have been above 2,000 every year except 2009, 2018, and 2021 through 2024. Their ballpark got a makeover prior to the 2014 season.

CAROLINA LEAGUE – SINGLE-A - continued

Carolina League Historic Attendance Data

- Total 2019 attendance rose 117,268 (6.2%) to 2,018,496. This was the 2nd highest total ever for this league, topped only by the 2,027,878 total in 2017. 2019 average per date was up 223 to 3,139. 2023 was the 24th year since 1993, and the 15th time in the last 16 'normal', seasons that the league's average per date surpassed 3,000. It missed by one in 2024. The main factor in the 2019 increase was that Fayetteville moved into its new ballpark. The league's top average per date was 3,811 in 2014.
- 56 dates in 2019 were lost, resulting in 9 fewer dates than in 2018. April 2019 was much warmer than April 2018, with just 7 games starting in temperatures of under 60 degrees, with none below 50. Temperatures were at least 70 degrees at the start of 68 games. In April 2018, 42 games began with a temperature of less than 60 degrees, including 15 games where it was under 50. Only 32 games had a temperature of at least 70 at the start.
- Carolina League attendance has been very stable since 2000. This followed a huge attendance boom for the league from the early 1980's through the mid-1990's. In 1982, the 8-team league drew 564,144, with 6 of its teams failing to reach 50,000 in attendance. By 1995, attendance for the 8-team league was 1,816,193, with 3 teams topping 300,000. They surpassed 1.9 million for the first time in 2013, and did it again in 2014, 2015, 2017, 2018, 2019, and with more teams, in 2022. Attendance topped 2 million for the first time in 2017, with 2 added teams, and again in 2019 and then in 2022, 2023, and 2024, with 2 more teams.
- The league drew better than one million in 1947, but didn't do it again until 1989. They reached one million every year after that, and topped 1.5 million each season but one (2003) since 1993.
- Average attendance per team reached 100,000 in 1946 and 1947, but not again until 1985. It hit 200,000 for the first time in 1993, and was above that level 20 times from that year forward, including in 12 of the last 14 years, through 2019. In 2014, it was a record-high 247,109, and was a 2nd best 243,346 in 2015 (8 teams). It was 201,850 in 2019.
- The largest Carolina League crowd was 32,152 when Potomac hosted Salem at RFK Stadium in Washington in 2006. Top attendance in a Carolina League ballpark was 12,049 at Greensboro in 1960. Among 2019 Carolina league teams, Frederick held the record for biggest crowd in its home ballpark (11,006 in 1997). Frederick, Maryland played in the MLB-Draft League in 2021, and led all Summer Collegiate teams in total attendance.

CAROLINA LEAGUE – SINGLE-A - continued

CAROLINA LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Averag	je per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Da		Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	12	2,246,298	(131,980)	(5.5)	2,9	99	(172)	(5.4)
2023	12	2,378,278	63,818	2.8	3,1	71	130	4.3
2022	12	2,314,460	515,018	28.6	3,0	41	395	14.8
2021	12	1,799,442			2,6	46		
2019	10	2,018,496	117,268	6.2	3,1	39	223	7.6
2018	10	1,901,228	(126,650)	(6.3)	2,9	16	(213)	(6.8)
2017	10	2,027,878	201,145	11.0	3,1	29	(391)	(11.1)
2016	8	1,826,733	(120,035)	(6.2)	3,5	20	(181)	(4.9)
2015	8	1,946,768	(34,905)	(1.8)	3,7	01	(110)	(2.9)
2014	8	1,981,673	46,933	2.4	3,8	11	154	4.2
2013	8	1,934,740	57,659	3.1	3,6	57	135	3.8
2012	8	1,877,081	87,450	4.9	3,5	22	74	2.1
2011	8	1,789,631	(20,906)	(1.2)	3,4	48	57	1.7
2010	8	1,810,537	223,949	14.1	3,3	91	328	10.7
2009	8	1,586,588	(139,923)	(8.1)	3,0	63	(164)	(5.1)
2008	8	1,726,511	57,700	3.5	3,2	27	78	2.5
dd2007	8	1,668,811	67,384	4.2	3,1	49	99	3.2
2006	8	1,601,427	12,081	0.8	3,0	50	68	2.3
2005	8	1,589,346	12,711	0.8	2,9	82	(33)	(1.1)
2004	8	1,576,635	117,795	8.1	3,0	15	115	4.0
2003	8	1,458,840	(128,214)	(8.1)	2,9	00	(78)	(2.6)
2002	8	1,587,054	(55,218)	(3.4)	2,9	78	(92)	(3.0)
2001	8	1,642,272	31,017	1.9	3,0	70	(29)	(0.9)
2000	8	1,611,255	(41,001)	(2.5)	3,0	99	(7)	(0.2)
1999	8	1,652,256	130,091	8.5	3,1		250	8.8
1998	8	1,522,165	(283,180)	(15.7)	2,8		(531)	(15.7)
1997	8	1,805,345	82,765	4.8	3,3		100	3.0
1996	8	1,722,580	(93,613)	(5.2)	3,2		(226)	(6.4)
1995	8	1,816,193	128,597	7.6	3,5	13	292	9.1
1994	8	1,687,596	(55,432)	(3.2)	3,2		(37)	(1.1)
1993	8	1,743,028	373,151	27.2	3,2		613	23.2
1992	8	1,369,877	68,371	5.2	2,6		N/A	N/A
1991	8	1,301,560	14,845	1.2	N/		N/A	N/A
1990	8	1,286,715	279,977	27.8	N/	A	N/A	N/A

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE - (10 teams - 132-game schedule in 2022 - 2025)

- Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 1,296,962 (2011 12 teams); Avg. per Team: 108,080 (12 teams-2011); Average per Date: 1,642 (2011).
- Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: **728,122 (2024 10 teams)**; Average per Team: **72,812 (2024)**; Average per date: **1,264 (2024)**.
- Pre-2021 Team Records: Total Attendance: St. Petersburg–202,383 (1989); Avg. per Date: Clearwater 2,998 (2017) 2023 teams: Total Attendance: Clearwater 200,201 (2017). 1989 St. Pete average is N/A.

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Clearwater-164,074 (2024); Average per Date: Clearwater-2,646 (2024)

- Florida State League 10 teams, all played in the 2019 Florida State League.
- The league drew 728,122 in **2024**, an average of 72,812 per team, and 1,264 per date. There were a Minor League high 84 lost dates, which include 44 dates played by Jupiter and Palm Beach with no fans allowed to attend.
- Clearwater led the league in 2024 total attendance (164,074), and average per date (2,646). The Threshers have been the Florida State League's attendance leader in each of the last 13 seasons, and in 19 of 20 years since 2004. No other team in the league topped 100,000 in total attendance or 1,700 in average per date in 2024, but Daytona came close. Lakeland, which drew 40,392, an average of 673 per date, posted the lowest attendance figures among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams.
- Both Jupiter and Palm Beach share Roger Dean Stadium in Jupiter. In **2021**, local Covid-19 restrictions forced both teams to play many home games with no fans permitted to attend. This policy continued through **2024**, but a full home schedule will take place for both teams in **2025**. In **2024**, Palm Beach had 21 lost dates, but none were rainouts. Jupiter lost 24 dates, with just one rainout. Only dates with fans in attendance are counted in this report for compiling average per date.
- 2024 vs. 2023 league total attendance was up 32,322 (4.6%), the best gain of any MLB-affiliated league. Average per date rose 50 (4.1%), with 3 more dates. 7 teams had total attendance increases, and 7 were up in average per date. Dunedin led with an MLB-affiliate 5th best total attendance gain (23,156), and a 4th best average per date increase (368). Dunedin's total and average 74.2% gain was the highest percentage increase among MLB-affiliates. Fort Myers, down 25,470 in total attendance, and 186 in average per date, had the largest declines.
- The 2019 Florida State League drew 935,187, an average of 1,255 per date.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- Something that rarely changes is Clearwater having the top Florida State League attendance. The Threshers did it by a wide margin again in 2024, leading the league for the 19th time in the last 20 years, including the last 13 seasons. In 2024, the Threshers drew 164,074, up 7,002 (4.5%). This was their 17th straight 'normal' year with a total above 150,000. Average per date was 2,646, up 153 (6.1%). This was the 18th year in a row, including 2021, with average per date over 2,000, and the 16th straight 'normal' season where average per date exceeded 2,400. Prior to this streak, the only year above 2,000, since at least 1991 (if ever), was 2004. 21 dates drew at least 3,000 in 2024, with 11 dates attracting better than 4,000. The Threshers had the largest 2024 crowd in this league (8,703). 4 dates were lost, with one less date than in 2023.
- In 2019, Clearwater drew 180,069, which was the team's 5th best total ever. Average per date was 2,688. In 2017, the Threshers drew a team record-high 200,201. That was the 2nd best total in Florida State League history. St. Petersburg drew 202,383 in 1989. Weather helped in 2014 as the Threshers played all 70 scheduled home dates. No other Florida State League team was rainout-free since at least 1991, and perhaps, never. St. Lucie was rainout-free in 2024, as was Palm Beach, who played only 45 home dates, instead of 66, with fans in attendance.
- **2017** was the 10th time in 14 years that Clearwater set a new team total attendance record-high. **2019** was the 13th straight year above 165,000 for the Threshers. They never reached 100,000 in a season from 1985 through 2003. Prior to the current run by Clearwater, the longest consecutive streak of 150,000+ attendance in this league was by the former team from St. Petersburg, who did it in 4 straight years (1988-1991).

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE - SINGLE-A - continued

- The **Daytona Tortugas** drew 98,541, up 4,647 (4.9%) in **2024**, with a 1,615 average per date, up 76 (4.9%). They had 5 lost dates in 2024, and had the same number of dates played as in 2023. 11 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 3,260.
- Daytona's 2019 total of 137,570 was their best since 2014. Average per date was 2,116. 2019 was the 16th straight year above 110,000. Daytona's total was above 135,000 in 12 seasons from 2006 through 2019. Average per date surpassed 2,000 in 14 of 16 seasons through 2019. Prior to 2004, Daytona had reached 100,000 just 3 times in 49 seasons (1983, 1984, 2001). In 2016, the team was renamed the "Tortugas," a Spanish word for a turtle that is native to the Daytona area.
- There were no day games again at Jackie Robinson Ballpark in 2024. This park is the 4th oldest in pro baseball, and its original version opened in 1914.
- The Dunedin Blue Jays had a 2024 total attendance of 54,366, up 23,156 (72.4%), and average per date rose 368 (72.4%) to 863. The total and average per date were the best since 2014. 2024 vs. 2023 numerical gains were the highest in Class-A, and the 5th best total gain, and 4th highest average per date increase, among MLB-affiliates. Percentage gains were the best among the MLB-affiliated teams. The same number of dates were played as in 2023, and 3 dates were lost. 16 dates topped 1,000, with 2 dates above 2,000, and a high of 4,522.
- **2021** was a crazy season for **Dunedin**. The Toronto Blue Jays used their ballpark for April and May games, so the Dunedin Blue Jays were forced to play 13 dates elsewhere, with no fans in attendance. Including those empty ballpark dates, Dunedin had 19 lost dates.
- Dunedin's ballpark was closed for reconstruction for the **2019** season, and the Blue Jays had to play their 'home' games elsewhere. 48 dates were played at Jack Russell Stadium in Clearwater, which until 2004 was the Spring Training home of the Philadelphia Phillies. 4 'home' dates were in the current park of the Clearwater Threshers, 3 were in Daytona, one date was in Bradenton, and 2 were played in Tampa.
- From 1999 through 2019, the Blue Jays topped 60,000 only in 2014, and were under 50,000 15 times. The total reached 60,000 each year from 1990 through 1996, and in 1998 and 2014. Average per date last hit 1,000 in 1994. A reason for Dunedin's low attendance is that its neighboring town, Clearwater, also has a Florida State League team. The Tampa Bay Rays play just a few miles further north.
- In **Tampa**, the Tarpons had a total attendance of 57,722, down 428 (0.7%) in **2024**, averaging 1,031 per date, up 45 (4.6%). There were 10 lost dates, and 3 fewer dates than in 2023. The season high crowd was 2,762, and only 2 other dates drew above 2,000.
- The current Tampa team has topped 100,000 10 times since 1996. That figure was reached just 4 times in 43 years prior to 1996. The team's name was changed from Yankees to Tarpons for 2018. Teams in Tampa were named the Tarpons from 1957 through 1987.
- Once again in 2024, the Tarpons were the only MLB-affiliated team with a doubleheader on their original schedule.
- In 2025, the Tarpons will share their park with the Major League Tampa Bay Rays. The Rays were displaced after Hurricane Milton blew the roof off Tropicana Field. When there is a scheduling conflict between the Rays and Tarpons, the Tarpons will play on an adjacent field with temporary seating.

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE – SINGLE-A - continued

- Lakeland's 2024 total attendance was 40,392, up 2,190 (5.7%), and their average per date was 673, up 57 (9.3%). The total and average per date were the lowest of any Minor League team outside of the Pecos League. That league plays in very small parks, has a much shorter schedule than Lakeland, and does not count 'no-shows' in its attendance. The top crowd in Lakeland was 4,291. 5 dates drew over 1,000. There were 2 fewer dates than in 2023.
- From 2010 through 2015, Lakeland's attendance surpassed 59,000 in 6 straight years, after not reaching that figure since 1987. Previously, Lakeland reached 60,000 only in 1951, 1977, and 1987, and was under 10,000 in 1967, 1968, 1969, and 1971. After averaging just 495 per date in 2006, Lakeland's average per date more than doubled to over 1,000 in 4 of 5 years from 2010 through 2014. In 2013, Lakeland lost an incredible 19 dates due to weather, including 16 in July and August. The Flying Tigers had 6 lost dates in 2014, 7 in 2015, 9 in 2016, 6 in 2017, 11 in 2018, 7 in 2019, 6 in 2021, 9 in 2022, 4 in 2023, and 6 in 2024.
- Covid restrictions caused Palm Beach and Jupiter, who share Roger Dean Chevrolet Stadium, to play many of their 2021 and 2022 home games with no fans allowed to attend. This policy was also in place in 2023 and 2024, but fans will be in attendance at all 2025 home games for both teams.
- For **Jupiter**, there were 27 home dates in 2021, 19 dates in 2022, 18 dates in 2023, and 23 dates in 2024, that were played with no fans in the park. Their **2024** total attendance was 42,543, up 7,028 (19.8%). Average per date was 1,013, up 102 (11.2%), with 3 more dates than in 2023. A crowd of 4,156 was the only one above 2,000. Only one date, with fans scheduled to attend, was rained out.
- Jupiter had a **2019** loss of 6,411 in total attendance to 62,684, the 2nd lowest total (to 2016) in the team's 22 years through 2019. The Hammerheads have reached 100,000 only 3 times (1999, 2001, 2002). Their average per date has topped 1,200 in 11 seasons since 1998. A team played in nearby West Palm Beach most recently from 1965 through 1997, and drew over 100,000 in 15 different years between 1974 and 1992. A Spring Training facility for the Astros and Nationals opened in West Palm Beach in 2017, but it does not have a full-season Minor League team.
- The Fort Myers Mighty Mussels (formerly the Miracle) were hit hard by weather in **2024.** They had 10 lost dates, and played 9 fewer dates than in 2023. The results were league high declines in total attendance (down 25,470 23.4%) and in average per date (down 186 11.1%). They drew 83,409, with an average per date of 1,489. 12 dates topped 2,000, and 5 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 5,390.
- In **2023**, the Mighty Mussels played 10 more dates than in 2022, tying Dayton for the all-Minors biggest **2023 vs. 2022** increase in the number of dates played.
- 2015 was a record-setting year for Fort Myers. The Miracle drew a team record-high total of 133,817, and a record-high average per date of 2,028. Opening Night drew a team record 9,209. (A former team in Fort Myers drew 137,553 in 1984.) In 2019, due to bad weather, total attendance fell 15,082 to 108,800, the lowest since 2004. Average per date was up 60 to 1,909, the 15th straight year above 1,700. Since 1998, the Miracle achieved the most seasons in the Florida State League (21) with attendance above 100,000, and they did it for 15 years in a row through 2019. St. Petersburg, a former Florida State League member, topped 100,000 for 21 straight years, from 1977 through 1997. Clearwater has done it every year, including 2021, since 2004.
- The **2024 Bradenton Marauders** had a total attendance of 68,539, up 2,941 (4.5%), and average per date was 1,054, down 21 (1.9%). 6 dates topped 2,000, with a high of 5,590. One date was lost, and 4 more dates were played than in 2023.
- The Marauders topped 100,000 in total attendance each year from 2010 through 2015. Their park, 100-year-old McKechnie Field, got a \$10 million renovation for the 2013 season.

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE - SINGLE-A - continued

- Mother Nature was very kind to the **St. Lucie Mets** in **2024.** They didn't have a single rainout all season. The Mets joined the 2014 Clearwater Threshers as the only Florida State League teams, since at least 1991, and perhaps ever, to have no postponed games in a full season. Palm Beach didn't have any rainouts either in 2024, but they played only 45 home dates with fans in attendance.
- In **2024**, the Mets drew 72,568, down 1,645 (2.2%). Average per date was down 97 (8.1%) to 1,100. There were 4 more dates than in 2023. 7 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 4,000.
- Until 2019, the Mets reached 90,000 in 14 straight seasons, which they didn't do in any of the 17 years before 2005. Average per date had been above 1,400 in 14 straight years until 2019, with 10 seasons topping 1,500.
- St. Lucie had a record season in attendance in **2017**. The Mets drew record-highs in total attendance (132,359, up 35,803), and average per date (2,005, up 585). Those were the biggest increases in the league. Among U.S. MLB-affiliated teams, the gain in total attendance was 5th best, and the average per date increase was 7th best. The Mets also had the 3rd best percentage increases among all MLB-affiliated teams in total attendance (up 37.1%), and average per date (up 41.2%). The old record-highs in St. Lucie, set in 2011, were 105,379 for total attendance, and 1,647 in average per date.
- The Tebow Effect Tim Tebow played the 2nd half of the 2017 season with the St. Lucie Mets, and that certainly led to an increase in attendance, both at home and on the road. In the 37 home dates prior to Tebow's arrival, the Mets drew 64,568, averaging 1,745 per date. With Tebow, they drew 67,791 in 29 home dates, an average of 2,338. On the road the gain was more significant. The Mets' 33 road dates prior to Tebow drew 37,941, an average of 1,150. But with Tebow, they drew 127,546 in 33 dates, an average of 3,865. Some of this gain can be attributed to where the road games were played, but there's no doubt that much of it was due to Tebow. Combined home and road St. Lucie attendance with Tebow was 195,337 in 62 dates, an average of 3,151 per date. Without Tebow, combined St. Lucie home and road attendance was 102,509 in 70 dates, an average of 1,464.
- Tebow spent the first half of the 2017 season with the Columbia Fireflies of the South Atlantic League. That team's 'with Tebow-without Tebow' figures can be found in the South Atlantic League section of this report. Combined Columbia-St. Lucie home attendance with Tebow was 274,822 in 68 dates, averaging 4,042 per date. Without Tebow, these 2 teams drew 172,571 in 64 home dates, an average of 2,696. On the road, the combined Columbia-St. Lucie total with Tebow was 296,989 in 62 dates, an average of 4,790. Without Tebow, it was 163,200 in 70 dates, an average of 2,331 per date. Tebow played at Binghamton of the Eastern League in 2018, and with Syracuse of the International League in 2019. He retired from baseball after Spring Training in 2021.
- **Palm Beach** had no fans at 28 home dates in **2021**, at 22 dates in both **2022** and **2023**, and at 21 dates in **2024**. But they didn't have any rainouts either. Since 1991, only 2014 Clearwater, and 2024 St. Lucie, played a full Florida State League schedule with no postponements. The Cardinals drew 45,968 **in 2024**, up 12,901 (39.0%), averaging 1,022 per date, up 151 (17.4%). 45 dates were played with fans in the park, 7 more dates than in 2023.
- The Cardinals have drawn above 100,000 only once (2006) in their 21 seasons, including 2021 through 20243. Average per date has been above 1,200 only 3 times, but has topped 1,000 in 13 seasons.
- On April 15, 2025, Palm Beach will play a home game at the former site of Dodgertown in Vero Beach. The game will honor the 78th anniversary of the Major League debut of Hall-of-Famer Jackie Robinson. The Brooklyn and Los Angeles Dodgers held Spring Training in Vero Beach for 61 years, from 1948 through 2008.
- Roger Dean Chevrolet Stadium in Jupiter is the Spring Training site of the Florida Marlins and the St. Louis Cardinals. Their Single-A and Gulf Coast (Complex) League affiliates also play in the complex. It has about 30 Major League Spring Training, 132 Single-A, and 60 Gulf Coast League games, scheduled. Pro baseball's busiest venue also hosts Minor League spring training, the fall Florida Instructional League, and high school and college tournaments.

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE - SINGLE-A - continued

Some Former Florida State League Teams No Longer in Minor Leagues

- In 2017, the **Florida Fire Frogs**, who played in Kissimmee, next to Disney World, replaced the Brevard County Manatees. They drew 57,324, the highest total ever for a team in Kissimmee. Average per date was 1,082, the highest average for a team in Kissimmee since at least 1991.
- In 2019, their final year, the Fire Frogs had the lowest attendance of any full-season team, except for Dunedin, a team that didn't have any real home games. Florida drew just 19,615, down 13,402, and they averaged 327 per date. There were 11 lost dates. No games attracted at least 1,000. The 40.6% loss in total attendance, and the 45.5% decline in average per date, were the 2nd biggest percentage declines among MLB-affiliated teams in 2019.
- Previously, **Kissimmee** had a team from 1985 through 2000. It drew 658,458 in 16 seasons, averaging 41,154 per year. The top attendance total was 53,566 in 1989. 1993 was the only other 50,000+ year. Lowest attendance was 29,533 in 1996. In 2020, the Fire Frogs were expected to play in North Port, between Port Charlotte and Sarasota, in the new Spring Training park of the Atlanta Braves. But this team was eliminated in the realignment.
- In **2016**, their final season, **Brevard County** drew 85,032, up 6,659, and average per date was up 64 to 1,308. The Manatees reached 100,000 in each of their first 8 seasons (1994-2001), but did it just once (2005) after that. Average per date was over 2,000 only from 1994 through 1997, and in 2001, with a high of 2,234 in 1996. In 23 seasons, the team drew 2,320,932 in 1,444 dates, averaging 100,910 per season, and 1,607 per date.
- Until losing their team to Port Charlotte in 2009, Vero Beach had been one of the smallest towns with pro baseball. The record-high in Vero Beach was 95,300, in 1991. In 1948, the Dodgers first came to Vero Beach for Spring Training. Minor League Baseball now operates Dodgertown, and business conferences are held there annually. One Florida State League game is at times played in Holman Stadium there yearly in memory of Jackie Robinson.
- **Port Charlotte's** last team reached 100,000 in 9 of its 11 seasons, and average per date was 1,500+ every year until **2019**, when the Stone Crabs drew 91,349. Average per date was 1,363. Both the total and average were lows for this team. 2016, with 10 lost dates, was their only other year under 100,000. A former team in Port Charlotte drew 100,000+ in only 4 of 16 seasons from 1987 through 2002. The Minor League realignment also eliminated this team.

Florida State League Historic Attendance Data

- Bad weather was a factor in **2019**, as total attendance fell 92,074 (9.0%) to 935,187, the lowest total since 2003. This was the worst percentage decline of any MLB-affiliated league in 2019. It also was the end of streak of 13 straight years with league attendance that topped one million. Attendance reached one million only 5 times from 1946 through 2005 (1991, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1997).
- The league's <u>average attendance per team</u> was under 100,000 from 2015 through 2024, after topping 100,000 in 4 straight years. Prior to 2011, it had never reached 100,000. Average per team was over 50,000 from 1947 through 1949, and then again only in 1959 and 1972, until surpassing 50,000 for good in 1974. The 2019 average per team of 77,932 was, at that point, the lowest since 2003. The <u>average attendance per date</u> in 2019 fell by 91 to 1,255, lowest at that point, since 2003. It had topped 1,500 from 2011 through 2015, and in 2017. Before 2011, average per date was under 1,500 since at least 1991.
- The league played 18 fewer dates in 2019 than in 2018. There were 92 lost dates, the most of any league. Hurricane Dorian forced the cancellation of all games in the final regular season weekend, and the entire playoffs. As you might expect, cold weather was not a factor in this league. Just one April 2019 game (in Clearwater) began with a temperature of less than 70 degrees, while at 90 games, the gametime temperature was at least 80 degrees. In 2018, only one April game, in Daytona, began with a temperature of less than 70 degrees, and 64 games, began in 80+ degree weather. But rain, and hurricanes, were often issues in the league.

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE – SINGLE-A - continued

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.		Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year		Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	10	728,122	32,322	4.6		1,264	50	4.1
2023	10	695,800	52,020	8.1		1,214	56	4.9
2022	10	643,780	175,860	37.6		1,158	171	17.3
2021	10	467,920	,			987		
		· ·						
2019	12	935,187	(92,074)	(9.0)		1,255	(91)	(6.7)
2018	12	1,027,261	(133,167)	(11.5)		1,346	(175)	(11.5)
2017	12	1,160,428	103,628	9.8		1,521	170	12.6
2016	12	1,056,800	(115,815)	(9.9)		1,351	(160)	(10.6)
2015	12	1,172,695	(63,433)	(5.1)		1,511	(82)	(5.1)
							, <i>i</i>	
2014	12	1,236,128	23,944	2.0		1,593	(13)	(0.8)
2013	12	1,212,184	(2,836)	(0.2)		1,606	14	0.9
2012	12	1,215,020	(81,942)	(6.3)		1,592	(50)	(3.0)
2011	12	1,296,962	114,381	9.7		1,642	143	9.5
2010	12	1,182,581	65,218	5.8		1,499	13	0.9
2009	12	1,117,363	86,902	8.4		1,486	161	12.2
2008	12	1,030,461	(48,641)	(4.5)		1,325	(66)	(4.7)
2007	12	1,079,102	979	0.1		1,391	5	0.4
2006	12	1,078,123	91,352	9.3		1,386	93	7.2
2005	12	986,771	23,733	2.5		1,293	(21)	(1.6)
2004	12	963,038	120,735	14.3		1,314	186	16.5
2003	12	842,303	31,480	3.9		1,128	86	8.3
2002	12	810,823	(72,858)	(8.2)		1,042	(118)	(10.2)
2001	12	883,681	(69,439)	(7.3)		1,160	113	10.8
2000	14	953,120	11,259	1.2		1,047	(1)	(0.1)
1999	14	941,861	(24,134)	(2.5)		1,048	14	1.4
1998	14	965,995	(167,215)	(14.8)		1,034	(232)	(18.3)
1997	14	1,133,210	6,558	0.6		1,266	13	1.0
1996	14	1,126,652	149,032	15.2		1,253	152	13.8
1995	14	977,620	(105,363)	(9.7)		1,101	(125)	(10.2)
402.1		4 000 000	400	40.5		4.000		
1994	14	1,082,983	106,757	10.9		1,226	48	4.1
1993	14	976,226	(122,775)	(11.2)		1,178	(85)	(6.7)
1992	14	1,099,001	79,765	7.8		1,263	N/A	N/A
1991	14	1,019,236	29,661	3.0		<u>N/A</u>	N/A	N/A
1990	14	989,575	32,231	3.4		N/A	N/A	N/A

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE - (8 teams - 132-game schedule in 2022 - 2025)

Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 2,061,889 (1997 – 10 teams); Avg. per Team: 206,189 (10 teams-1997); Average per Date: 2,988 (1997).

Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 1,112,908 (2023 – 8 teams); Average per Team: 139,114 (2023); Average per date: 2,132 (2023).

Pre-2021 Team Records: Total: Rancho Cucamonga–446,146 (1995); Avg./Date: Rancho Cucamonga-6,374 (1995)

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Fresno-277,089 (2023); Average per Date: Fresno - 4,198 (2023)

- **California League** 8 teams. 7 of these teams were in the 2019 California League. Fresno came from the Pacific Coast League, replacing Lancaster.
- Total attendance was 1,083,175 in 2024, averaging 135,397 per team, and 2,095 per date. Fresno, which had been in Triple-A through 2019, was the league leader, by a wide margin, with a 256,446 total, and a 4,007 average per date. Rancho Cucamonga came in 2nd, drawing 152,895, and averaging 2,389. Fresno had the largest crowd of 2024 (9,939) among the 60 Class-A teams. Visalia had a record-high average per date.
- The **2024 vs. 2023** comparison shows a 29,733 (2.7%) decline in total attendance, and a 37 (1.7%) loss in average per date, with 5 fewer dates played. 2 of the 8 teams had increases in total attendance, and 5 teams were up in average per date. Lake Elsinore had the biggest increase in total attendance (8,535), and Rancho Cucamonga posted the best average per date gain (100). Fresno had the league's biggest declines, down 20,643 in total attendance, and down 191 in average per date.
- The 2019 California League's 8 teams drew 1,280,811, averaging 2,342 per date.
- Weather, other than heat, is rarely an issue in the California League. There were 11 postponements in 2024. Only 6 dates were postponed in 2023, 5 in Lake Elsinore, with 3 of them due to a gas explosion at the ballpark, and one in San Bernadino. There were 2 postponements in 2022. Weather was a slight issue in 2021 and 2019, with 12 lost dates each year. Only one game in 2018 was postponed. 3 dates were lost in 2017, and there were 4 in 2016. There were 8 lost dates in 2015, including one due to high winds. There were 2 lost dates in 2014, 4 in 2013, 10 in 2012, 8 in 2011, 9 in 2010, and 6 in 2009. The most rainouts over the last 25 years of this league were 23 in 1998 and 22 in 2003.
- A new ballpark is being built in Ontario, CA. Although nothing is official yet, it appears that Rancho Cucamonga will move to that new park in 2026. The team in San Bernadino (Inland empire) will then relocate to Rancho Cucamonga, and Modesto will go to San Bernadino.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- Fresno, which played in the Triple-A Pacific Coast league in 2019, led the league in **2024** attendance by a very wide margin, with a total of 256,446, down 20,643 (7.4%), and an average per date of 4,007, down 191 (4.6%). These were the 2nd highest total and average per date figures (to Charleston, SC) among the 30 Single-A teams. But the 2024 vs. 2023 declines were the biggest in the league, and the total attendance and average per date were the lowest in the last 25 'normal' seasons. 21 dates drew over 5,000, and 9 dates topped 7,000. There were 2 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. The top crowd of 9,939 was the biggest among all Class-A teams.
- In **2019**, Fresno drew their smallest total up to that point (380,090, down 25,313) since moving to Chukchansi Park in 2002. Average per date was 5,759 in 2019, which was also the lowest through 2019 in their current park. It was the first time since 2001 that this club drew under 400,000, and averaged less than 6,000 per date. Average per date has surpassed 7,000 in 6 seasons, with a high of 8,044 in 2002. Total attendance reached 500,000 in 5 of 7 seasons from 2002 through 2008, but not since. There have been 20 crowds of at least 13,415 in the history of Chukchansi Park, which is a Minor League unique 4-level, 3-tier, facility.

- **2024** total attendance for the **Lake Elsinore Storm** was 102,920, up 8,535 (9.0%), and the average per date was 1,559, up 12 (0.8%). There were no lost dates, and 5 more were played than in 2023, when 3 games were cancelled due to a gas explosion at the ballpark when a dryer was being installed. The largest crowd was 5,335, and 8 dates topped 3,000.
- Lake Elsinore had the California League's biggest **2019** losses, and the club's lowest total and average per date in its history through 2019. The Storm had the California League's best crowd of the 2019 7,501. 2016, 2017, 2019, and 2021 through 2024 are the only times in the Storm's 30 seasons with attendance below 200,000. They surpassed 340,000 in each of their first 4 years (1994-1997), with a high of 383,297 in 1995. But they have not drawn more than 290,000 in any season since then. Average per date was above 5,000 from 1994 through 1996, and stayed above 4,000 through 1999. It has been below 3,500 since 2003, but 2016, 2017, 2019, and 2021 through 2024 are the only years under 3,000.
- The **Rancho Cucamonga** Quakes, whose ballpark, located near the San Andreas Fault, was originally named 'The Epicenter' (it is now named LoanMart Field), drew 152,895, up 1,813 (1.2%) in **2024**, averaging 2,389 per date, up a league-high 100 (4.4%). 2 dates were lost, with 2 fewer dates than in 2023. Attendance topped 3,000 at 20 dates, and was above 4,000 at 11 dates, with a high of 4,854.
- **2024** was the 13th straight 'normal' year under 175,000, after 17 in a row above 260,000. The Quakes had a 17-year run as the California League's attendance leader through 2009, but drew 150,687 in 2010, at that time, the lowest in team history. Their prior low had been 266,773 in 2009, and attendance has not reached 200,000 since then. Rancho Cucamonga set a record-high for a California League team drawing 446,146 in 1995, and selling 97% of available seats that year. They topped 300,000 each year from 1993 through 2000, and were above 400,000 from 1995 through 1997. Average per date was over 5,000 from 1994 through 1998, with a high of 6,374 in 1995. This is in a park with 4,923 seats. The average per date has been under 2,500 for the last 14 seasons, including 2021 through 2024.
- The **Stockton Ports' 2024** total attendance was 105,952, down 11,425 (9.7%), and they averaged 1,605 per date, down 173 (9.7%). It was the lowest total and average per date in a 'normal' season since 2004. There were no postponements in 2024, 2023, and 2022. 6 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 4,652.
- Stockton's attendance was 154,547 in 1947 and 145,804 in 1948. But attendance did not reach 120,000 again until 2005. They topped 179,000 in all 15 seasons from 2005 through 2019. Annual attendance through 2019 in Stockton had more than doubled since a new park opened in 2005. In **2019**, attendance was179,465, and average per date was 2,601, the lowest figures in the current park. The Ports never averaged at least 2,000 per date until 2005, but have been above 2,600 each year, other than 2021 through 2024, since then.
- **2024** total attendance for the **San Jose Giants** was 122,824, down 1,305 (1.1%). Average per date rose 9 (0.5%) to 1,890. One date was postponed, and there was one less date played than in 2023. 8 dates topped 3,000. The season-high crowd was 3,626.
- From 2009 through 2014, the Giants topped 200,000 each year, something they had never done in their long history. They drew over 150,000 in 17 of the last 18 years through 2019, after reaching this mark just once (1999) since 1947. Average per date surpassed 2,000 for the 19th straight year in 2019, and has been above 3,000 in 2009, 2011, and 2012. Attendance had basically doubled by 2019 from when the Giants failed to reach 100,000 in any year from 1974 through 1987. The Giants won the 2014 Larry MacPhail Award for the top promotional effort in the Minor Leagues.

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE – SINGLE-A - continued

- The **2023 and 2024 California League Champion Modesto Nuts** drew a total of 81,310 in **2024**, down 1,767 (2.1%), and averaged 1,291 per date, up 32 (2.5%). It was the lowest 'normal season' total in Modesto since 1991. There were 3 lost dates, and 3 fewer dates were played than in 2023. 14 dates drew at least 2,000, with 4 of them topping 3,000. Largest crowd was 3,761.
- Over the 18 seasons from 2002 through 2019, Modesto achieved the 18 best attendance totals in its 78-year history. The Nuts didn't reach 110,000 until 1997, but were above 130,000 every year since, until 2021 through 2024.
- 2025 will be the final season in Modesto. The team moves to San Bernadino in 2026.
- Inland Empire (San Bernardino) had a **2024** total attendance of 137,068, down 2,466 (1.8%), with a 2,109 average per date, down 38 (1.8%). This was the lowest total and average per date in a 'normal' year since 1995. 15 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 5,718. There was one lost date, same as in 2023.
- The Inland Empire 66ers led the California League in attendance in **2019**, drawing 181,253. Average per date was 2,627. These were their lowest figures since 2012. The 66ers drew over 200,000 in 6 seasons between 1997 and 2005, but only in 2009 and 2017 since then. Their average per date was above 2,500 in 16 of the last 18 years through 2019, and had topped 2,700 for 6 straight years until 2019.
- This team is expected to relocate to Rancho Cucamonga in 2026, but Modesto will move to San Bernadino.
- In 2024, Visalia drew 123,760, down 2,475 (2.0%). Average per date was a team record-high 1,934, up 21 (1.1%). 6 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 3,522. There were 2 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023.
- Visalia had drawn a record high in 9 of the last 11 seasons through 2019. Their 2019 record-high total was 129,118, and the then-record-high average per date was 1,899. From 2009 through 2024 (excluding 2021), the Rawhide drew the 14 highest attendance totals in team history, topping 100,000 each year, and finishing above 120,000 in each of the last 9 'normal' seasons. Before this 11-year streak, 1947 was the only season that a Visalia team drew at least 100,000. They didn't top 80,000 in any of the 29 seasons they had a team between 1954 and 1988. Average per date was under 1,000 in 11 of 13 seasons from 1996 through 2008, but was above 1,500 in all years after that through 2019, and again in 2022, 2023, and 2024. Recreation Ballpark, built in 1946, is the smallest MLB-affiliated park, seating just 2,468. But 6 dates in 2019, 5 dates in 2022 and 2023, and 6 dates in 2024, drew over 3,000, including a record-high crowd of 4,039 in 2019.
- Until 2009, Visalia shared professional baseball's oldest existing season attendance record. That year, the Rawhide completed a ballpark renovation, and drew a then-team record-high 105,405. Their previous record of 104,311 was set in 1947. When Visalia drew 83,452 in 2007, it was that city's best attendance since 1951. Winston-Salem of the Carolina League also had their attendance high in 1947. They broke that old record when they moved into a new ballpark in 2010. In the Major Leagues, the Cincinnati Reds have gone the longest time since setting a team attendance record. Their all-time high was reached in 1976.

Some Recent Former California League Teams

- Lancaster had its final California League season in **2019**, and did not play in 2021 or 2022. This team drew 316,390 in its first season (1996), and topped 200,000 each year through 1999. They never reached 200,000 after that. The JetHawks drew 161,595 in 2019, up 6,022. Average per date was 2,342, up 120. Their average per date was 4,520 in 1996, topped 4,000 in 1997, was above 3,000 in 1998 and 1999, but was not over 2,500 since 2002. It did top 2,000 for the 11th straight year in 2019, after 5 straight years under 2,000.
- Lancaster played in the Pecos League in 2023, and had the highest total attendance ever in that league, and the best average per date, by far, in league history. In just 18 home dates, the now-named Sound Breakers, drew 32,580, an average of 1,810 per date. These figures exclude 'no-shows.' This team did not play in 2024 since the ballpark was converted to non-baseball use.

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE – SINGLE-A - continued

Some Recent Former California League Teams - continued

- The **Bakersfield Blaze** went out of the California League on a 'high' note in **2016**. Their total attendance of 62,922 was up 11,133, the best gain in the California League in 2016, and the team's highest total since 2010. Average per date rose a league-high 159 to 899. It was the 9th straight year with average per date of less than 1,000. Total attendance last reached 100,000 in 2002. Since 1946, Bakersfield topped 140,000 only in 1949, and each year from 1990 through 1994. Bakersfield's 2011 attendance of 40,056 was the lowest by a California League team since Salinas attracted just 33,465 in 1990. Bakersfield's most recent MLB-affiliated California League team had played from 1982 through 2016, drawing a total of 3,178,273 in these 35 years, an average of 90,808 per season. But from 2000-2016, the Blaze averaged just 69,874 per year.
- The final California League year (2016) for the High Desert (Adelanto) Mavericks produced the lowest total and average per date in the team's 26-year history. Total attendance fell to 76,061, and was under 100,000 in 3 of the final 4 years. Average per date was 1,102. In their first two seasons (1991 and 1992), the Mavericks became the first California League team to top 200,000. They were below 160,000 for 22 years in a row, and under 150,000 for the final 18 seasons. Since 2002, average per date reached 2,000 only in 2014. In their 26 California League seasons, the Mavericks drew 3,550,649, averaging 136,563 per season. But the season average was only 118,732 after 2000.
- Both Bakersfield and High Desert played in the independent Pecos Baseball League starting in 2017. Only Bakersfield was still active in that league in 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024 and 2025.

California League Historic Attendance Data

- Total **2019** attendance fell 60,346 (4.5%) to 1,280,811, the lowest total, at that point, since 1992. The league had 10 teams from 1986 through 2016. There was a decline in California League attendance in 15 of 22 seasons from 1998 through 2019.
- Since 1994, average per date in this league ranged from a low of 2,072 in 2022, and 2,095 in 2024 to a high of 2,988 in 1997.
- The league's average attendance <u>per team</u> was 160,101 in 2019. Average per team has been above 100,000 every 'normal' year since 1991, and better than 150,000 every year from 2002 through 2015, and again in 2017, 2018, and 2019. (It was 149,985 in 2016.) But 1997 was the only season above 200,000.
- Weather, other than heat, was rarely a problem in the California League, but that was not the case in 2019 and 2021. 2019 had 12 lost dates, and 12 fewer dates than in 2018, and there were also 12 lost dates in 2021. Only one game in 2018 was postponed, just 2 dates were lost in 2022, 6 dates were lost in 2023, and 11 dates were lost in 2024. 3 dates were lost in 2017, and 4 dates were lost in 2016. There were 8 lost dates in 2015, including one due to high winds. There were 2 lost dates in 2014, 4 in 2013, 10 in 2012, 8 in 2011, 9 in 2010, and 6 in 2009. The most rainouts over the last 22 years of this league were 23 in 1998 and 22 in 2003.
- In 1964, 4 of the 8 teams in the California League drew less than 17,000 for the season.
- In 1965, the 6 team California League had a total attendance of 128,836, averaging a league record-low 21,743 per team, and 333 per home date. San Jose led the league in attendance that year, drawing 34,517. Attendance for the other teams was: Stockton 27,774; Bakersfield 23,234; Fresno 22,362; Santa Barbara 12,121; Salinas an all-time California League low 8,828.
- California League average per team rose to 43,755 in 1966. It was only 50,449 in 1979, a league record-high 206,189 in 1997, and 160,101 in 2019.
- Largest crowd at a California League ballpark was 12,876 at Lake Elsinore on July 4, 1998. Largest crowd at any California League game (and at any Class A game) was 37,665 for a Redwood-Reno game at San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium on July 4, 1981. This game was played during a Major League work stoppage.

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE - SINGLE-A - continued

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.		Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year		Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	8	1,083,175	(29,733)	(2.7)		2,095	(37)	(1.7)
2023	8	1,112,908	23,168	2.1		2,132	60	2.9
2022	8	1,089,740	384,703	54.6		2,072	565	37.6
2021	8	705,037				1,506		
2019	8	1,280,811	(60,346)	(4.5)		2,342	(57)	(2.4)
2018	8	1,341,157	(23,217)	(1.7)		2,399	(51)	(2.1)
2017	8	1,364,374	(135,478)	(9.0)		2,450	292	13.5
2016	10	1,499,852	(51,188)	(3.3)		2,158	(83)	(3.7)
2015	10	1,551,040	(95,212)	(5.8)		2,241	(118)	(5.0)
2014	10	1,646,252	62,764	4.0		2,359	84	3.7
2013	10	1,583,488	1,314	0.1		2,275	(18)	(0.8)
2012	10	1,582,174	(11,224)	(0.7)		2,293	(10)	(0.4)
2011	10	1,593,398	26,897	1.7		2,303	36	1.6
2010	10	1,566,501	(154,778)	(9.0)		2,267	(213)	(8.6)
2009	10	1,721,279	87,951	5.4		2,480	123	5.2
2008	10	1,633,328	(16,152)	(1.0)		2,357	(20)	(0.8)
2007	10	1,649,480	75,762	4.8		2,377	83	3.6
2006	10	1,573,718	(6,845)	(0.4)		2,294	(17)	(0.7)
2005	10	1,580,563	73,635	4.9		2,311	133	6.1
2004	10	1,506,928	(57,271)	(3.7)		2,178	(129)	(5.6)
2003	10	1,564,199	(44,081)	(2.7)		2,307	(17)	(0.7)
2002	10	1,608,280	121,006	8.1		2,324	166	7.7
2001	10	1,487,174	(62,614)	(4.0)		2,158	(88)	(3.9)
2000	10	1,549,788	(125,457)	(7.5)		2,246	(182)	(7.5)
			(==				() = = >	(= -)
1999	10	1,675,245	(58,112)	(3.4)		2,428	(136)	(5.3)
1998	10	1,733,357	(328,532)	(15.9)		2,564	(424)	(14.2)
1997	10	2,061,889	186,502	9.9		2,988	286	10.6
1996	10	1,875,387	197,927	11.8		2,702	267	11.0
1995	10	1,677,460	(13,826)	(0.8)		2,435	(108)	(4.2)
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1994	10	1,691,286	337,831	25.0		2,543	514	25.3
1993	10	1,353,455	181,451	15.5		2,029	245	13.7
1992	10	1,172,004	66,317	6.0		1,784	N/A	N/A
1991	10	1,105,687	158,907	16.8		N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	10	946,780	12,947	1.4		N/A	N/A	N/A

2024 vs. 2023 MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

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LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL ATTEND.	# OF HOME <u>DATES</u>	2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	2023 TOTAL ATTEND.	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. <u>2024 v. 2023</u>	# CHG. AVG. ' <u>24 v. '23</u>	YEAR PARK OPENED
	<u>ATTEND.</u>	DITLO		<u>ATTEND.</u>		<u>2024 V. 2020</u>	<u>2+ V. 20</u>	
INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE Buffalo Bisons	472,463	71	6,654	497 205	7,165	(14,742)	(510)	1988
Charlotte Knights	439,087	71 70	6,273	487,205 498,816	6,833	(59,729)	(510) (560)	2014
Columbus Clippers	530,992	70	7,586	557,131	7,847	(26,139)	(261)	2009
Durham Bulls	496,715	75	6,623	491,757	6,736	4,958	(114)	1995
Gwinnett (GA) Stripers	188,669	72	2,620	231,044	3,254	(42,375)	(634)	2009
Indianapolis Indians	588,363	70	8,405	556,775	7,842	31,588	563	1996
lowa (Des Moines) Cubs	409,712	71	5,771	432,246	6,003	(22,534)	(233)	1992
Jacksonville (FL) Jumbo Shrimp	354,445	72	4,923	347,723	5,114	6,722	(191)	2003
Lehigh Valley (PA) IronPigs Louisville Bats	588,788 361,825	73 71	8,066 5,096	567,322 396,840	7,990 5,512	21,466 (35,015)	75 (416)	2008 2000
	001,020	7.1	0,000	000,040	0,012	(00,010)	(410)	2000
Memphis Redbirds	199,992	73	2,740	231,698	3,174	(31,706)	(434)	2000
Nashville Sounds	500,241	71	7,046	556,962	7,736	<mark>(56,721)</mark> 12,123	(690)	2015
Norfolk Tides Omaha Storm Chasers	423,552 285,679	69 71	6,138 4,024	411,429 304,129	5,795 4,166	(18,450)	344 (143)	1993 2011
Rochester Red Wings	445,338	69	4,024 6,454	437,561	6,077	7,777	377	1997
	110,000	00	0,101		0,077	,,,,,	011	1007
St. Paul Saints	457,012	71	6,437	460,918	6,492	(3,906)	(55)	2015
Scranton-Wilkes Barre RailRiders	314,145	68	4,620	336,162	4,872	(22,017)	(252)	2013
Syracuse Mets	350,777	71	4,941	336,492	5,022	14,285	(82)	1997
Toledo Mud Hens Worcester Red Sox	458,450 479,636	71 70	6,457 6,852	447,384 519,651	6,214 7,424	11,066 (40,015)	243 (572)	2002 2021
Wolcester Neu Sox	479,000	70	0,052	519,001	7,424	(40,013)	(372)	2021
LEAGUE TOTAL	8,345,881	1,419	5,882	8,609,245	6,063	(263,364)	(181)	
PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE								
Albuquerque Isotopes	503,525	75	6,714	521,521	7,048	(17,996)	(334)	2003
El Paso Chihuahuas	491,296	75	6,551	507,907	6,772	(16,611)	(221)	2014
Las Vegas Aviators	481,802	74	6,511	506,047	6,838	(24,245)	(328)	2019
Oklahoma (City) Dodgers	387,988	74	5,243	399,908	5,633	(11,920)	(389)	1998
Reno Aces	355,269	74	4,801	372,926	5,040	(17,657)	(239)	2009
Round Rock (TX) Express	366,025	72	5,084	411,550	5,561	(45,525)	(478)	2000
Sacramento River Cats	409,700	74	5,536	388,475	5,180	21,225	357	2000
Salt Lake (City) Bees	469,478	74	6,344	443,494	6,160	25,984	185	1994
Sugar Land (TX) Space Cowboys	280,956	73	3,849	299,055	4,097	(18,099)	(248)	2012
Tacoma Rainiers	401,027	73	5,494	384,498	5,267	16,529	226	1960
LEAGUE TOTAL	4,147,066	738	5,619	4,235,381	5,762	(88,315)	(143)	
TOTAL - TRIPLE-A	12,492,947	2,157	5,792	12,844,626	5,960	(351,679)	(169)	
EASTERN LEAGUE Akron RubberDucks	265,008	68	3,897	265,936	4,029	(928)	(132)	1997
Altoona Curve	305,598	66	4,630	308,003	4,597	(2,405)	33	1999
Binghamton Rumble Ponies	146,061	63	2,318	206,911	3,183	(60,850)	(865)	1992
Bowie Baysox	234,807	67	3,505	234,527	3,500	280	4	1994
Erie Seawolves	190,780	66	2,891	207,555	3,098	(16,775)	(207)	1995
Harrisburg Senators	275,733	68	4,055	273,768	4,212	1,965	(157)	2010
Hartford Yard Goats	411,351	67	6,140	402,731	6,293	8,620	(153)	2017
New Hampshire Fisher Cats	237,029	64	3,704	236,809	4,083	220	(379)	2005
Portland (ME) Sea Dogs	395,461	65	6,084	403,957	6,121	(8,496)	(37)	1994
Reading Fightin' Phils	414,262	66 66	6,277	385,478	5,930 6 306	28,784	346	1951 1085
Richmond Flying Squirrels Somerset (NJ) Patriots	435,295 348,390	66 66	6,595 5,279	428,541 352,293	6,396 5,181	6,754 (3,903)	199 98	1985 1999
				332,293		(3,803)	90	1999
LEAGUE TOTAL	3,659,775	792	4,621	3,706,509	4,722	(46,734)	(101)	

2024 vs. 2023 MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

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LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>		2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	2023 TOTAL	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. 2024 v. 2023	# CHG. AVG. '24 v. '23	YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u>
SOUTHERN LEAGUE Biloxi Shuckers Birmingham Barons Chattanooga Lookouts Mississippi (Pearl) Braves	155,256 234,488 213,890 118,621	64 65 63 57	2,426 3,608 3,395 2,081	158,586 253,232 228,940 162,862	2,440 3,837 3,417 2,545	(3,330) (18,744) (15,050) (44,241)	(14) (229) (22) (464)	2015 2013 2000 2005
Montgomery (AL) Biscuits Pensacola Blue Wahoos Rocket City, (AL) Trash Pandas Tennessee (Kodak) Smokies	163,959 285,821 319,417 292,445	64 68 70 67	2,562 4,203 4,563 4,365	168,751 293,581 314,306 295,603	2,557 4,255 4,911 4,548	(4,792) (7,760) 5,111 (3,158)	5 (52) (348) (183)	2004 2012 2021 2000
LEAGUE TOTAL Mississippi played 4 'home' games a	1,783,897 at Rocket City.	518 Attendance	3,444 from those	 1,875,861 games (11,150) is ir	3,566 ncluded in l	<mark>(91,964)</mark> Rocket City's figu	(122) res.	
<u>TEXAS LEAGUE</u> Amarillo Sod Poodles Arkansas (Little Rock) Travelers Corpus Christi Hooks Frisco RoughRiders Midland (TX) RockHounds	340,033 327,279 279,467 371,149 225,274	66 66 68 67 67	5,152 4,959 4,110 5,540 3,362	355,440 307,607 294,986 347,758 233,724	5,385 4,591 4,403 5,190 3,387	(15,407) 19,672 (15,519) 23,391 (8,450)	(233) 368 (293) 349 (25)	2019 2007 2005 2003 2002
NW Arkansas Naturals San Antonio Missions Springfield (MO) Cardinals Tulsa Drillers Wichita Wind Surge	230,599 265,011 263,648 341,751 301,886	66 68 68 66 69	3,494 3,897 3,877 5,178 4,375	256,552 284,419 256,947 356,002 322,637	3,773 4,183 3,893 5,235 4,676	(25,953) (19,408) 6,701 (14,251) (20,751)	(279) (285) (16) (57) (301)	2008 1994 2003 2010 2021
LEAGUE TOTAL	2,946,097	671	4,391	 3,016,072	4,468	(69,975)	(78)	
TOTAL - DOUBLE-A	8,389,769	1,981	4,235	8,598,442	4,330	(208,673)	(94)	
MIDWEST LEAGUE Beloit Sky Carp Cedar Rapids (IA) Kernels Dayton Dragons Fort Wayne Tin Caps Great Lakes (Midland, MI) Loons Lake County (OH) Captains	99,224 150,102 528,778 341,015 200,892 209,758	60 63 66 61 63 60	1,654 2,383 8,012 5,590 3,189 3,496	 104,411 161,205 520,433 340,038 186,112 193,436	1,606 2,480 7,885 5,313 3,002 3,517	(5,187) (11,103) 8,345 977 14,780 16,322	47 (98) 126 277 187 (21)	2021 2002 2000 2009 2007 2003
Lansing Lugnuts Peoria Chiefs Quad Cities River Bandits South Bend Cubs West Michigan Whitecaps Wisconsin Timber Rattlers	266,389 164,658 169,603 310,023 372,943 229,129	62 65 62 65 64 62	4,297 2,533 2,736 4,770 5,827 3,696	299,449 158,209 173,724 314,591 360,999 227,119	4,679 2,472 2,632 4,915 5,730 3,494	(33,060) 6,449 (4,121) (4,568) 11,944 2,010	(382) 61 103 (146) 97 201	1996 2002 2004 1988 1994 1995
LEAGUE TOTAL	3,042,514	753	4,041	3,039,726	3,984	2,788	57	
SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE Aberdeen IronBirds Asheville Tourists Bowling Green (KY) Hot Rods Brooklyn Cyclones Greensboro Grasshoppers Greenville (SC) Drive	125,115 183,987 137,683 173,405 253,050 304,653	64 63 60 63 64 65	1,955 2,920 2,295 2,752 3,954 4,687	141,019 183,034 155,447 182,875 279,060 303,328	2,203 3,001 2,507 2,857 4,501 4,973	(15,904) 953 (17,764) (9,470) (26,010) 1,325	(249) (80) (212) (105) (547) (286)	2002 1992 2009 2001 2005 2006
Hickory Crawdads Hudson Valley (NY) Renegades Jersey Shore BlueClaws Rome (GA) Emperors Wilmington (DE) Blue Rocks Winston-Salem Dash	114,548 195,791 284,136 78,369 163,031 255,895	62 65 65 56 62 62	1,848 3,012 4,371 1,399 2,630 4,127	108,775 183,649 287,602 95,120 156,200 294,046	1,783 2,870 4,793 1,534 2,519 4,743	5,773 12,142 (3,466) (16,751) 6,831 (38,151)	64 143 (422) (135) 110 (615)	1993 1994 2001 2003 1993 2010
LEAGUE TOTAL	2,269,663	751	3,022	2,370,155	3,181	(100,492)	(159)	

2024 vs. 2023 MLB-AFFILIATED MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

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LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	# OF HOME <u>DATES</u>	2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	 2023 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. <u>2024 v. 2023</u>	# CHG. AVG. '24 v. '23	YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u>
<u>NORTHWEST LEAGUE</u> Eugene Emeralds Everett AquaSox Hillsboro (OR) Hops	153,067 135,695 153,571	65 64 65	2,355 2,120 2,363	145,896 140,937 158,723	2,473 2,237 2,405	7,171 (5,242) (5,152)	(118) (117) (42) 0	2010 1984 2013
Spokane Indians Tri-City (Pasco, WA) Dust Devils Vancouver (BC) Canadians	254,807 121,949 274,892	65 65 59	3,920 1,876 4,659	249,012 120,444 297,437	3,953 1,825 4,876	5,795 1,505 <mark>(22,545)</mark>	(32) 51 (217)	1958 1995 1951
LEAGUE TOTAL	1,093,981	383	2,856	 1,112,449	2,943	(18,468)	(87)	
TOTAL - HIGH-A	6,406,158	1,887	3,395	 6,522,330 	3,458	(116,172)	(63)	
CAROLINA LEAGUE Augusta (GA) GreenJackets Carolina Mudcats Charleston (SC) RiverDogs Columbia (SC) Fireflies Delmarva (Salisbury) Shorebirds Down East (Kinston) Wood Ducks	254,054 119,954 256,695 217,809 172,786 74,996	64 62 60 63 65 56	3,970 1,935 4,278 3,457 2,658 1,339	 260,060 138,299 270,170 219,277 189,749 96,220	4,195 2,305 4,288 3,595 3,162 1,527	(6,006) (18,345) (13,475) (1,468) (16,963) (21,224)	(225) (370) (10) (137) (504) (188)	2018 1991 1997 2016 1996 1949
Fayetteville Woodpeckers Fredericksburg Nationals Kannapolis Cannon Ballers Lynchburg Hillcats Myrtle Beach Pelicans Salem Red Sox	189,104 232,690 195,795 97,282 249,349 185,784	62 63 65 61 63 65	3,050 3,693 3,012 1,595 3,958 2,858	187,195 267,400 195,500 108,725 268,600 177,083	2,971 4,178 3,055 1,673 4,197 2,903	1,909 (34,710) 295 (11,443) (19,251) 8,701	79 (485) (42) (78) (239) (45)	2019 2021 2021 2004 1999 1995
LEAGUE TOTAL	2,246,298	749	2,999	 2,378,278	3,171	(131,980)	(172)	
FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE Bradenton Marauders Clearwater Threshers Daytona Tortugas Dunedin Blue Jays Fort Myers Mighty Mussels	68,539 164,074 98,541 54,366 83,409	65 62 61 63 56	1,054 2,646 1,615 863 1,489	65,598 157,072 93,894 31,210 108,879	1,075 2,493 1,539 495 1,675	2,941 7,002 4,647 23,156 (25,470)	<mark>(21)</mark> 153 76 368 (186)	1923 2004 1930 1977 1991
Jupiter Hammerheads Lakeland Flying Tigers Palm Beach Cardinals St. Lucie Mets Tampa Tarpons	42,543 40,392 45,968 72,568 57,722	42 60 45 66 56	1,013 673 1,022 1,100 1,031	35,515 38,202 33,067 74,213 58,150	911 616 870 1,197 986	7,028 2,190 12,901 (1,645) (428)	102 57 151 <mark>(97)</mark> 45	1998 1966 1998 1988 1996
LEAGUE TOTAL	728,122	576	1,264	695,800	1,214	32,322	50	
CALIFORNIA LEAGUE Fresno Grizzlies Inland Empire (S. Bernardi.) 66ers Lake Elsinore Storm Modesto Nuts	256,446 137,068 102,920 81,310	64 65 66 63	4,007 2,109 1,559 1,291	277,089 139,534 94,385 83,077	4,198 2,147 1,547 1,259	(20,643) (2,466) 8,535 (1,767)	(191) (38) 12 32	2002 1996 1994 1952
Rancho Cucamonga Quakes San Jose Giants Stockton Ports Visalia Rawhide	152,895 122,824 105,952 123,760	64 65 66 64	2,389 1,890 1,605 1,934	151,082 124,129 117,377 126,235	2,289 1,881 1,778 1,913	1,813 (1,305) (11,425) (2,475)	100 9 (173) 21	1993 1942 2005 1946
LEAGUE TOTAL	1,083,175	517	2,095	 1,112,908 	2,132	(29,733)	(37)	
TOTAL - SINGLE-A	4,057,595	1,842	2,203	 4,186,986 	2,269	(129,391)	(67)	
TOTAL - 2023 MAJOR LEAGUE AFFILIATED LEAGUES	31,346,469	7,867	3,985	 32,152,384	4,084	(805,915)	(100)	

NEW YORK-PENN LEAGUE (SHORT-SEASON A) (14 teams -- 76 game schedule in 2019) RECORD HIGHS: League – 1,890,053 (2002); Team – Brooklyn – 317,124 (2002) All games sold out

New York-Penn League Historic Attendance Data

- Like the other three MLB-affiliated short-season leagues that charged admission, the New York-Penn League had its final season in 2019. But unlike the Northwest League (now a High-A league), the Appalachian League (now a Summer Collegiate league), and the Pioneer League (now an independent pro league), the New York-Penn League has totally ceased to exist in any form. 2019 New York-Penn League teams were scattered around Minor League Baseball, Collegiate Summer Leagues, or just eliminated, as part of the Minor League Baseball realignment.
- Aberdeen, Brooklyn, and Hudson Valley moved up to the High-A MLB-affiliated South Atlantic League. Tri-City (Troy, NY) joined the independent pro Frontier League. State College, Mahoning Valley, Williamsport, and the West Virginia (Morgantown) Black Bears, became members of the Collegiate Summer MLB Draft League. Auburn and Batavia joined the Perfect Game Summer Collegiate League. Connecticut and Vermont went to the Futures Collegiate Summer League. Staten Island did not have a team in 2021, but the renamed Ferry Hawks joined the independent pro Atlantic League in 2022. Lowell has not had a pro team since 2019, but there is a possibility that this city will once again have an MLB-affiliated team in the future.
- In 2019, Lowell had declines in total attendance and average per date to their lowest figures since 1996, their first season. The Spinners drew 100,687, averaging 3,051 per date. The total was down 17,632, and the average per date fell by 330. There were 2 fewer dates than in 2018, and 5 rainouts, tying Williamsport for the most postponements by any short-season team. 6 dates drew over 4,000. August 31, 2010 was the last game of a 413-date sellout streak that began on August 3, 1999. Lowell surpassed 150,000 for 17 straight years until 2015, and average per date was at least 5,000 for 11 straight years from 2000 through 2010. In 2008, the Spinners were part of a Minor League double-header that drew 36,234 at Fenway Park in Boston. In 2018, the Spinners became the first short-season team to install LED field lighting in their ballpark.
- Total **2019** New York-Penn League attendance fell 74,143 (5.3%) to 1,316,873, the lowest total since 1998. Average per date was down 89 to 2,644, the lowest since 2000.
- There were 11 fewer dates played in 2019 than in 2018, with 34 lost dates. There were 23 rainouts in 2018, 37 in 2017, and 24 in 2016. 3 teams had gains in total attendance and 5 were up in average per date in 2019. Batavia had the league's biggest gains in both categories. Brooklyn had the worst losses, also in both categories.
- Average per date in this league had topped 3,000 for 15 straight years until 2016, after never reaching this level before. Total attendance first reached one million in 1995, and was above that every year after that.
- The league reached a significant attendance milestone in 2013 as attendance since the start of the league in 1939 surpassed 50 million. This league, whose original name was the P.O.N.Y. (Pennsylvania, Ontario, New York) League, drew 59,721,751 in its history. 2015 was the 15th straight year that the league drew at least 1,500,000, but that mark was not reached in any year after 2015. In 1939, the 6 teams in the league drew a total of 267,212.
- Average attendance per team first topped 100,000 in 2001, and was above that figure every year until 2018. In 2019, it was 94,062, lowest since 1998. The league had a 75,284 average per team in 1949, when it played a longer schedule. That figure was not surpassed until 1995. The average per team was below 50,000 from 1952 through 1988. The lowest average per team was 19,196 in 1967, the first year this league played a short-season. That year Auburn led the league in attendance, drawing 26,991. Erie finished last at the gate, with a total of 9,988.
- The lowest team attendance since the short-season schedule began was 9,474 in 1980 by Auburn. In 1990, Pittsfield became this league's first team in the short-season era to draw 100,000. As late as 1993, none of the 14 teams in the New York-Penn League reached 100,000. 6 of 14 teams did it in 2019.
- Team relocations and new parks resulted in a significant increase in New York-Penn League attendance in its last 27 years, through 2019. In 1992, the league's 14 teams drew a total attendance of 684,064, an average of 48,862 per team, and an average of 1,422 per date. The 2019 attendance total of 1,316,873 was a gain of 92.5% from 1992. 2019 average attendance per team was 94,062, and the average per date was 2,644. In 2019, 12 of the 14 teams in his league played in a ballpark that opened between 1994 and 2015. The only teams with an older park in this league were Vermont and Williamsport, whose ballparks opened in the 1920's.

New York-Penn League Historic Attendance Data

- For 19 seasons (2001 through 2019), the Brooklyn Cyclones and Staten Island Yankees had a good rivalry. These teams played just a few miles apart, with the Cyclones right next to the beach in Coney Island, and the Yankees in St. George on Staten Island, next to the Staten Island Ferry Terminal.
- Game-by-game attendance data for both teams is available for 2005 through 2019. During those 15 seasons, the Cyclones had 97 regular season home dates with Staten Island. Those games drew an average of 7,481 per date. The other 453 dates in Brooklyn in those years drew an average of 6,398. Brooklyn games vs. Staten Island drew an average of 1,083 (16.9%) more than other games. At Staten Island, the Yankees averaged 5,482 for 90 dates vs. Brooklyn, and 3,424 for 452 dates with other teams. That's 2,058 (60.1%) higher when Brooklyn was the opponent. From 2008 through 2011, 25 of the 26 Yankees-Cyclones games in Staten Island drew a sellout crowd of 7,171.
- A Cyclones Media Guide lists crowds for 21 Staten Island at Brooklyn dates from 2001-2004. These dates drew an average of 8,372. This is 307 (3.8%) higher than the 8,065 average at the other 128 dates in Brooklyn in this period.
- Brooklyn's population is more than 5 times higher than the population of Staten Island, which accounts, in part, for Brooklyn's higher attendance over the two decades these teams were rivals. Brooklyn now plays in the High-A South Atlantic League, and Staten Island (renamed the Ferry Hawks), now plays in the MLB-Partner Atlantic League.

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2019	14	1,316,873	(74,143)	(5.3)	2,644	(89)	(3.3)
2018	14	1,391,016	(12,559)	(0.9)	2,733	(103)	(3.6)
2017	14	1,403,575	(79,284)	(5.3)	2,836	(83)	(2.8)
2016	14	1,482,859	(107,891)	(6.8)	2,919	(200)	(6.4)
2015	14	1,590,750	30,804	2.0	3,119	36	1.2
2014	14	1,559,946	(42,779)	(2.7)	3,083	(91)	(2.9)
2013	14	1,602,725	(98,276)	(5.8)	3,174	(116)	(3.5)
2012	14	1,701,001	(48.890)	(2.8)	3,290	(217)	(6.2)
2011	14	1,749,891	(79,864)	(4.4)	3,507	(74)	(2.1)
2010	14	1,829,755	43,020	2.4	3,581	(14)	(0.4)
2009	14	1,786,735	(28.710)	(1.6)	3,595	0	0.0
2008	14	1,815,445	(24,013)	(1.3)	3,595	(69)	(1.9)
2007	14	1,839,458	87,491	5.0	3,664	132	3.7
2006	14	1,751,967	(37,995)	(2.1)	3,532	29	0.8
2005	14	1,789,962	12,653	0.7	3,503	(88)	(2.5)
2004	14	1,777,309	(7,354)	(0.4)	3,591	7	0.2
2003	14	1,784,663	(105,390)	(5.6)	3,584	(51)	(1.4)
2002	14	1,890,053	248,028	15.1	3,635	403	12.5
2001	14	1,642,025	319,286	24.1	3,232	613	23.4
2000	14	1,322,739	(48,315)	(3.5)	2,619	(91)	(3.4)
1999	14	1,371,054	91,561	7.2	2,710	211	8.4
1998	14	1,279,493	70,242	5.8	2,499	20	0.8
1997	14	1,209,251	4,293	0.4	2,479	55	2.3
1996	14	1,204,958	23,111	2.0	2,424	134	5.9
1995	14	1,181,847	229,129	24.1	2,290	342	17.6
1994	14	952,718	244,543	34.5	1,948	408	26.5
1993	14	708,175	24,111	3.5	1,540	109	7.6
1992	14	684,064	(92,273)	(11.9)	1,431	N/A	N/A
1991	14	776,337	31,507	4.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	14	744,830	30,269	4.2	N/A	N/A	N/A

NEW YORK-PENN LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

ARIZONA FALL LEAGUE – (6 teams – 30 game schedule)

The Arizona Fall League is a 6-team league, operated by Major League Baseball, which played in September and October through 2019, and in October and November in 2021 through 2024. The league was created in 1992. Each team is affiliated with 5 Major League teams, and in 2024, played a 30-game schedule over from early October through mid-November. Rosters are made up of players from their MLB parent teams' Minor League system. Most of the players have been in Triple-A or Double-A.

The league charges admission to their games (\$12 for adults, \$10 for seniors and kids) and compiles attendance. The attendance totals from this league are listed separately, and not included in the yearly Minor League totals.

Games are played at Major League Arizona Spring Training ballparks. The 6 teams in 2024 were the Glendale Desert Dogs, Mesa Solar Sox, Peoria Javelinas, Salt River Rafters, Scottsdale Scorpions, and the Surprise Saguaros.

In 2016, the league drew record highs in total attendance and average per date. Scottsdale set records for total attendance and average per date by any team. The Salt River Rafters had led the league in attendance from 2011 through 2015. In 2019, league total attendance fell 15,887 to 45,158, the lowest total since 2010, and average per date was down 171 to 675, lowest since 2008. Salt River was the leader in 9 of 13 years through 2024, but Mesa led in 2019, and Scottsdale led in 2022. In 2021, there was a small increase in total attendance vs. 2019, and average per date was exactly the same as in 2019. The 2022 total was the lowest since 2007, and average per date was the lowest since 2008.

	League	# of			Leader's	Leader's #	Leader's
Year	Attendance	Dates	Avg./Date	Team Leader	Total Attend.	of Dates	Avg./Date
2024	35,857	86	417	Salt River	8,668	15	578
2023	33,715	88	383	Salt River	7,134	15	476
2022	33,533	89	377	Scottsdale	7,358	15	491
2021	45,658	90	507	Salt River	13,728	15	915
2019	45,158	89	507	Mesa	11,468	17	675
2018	61,045	90	678	Salt River	14,102	15	940
2017	53,188	90	591	Scottsdale	11,424	15	762
2016	62,905	95	662	Scottsdale	15,001	15	1,000
2015	47,049	88	535	Salt River	10,661	14	762
2014	53,219	95	560	Salt River	14,183	17	834
2013	45,839	93	493	Salt River	12,314	16	770
2012	47,418	96	494	Salt River	13,423	16	839
2011	48,025	110	437	Salt River	14,567	19	767
2010	39,709	96	414	Scottsdale	10,724	15	715
2009	38,449	96	401	Scottsdale	11,177	16	699
2008	40,057	114	351	Scottsdale	10,451	19	550
2007	28,723	100	287	Scottsdale	8,035	18	446
2006	25,268	96	263	Scottsdale	6,062	15	404
2005	27,936	94	297	Phoenix	8,608	16	538

ARIZONA FALL LEAGUE - 2005-2024 ATTENDANCE

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE HIGHLIGHTS - THE 2024 SEASON

- The same 9 independent leagues played in **2024**, **2023**, **2022**, **and 2021**. Attendance was available for the American Association, and the Mexican, Atlantic, Frontier, Pioneer, United Shore, Mavericks, and Pecos Baseball Leagues. Attendance has never been reported by the 4-team Empire Baseball League.
- Also missing from 2024 is attendance from 10 dates played by Chihuahua, and 4 dates by Queretaro, both in the Mexican League, and from 2 dates by Kansas City of the American Association. Attempts to get this data were not successful. The average per date that Kansas City drew for dates with reported attendance was applied to the 2 dates with missing attendance. This is not a perfect solution, but is still better than not listing any attendance for those dates. It may not be possible to obtain the missing Mexican League figures. But if the missing attendance is reported in the future, figures in this report will be updated.
- The Mexican League was a Major League-affiliated 'Minor League Baseball' member league through 2019. The league was not considered to be an independent league, even though none of its teams were MLB 'farm' teams. The Pioneer League was an MLB-affiliated short-season Rookie league through 2019, and became an MLB-Partner independent pro league in 2021.
- 98 teams played in these 9 independent leagues in **2024**, and 95 teams played in those leagues in **2023**. Attendance was found for 83 individual teams in **2024**, and for 80 individual teams in **2023**. In addition, there are league totals for both years for the 4-team United Shore Baseball League, which plays all of its games in Utica, MI, and the Mavericks League, whose 4 teams all play in Keizer, OR. The United Shore and Mavericks Leagues are each counted as one 'team' in this attendance report.
- The Frontier League had a road team in **2023**. The Pecos League had a road team in **2024**. Also in **2024 and 2023**, the planned new park for the Pioneer League's Northern Colorado Owlz wasn't open. They played home games in several locations. The Pioneer League did not count attendance by Northern Colorado or Yolo, a 2024 expansion team, in their official attendance figures, so this report will not include them in any league totals either.
- The 85 teams with attendance (counting the United Shore and Mavericks Leagues as one team each, but excluding Northern Colorado and Yolo of the Pioneer League) drew an estimated total of 10,555,082 in **2024**. This is the highest combined total independent league attendance since the return of such leagues in 1993. This total is up 394,547 (3.9%) vs. 2023. Average per date was 2,754 in 2024, down 7 (0.3%) vs. 2023.
- Mexico City led independent teams with a total attendance of 505,726, and a Minor Leagues leading 11,761 average per date. It was the highest average per date ever by an independent team. The total was just below the independent record of 506,765 set by Yucatan in 2023. Tijuana also topped 400,000. For U.S./Canadian teams, Long Island led in total attendance (290,073), and Kane County, IL led in average per date (5,606).
- Union Laguna had the biggest **2024 vs. 2023** total attendance gain of any Minor League team, up 72,023. Jalisco (Guadalajara) had the best average per date growth of any Minor League team, up 1,491. Aguascalientes was close behind with increases of 71,619 in total attendance, and 1,487 in average per date. The United Shore League (counts as one team), had the best increases among U.S./Canadian independent teams, up 46,872 in total attendance. New Jersey was up an estimated 991 in average per date. (Their **2023** average for dates with listed attendance was applied to 10 dates with missing figures.). Yucatan had the largest declines of any Minor League team in both total attendance (371,984) and average per date (7,270). Among U.S./Canadian teams, Southern Maryland had the biggest loss in total attendance (20,176), and Ogden had the top loss in average per date (373).
- For **2024 vs. 2023**, 47 teams in the same markets in both years had increases in total attendance and 31 were down. 54 of these teams posted gains in average per date, while 23 had declines, and Trinidad of the Pecos League had the same average per date in both years.
- In **2024**, these independent teams played 153 more dates than in **2023**. Teams in the Mexican, Atlantic, Frontier, and Pioneer Leagues, and the American Association, had a combined 170 lost dates in **2024**. This figure includes the 14 dates with missing attendance from the Mexican League. These leagues had 134 lost dates in 2023, 149 lost dates in 2022, and 164 lost dates in **2021**.
- Teams that played in independent leagues in **2019** (**regardless of where they played from 2021-2024**) drew a total of 5,690,513 that year, and averaged 2,341 per date. Add the Mexican League and Pioneer League attendance to the **2019** independent league figures, and total attendance was 11,029,912, and the average per date was 3,037.
- In 2025, Pearl, Mississippi and Kinston, NC, join the Frontier League, replacing MLB-affiliated teams that moved.

- In **2019** there were 8 independent leagues. Attendance was reported by all but the Empire League. The United Shore League reported a league average per date, but did not break it out by team. Home attendance figures were available for 52 teams, plus the combined 4 teams in the United Shore League. The attendance for the Pecos Baseball League was provided by the league office, is estimated, and does not include 'no-shows.' Empire League attendance probably was very low.
- In **2018**, the same 8 leagues had 55 teams, plus 4 in the United Shore League, that reported attendance. There were 53 teams, plus 4 in the United Shore League, that reported attendance in **2017**. In **2016**, 52 teams, plus 3 from the United Shore League, reported attendance. 7 independent leagues operated in **2015**, with 52 teams reporting attendance. There were 8 independent leagues in **2014**, with 50 of their teams listing attendance. 8 independent leagues, with 53 teams recording attendance, operated in **2013**.
- Total reported independent leagues **2019** attendance was 5,690,513, down 228,840 (3.9%). In 2019, independent leagues recorded attendance for 109 fewer dates than in 2018, and combined to play 682 fewer dates with reported attendance than in 2007. There were 2,431 reported attendance dates in 2019 compared to 3,113 in 2007.
- Combined 2019 average attendance per date for the independent leagues was 2,341. This was up 11 from 2018. The all-time combined high average per date for independent leagues is 3,000, set in 2004. The record-high average per date for a post-1992 independent league was 4,621 by the Northern League in 2008.
- In 2019, the Atlantic, Pecos, and United Shore League had gains in total attendance. The Frontier, Pecos, and United Shore Leagues, plus the Pacific Association, were up in average per date. The Atlantic League replaced a road team with High Point. Milwaukee replaced Wichita in the American Association. The Frontier League dropped Normal and Traverse City. Wasco replaced Ruidoso in the Pecos League. In the Pacific Association, road team Salina replaced Martinez, and Pittsburg was dropped. Saranac Lake replaced Old Orchard Beach in the Empire League.
- 50 independent league teams were in the same market in 2019 as in 2018. 18 of them had 2019 vs. 2018 gains in total attendance, while 32 were down. In average per date, 17 teams were up, 30 were down, and 3 had the same average per date in both seasons. The United Shore League is counted as one team in this group.
- NOTE ON LEAGUE AND TEAM RECORDS LISTED IN THIS SECTION: The number of teams in each league, and the number of games scheduled, can vary from year to year among independent leagues. This can have a significant impact on league and team totals. Actual combined independent leagues average per date would be lower than listed if the Empire League made its attendance available. It would be higher if the Pecos League included 'no-shows' in its announced attendance.

LEAGUES THAT REPORTED ATTENDANCE, BUT DISBANDED SINCE THE END OF THE 2010 SEASON

Many of the teams from the leagues listed below have moved to other independent leagues. The United Baseball League disbanded after the 2010 season, returned in 2013 and 2014, but did not play after that year.

<u>GOLDEN BASEBALL LEAGUE</u> (10 teams – 90 game schedule in 2010) RECORD HIGHS: League – 742,394 (2010) 10 teams; Team – Tucson -- 139,149 (2009)

<u>NORTHERN LEAGUE</u> (8 teams -- 100 game schedule in 2010) RECORD HIGHS: League - 2,189,151 (2005) 12 teams; Team - Winnipeg - 323,141 (2004)

<u>CONTINENTAL BASEBALL LEAGUE</u> (4 teams – League disbanded prior to the end of the 2010 season) RECORD HIGHS: League – 64,659 (2009); Team – Alexandria, LA – 45,727 (2009)

NORTH AMERICAN BASEBALL LEAGUE (10 teams in 2012, the league's final year) RECORD HIGHS: League – 642,963 (2011); Team – San Angelo – 115,735 (2012)

PACIFIC ASSOCIATION – (5 teams, with one road team, 64 game schedule in 2019, each 'home' team had 40 scheduled home dates in 2019)

- This league has not played since 2019. San Rafael, now in the Pecos Baseball League, was the only one of the league's 2019 teams that played in 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024. Martinez, which played in the Pacific Association prior to 2019, is also now in the Pecos League.
- In 2019 The league dropped Pittsburg, and Salina was a road team, replacing Martinez. Total 2019 attendance was 45,239, down 16,761 (27.0%). Average per date was 285, up 26. Attendance was reported for 80 fewer dates than in 2018. The 4 returning teams had a combined loss of 4,702 (9.4%), and their average per date was down 29 from 2018. Sonoma had the league's only rainout.
- The **San Rafael** Pacifics drew 17,334 in 2019, an average of 433 per date, once again, the highest figures in the league. The total was down 747. Average per date fell by 19. San Rafael is now in the Pecos League.
- **Sonoma's 2019** total was down 1,626 to 15,875. Their average decreased 31 to 407. This city now has a team in the California Collegiate League.
- Vallejo drew 8,080 in 2019, down 15, averaging 202 per date, down 6. This team is now in the Pecos League.
- Napa had had a 2019 total of 3,950, down 2,314, averaging 99 per date, down 58.
- The league would have had 4 teams in 2020, had the season been played. The California Dogecoin (Fairfield) would have replaced San Rafael.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUES LISTING ATTENDANCE - COMBINED YEARLY ATTENDANCE AND TEAM LEADERS

	# of	# of	Total	Team Leader	Total	Team Leader	Avg.
Year	Leagues	<u>Teams</u>	Attendance	Total Attendance	Attendance	Avg. per Date	Attend.
1993	2	12	734,067	St. Paul	167,956	St. Paul	4,799
1994	5	30	1,931,353	St. Paul	241,069	St. Paul	6,344
1995	11	65	3,081,866	St. Paul	258,297	St. Paul	6,300
1996	9	63	3,454,557	St. Paul	267,009	St. Paul	6,212
1997	8	58	3,507,126	St. Paul	240,514	St. Paul	6,329
1998	7	49	3,866,809	Bridgeport	296,145	St. Paul	6,330
1999	6	44	4,871,797	Bridgeport	342,857	St. Paul	6,329
2000	6	50	5,581,633	Long Island	436,361	Winnipeg	6,465
2000	7	52	6,003,875	Long Island	443,142	Winnipeg	6,491
2002	6	50	6,410,954	Long Island	437,212	St. Paul	6,263
2003	8	63	6,558,199	Longlolond	421,359	Winning	7,161
2003	o 5	45	6,558,445	Long Island Long Island	440,540	Winnipeg Winnipeg	7,101
2004	5 6	45 54	7,524,690	Long Island	440,540	Winnipeg	6,867
2005	7	54 55	7,558,436	Long Island	429,218	Winnipeg	6,504
2006	9	67	7,558,436 8,485,921	Long Island	419,150	Winnipeg	6,504
2007	9	07	0,403,921	Long Island	427,530	vunnipeg	0,342
2008	8	61	8,312,669	Long Island	416,752	Winnipeg	6,464
2009	8	61	7,965,235	Long Island	414,973	Winnipeg	6,180
2010	7	60	8,105,046	Long Island	410,619	Long Island	6,039
2011	6	55	6,810,403	Long Island	382,027	Winnipeg	5,740
2012	6	55	7,125,597	Sugar Land	465,511	Sugar Land	6,650
2013	7	53	6,708,293	Sugar Land	382,059	Winnipeg	5,880
2013	7	50	6,165,961	Sugar Land	383,465	Winnipeg	5,618
2014	7	52	6,315,482	St. Paul	404,528	St. Paul	8,091
2016	7	55	6,226,210	St. Paul	413,482	St. Paul	8,438
2010	7	57	6,219,838	St. Paul	406,501	St. Paul	8,296
			, , ,		,		
2018	7	59	5,917,553	St. Paul	408,921	St. Paul	8,178
2019	7	56	5,690,513	St. Paul	394,970	St. Paul	8,061
2021	8	75	6,047,347	Long Island	224,120	Tijuana	7,557
2022	8	81	9,590,620	Tijuana	453,961	Tijuana	10,088
2023	8	82	10,160,535	Yucatan	506,765	Yucatan	10,558
2024	8	87	10,555,082	Mexico City	505,726	Mexico City	11,761

<u>Number of leagues and teams only includes those that had attendance recorded.</u> It includes leagues and teams that compiled attendance but disbanded prior to the end of their seasons. In 1995, there were 13 teams that folded before completing their seasons. 11 teams, including all 8 in the Canadian League, didn't finish their seasons in 2003.

Bridgeport, Long Island, and Sugar Land play, or played, in the Atlantic League, which has the longest season of any independent league. In most years, teams in the Atlantic League were scheduled for 63-70 home games. Other independent leagues have in recent years had 48-53 home games per team each season. In some cases, leagues had a team that only played road games, so the rest of the teams in the league each played a few extra home dates.

The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues became independent in 2021. The United Shore Baseball League plays all its games in Utica, MI. The Mavericks League plays all its games in Keizer, OR. The United Shore and Mavericks Leagues each count as one team in this table, even though each of these leagues has 4 teams. St. Paul and Sugar Land became MLB-affiliated Triple-A teams in 2021, and Somerset, formerly of the Atlantic League, now plays in the Double-A Eastern League.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUES LISTING ATTENDANCE – COMBINED YEARLY ATTENDANCE AND TEAM LEADERS

The table below shows which non-Atlantic League, independent league team had the best total attendance since 1998. In 2015, St. Paul became the first non-Atlantic League team topping total attendance since 1997. St. Paul is now in the Triple-A International League. Long Island had the top total attendance among the U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2022 (285,888), 2023 (297,745), and 2024 (290,073). 2023 Yucatan had the highest total attendance (506,765) ever for an independent league team.

Year	Team	Attendance	Year	Team	Attendance
1998	St. Paul	272,210	2011	Winnipeg	275,521
1999	St. Paul	265,818	2012	Winnipeg	285,263
2000	Winnipeg	271,513	2013	Winnipeg	276,359
2001	Winnipeg	292,095	2014	Winnipeg	258,429
2002	Winnipeg	303,786	2015	St. Paul	404,528
2003	Winnipeg	300,760	2016	St. Paul	413,482
2004	Winnipeg	323,241	2017	St. Paul	406,501
2005	Winnipeg	322,758	2018	St. Paul	408,921
2006	Winnipeg	312,213	2019	St. Paul	394,970
2007	Winnipeg	300,938	2021	Tijuana	196,471
2008	St. Paul	286,796	2022	Tijuana	453,961
2009	Winnipeg	278,099	2023	Yucatan	506,765
2010	Winnipeg	271,399	2024	Mexico City	505,726

ATLANTIC LEAGUE - (10 t	eams in 2025, 2024, 2023, and 2022, 8 teams in 2021, 8 teams in 2019	
126-	yame schedule in 2025, 2024, 2023, 132 games in 2022, 120 in 2021, 140 games in 2019	י)

- Pre-2021 League Records: Total Attendance: 2,367,578 (2012 8 teams); Avg. per Team: 295,947 (8 teams-2012); Average per Date: 4,409 (2012).
- Post-2020 League Records: Total Attendance: 1,600,498 (2024 10 teams); Average per Team: 160,050 (2024); Average per date: 2,663 (2024).
- Pre-2021 Team Records: Total: Attendance: Sugar Land–465,511 (2012); Avg. per Date: Sugar Land 6,650 (2012) Current team: Total: Lexington–451,076 (2001); Average per Date: Lexington-6,444 (2001) Lexington's records were set when they played in the MLB-affiliated South Atlantic League.

Post-2020 Team Records: Total Attendance: Long Island–297,745 (2023); Avg. per Date: Long Island - 4,679 (2024)

- Atlantic League 5 of the 2024 teams played in this league in 2019. Gastonia was added as an expansion team in 2021, and Lexington, KY, and Charleston, WV, came in from the South Atlantic League. In 2022, the league added a second team (Kentucky) in Lexington, and added Staten Island, who last played in the New York-Penn League in 2019. The Kentucky team was relocated to Frederick, MD in 2023, and then moved to Hagerstown, MD in 2024. This league has the longest schedule among the independent leagues.
- The league drew 1,600,498 in **2024**. Average per team was 160,050, and average per date was 2,663, with 22 lost dates, and 5 more dates than in 2023. The **2024 vs. 2023** total was up 107,602 (7.2%). This was the largest total attendance increase of any Minor League in 2024. Average per date rose 158 (6.3%). Top crowd was 8,636 in Lancaster, which was a single-game record-high for that team, and for the Atlantic League.
- 5 of the 9 teams in the same market in both years had gains in total attendance, and 6 teams were up in average per date, led by Lexington, KY, up 19,731 in total, and 329 in average per date. Southern Maryland had the largest decline in total attendance (20,176) among U.S./Canadian independent teams. High Point posted the largest average per date dip (225), in this league. For the 9 markets that were in the league in both 2024 and 2023, total attendance for 2024 vs. 2023 fell 9,641 (0.7%), and the average per date was up 50 (1.9%).
- In 2019, the 8 teams that played in the Atlantic League that year drew 1,940,590, an average of 3,648 per date. The league lost two of its best-drawing teams in 2021, as Somerset joined the Eastern League, and Sugar Land joined the Pacific Coast League. In 2019, Somerset and Sugar Land drew a combined 649,394, averaging 4,775 per date. Exclude those 2 teams, and the 2019 Atlantic League average per date would have been 3,261.
- Among all U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2024, Long Island led in total attendance (290,073) and their 4,679 average per date was second to Kane County. The Ducks topped the U.S./Canadian independent teams in total attendance in 2023, 2022, and 2021, and had the best U.S./Canadian independent average per date in 2021. They were 3rd best in these categories in 2019. Lancaster, PA had the 4th best total (246,807) among U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2024.
- The league had topped 2 million 9 times in 10 years through 2017, and 10 times overall. 2019 was the 15th straight year with attendance of at least 1.8 million. There were 57 more dates in 2019 than in 2018, and 21 lost dates. The 7 teams that were also in this league in 2018 had a combined total attendance decline of 53,741 (2.9%).
- Average attendance per date fell by 246 to 3,648 in **2019**, the lowest since 2000. The 7 returning teams had a combined average per date dip of 31. This league has averaged at least 3,500 per date in all seasons except its first (1998), plus 2021 and 2022, and topped 4,000 per date from 2006 through 2015. League record-high is 4,409 in 2012. The best average per date for any modern independent league was 4,621, by the Northern League in 2008.
- Frederick played a limited home schedule in 2023, as they shared a ballpark with an MLB Draft League team.
- Until 2021, Atlantic League average attendance per team had been above 240,000 in all years since 2001. The record-high of 295,947 per team in 2012 is the best-ever for a modern independent league. The average per team was 242,574 in 2019, lowest since 2000, excluding 2021 through 2024.
- The Gastonia team has been renamed the Ghost Peppers for 2025.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE - continued

- In 2024, Long Island (Central Islip, NY) had the highest total attendance, and the 3rd best average per date, among all U.S./Canadian independent teams. The Ducks drew a league-high total of 290,073, down 7,672 (2.6%). Average per date was a league leading 4,679, up 26 (0.6%). Among all independent league teams, only 5 Mexican League teams had a higher total, and 7 Mexican League teams, and Kane County and Schaumburg, had a better average per date, than the Ducks. 24 dates drew over 5,000, 8 dates were sellouts of at least 6,002, with a high of 7,188. There were 2 fewer dates than in 2023, and one postponement.
- Long Island led all independent teams in total 2021 attendance (224,120), and led all U.S. independent teams in average per date (4,002). Only 3 Mexican League teams, each playing a much shorter schedule, had higher average per date figures. The Ducks have led their league in average per date 18 times in 24 seasons, including 2021 through 2024.
- In 2019, Long Island drew an independent 3rd best total of 328,194, down 20,864, with 5 fewer dates. This was the lowest total in this team's 20 seasons through 2019. Average per date rose by 56 to 4,973, just the 2nd time ever under 5,000. 31 dates drew above 5,000, with 6 topping 6,000, including a high of 7,312. From their inception in 2000, through 2011, the Ducks had the highest total attendance of any independent league team, topping 400,000 each year. They surpassed 340,000 in every season until 2019. The Ducks had the 2nd best independent total attendance in 2012 and 2013, the 3rd highest in 2014, the 2nd best in 2015, and 3rd best in 2016, 2018, and 2019.
- Average per date was above 6,000 in 10 of the first 11 Ducks' seasons. They averaged 5,998 in 2006. Through 2024, the Ducks have drawn 9,000,314, which is an average of 375,013 per year. Their 24-year average per date of 5,518 per date is 91.9% of their ballpark's seating capacity. Long Island has drawn 713 'above seating-capacity' sellouts in 1,631 regular season dates, with 8 in 2024. Including playoff games, the total attendance is 9,187,263. On July 3, 2016, the Ducks drew 7,602, the largest crowd in team history.
- The Lancaster (PA) Stormers had the 4th best total attendance, and 5th highest average per date among the U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2024. The total was 246,807, up 3,846 (1.6%), and average per date was 4,113, up 130 (3.3%). There were 3 lost dates, and one less date played than in 2023. 11 dates drew over 5,000, with an Atlantic League-record-high, and a team record-high, crowd of 8,636 on June 27. Somerset held the old record (8,537 on July 3, 2009).
- Lancaster's 2019 total attendance increase of 35,649 to 285,441, was the best among all independent teams that year, and their total was the highest since 2014. The Barnstormers topped 300,000 in 9 of their first 10 seasons (2005-2014), though not in their last 9 years, including 2021 through 2024. They've drawn well considering that 3 teams (Reading, Harrisburg, York), play less than 40 miles from Lancaster. 2019 average per date rose an independent 3rd best 357 to 4,260, the highest since 2014. The average per date was above 5,000 from 2005 through 2008, and stayed above 4,000 until 2016, and again in 2019 and 2024. They came within 17 of 4,000 in 2023.
- This team's name was slightly shortened from Barnstormers to Stormers for the 2024 season.
- In **2022**, the **Staten Island Ferry Hawks** joined the Atlantic League. They drew 81,419, up 12,481 (18.1%), in **2024**, averaging 1,404 per date, up 255 (22.2%). Attendance topped 3,000 at 4 dates, led by a crowd of 5,284. There were 2 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. The longer Atlantic League schedule meant more games scheduled on school nights than in Staten Island's short-season days.
- Staten Island had a team (the Yankees) in the MLB-affiliated New York-Penn League from 1999 through 2019. In 2019, their total attendance was 66,520. Average per date was 1,848. Those were the lowest figures in that team's 21 NYP League seasons. Total **2019** attendance was down 142,498 (68.2%) from 2010, and average per date was down 3,958 (68.2%) from a 5,806 average per date in 2010. The Yankees drew over 200,000 in 2009 and 2010, and average per date surpassed 5,000 from 2008 through 2011. Part of the reason for the attendance declines was a major mall construction project near the ballpark that sharply reduced available parking. Their ballpark, right next to the Staten Island Ferry Terminal, has a magnificent view of New York Harbor.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE – continued

- **2024** total attendance for the **Southern Maryland Blue Crabs** was 161,115, down a U.S./Canadian independent high 20,176 (11.1%), with a 2,827 average per date, down 195 (6.5%). The total and average per date were the lowest for this team in a 'normal' season. 10 dates drew over 4,000, with a high of 7,937. 4 dates were lost, with 3 fewer dates played compared to 2023.
- Southern Maryland's **2019** total attendance was down 5,058 to 200,889. Blue Crabs' attendance was very stable from 2007 through 2019, ranging between 200,889 and 242,894. 2019 average per date fell 77 to 3,044, lowest in the team's 12 seasons up to that point.
- The Lexington (KY) Legends were renamed the Counter Clocks for 2023, but went back to being the Legends in 2024. The Atlantic League added a second team (the Kentucky Wild Health Genomes) to Lexington for 2022, and 123 dates were scheduled at their ballpark, and 119 dates were played. That is a lot of games for one ballpark to promote and sell tickets to. This was a one-year arrangement. The other team from 2022 in Lexington moved to Frederick, MD in 2023, and then to Hagerstown in 2024.
- The Legends moved from the MLB-affiliated South Atlantic League to the Atlantic League in 2021. In **2024**, they had a total attendance of 112,537, up 19,731 (21.3%), with an 1,876 average per date, up 329 (21.3%). The total attendance gain was the 5th largest among U.S./Canadian independent teams, and the average per date increase was the best in this league. There were 3 lost dates, with the same number of dates as in 2023. Attendance reached 3,000 at 6 dates, with a high of 6,082.
- Lexington drew 270,221, down 10,913, in **2019**. Average per date fell 368 to 4,094. Both the total and average were the lowest in this club's 19 seasons in the South Atlantic League. 20 dates drew over 5,000. The Legends drew better than 400,000 in 3 of their first 4 years starting in 2001, and topped 300,000 for their first 11 seasons, but have finished under 300,000 in each year since 2012. Average per date was over 6,000 in 2001 and 2002. It stayed above 5,000 through 2008. It has not reached that level since, but topped 4,000 every year until 2021. The Legends have been one of the most generous teams in the Minors, raising over \$1 million for charity annually.
- The Charleston, WV Dirty Birds came to this league in 2021, from the MLB-affiliated South Atlantic League, where they had been named the West Virginia Power. In 2024, they drew 156,510, up 10,174 (7.0%), with a 2,609 average per date, up 248 (10.5%). It was their best total since 2015, and the highest average per date since 2009. 10 dates topped 4,000, with a high of 5,816. One date was lost, and 2 fewer dates were played vs. 2023. The Dirty Birds were the only team in this league to have a 2022 vs. 2019 increase in average per date.
- West Virginia had a 6,171 gain in total attendance in **2019**, to 118,444. Average per date slipped 99 to 1,742, the lowest since 2003. The Power had drawn better than 125,000 for 14 straight years through 2017, after not reaching 100,000 in the 8 seasons prior to 2004. But the only seasons above 200,000 were 2005 through 2008. Average per date was more than 3,000 in those 4 seasons, but has been below this figure ever since.
- The Atlantic League had a new member for 2024 the Hagerstown (MD) Flying Boxcars, in a new ballpark. Total attendance was 175,079, the highest in Hagerstown since a former team there drew 193,753 in 1991. Average per date was 2,824, the best in Hagerstown since at least 1991. 11 dates drew at least 4,000, with a high of 4,477. There was one lost date. The new park had a 'soft opening' with limited attendance on the first homestand.
- Hagerstown had a team (the Suns) in the South Atlantic League through 2019. In 2019 they drew 59,682, the lowest total in that team's 39 seasons. Average per date was 918, also the lowest in 39 years. Since 1981, the Suns had topped 100,000 in all seasons but one (1993) through 2011, but were below that number since then. Average per date was under 1,400 in each of the last 8 South Atlantic League seasons. The team had been expected to move to Fredericksburg, VA in 2015, but plans for a new ballpark there fell through at that time. A new ballpark in that city opened in 2021, and is now the home of the Fredericksburg Nationals of the Single-A Carolina League.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE – continued

- **2024 Atlantic League Champion York,** once owned by the late Hall-of-Famer Brooks Robinson, had **2024** total attendance of 202,502, the highest since 2017, and up 5,534 (2.8%). Average per date rose 37 (1.1%) to 3,320, which was the highest since 2016. 2 dates were lost, with one more date played than in 2023. 13 dates drew over 4,000, and 4 of them were above 5,000, with a high of 6,579.
- The Revolution had an independent 4th best total attendance increase of 18,238 in **2019** to 199,045. Attendance exceeded 250,000 for 8 straight years through 2015. Average per date was 2,971 in 2019. The Revolution had topped 4,000 per date in 4 seasons (2008, 2009, 2010, 2012).
- **Gastonia** had a total attendance of 71,462, down 19,628 (21.5%) in **2024**, averaging 1,211 per date, down 212 (14.9%). 5 dates topped 2,000, with a high of 4,017. 4 dates were lost, with 5 fewer played than in 2023.
- Gastonia played its first season in the Atlantic League in 2021. They drew 114,416, the highest total in the 37 seasons with recorded attendance in this market. Gastonia's last pro team was in the 1995 short-lived (3 weeks) independent Atlantic Coast League. Prior to that, Gastonia was in the South Atlantic League (named the Western Carolinas League until 1980) from 1977 through 1992. Previous high attendance in Gastonia was 94,788 in 1952. 1980 (90,198) was their only other year above 90,000 until 2021, 2022, and 2023.
- The team's name has changed from the Honey Hunters to the Ghost Peppers for 2025.
- **High Point** drew 102,994, down 13,931 (11.9%) in **2024.** Average per date fell by a league-high 225 (11.9%) to 1,661. The same number of dates were played in 2024 and 2023, and there was one lost date. 15 dates topped 2,000, with a high of 4,049.
- The High Point (NC) Rockers became the Atlantic League's 8th team in **2019**. It was High Point's first pro team since 1969. Top reported attendance in 17 seasons with a team (between 1939 and 1969) in that market was 100,227 in 1948. The only other years above 70,000 were 1949 (95,792), and 1965 (71,256). The final team, in 1969, drew 44,472. **The Rockers drew 144,486 in 2019, the best total ever for this market.** Average per date was 2,157.

FORMER ATLANTIC LEAGUE CITIES

- **Camden** played its 15th and final Atlantic League season in **2015**. The Riversharks drew 216,639 in 2015, averaging 3,186 per date. Camden topped 250,000 in each of their first 7 seasons, but not after that. But they did draw better than 200,000 every year. Their record-high was 313,792 in 2002, and they also topped 300,000 in 2003. Average per date was over 4,000 from 2001 through 2004, and was above 3,000 every year. This team moved to New Britain, CT in 2016.
- The **Bridgeport Bluefish** played their final season in **2017**, and drew 196,917, averaging 2,984 per date. Those were the best figures since 2005. Total attendance had increased 64,078 (48.5%) from 2012 to 2017, and during this same period, average per date was up 951 (46.8%). Bridgeport drew better than 230,000 in each of their first 7 seasons (1998-2004), but were below 200,000 in all 13 years after that. Bridgeport's average per date was above 4,000 from 1998 through 2000, with a high of 4,571 in 1999, and reached 3,000 each year through 2005, but not afterwards. 2015 was a positive turnaround season. Bluefish attendance had fallen from 342,857 in 1999 to a record-low 132,139 in 2012. But in 2015, they drew 192,466, their best total since 2006. Total attendance was up 42,182, the 2nd biggest gain among all independent teams that year.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE - continued

FORMER ATLANTIC LEAGUE TEAMS

- The Spire City Ghost Hounds (Frederick, MD) replaced Kentucky (the other Lexington team) in 2023, and moved to Hagerstown in 2024. They shared their ballpark with the Keys of the MLB Draft League. The Ghost Hounds drew 57,836, averaging 1,345 per date. The total dipped 44,666 (43.6%), and average per date fell 485 (26.5%) from what the team drew in Lexington in 2022. They had a limited home schedule in 2023 with 48 scheduled home dates, and 43 were played. That was 13 fewer home dates played than in 2022. 7 dates topped 2,000, with a high of 4,013.
- Frederick played in the Class-A Carolina League from 1989 through 2019, and was one of the most successful teams ever in this classification. The Keys continued to draw very well in the MLB Draft League in 2021 and 2022.
- The Atlantic League scheduled a unique day-night doubleheader between Bridgeport and New Britain for August 19, 2017. These teams played the day portion in Bridgeport, which drew 3,533, and then bussed 50 miles to New Britain, where they played the night game, which drew 4,038.

Year	# of Teams	Total Attendance	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year	Average per Date	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year
2024	10	1,600,498	107,602	7.2	2,663	156	6.3
2023	10	1,492,896	(42,135)	(2.7)	2,505	29	1.2
2022	10	1,535,031	396,357	34.8	2,476	(77)	(3.0)
2021	8	1,138,674		0.10	 2,553	()	(010)
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2019	8	1,940,590	90,745	4.9	3.648	(246)	(6.3)
2018	7	1,849,845	(221,480)	(10.7)	3,894	(51)	(1.3)
2017	8	2,071,325	(28,304)	(1.3)	3,945	6	0.2
2016	8	2,099,629	(76,998)	(3.5)	3,939	(129)	(3.2)
2015	8	2,176,627	(56,392)	(2.5)	4,068	(83)	(2.0)
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2014	8	2,233,019	(21,535)	(1.0)	4,151	(1)	(0.0)
2013	8	2,254,554	(113,024)	(4.8)	4,152	(257)	(5.8)
2012	8	2,367,578	419,257	21.5	4,409	324	7.9
2011	7	1,948,321	(203,095)	(9.4)	4,085	64	1.6
2010	8	2,151,416	(9,577)	(0.4)	4,021	(33)	(0.8)
2009	8	2,160,993	(47,741)	(2.2)	4,054	(59)	(1.4)
2008	8	2,208,734	231,921	11.7	4,113	(40)	(1.0)
2007	8	1,976,813	65,761	3.4	4,153	147	3.7
2006	7	1,911,052	(121,376)	(6.0)	4,006	235	6.2
2005	8	2,032,428	242,380	13.5	3,771	88	2.4
2004	7	1,790,048	(9,681)	(0.5)	3,683	(130)	(3.4)
2003	7	1,799,729	(59,330)	(3.2)	3.813	(68)	(1.8)
2002	7	1,859,059	3,609	0.2	3,881	55	1.4
2001	7	1,855,450	181,699	10.9	3,826	257	7.2
2000	8	1,673,751	556,754	49.8	3,569	0	0.0
1999	5	1,116,997	510,473	84.2	3,569	1,285	56.3
1998	4	606,524			2,284		

ATLANTIC LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

MEXICAN LEAGUE-LIGA	<u>MEXICANA de BEISBOL</u> (20 teams-93 games-2024-2025, 18 teams–90 games–2022-2023) (18 teams-66 games in 2021, 16 teams – 120-games in 2019)
Pre-2021 League Records:	Total Attendance: 4,618,131 (2019 – 16 teams); Avg. per Team: 288,633 (16 teams-2019); Average per Date: 5,058 (2019).
Post-2020 League Records:	Total Attendance: 4,041,303 (2023 –18 teams); Average per Team: 224,517 (2023); Average per date: 5,304 (2023).
Pre-2021 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Monterrey–989,454 (2006); Average per Date: Monterrey-17,990 (2006)
Post-2020 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Yucatan-506,765 (2023); Average per Date: Mexico City-11,761 (2024)

- This league, founded in 1925, never had any Major League Baseball farm teams, but was a National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues (NAPBL) member from 1955 through 2019. It became an independent league in 2021.
- **Mexican League** 20 teams played in **2024**, and 18 teams played in **2023**. 16 of these teams played in the Mexican League in 2019, with los Mariachis de Guadalajara (renamed Jalisco in 2024) and El Aguila de Veracruz added in 2021, and los Dorados de Chihuahua and los Conspiradores de Queretaro added in 2024.
- Covid-19-forced changes hit this league very hard in **2021.** The schedule was reduced from 120 games to 66 games. It was raised to 90 games for 2022 and 2023, and 93 games in 2024 and 2025. Total attendance was 4,032,870 in **2024**, an average of 201,644 per team, and a 4,750 average per date. This was the highest total attendance and average per date of any independent league. There were 81 lost dates in 2024, which includes 10 games in Chihuahua, and 4 games at Queretaro, with no listed attendance.
- Total attendance fell 8,433 (0.2%) in 2024, and average per date was down 553 (10.4%) vs. the record-high of 5,304 in 2023, with 87 more dates. 10 teams had a higher total in 2024 than in 2023, and 10 teams were up in average per date. The 18 teams that played in the league in both 2024 and 2023, had a combined total decrease of 165,571 (4.1%), and an average per date decline of 309 (5.8%). Mexico City had the largest regular season crowd of 2024 (19,989), and Monterrey had the biggest post-season crowd (21,909), in the Minors.
- Numerically, Mexican League teams had 12 of the top 21 independent team total attendance figures in **2024**, including the top 5. They had 12 of the 18 highest independent in average per date figures, including the top 5.
- Mexico City led all independent teams, in 2024 attendance, with a total of 505,726, the 2nd best total ever by an independent team (Yucatan 506,765 in 2023). Their average per date of 11,761 was the best in Minor League Baseball in 2024, and an all-time independent team high. Other teams with high totals were Tijuana (419,200), Monterrey (354,094), Union Laguna (332,273), and Saltillo (292,105). Besides Mexico City, leading teams in average per date were Tijuana (9,527), Monterrey (8,431), Union Laguna (7,070), and Saltillo (6,491).
- Mexico City, Quintana Roo, Jalisco, and Union Laguna, all drew team record-high average per date figures in 2024. Quintana Roo and Jalisco set single-game records. This is based on data going back to 1992 for average per date, and 2005 for single-game records, so these teams may have had higher average per date and single-game highs, in prior years.
- Los Tecolotes de Los Dos Laredos (Owls of the Two Laredos) split their season, between Laredo, Texas, and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico. 24 dates in Texas drew an average of 3,608, and the 23 dates in Mexico averaged 3,753 per date.
- Union Laguna's increase of 72,073 in total attendance, was the best of any Minor League team in 2024. Other big increases were by Aguascalientes (71,619), Jalisco (60,163), Mexico City (53,842), and Puebla (41,107). These were the 5 best gains in all of Minor League Baseball. Mexican League teams also had the 4 best average per date increases among all Minor League teams. Jalisco was up 1,491, followed by Aguascalientes (1,487), Mexico City (1,252), and Union Laguna (1,155).
- On the down side, Yucatan had the largest declines of any Minor League team, down 371,984 in total attendance, and down 7,270 in average per date. Veracruz had decreases of 43,735 in total attendance, and 1,436 in average per date. Tabasco was down 1,182 per date. These were the 3 worst average per date declines in the Minors.

MEXICAN LEAGUE – LIGA MEXICANA de BEISBOL

- The Mexican League annually has the longest, most intense, and best attended playoffs in the Minor Leagues, with 4 full rounds of best-of-7 series. In **2024**, the 70 Mexican League playoff dates drew 608,241, averaging 8,689 per date. 18 of these games drew over 10,000, with 13 of them topping 15,000. Monterrey had the largest crowd (21,909), and they averaged 13,712 for their 10 playoff dates. The 11 playoff dates in Mexico City drew an average of 17,253 per date.
- The **2023** Mexican League playoffs drew 693,528 for 73 games, averaging 9,500 per game. 29 games drew over 10,000, with 3 of them topping 15,000. Mexico City averaged 16,457 for its 6 playoff games.
- In 2022, the post-season drew 762,112, averaging 11,375 per date, as the teams with the biggest ballparks made it deep into the playoffs. 37 of the 67 games drew over 10,000, with 15 of them topping 15,000. Monterrey averaged 17,030 in the playoffs, with 4 games topping 21,000. Despite the short season in 2021, the full playoffs did occur, and they drew 412,739 in 74 dates, an average of 5,578 per date. Tijuana's 13 playoff dates drew an of 12,595, with a high of 17,687. The 2019 Mexican League playoffs drew 519,686, averaging 12,086 per date.
- 2019 was a record-setting attendance season for the Mexican League. Total attendance was a record-high 4,618,131, up 846,328 (22.4%). The old record of 4,591,286 was set in 1979. Average per date rose 682 to 5,058, which was the highest since at least 1991. (That record was broken in 2023.) Average per date figures from prior to 1992 are not available. The increases were the best of any league in 2019. Average attendance per team was a record-high 288,508, breaking the mark of 269,928 set in 1964. There were 51 more dates in 2019 than in 2018.
- Attendance growth was helped by a longer schedule, with each team having 120 games in 2019, compared to 114 games in 2018. The league had 41 dates lost to weather in 2019, 37 lost dates in 2018, and 57 in 2017.
- In **2019**, 14 of the 16 teams had gains in total attendance and 13 were up in average per date. Mexico City, which opened a new park, had the best increases in total attendance (234,456), and average per date (4,173). Monterrey had the largest total attendance dip (6,427), and Monclova (del Norte) had the worst average per date loss (343).
- Tijuana drew 677,464 (11,291 per date) to lead all of Minor League Baseball in attendance. Monterrey and Yucatan also finished in the top 5 among all teams in average per date. This league had 9 of the 12 largest increases in total attendance among all Minor League teams, 9 of the top 16 gains in average per date, 10 of the top 19 percentage gains in total attendance, and 9 of the 20 best percentage gains in average per date.
- In 2018, the Mexican League played a unique split-season schedule. There was a 57-game Spring season, which began on March 22, and ended on May 28. This was followed by a full set of playoffs. The 57-game Summer season ran from July 3 through September 8, and it too, was followed by a full set of playoffs. Other leagues play split seasons, but they only have one set of playoffs, which take place in September.
- Both the 2018 Spring regular season and Spring playoffs drew better than the 2018 Summer regular season and Summer playoffs. In the Spring regular season, total attendance was 2,096,638 in 434 dates, averaging 4,831 per date. The Summer regular season drew 1,675,165 in 428 dates, an average of 3,914 per date. The average per date for the Summer regular season was 917 (19.0%) less than the average per date for the Spring regular season. The league had 10 lost dates during the 2018 Spring season, and had 27 lost dates in the Summer season.
- In **2018**, the Mexican League had the largest declines in total attendance and average per date of any league. In **2016**, this league had the only total attendance increase among the 15 MLB-affiliated leagues. In **2015**, the Mexican League had the worst declines among MLB-affiliated leagues in total attendance and average per date.
- The **2017** total of 4,042,605 was the highest for the league since 1979. Average attendance per team of 252,663 was the highest since 1967, and the 6nd best (1963-67, led by 269,928 in 1964), since this league joined the NAPBL in 1955. Average per date of 4,906 was best since at least 1991. All of these marks were exceeded in 2019.
- **2024** was the 12th straight 'normal' year with average per date above 4,300. The league didn't reach 3,700 per date from at least 1992 through 2003. Total attendance has topped 3 million in all but one 'normal' season since 2000.

MEXICAN LEAGUE – LIGA MEXICANA de BEISBOL

- The 43 Mexican League playoff games in **2019** drew 519,686, an average of 12,086 per game. Every game drew at least 5,000, 23 games attracted at least 10,000, and at 18 games, attendance topped 14,000, with a high of 18,965 for a game at Monterrey. The 6 games in Mexico City averaged 16,246 per game. 7 playoff games in Tijuana drew an average of 15,551, and the last 5 games in Yucatan all drew a sellout crowd of 14,917.
- The 2018 Mexican League combined Spring and Summer playoffs drew 822,575, averaging 9,911 per game. 30 of the 83 games drew over 10,000, led by 7 sellout crowds of 21,909 at Monterrey. 23 of 37 semi-final and finals games drew over 10,000. The 18 playoff games in Monterrey attracted 332,817, an average of 18,490 per game. Attendance at 66 Mexican League playoff games reached 5,000. Only 15 of 201 playoff games in all other leagues, including the independents, drew at least 5,000. The 2017 Mexican League playoffs averaged 11,954 per game. In 2016, the Mexican League playoffs averaged 12,682 per game. The playoffs averaged 9,513 per game in 2015, 8,841 in 2014, 10,149 in 2013, 7,742 in 2012, 9,672 in 2011, 9,704 in both 2010 and 2009, 9,784 in 2008, 12,480 in 2007, 9,838 in 2006, and 9,762 in 2005.
- League-wide, 2013 through 2017 were exceptions, but huge yearly attendance swings often take place in this league. In 2009, there was a 955,395 (23.7%) dip in total attendance. It fell 11.8% in 2010. Increases were 22.4% in 2011, 14.8% in 2012, and 22.4% in 2019.
- Individual Mexican League teams had very often made the yearly listing of teams with the 10 biggest increases or decreases in total attendance among (NAPBL) MLB-affiliated teams. From 2007 through 2019, Mexican League teams accounted for 106 of the 260 teams (40.8%) on these lists, which have 20 teams yearly. The Mexican League had 16 of the 136 full-season (NAPBL) MLB-affiliated teams (11.8%) in all of these seasons, except 2011, when it had 14 teams.
- Since the Mexican League is now an independent league, starting with 2021, the listing in the table below will show how many Mexican League teams had Top 10 gains and declines among **independent teams**.

OF MEXICAN LEAGUE TEAMS WITH YEARLY TOP 10 NAPBL TOTAL ATTENDANCE GAINS OR DECLINES – 2007-2019. TOP 10 TOTAL ATTENDANCE GAINS AND DECLINES FOR INDEPENDENT TEAMS FOR 2022 vs. 2019, 2022 vs. 2021, 2023 vs. 2022, AND 2024 VS. 2023

Year	# of Teams in Top 10 Gains	# of Teams in Top 10 Declines	Year	# of Teams in Top 10 Gains	# of Teams in Top 10 Declines
2007	6	2	2016	5	4
2008	7	3	2017	4	4
2009	3	7	2018	4	6
2010	2	5	2019	7	0
2011	8	0			
2012	5	4	2022 vs. 2019	1	8
2013	4	5	2022 vs. 2021	8	0
2014	1	2	2023 vs. 2022	9	4
2015	3	5	2024 vs. 2023	5	5

- In **2019**, Mexican League teams accounted for: 9 of the 12 MLB-affiliated teams with the highest numerical gains in total attendance and 9 of the 16 best numerical increases in average per date; none of the 59 teams with the worst total numerical declines, and 1 of the 21 worst numerical declines in average per date; 12 of the 24 best percentage gains in total attendance, and 9 of the top 20 percentage increases in average per date; none of the 64 worst percentage losses in total attendance, and 1 of the 37 worst percentage decreases in average per date.
- In **2018**, Mexican League teams accounted for: 4 of the 8 MLB-affiliated teams with the highest numerical gains in total attendance and 2 of the 3 best numerical increases in average per date; 6 of the 10 teams with the worst total numerical declines, and 8 of the 11 worst numerical declines in average per date; 4 of the 10 best percentage gains in total attendance, and 2 of the top 5 percentage increases in average per date; 3 of the 4 worst percentage losses in total attendance, and 4 of the 9 worst percentage decreases in average per date.

MEXICAN LEAGUE – LIGA MEXICANA de BEISBOL

TEAM SUMMARIES

- Los Diablos Rojos de la Ciudad de Mexico (Mexico City Red Devils) had a great 2024 season on the field, where they were League Champions, and a record-setting year in attendance. Their total attendance of 505,726 was the highest of all independent teams in 2024, the 5th best in all of Minor League Baseball, and the best in Mexico City since 1967. This total was just short of the all-time independent high of 506,765 set by Yucatan in 2023.
- Mexico City's 2024 average per date of 11,761 was the best-ever by an independent league team, and the highest of any Minor League team in 2024.
- The 2024 vs. 2023 total attendance increase of 53,842 (11.9%) was 4th best in all of Minor League Baseball, and the average per date gain of 1,252 (11.9%) ranked 3rd best in the Minors. 34 of 43 dates drew at least 8,000, 28 dates topped 10,000, and attendance exceeded 14,000 at 14 dates. The top regular season crowd of 19,989 was the largest of the regular season in the Minors. In the 2024 playoffs, los Diablos Rojos drew a total of 189,779 in 11 games. All playoff games drew at least 11,000, 4 of them topping 20,000, with a high of 20,177.
- 2023 was also a great attendance season for Los Diablos Rojos. They drew an independent leagues 2nd best 451,884, up 207,039 (84.6%). Average per date was a then-team record-high 10,509, the 2nd highest among all Minor League teams, and up 4,066 (63.1%). The increases vs. 2022 were the best among all Minor League teams, numerically, and 3rd best by percent change. 24 dates drew over 10,000, with 12 of them topping 12,000. Los Diablos Rojos had the highest Minor League crowds in the regular season (18,842), and in the playoffs (20,062). Their 6 home 2023 playoff games drew 98,741, an average of 16,457. The 8 playoff games in 2022 drew 108,796, an average of 13,600.
- A beautiful new ballpark led to a huge attendance increase for Mexico City in **2019.** Total attendance rose 234,456 to 389,641, despite 6 lost dates. Average per date was up 4,173 to 7,216. These gains were all 2nd best in the Minors in total attendance, average per date, and in percentage increases (151.1% in total attendance, 137.1% in average per date) in these two categories. It was the team's best total and average per date since 1997. 16 dates topped 8,000, 9 dates drew 10,000+, and 4 dates drew above 15,000, with a high of 20,062.
- In 2018, Mexico City had the 6th best NAPBL total attendance increase, and the 3rd best average per date gain, numerically. Los Diablos Rojos had topped 300,000 in attendance 19 times between 1957 and 1979. They led all of Minor League Baseball in attendance in 14 of those years. The 1967 team was the only Minor League team to draw at least 500,000 between 1950 and 1978. But since 1980, the Red Devils have reached 300,000 just 5 times, including 2019, 2023, and 2024. Their record of 536,743 set in 1967 is the longest standing team record-high among current Major League and Minor League teams.
- **2024** total attendance for **Ios Saraperos (Sarape Makers) de Saltillo** was 292,105, down 8,135 (2.7%). Average per date was 6,491, down 832 (11.4%). The average per date decline was the 5th largest in all of the Minors. But the total and average per date were each the 5th highest among independent teams. 9 dates drew over 8,000, with 2 dates topping 10,000. Top crowd was 10,480, with 3 lost dates, and 4 more dates than in 2023.
- Saltillo had a 2019 Minors 6th best 102,697 gain in total attendance to 377,499. The average per date rose 1,577 to 6,398, which was 5th highest. It was the best total for Saltillo since 2013, and the top average per date since 2014. 15 dates drew at least 8,000, with 6 of them above 10,000. Los Saraperos had the 4th worst NAPBL average per date decline in 2016. In 2015, the Sarape Makers posted the NAPBL's 5th worst decrease in total attendance, and the 4th worst decline in average per date. They had topped 500,000 each year from 2000 through 2007, with a high of 613,551 in 2001. Average per date was 10,000+ each year from 2000 through 2006.

MEXICAN LEAGUE – LIGA MEXICANA de BEISBOL

- Los Leones (Lions) de Yucatan have had some of the wildest year-to-year attendance swings in Minor League Baseball, and 2024 and 2023 were perfect examples of that. In **2024**, their total attendance fell 371,984 (73.4%), and average per date tumbled by 7,270 (68.9%). Yucatan's total of 134,781 was their lowest in a 'normal' season since 1974, and their average per date of 3,287 was the lowest in any year since 2012. Weather didn't help either, as there were 7 lost dates, and 7 fewer dates played than in 2023. 13 dates drew over 4,000, with a high of 5,329.
- Yucatan had an incredible 2023 season in attendance. The drew 506,765, up 66,600 (15.1%). Average per date was 10,558, up 776 (7.9%). The total and average per date were the highest ever for an independent team. (The average per date record was broken by Mexico City in 2024.) Average per date was the best among all Minor League teams in 2023, and the total attendance was best among the independent teams. It was the 4th time in the last 7 'normal' seasons that Yucatan's total attendance reached 500,000, and the 7th straight 'normal' year with average per date of 8,000+.
- In 2023, all but one date in Yucatan drew at least 7,000, 25 of the 48 dates drew over 10,000, with 11 topping 12,000. 6 dates drew a sellout of 14,917. The increase in total attendance was 5th best among all Minor League teams. No dates were lost, and there were 3 more dates played than in 2022. The 8 playoff games drew an average of 12,695, and every playoff crowd exceeded 11,000.
- For 2022 vs. 2021, Yucatan's numerical increases in both total attendance (330,270 300.5%) and average per date 6,347 184.8%), were the highest of any Minor League team. The percentage gains were 2nd best in total attendance, and 4th best in average per date, in all of Minor League Baseball. The 11 playoff games in Yucatan in 2022 drew 146,305, an average of 13,300 per game.
- Besides 2023 and 2024, Yucatan has seen some large attendance swings in other years. In **2019**, the total rose 47,009 to 520,350, with 5 more dates than in 2018. That was the 3rd time in the previous 5 years that the total exceeded 500,000, and the 5th straight year above 450,000. Average per date was a Minor League 5th best 8,673, up 67, the 5th year in a row above 8,600. 43 dates topped 8,000, with 8 of them reaching 10,000. In the 2010's decade, Yucatan's attendance was as low as 137,750 (2012), and as high as 528,351 (2015). Between 2004 and 2014, Yucatan drew at least 300,000 just once (2008).
- Los Leones had a statistical oddity in 2018. Total attendance rose 21,179 to 473,341, the 8th best gain in the NAPBL leagues. But average per date fell by 622, to 8,606. They played 6 more dates than in 2017, which accounted for this circumstance.
- Another statistical oddity for Yucatan took place in 2017, when they played 6 fewer dates than in 2016: There was a total attendance decline of 48,677, which was 5th worst among MLB-affiliated teams. Yet Yucatan set a team record (since at least 1991) in average per date (9,288) for the 3rd straight year. That record has since been topped.
- Yucatan followed-up a great 2015 season with another outstanding performance in 2016. Los Leones drew 500,839. This was down 27,512, in good part, due to 4 fewer dates. But average per date rose 151 to 9,106. In 2015, los Leones posted a 302,947 gain, the best increase of any Minor League team. Average per date was 8,955, up 4,355, which was also the highest average per date increase of the year. The Lions drew 528,351 to lead the league in total attendance. This total was their highest since 1982, the team's 2nd best total ever, and the first time above 400,000 since 2001. The Lions played 10 more dates in 2015 than in 2014.
- Quintana Roo (Cancun) had a total 2024 attendance of 218,978, up 6,174 (2.9%), with a team record-high 5,214 average per date, up 377 (7.8%). It was the 3rd straight year with an average per date record. In the 24 years prior to 2022, Quintana Roo never averaged at least 4,000 per date. The total attendance was their 2nd best ever. There were 6 lost dates in 2024, and 2 less dates than in 2023. 20 dates topped 5,000, and 8 reached 7,000, with a team record-high of 10,285.
- In 2019, Quintana Roo drew a record-high 226,525, up 61,060, breaking their old record of 214,556 in 2007. Average per date was 3,839, their best at that point, since 2008. It was the 7th best gain in the Minors in both total and average per date. Los Tigres (Tigers) have drawn at least 200,000 just 4 times (also in 2007, 2023, and 2024) in their 27-year history, going back to 1996. The team didn't operate in 2006. Average per date was under 3,000 in the first 9 seasons, but has surpassed 3,000 in 15 of the last 18 years, through 2024.

- Los Toros de Tijuana (Bulls) had the 2nd best 2024 total attendance and average per date among independent teams. Total attendance was 419,200, up 738 (0.2%), and average per date rose 228 (2.5%) to 9,527. 16 dates drew at least 10,000, with 13 crowds above 12,000, and a high of 17,016. There was one postponement, and one less date than in 2023. 2024 was the 9th straight normal year above 400,000 in total attendance. Tijuana has averaged over 9,000 per date in each of the last 7 'normal' seasons, and above 8,000 in 10 of the last 14 'normal' years. The 3 playoff games in Tijuana averaged 8,494 per game.
- In 2022, Tijuana had the highest total attendance among independent teams, and for the 2nd straight year, they had the best average per date among ALL Minor League teams. Total attendance was 453,961, up 257,490 (131.1%). This numerical increase was the 2nd highest (to Yucatan) in all of Minor League Baseball. Average per date was 10,088, then an all-time independent high, up 2,531 (33.5%). The average per date numerical gain was the 5th best in all of the Minor Leagues. The top crowd of 17,986 was the largest in Minor League Baseball in the 2022 regular season. It was the 4th time in the last 13 seasons with average per date above 10,000. The 7 playoff games in Tijuana drew 104,536, an average of 14,934 per game.
- In 2021, Los Toros had the highest average attendance per date (7,557) of any Minor League team. They drew 196,471, which was the 2nd highest total attendance (to Long Island) among independent teams. That's quite an achievement considering that they played their first 6 home dates with no fans allowed in the ballpark. Los Toros had one other postponement. All but 4 of their home dates drew at least 4,000, and 13 of them topped 7,000. One game drew 15,240, which was the largest 2021 Minor League regular season crowd. The 13 playoff games in Tijuana drew an average 12,595, with a Minor League high of 17,687.
- Tijuana had the highest total attendance (a team record-high 677,464) and average per date (11,291) of any Minor League team in 2019. Tijuana was the only Minor League team to average at least 10,000 per date. Total attendance rose 121,093, the 4th best gain of any team, and average per date was up 1,530, with was the 6th best average gain. There were 46 dates that drew at least 8,000, at 34 dates the crowd was over 10,000, and 13 dates topped 15,000, with a high of 17,891. The 2019 total broke the old mark of 608,819 in 2017. The 2019 average per date was the 2nd best in Tijuana, topped only by the 12,764 average in 2004. 2019 was the 4th straight year above 500,000 for the Bulls, and the 8th time in the last 11 seasons above 400,000. Average per date reached 7,700 for the 6th year in a row.
- In 2018, the Bulls drew 556,371, down 52,448, and averaged 9,761 per date, down 1,111. It was the 8th best total, and 2nd best average per date among NAPBL teams in 2018. But Tijuana also had the 9th worst decline in total attendance, and the 6th worst average per date decrease.
- In **2017**, Tijuana's total attendance rose 92,318, the top total gain of any NAPBL team. 2017 average per date was 10,872, which was the 2nd best in the Minors. The average per date was up 1,481, which was the 2nd best increase (to Nashville) in the Minors in 2017. In **2014**, Tijuana's total attendance was 298,658 higher, and their average per date was 5,591 higher than the franchise drew in 2013 when it played in Minatitlan. Prior to 2014, Tijuana had a team from 2004 through 2008. They drew 548,863 in 2004, and surpassed 450,000 in 2006 and 2007.
- Los Charros (Cowboys) de Jalisco, formerly los Mariachis (no translation needed) de Guadalajara, drew 166,568 in 2024, up 60,163 (56.5%). This was the 3rd best total attendance percentage gain in all of Minor League Baseball. Average per date was a team record-high 3,966, up 1,491 (60.3%), the best gain among all Minor League teams. One less date was played than in 2023, and 3 dates were lost. 8 dates drew over 5,000, including a team record-high 9,513.
- **In 2021,** Guadalajara rejoined the Mexican League for the first time since 1995. This area, also called Jalisco, was in the league from 1964 through 1975, in 1988, and from 1991 through 1995. The highest total attendance was 373,219 in 1967. This market topped 200,000 each year from 1964 through 1969, and in 1988. In **2021**, Los Mariachis had a total attendance of 61,652, and a 2,126 average per date.

- Los Sultanes (Sultans) de Monterrey, drew 354,094 in 2024, down 17,168 (4.6%), averaging 8,431 per date, down 7 (0.1%). The total was the lowest in a 'normal' season since 1996, and the average per date was lowest since 2009. There were 3 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. 20 dates topped 8,000, and 13 dates surpassed 10,000, with a high of 18,010. In 10 playoff games, Monterrey drew 137,116, an average of 13,712. 2 of those playoff games drew 21,909, the largest Minor League crowd of 2024.
- Monterrey drew 382,048 in 2022, up 233,037 (156.4%), with an 8,490 average per date, up 3,833 (82.3%). This was the 3rd best total among independents, and the 3rd best average per date, in all of the Minors. In the playoffs, Monterrey had the Minors top total (204,365), average per date (17,030), and single-game high (21,909 3 times).
- Los Sultanes drew 556,869 in 2019, and averaged 9,770 per date. The total was 9th best, and the average per date was 2nd best, in the Minors for 2019. It was the 8th straight year above 500,000 in total attendance, and the 13th time Monterrey has reached 500,000 since 1998. This was also the 8th year in a row with average per date above 9,400, and the 17th time above 8,000 since 1998. The Sultanes have topped 10,000 per date in 8 seasons since 2006. They had the largest 2019 regular season (20,533), and playoff (18,965) crowds of the year.
- Monterrey hosted 4 Major League games in 2019. The Cincinnati Reds had a pair of 'home' games there which drew a total of 33,289. The 2 Los Angeles Angels' 'home' games there drew a total of 35,791. In 2018, Monterrey hosted a 3-game series between the Dodgers and the 'home-team' Padres. It drew a combined total of 65,116.
- The Sultanes had the Minor Leagues' highest average per date (10,059, down 1,516) in 2018. However, their decline in average per date was the 3rd worst of all Minor League teams in 2018. Total 2018 attendance in Monterrey was 563,296, down 96,495. That was the 6th best total in the Minors, but also the 3rd biggest decrease of 2018. 18 playoff games in Monterrey averaged 18,490 per game, with 7 sellout crowds of 21,909.
- In 2017, Monterrey again had the best total attendance and average per date in all of Minor League Baseball. They drew 659,701, averaging 11,575 per date. Attendance topped 10,000 at 32 dates, was 15,000+ at 18 dates, led by an Opening Day crowd of 29,734. Average per date was down 1,208, the largest 2017 vs. 2016 decline of any team. The 5 playoff games in Monterrey each drew at least 17,000, with a high of 23,176.
- In 2016 Monterrey led all Minor League teams in total attendance, average per date, increase in total attendance, and increase in average per date. Monterrey drew 690,305 (12,783 per date), in just 54 dates. Attendance topped 10,000 at 36 dates, was over 15,000 at 16 dates, and 8 dates drew over 20,000. 4 post-season games also drew over 20,000. Sultanes' total attendance rose 173,070, and average per date was up 3,379.
- Other examples of the wild attendance fluctuations in Monterrey's history: <u>In 2006</u>, they drew an all-time league record 989,454 in only 55 home dates, with the all-time Minor League record-high average of 17,990 per date! 54 dates drew over 10,000, 49 topped 15,000, and there were crowds of at least 20,000 at 10 dates. Those were the top figures in the Minors in 2006, and the biggest total since Buffalo topped one million in 1993. No team has drawn better since then. Sultanes' attendance was up 556,293 from 2005, by far the largest increase of any Minor League team. But in <u>2007</u>, Monterrey's attendance was sliced in half, falling 497,826, by far the biggest decline in all of professional baseball, including the Major Leagues.
- In <u>2008</u>, the Sultanes drew 658,491, which was 3rd best in the Minors. The gain of 166,863 was the largest of any Minor League team. They averaged 12,424 per date, the only team above 10,000. In **2009**, they had a 258,181 loss, the biggest in the Minor Leagues. In **2010**, Monterrey drew under 400,000 for the first time since 1996. The Sultanes drew 430,420 in **2011**, leading the league in attendance. Their **2012** attendance of 645,302 led the Minors.
- In **2014**, Monterrey had the top total attendance gain (96,650) among teams playing in the same ballpark in both 2014 and 2013. They had the 4th best gain in average per date in 2014, and their average per date of 11,856 was the best in the Minors. The Sultanes were the only team to average more than 10,000 per date in 2014 or 2013. Their total attendance of 687,642 was just 73 short of the highest 2014 MLB-affiliated total achieved by the Charlotte Knights.
- In **2015**, Monterrey had the biggest drop in the Minor Leagues, down 170,407. Average per date declined by 2,472, the 2nd worst dip among MLB-affiliates. Monterrey's average per date of 9,404 was still the 2nd best in the Minors.

- Los Bravos (Braves) de Leon had a 2024 total attendance of 168,531, down 24,871 (12.9%). Average per date was 4,013, down 592 (12.9%), the 3rd highest independent average per date decline. There were the same number of dates as in 2023, and 3 postponements. 14 dates drew over 5,000, with a high of 6,097.
- In 2019, Los Bravos drew 183,541, up 43,714. Average per date was a then-record-high 3,337, up 748. The gain in total attendance was 10th best, and the average per date increase was 9th best in the Minors. Prior to 2017, this city last had a team in 24 seasons from 1960 through 1991.
- The Durango Generales (Generals) drew 76,206 in 2024, down 7,364 (8.8%), and an average per date of 1,772, down 218 (10.9%). 5 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 5,081. There was one more date, and 2 dates were lost.
- Durango played 6 more dates in **2019** than in 2018. Total attendance rose 24,129 to a current team record-high 180,247, and average per date increased 97 to 3,219. A former team in this city drew 230,919 in 1978. Before 2017, Durango's last team played in 12 seasons between 1956 and 1979. The team has been renamed Caliente (Heat) for 2025.
- Los Pericos (Parrots) de Puebla had a 2024 total attendance of 210,570, up 41,107 (24.3%). Average per date was 5,136, up 676 (15.2%). Among independent teams, the total attendance gain was 5th best, and the average per date increase was the 6th best. Average per date was the highest since 2012. 17 dates topped 5,000, and 6 dates drew over 6,000, with a high of 9,892. 7 dates were lost, with 3 more dates than in 2023.
- Puebla had a significant gain in **2019**, continuing this team's trend of large year-to-year changes in attendance. Total attendance rose 104,977 to 248,721, and average per date was up 1,981 to 4,693. This was the 5th best numerical and percentage total attendance gain, and the 4th best numerical and percentage average per date gain, in the Minors in 2019. It was also the highest total for this club since 2013, and the best average per date since 2014.
- In 2017, Los Pericos drew 152,923, down 75,721. Average per date fell 1,128 to 3,186. This was the worst total attendance loss of any NAPBL team in 2017, and the 2nd worst average per date loss. The 33.1% dip in total attendance was the 2nd worst percentage loss in the NAPBL, and the 26.1% dip in average per date was 4th worst.
 2016 was a big comeback season for Puebla. Total attendance rose 116,393 to 228,644, and average per date was up 2,023 to 4,314. Those were the 2nd best gains in these categories in the Minors. Los Pericos also posted the best Minor League percentage gains in total attendance (103.7%), and average per date (88.3%).
- In **2015**, Puebla's total attendance was cut by more than half, from 240,409 in 2014 to 112,251 in 2015. The decline of 128,158 was the 2nd largest among NAPBL teams. Their average per date dip of 2,718 to 2,291 was the worst in the NAPBL in 2015. The Parrots had 7 lost dates in 2015, the most in the league. From 2011 through 2014, Puebla topped 240,000 each year. They had reached this level just once in their 36 previous seasons. The all-time highs for Puebla were set in 2011, when they drew 363,011, averaging 7,118 per date.
- Los Rieleros (Railroadmen) de Aguascalientes posted the highest total attendance increase, and the 2nd best average per date gain, among all Minor League teams in 2024. The total rose 71,619 (95.5%), to 146,619. Average per date was up 1,487 (77.3%) to 3,410. 11 dates topped 4,000. Top crowd was 5,344. 5 dates were lost, and 4 more dates were played than in 2023.
- Aguascalientes drew better than 300,000 in 1977 and 1978. But they've reached 200,000 just 4 times in the 36 seasons they've had a team since then. Los Rieleros drew 112,077, up 12,782 in **2019**, and averaged 2,001 per date. There was no team in Aguascalientes from 2000 through 2003, and from 2008 through 2011. Their **2018** numerical total and average per date losses were 2nd worst to New Orleans for that year. Los Rieleros had the worst total percentage decline (49.5%), and 2nd worst average per date percent dip (46.5%) among NAPBL teams in 2018.

- The 2024 Tecolotes de los Dos Laredos (The Owls of the Two Laredos) played 23 dates in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, and 24 dates in Laredo, Texas USA. Combined total attendance was 172,917, up 12,699 (7.9%). Average per date was 3,679, up 38 (1.0%), with 3 more dates than in 2023. There was one lost date. The Mexico games drew 86,317, an average of 3,753, with 4 dates topping 4,000, with a high of 5,188. The Texas dates drew 86,600, averaging 3,608, with 2 dates reaching 4,000, and a high of 7,103.
- In 2023, dates in Mexico drew 83,113, averaging 3,778 per date. 6 Mexico dates topped 4,000, with a high of 5,392. The Texas dates had a total attendance of 77,105, an average of 3,505 per date. 3 surpassed 4,000, with a high of 7,735. In 2022, 22 dates in Mexico drew 96,022, an average of 4,365 per date, with 18 dates topping 4,000, with a high of 5,391. 22 dates in Texas drew 82,791, averaging 3,763 per date. 4 Texas dates reached 4,000, with a 7,058 high.
- In 2021, Dos Laredos had 11 dates in Nuevo Laredo, and 17 dates in Laredo. The dates in Mexico drew a total of 28,638, and an average of 2,603 per date. Top Nuevo Laredo crowd was 3,017. In Texas, total attendance was 56,799, with a 3,341 average per date. The largest Laredo crowd was 8,755. The two-country combined figures were 85,437 in total attendance, with a 3,051 average per date.
- The **2019**, los Tecolotes had 29 dates in Mexico, and 31 dates in Texas. Games in Mexico drew 113,822, averaging 3,925 per date. Games on the Texas side drew 106,288, averaging 3,429 per date. The top U.S. crowd was 7,767, while the biggest crowd in Mexico was 5,468. Overall, the team drew a two-country total of 220,110. Average per date was 3,669. This was the best total for a team in Nuevo Laredo since 1979. The Nuevo Laredo record-high total is 247,583 in 1978. **2019** had the best total for a team that played at least some of its games in Laredo, Texas. An independent American Association team in Laredo drew a then-record-for-Laredo 187,845 in 2012. In **2018**, it was estimated that attendance for the games in Texas was about double the attendance for the games in Mexico.
- El Aguila (The Eagle) de Veracruz drew 150,585, down 43,735 (22.5%) in 2024, and average per date was 3,422, down 1,436 (29.6%). Among the independent teams, these losses were 2nd worst in both categories. 4 more dates were played than in 2023, and 4 dates were lost. 7 dates drew at least 5,000, with a high of 7,319.
- Veracruz returned to the league in **2021**, with a slightly shorter name, after a 2-year absence. They drew 65,900, and averaged 1,997 per date. A 5,021 crowd on Opening Day was the best of the year, and 6 dates topped 3,000.
- Veracruz (Los Rojos de Aguila Red Eagles), inactive in 2019, attracted 151,671, averaging 2,661, in 2017, their final season before moving to Los Dos Laredos. Veracruz had fielded a team in 48 seasons since 1955 (1955-1957, 1959-1974, 1981-1986, 1992-1995, 1999-2017). Attendance topped 200,000 only in 1956, 1960, 1961, 1964, 2008, and a record-high 245,057 in 2012.
- Los Algodoneros (Cotton Makers) del Union Laguna had a great 2024 season. Total attendance was 332,273, the highest since 2008, and up 72,023 (27.7%). Average per date was a team record-high 7,070, up 1,155 (19.5%). The total attendance increase was the best in all Minor League Baseball, and the average per date gain was 4th best. 43 of 47 dates drew at least 6,000, with 31 dates topping 7,000. Largest crowd was 7,640. 3 more dates were played than in 2023, and one date was lost.
- **2019** Union Laguna had a 22,446 increase to 199,377. Average per date was up 343 to 3,560. In **2018**, Laguna had the lowest total and average per date figures for this team since 2002. Until 2018, total attendance surpassed 250,000 for 5 straight years, after reaching this level just 5 times in this city's previous 35 years in the league. Los Algodoneros topped 200,000 in 11 of 15 seasons through 2019, and then again in 2022, 2023, and 2024, after doing it just once in the 20 years from 1985 through 2004.

- Los Acereros (Steelers) del Norte (Monclova) posted a 2024 total of 189,443, up 3,268 (1.8%), with a 4,306 average per date, up 74 (1.8%). The same number of dates were played in 2024 and 2023, and one date was lost. 5 dates drew over 5,000, with a sellout high of 8,500 on Opening Day.
- In 2019, del Norte topped 300,000 for the 9th straight year, and averaged over 5,300 for the 10th year in row. 2019 total attendance rose 4,843 to 349,126, with 4 more dates. But average per date was down 343 to 5,917. There were 9 dates that topped 8,000. In 2017, they drew 392,795. That was the team's highest total since 1998, and the 8th best total gain in the Minors. Los Acereros drew 300,000+ only 5 times between 1974 and 2010. Prior to this streak, Monclova drew below 300,000 for 9 years in a row. 2017 average per date rose 719, which was the 7th best gain in the Minors, to a team record-high 7,142.
- **Oaxaca** has reached 200,000 only 3 times, most recently in 2009, in the last 28 years, including **2021.** The total attendance in **2024** was 108,954, up 12,864 (13.4%). Average per date rose 489 (21.9%) to 2,724. 5 dates topped 4,000, with a high of 7,200 on Opening Night. There were 3 fewer dates than in 2023, and 5 dates were lost.
- Los Guerreros (Warriors) drew 162,990, in 2019, averaging 2,763 per date. This was the 5th straight year with an average per date of less than 3,000, after 8 years in a row above that level. In 2017, Oaxaca had the 5th best total gain, and the 6th highest average per date increase, in the Minors. The 60.1% gain in total attendance, and the 43.6% gain in average per date were the 2nd highest percentage increases (to Lakeland) in the NAPBL. This was quite a turnaround from 2016 when Oaxaca had the 5th worst total attendance decline, and their 1,021 loss in average per date was the worst of any Minor League team, including independents.
- Los Piratas (Pirates) de Campeche had another rough attendance year in 2024. Their total attendance fell 4,513 (6.8%) to 62,272, their lowest total in a 'normal' year since 2006. Average per date declined 187 (11.2%) to 1,483. It was the lowest attendance in the Mexican League in 2024. 2 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 4,321. 2 more dates were played than in 2023, and 6 dates were lost. In 2023, los Piratas had losses of 107,386 in total attendance, and 2,796 in average per date. Those were the largest numerical declines, by far that year, for any Minor League team.
- In 2022, los Piratas only played 24 'home' dates in Campeche. Those games drew 102,296, and averaged a team record-high (since at least 1991) 4,346 per date. Total attendance was up 150,752 (643.7%), and average per date rose 3,401 (319.5%) to a team record-high 4,466. These were the top percentage gains among all Minor League teams. The other 'home' games were played in the parks of other teams, with the attendance credited to Campeche. In 2021, Campeche had fans in their home park at only 22 dates.
- Campeche drew a 2019 Mexican League-low 87,146. Average per date was 1,743. This club had 10 lost dates. Los Piratas have drawn under 100,000 in 16 of the last 27 'normal' seasons through 2024. They topped 100,000 in 16 straight seasons before that. Average per date was below 2,000 in 17 of the last 29 'normal' years through 2024. In 2018, they had the 7th worst total loss, and the 4th worst average per date loss, in the NAPBL leagues. The 46.8% drop in total attendance was the 2nd worst percentage decrease, and the 52.0% dip in average per date was the top percentage decline. Campeche's team-record-high is 287,749 in 1983. Their only year above 200,000 since then was 2008.
- In 2024, Los Dorados (Golden) de Chihuahua became the first team in that area since 2010. Attendance was not reported from 10 dates, and 3 other dates were lost. For the 35 dates with reported attendance, they drew 72,193, and averaged 2,063 per date, with a high of 6,835. Highest total attendance in Chihuahua was 249,126 (4,530 per date) in 2008.
- Also joining the Mexican League in **2024** were **los Conspiradores (Conspirators) de Queretaro (Santiago).** They drew 84,945, an average of 2,235 per date. Attendance from the first 3 games of the season was not reported. There were 9 dates that topped 3,000, with a high of 4,672. 4 dates were postponed.

- Los Olmecas (Cattlemen) de Tabasco drew 165,910 in 2024, down 22,298 (11.8%). Average per date was 3,771, down 1,182 (23.9%), which was the 3rd largest decline in Minor League Baseball. 15 dates topped 4,000, with a high of 7,498. 6 more dates were played than in 2023, with one lost date.
- In 2023, los Olmecas had the 2nd best total attendance and average per date numerical increases in all of Minor League Baseball. (Total up 106,552 -130.5%, average up 2,620 – 112.3%). The percentage gains were also the highest in the Minors.
- The Olmecas had a 4,139 dip in **2019** total attendance to 126,448, despite 6 more dates. Average per date fell 311 to 2,107. It was the 4th straight year under 2,500 per date.
- Tabasco had a good recovery in 2018. Total attendance was up 58,758, and average per date increased 981.
 Both the total and average per date numerical gains were 2nd best in all of the Minor Leagues to Augusta, who opened a new park in 2018. The 81.8% increase in total attendance, and the 68.3% in average per date were both the best percentage increases in the MLB-affiliated leagues in 2018.
- In 2017, Tabasco dipped an NAPBL 4th worst 49,183 to 71,829. Their average per date was down also a 4th worst 846 to 1,437. It was the lowest total ever for the Olmecas, who began play in 1977, and the lowest average per date since at least 1991. The percentage declines of 40.6% in total attendance, and 37.1% in average per date, were the worst of any NAPBL team in 2017. Tabasco drew 441,835 in 1979, and topped 200,000 in 1980. The Cattlemen have not reached 200,000 since.
- The Mexican League had the lowest growth rate of any NAPBL league when comparing 2019 average attendance per team with 1969, and the 2nd lowest growth rate vs. 1979. Average 2019 Mexican League attendance per team was up 25.7% vs. 1979. Only the Florida State League had a smaller 2019 increase (up 7.9%) in average attendance per team vs. 1979. In comparison with the 1969 season, 2019 average attendance per team for the Mexican League was up 17.0%, the lowest of any league. The Florida State League, up 101.3% was next lowest.
- But **2019** Mexican League average attendance per team **vs. 1989** was up 104.5%, which was bested only by the South Atlantic League, which had a 140.6% gain. The average per team vs. 1999 increased 60.6%, which was the best of any league. Comparing average per team in 2019, with average per team in 2009, showed a 50.0% gain by the Mexican League, by far the best gain of any league. Only the Northwest and Appalachian Leagues had increases of better than 10% per team vs. 2009. The section starting on page 277 has more details about Minor League Baseball's growth in average attendance per team in the past 50+ years.

MEXICAN LEAGUE - LIGA MEXICANA de BEISBOL - continued

MEXICAN LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	20	4,032,870	(8,433)	(0.2)	4,750	(553)	(10.4)
2023	18	4,041,303	476,779	13.4	5,304	563	11.9
2022	18	3,564,524	2,117,595	146.4	4,740	1,914	67.7
2021	18	1,446,929			2,826	· · ·	
2019	16	4,618,131	846,328	22.4	5,058	682	15.6
2018	16	3,771,803	(270,802)	(6.7)	4,376	(530)	(10.8)
2017	16	4,042,605	10,558	0.3	4,906	151	3.2
2016	16	4,032,047	161,224	4.2	4,755	190	4.2
2015	16	3,870,823	(126,947)	(3.2)	4,565	(155)	(3.3)
2014	16	3,997,770	185,394	4.9	4,720	224	5.0
2013	16	3,812,376	(1,972)	(0.1)	4,496	3	0.1
2012	16	3,814,348	492,319	14.8	4,493	(226)	(4.8)
2011	14	3,322,029	607,074	22.4	4,719	1,274	37.0
2010	16	2,714,955	(364,819)	(11.8)	3,445	(230)	(6.3)
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2009	16	3,079,774	(955,395)	(23.7)	3,675	(1,175)	(24.2)
2008	16	4,035,169	146,630	3.8	4,850	264	5.8
2007	16	3,888,539	85,072	2.2	4,586	20	0.4
2006	16	3,803,467	481,816	14.5	4,566	730	19.0
2005	16	3,321,651	99,059	3.1	3,836	(841)	(18.0)
2004	16	3,222,592	189,306	6.2	4,677	1,162	33.1
2003	16	3,033,286	(108,846)	(3.5)	3,515	(105)	(2.9)
2002	16	3,142,132	(350,927)	(10.0)	3,620	(26)	(0.7)
2001	16	3,493,059	(321,072)	(8.4)	3,646	(500)	(12.1)
2000	16	3,814,131	938,842	32.7	4,146	1,094	35.8
1999	16	2,875,289	(288,543)	(9.1)	3,052	(254)	(7.7)
1998	16	3,163,832	179,877	6.0	3,306	261	8.6
1997	16	2,983,955	593,600	24.8	3,045	441	16.9
1996	16	2,390,355	(26,841)	(1.1)	2,604	(15)	(0.6)
1995	16	2,417,196	(627,748)	(20.6)	2,619	(607)	(18.8)
1994	16	3,044,944	305,635	11.2	3,226	525	19.4
1993	16	2,739,309	139,603	5.4	2,701	211	8.5
1992	16	2,599,706	180,139	7.4	2,490	N/A	N/A
1991	16	2,419,567	(324,108)	(11.8)	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	14	2,743,675	571,275	26.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION	(12 teams, including one road team - 100 game schedule in 2021) (12 teams – 100 game schedule in 2022 - 2025)
Pre-2021 League Records:	Total Attendance: 2,244,238 (2012 – 13 teams); Avg. per Team: 172,634 (13 teams-2012); Average per Date: 3,508 (2012).
Post-2020 League Records:	Total Attendance: 1,615,340 (2024 –12 teams); Average per Team: 134,612 (2024); Average per date: 2,804 (2024).
Pre-2021 Team Records:	Total Attendance: St. Paul–413,482 (2016); Average per Date: St. Paul - 8,438 (2016) Current Team: Total – Kane County – 523,222 (2001); Avg. – Kane County – 7,941 (2003) Kane County's records were set in the MLB-affiliated Midwest League.
Post-2020 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Kane County-274,694 (2024); Avg. per Date: Kane County-5,606 (2024)

- American Association In 2024 and 2023, there were 12 teams. 10 of the 2024 teams were also in this league in 2019. Kane County, IL came in from the MLB-affiliated Midwest League in 2021, and Lake Country (not county), WI joined in 2022. St. Paul, who had the top attendance among all independent teams in 2019 (394,970 total, 8,061 average per date), moved to the MLB-affiliated International League in 2021. Attendance from 2 dates at Kansas City, KS was missing in both 2024 and 2023. So it was estimated, using their average per date from their other 41 dates in 2024, and their other 46 dates in 2023. Kansas City also had to play a few home games elsewhere in 2024 due to damage to their field.
- The American Association drew an estimated 1,615,340 in **2024**, up 60,283 (3.9%), averaging 134,612 per team, and 2,804 per date, up 137 (5.1%), with 24 lost dates, and 7 fewer dates played than in **2023**. 8 teams had total attendance gains, led by Cleburne (22,317). 8 teams were up in average per date, also led by Cleburne, up 446. These were the 3rd best increases among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Chicago, Lincoln, and Sioux Falls all had average per date growth of better than 340. Kansas City had the largest loss in total attendance **vs. 2023**, down an estimated 10,965. This was due in part to 5 fewer dates played than in 2023, and those relocated games. Milwaukee, down 143, had the highest average per date decline.
- Chicago had its best-ever total (218,897) and average per date (4,467).
- Kane County led the league in 2024 total attendance (274,694 2nd best U.S./Canadian independent total). Among U.S./Canadian independent teams, the Cougars had the best average per date (5,606), and the year's top crowd (9,307).
- The 12-team American Association drew 1,775,249 in 2019, an average of 3,082 per date. Remove St. Paul's figures from the 2019 season, and the average per date was 2,619.
- This league began play in 2006. It is no relation to the Triple-A NAPBL league of the same name that played until 1998. Teams from that league were moved into the International and Pacific Coast Leagues. Teams from this independent American Association have played in other independent leagues, such as the Northern, Central, United, and Texas-Louisiana Leagues, and with the MLB-affiliated Midwest League.

NOTE: A few adjustments were made to the attendance figures due to some missing attendance figures. All box scores from this league were reviewed, but some didn't list attendance. Attempts were made to obtain these missing attendance figures, sometimes successfully, and sometimes not. In the case of the Kansas City Monarchs in both 2024 and 2023, there were 2 games with missing attendance figures. Several attempts of getting those figures were unsuccessful. So the Monarchs' average per date for those games with listed attendance was assigned to the pair of games with no attendance, and added to the team total.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION - continued

The 2021 Season

- 10 of these teams were in this league in 2019, and Kane County, IL came in from the Midwest League for 2021. The 12th team was the Houston Apollos, who were shared with the Pecos League. Texas (Grand Prairie) was dropped.
- The league drew 1,198,085 in **2021**, averaging 108,917 per team, and 2,106 per date, with 21 lost dates. The league's 2021 teams drew 1,671,113 in 2019, and averaged 3,061 per date, regardless of what league they played in for 2019. Due to the 2021 road team, teams had extra home dates in 2021, so these teams had a combined 23 more dates than in 2019.
- Kane County led the league in total attendance (177,705 4th best independent total), and average per date (3,554 6th best independent average). Milwaukee drew a team record-high total 79,741, up 20,282, and a team record-high average per date 1,564, up 325. In 2019, this team began its season in Kokomo, IN, until their new ballpark in Franklin, WI was ready. Sioux City, IA had an 8,184 gain in total attendance, and their average per date rose 53.
- Winnipeg had to play its first 29 dates in Jackson, TN, due to Canadian border restrictions. Those games averaged 579 per date. The Goldeyes were able to return home later in the season. They played 18 dates in Winnipeg, which averaged 1,957 per date.

The 2020 Season

The American Association played a very limited schedule in 2020. 6 teams played, using 5 ballparks, with very limited capacity. The league drew a total of 176,439 in 163 dates, averaging 1,082 per date. Attendance by location was: Fargo – 39,936 in 44 dates (908 per date); Sioux Falls, SD – 34,254 in 39 dates (878 per date); Milwaukee - 38,780 in 33 dates (1,175 per date); Chicago – 32,468 in 26 dates (1,249 per date with 14 sellout crowds of 1,400); St. Paul – 31,001 in 21 dates (1,476 per date, with 16 sellouts of 1,500). Winnipeg played its 'home' games in Fargo, and St. Paul played its early-season 'home' games in Sioux Falls, before fans were allowed to attend games in St. Paul. The league's 5 post-season games drew a total of 3,736.

The 2019 Season

- Total **2019** American Association attendance fell 116,545 (6.2%) to 1,775,249, with 6 fewer dates and 22 rainouts. Average per date was down 169 to 3,082. The total and average per date were the lowest since 2010. The 11 returning teams from 2018 were down 67,377 (3.8%), and their average per date was 3,250, down 89. The Milwaukee Milkmen replaced Wichita. This league's record-high average per date is 3,512 in 2012.
- The league drew over 2 million in 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2015.
- Average attendance per team topped 150,000 for 8 straight years until 2019, when it was 147,937. The average per date was above 3,000 for the 9th year in a row in 2019. It also topped 3,000 in 2008 and 2009. Highest average per team for this league was 172,424 in 2012, and the lowest, excluding 2021, was 122,752 in 2010.
- 4 teams had **2019** increases in total attendance, led by Chicago. Chicago also had the largest increase among the 4 teams with growth in average per date. Kansas City had the largest total attendance and average per date declines in this league in 2019.

- **St. Paul** was the best draw in this league's history. That team moved to the MLB-affiliated Triple-A International League in 2021, and is now the top farm team of the Minnesota Twins. In **2015**, St. Paul, in their new ballpark, drew 404,528, the best total among independent teams, and a record-high for the team and for the American Association. This was the highest total ever for any independent team not in the Atlantic League, which plays a longer schedule than the other leagues. The Saints averaged 8,091 per date, which was a record-high for any independent team. The old record was 7,161 by Winnipeg in 2003. 46 of the 50 dates in St. Paul drew better than CHS Field's 7,210 seating capacity. Attendance was at least 1,000 above the seating capacity at 18 games, topped by a crowd of 10,430. St. Paul's independent record-highs have since been broken by now-independent Mexican League teams.
- In 2016, the Saints did even better! They drew a league-record high total of 413,482, and an independent leagues then-record-high average per date of 8,438. 47 of 49 dates drew above the CHS Field capacity of 7,210. 37 dates drew at least 8,000, with 29 dates at least 1,000 above seating capacity. Attendance topped 9,000 at 10 dates, led by a crowd of 10,443. Overall, the Saints drew 117% of their park's seating capacity.
- In **2017**, St. Paul attracted 406,501, averaging 8,296 per date, the best among independent teams. 46 of 49 dates drew above the ballpark's seating capacity, with 36 dates drawing 8,000+. There were 10 dates that drew at least 9,000, with a high of 10,143. The Saints drew 115% of seating capacity, which was best percentage in the Minors.
- In **2018**, the Saints drew 408,921, and averaged 8,178 per date. Those figures were best among all independent teams. 45 of 50 dates drew above the ballpark's seating capacity of 7,210, with 32 dates topping 8,000. There were 5 dates that drew at least 9,000, with a high of 9,791. Overall, they drew 113% of their park's seating capacity.
- In 2019, the Saints had the best attendance among independent teams for the 5th straight year. They drew 394,970, down 13,951, averaging 8,061 per date, down 118. 40 of 49 dates drew above their park's seating capacity. Attendance topped 8,000 at 24 dates, with 8 dates reaching 9,000, including a record-high of 10,631. Since moving into CHS Field in 2015, through 2019, the Saints outdrew the park's seating capacity at 224 of 247 regular season dates.
- St. Paul has been a big success since they began play in 1993. They topped 235,000 every year except 1993. They led this league in total attendance each year from 2006-2010, and from 2015-2019. The Saints once had a 249 consecutive game sellout streak. St. Paul was an original member of the Northern League from 1993-2005. They led that league in attendance from 1993-2000, and had the best total attendance of any independent team each year from 1993-1997, and from 2015-2019. Their average per date surpassed 6,000 from 1994-2008, and from 2015-2019. St. Paul had the highest average per date among the independent league teams from 1993-1999, and in 2002, and from 2015 through 2019. All this despite playing only a few miles from the Minnesota Twins.
- By 2019, only St. Paul, along with Sioux City and Sioux Falls, remained from the 14 independent teams that played in 1993, the year that independent baseball returned. In their 27 seasons of independent league ball, the Saints drew 7,761,682 in 1,226 dates, averaging 287,470 per season, and 6,331 per date.
- **2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024** attendance data and highlights for the St. Paul Saints can be found in the International League section on page 139.

- The 2024 American Association Champion Kane County (IL) Cougars had the 2nd highest total attendance (to Long Island) and the best average per date, among U.S./Canadian independent teams in 2024, just as in 2023 and 2022. Among all independent teams, it was the 7th best total and 6th highest average per date. Total attendance was 274,694, up 12,858 (4.9%). Average per date rose 35 (0.6%) to 5,606. There were 2 more dates than in 2022, with one lost date. 22 dates drew over 6,000. The Cougars had the largest crowd of the year among independent U.S./Canadian teams (9,307).
- Kane County's attendance reached 400,000 in 22 of the last 26 years (2012, 2017, 2018, and 2019 were the exceptions) it played as an MLB-affiliate. It topped 500,000 from 2001 through 2006, and was 350,305, up 277, in 2019, with 3 more dates. It was the 28th straight year above 350,000. Attendance reached 6,000 at 27 dates in 2019, with 9 dates topping 8,000, with a high of 9,102. The Cougars have averaged more than 7,000 per date 12 times in their history (1995, 1998-2008). In 2003, they had 18 crowds in excess of 10,000.
- For their 29 MLB-affiliated seasons, the Cougars drew 12,479,600 in 1,931 dates, averaging 430,331 per season, and 6,463 per date. They reached 12 million in attendance in fewer seasons than any Class A team ever. That record was broken by Dayton in 2023, and is at 13,351,696 going into 2025, their 25th season. If 2021 through 2024 in the American Association are included for Kane County, the 33-season total attendance is 13,442,191 in 2,126 dates. That averages to 407,339 per season, and 6,323 per date.
- In 2024, with 49 regular season home dates, plus 4 more home dates in the playoffs, the Cougars sold 61,027 hot dogs, 21,450 Dippin Dots, and 17,070 pretzels. In 2016, with 69 regular season home dates, but none in the playoffs, the Cougars sold 72,532 hot dogs, 15,300 cheeseburgers, 14,995 lbs. of Super Nachos, but only 426 Fattyburgers. In 2016, the Cougars averaged 1,051.2 hot dogs sold per date. In 2024, they averaged 1,151.5 hot dogs sold per date. This is a 2024 vs. 2016 increase of 100.3 (9.5%) hot dogs sold per date.
- Sioux Falls, South Dakota, an independent team since the re-birth of independent baseball in 1993, drew 85,475, up 13,503 (18.8%) in 2024. Average per date was 1,781, up 341 (23.7%). The Canaries played 2 fewer dates than in 2023. There were 2 postponements. 17 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 4,217.
- In **2019**, Sioux Falls dipped 9,675 to 114,452. Total attendance there has topped 100,000 in 23 of their 31 seasons (23 of 29 years since 1995), excluding 2020, but including 2021 through 2024. Average per date in 2019 was 2,336. The Canaries have averaged above 2,200 per date from 1993 through 2009, and from 2012 through 2019.
- The **2024 Fargo-Moorhead RedHawks** drew 150,965, down 4,366 (2.8%), and averaged 3,145 per date, down 25 (0.8%). There was one less date than in 2023, and 2 dates were lost. 28 dates drew over 3,000, with 5 of them reaching 4,000. The largest crowd was 5,051.
- Fargo-Moorhead's attendance was very stable through 2019. Their lowest total was 155,052 in 1996, and their best total was 193,364 in 2002. The total has been above 150,000 in all seasons, except 2020, 2021, and 2022, since 1996. Average per date topped 4,000 in 6 of 7 seasons from 1997 through 2003, and it was above 3,400 in all 24 seasons from 1996 through 2019. This excludes 2020 through 2024
- The field dimensions at Newman Outdoor Field in Fargo are a copy of the dimensions that the original (rebuilt) Yankee Stadium had from 1988 through its closing season in 2008. This was done to honor North Dakota native, and '61 in 1961' home run champion, Roger Maris, who held the American League season home run record until Aaron Judge broke it in 2022.
- Lake Country (not Lake County), of Oconomowoc, Wisconsin, played its first season in **2022**. The Dock Hounds drew 87,440, down 4,399 (4.8%) in **2024**. They averaged 1,784 per date, down 90 (4.8%). One date was lost, in both 2024 and 2023. 18 dates drew over 2,000. Top crowd was 3,343.

- The Lincoln Saltdogs had total 2024 attendance of 162,132, up 10,867 (7.2%). Average per date rose 363 (11.7%) to 3,450. There were 3 lost dates, and 2 fewer dates than in 2023. 15 dates drew over 4,000, with a high of 7,130.
- Lincoln topped 200,000 each year from 2001 through 2005, but has not done it since. In **2019**, the Saltdogs drew 168,394. Average per date was 3,437. The Saltdogs averaged 5,334 in 2001, their first season, topped 4,000 per date every year through 2007, and were above 3,200 every year through 2019, and again in 2024.
- The **Winnipeg Goldeyes** drew 183,046 in **2024**, up 4,653 (2.6%). Average per date was 3,813, up 173 (4.7%). There was one less date than in 2023, and 2 dates were lost. Attendance reached 4,000 at 21 dates, with 7 of them topping 5,000. The largest crowd was 6,786.
- **2021** was a very trying year for Winnipeg. The closure of the U.S./Canadian border forced the team to play most home games in Jackson, Tennessee. The 27 dates in Jackson drew a total of 16,785, averaging 579 per date. The largest crowd was 1,362. The team was allowed to go home later in the season, and played 18 dates in Winnipeg, with restricted capacity. Those games drew 35,229, an average of 1,957 per date. The top Winnipeg crowd was 2,754. For the full season, the Goldeyes drew 52,014, an average of 1,107 per date, with 3 lost dates.
- Winnipeg drew 195,787 in 2019, down 23,583, their lowest total since 1998. Average per date fell by 398 to 4,079, the lowest in this club's 26 seasons through 2019. This was the 4th worst independent total loss, and 5th worst average per date loss, of 2019.
- The Goldeyes had led the old Northern League in attendance for 11 straight years, and had the best total attendance in their first 4 years in the American Association, through 2014. Winnipeg had topped 250,000 for 16 years in a row from 2000 through 2015, including 6 years (2002-2007) above 300,000. From 1994 through 2024, and including 2021 dates played in Winnipeg, but not in Jackson, Winnipeg has drawn 7,218,581 in 1,346 dates, averaging 5,363 per date. The Goldeyes had the best average per date among all independent league teams 12 times in 15 seasons between 2000 and 2014. Their average per date surpassed 6,000 from 1999 through 2009, topping 7,000 in 2003 and 2004, and stayed above 5,000 through 2015. On August 27, 1997, the Goldeyes drew 22,081, when their home field was Winnipeg Stadium, home of the Canadian Football League Blue Bombers.
- The **Sioux City (Iowa)** Explorers, another team that has played independent league ball since 1993, drew 60,449, with a 1,259 average per date in **2024.** Those were league lows. Their total attendance was up 5,550 (10.1%), and average per date rose 66 (5.5%). There were 2 more dates played than in 2023, and 2 dates were lost. 3 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 3,033.
- Sioux City had a big increase in **2015**. Total attendance that year rose 26,683 to 77,429, their best total since 2008. Average per date was up 590 to 1,647. The total attendance gain was 3rd best, and the average per date gain was 2nd best, among independent teams for 2015. In **2019**, total attendance was 51,618, the 2nd lowest (to 2014) in the club's 30 years, excluding 2021. Average per date was 248 to 1,075. The Explorers had reached 100,000 in 12 of their first 13 years of operation (1993-2005), but have drawn below that figure for the past 18 seasons. Average per date was 3,138 in 1993, 3,506 in 1994, 3,524 in 1995, 3,587 in 1996, 3,204 in 1997, and above 2,000 through 2005. But it has not reached 2,000 since then.
- Cleburne drew 82,134, up 22,317 (37.3%) in 2024, averaging 1,643 per date, up 446 (37.3%). It was the highest total and average since 2017, and the best increases in the league. There were no rainouts in 2024 or 2023. The top crowd was 3,196, and 15 dates topped 2,000. Only one date in 2023 reached 2,000.
- The 2018 losses in Cleburne were 3rd worst among independent teams in 2018. But the Railroaders turned it around in **2019** with a total attendance increase of 14,398 to 78,624, and an average per date gain of 288 to 1,572. It was the 5th best total gain, and 4th best average per date increase, among the independent teams in 2019. Cleburne is south of Fort Worth, and had Minor League teams in 1906, 1911, 1912, 1921, and 1922.

- In **2021**, **Kansas City's American Association team was renamed the Monarchs**, in honor of one of the Negro League's most celebrated teams. The Negro Leagues Hall-of-Fame and Museum is located in Kansas City, MO. It was founded by Cooperstown, as well as Kansas City, Hall-of-Famer Buck O'Neil, who played in those leagues, and then became the first African-American coach in the Major Leagues. He had a decades-long career as a Major League scout with the Royals. The Monarchs won the American Association championship in 2021 and in 2023.
- The Monarchs drew an estimated 76,279, down a league-high 10,965 (12.6%) in 2024. Average per date was 1,774, down 44 (2.4%). These were the lowest attendance figures in this team's 21 seasons, including 2021. Part of the reason for the attendance decrease was that some games had to be relocated to other ballparks due to unplayable field conditions in Kansas City. There were 5 fewer dates than in 2022, and 7 dates were lost. There were 2 dates with no attendance listed. The 1,774 average per date for all other games was assigned to those 2 missing dates. In 2023, attendance for 2 games was also missing, and that year's average per date of 1,818 was assigned to those games. 17 dates drew over 2,000 in 2024, with a high of 4,117.
- Kansas City, Kansas, another team playing close to a Major League franchise, had topped 200,000 in their first 15 years of play through 2017. In their 21 years, including 2021 through 2024, Kansas City has averaged 4,451 per date during this period, drawing 4,446,785 in 999 dates. The T-Bones topped 230,000 in 12 consecutive seasons through 2015, and were above 260,000 in 7 of the last 14 years through 2019. Kansas City averaged over 6,000 per date in 2007, and surpassed 5,000 per date every year from 2004 through 2014.
- The Chicago Dogs, who play in Rosemont, near O'Hare Airport, set new record-highs in both total attendance and average per date again in 2024. The total was 218,897, up 12,639 (6.1%), and average per date was 4,467, up 342 (8.3%). There was one less date than in 2023, and one date was lost. 22 dates drew over 5,000, and 10 of them topped 6,000, with a high of 6,593.
- Chicago drew 166,672 in **2019**, their 2nd season, up 27,817. Average per date was 3,623, up 669. This was the 3rd best gain in total attendance, and the best average per date increase, among all independent teams in 2019. The team is named for Chicago-style hot dogs, not canines.
- **Milwaukee's** total attendance fell 7,005 (8.0%) to 80,444 in **2024**. Average per date was down a league-high 143 (8.0%) to 1,650. The Milkmen had the same number of dates in 2024 and 2023, and one lost date. 13 dates topped 2,000. The largest crowd was 3,041.
- The Milwaukee Milkmen, playing in a new ballpark in the suburb of Franklin, WI, replaced Wichita in **2019**. This is the first Minor League team in the Milwaukee area since 1952, the year before the Major League Braves moved to Wisconsin from Boston. Highest listed attendance for a Milwaukee Minor League team was 365,473 in 1927. The 1948 team drew 364,510. In 1952, their final season, that club drew 195,839.
- In 2019, the Milkmen had to play their first 14 home dates in Kokomo, IN, since their new park wasn't ready. Those 14 dates drew a total of just 659. The 34 dates in Franklin drew 58,762, averaging 1,728 per date. Overall, the total attendance was 49,168 less, and the average per date was 1,024 less, than what Wichita drew in 2018.
- **Gary-Southshore** drew 152,985, up 4,631 (3.1%), in **2024**, with a 3,187 average per date, up 31 (1.0%). There was one more date than in 2023, and 2 dates were lost. 11 dates drew over 4,000. The largest crowd was 6,244.
- The RailCats set team record-highs in both total attendance and average per date in **2017**. In **2019**, total attendance was 167,887. This was their 2nd best total ever. Average per date was 3,426. 2022 was the 16th straight 'normal' year above 150,000 for Gary, and they went back above that total again in 2024. Since 2006, excluding 2021, their lowest total was 148,354 in 2023, and the high was 181,612 in 2017. The average per date has been between 3,156 and 3,632 per date in the team's 21-year history through 2024.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION - continued

Recent Former American Association Teams

- Wichita had its final season in this league in 2018. Total attendance was 108,627, and the average per date was 2,263. The 2018 total and average were the lowest for an independent Wichita team. The Wingnuts had topped 130,000 in their previous 10 years in this league, and all Wichita teams drew at least 100,000 since 1989. Average per date was above 3,000 in 8 of the last 11 seasons. Wichita failed to reach 200,000 in their last 12 seasons (1996-2007) in the Texas League. From 1956-1958, and from 1970-1984, Wichita was in the Class AAA American Association. Their best attendance in that league was 280,320 in 1971. The Wingnuts posted their best independent figures in 2009, when they drew 161,170, averaging 3,504 per date. A new ballpark opened in 2021 on the site of the old park, is the home of the Wind Surge, an MLB-affiliated Double-A Texas League team. In 2023, Wichita drew 322,637, up 102,109 in total attendance, averaging 4,676 per date, up 1,335. Those increases were the best among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams. In 2024, they drew 301,886, averaging 4,375 per date.
- **Texas** (Grand Prairie) had the 6th worst total attendance loss, and the 4th worst average per date decline among independent clubs in **2019**, which was their final season in this league. Total attendance was down 20,725 to 59,471. Average per date fell 432 to 1,239. This team topped 100,000 in its first 6 years (2008-2013), but not afterward. Average per date reached 3,000 in 2008 and 2009, and was over 2,000 from 2008 through 2013.

Year	# of Teams	Total Attendance	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year	Average per Date	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year
2024	12	1,615,340	60,283	3.9	2,804	137	5.1
2024	12	1,555,057	44,716	3.9	2,604	77	3.0
	12		,		 ,		
2022		1,510,341	312,256	26.1	 2.591	485	23.0
2021	11	1,198,085			2,106		
2020	6	176,439			1,082		
2019	12	1,775,249	(114,745)	(6.0)	3,082	(165)	(5.1)
2018	12	1,889,994	23,534	1.3	3,247	(68)	(2.1)
2017	12	1,866,460	32,957	1.8	3,315	159	5.0
2016	12	1,833,503	(170,607)	(8.5)	3,156	(56)	(1.7)
2015	13	2,004,110	118,382	6.3	3,212	(120)	(3.6)
2014	12	1,885,728	(264,323)	(12.3)	3,332	(103)	(3.0)
2013	13	2,150,051	(94,187)	(4.2)	3,435	(77)	(2.2)
2012	13	2,244,238	102,343	4.8	3,512	390	12.5
2011	14	2,141,895	914,377	74.5	3,122	424	15.7
2010	10	1,227,518	(254,696)	(17.2)	2,698	(456)	(14.5)
2009	10	1,482,214	(24,451)	(1.6)	3,154	(157)	(4.7)
2008	10	1,506,665	187,824	14.2	3,311	387	13.2
2007	10	1,318,841	20,320	1.6	2,924	101	3.6
2006	10	1,298,521			2,823		

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	teams in 2021, 16 teams, including a road team in 2022 and 2023, teams in 2024, 18 teams in 2025 - 96 games each year)
Pre-2021 League Records:	Total Attendance: 1,546,633 (2012 – 14 teams); Avg. per Team: 133,543 (11 teams-2008); Average per Date: 2,719 (2010 – 14 teams).
Post-2020 League Records:	: Total Attendance: 1,736,211 (2024 – 16 teams); Average per Team: 109,171 (2023); Average per date: 2,372 (2024).
Pre-2021 Team Records:	Southern Illinois–259,392 total attendance (2007); 5,086 average per date (2007) Schaumburg averaged 5,499 in the Northern League in 1999.
Post-2020 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Schaumburg-231,322 (2024); Avg. per Date: Schaumburg-4,721 (2024)
Can-Am League Records	Total Attendance: 1,040,107 (2007 – 9 teams); Avg. per Team: 118,715 (7 teams - 2005) Average per Date: 2,455 (2006).
Can-Am Team Records:	Total Attendance: Brockton – 203,094 (2004); Average per date – Brockton – 3,982 (2004)

- Frontier League 16 teams in 2024. The 2023 road team was replaced by the New England Knockouts (Brockton, MA) in 2024. Brockton last had a pro team in 2011 in the Can-Am League. 8 of the teams played in the Frontier League in 2019. 6 played in the Can-Am League, and joined the Frontier League in a merger. Tri-City (Troy, NY) came from the New York-Penn League. 2023 attendance was estimated for New Jersey, since they did not report attendance for 10 dates. New Jersey's 2023 average per date for games with listed attendance was assigned to the 10 dates with unreported attendance figures.
- 2024 attendance was a league record-high 1,736,211, with an average per team of 108,513, and an average per date of 2,372. 37 dates were lost, with 8 fewer played than in 2023. Total attendance was up 98,652 (6.0%) vs. 2023, and average per date rose 159 (7.2%). The 15 teams that played in this league in both 2024 and 2023 had a combined 47,357 (2.9%) gain in total attendance, and were up 243 (11.0%) in average per date.
- 8 teams had increases in total attendance and 14 of 15 returning teams were up in average per date. New Jersey had the best 2024 numerical and percentage increases among all U.S./Canadian Minor League teams. Their total attendance was up an estimated 40,051 (88.1%), and average per date rose an estimated 991 (109.0%). New York had the biggest total attendance loss, down 15,061, mainly due to playing 5 fewer dates than in 2023. Florence had the Frontier League's only average per date decline in 2024, but they were down just 4 per date.
- Schaumburg had the league's best 2024 total attendance (231,322), and the top average per date (4,721). The total was 5th best, and the average per date was 2nd best, among U.S./Canadian independent teams. The Boomers also had the league's biggest crowd of the year an all-time team record-high 8,066.
- The 10-team **2019 Frontier League** drew 1,028,721, and averaged 2,266 per date. The 6-team **2019 Can-Am League** drew 565,936, and averaged 1,986 per date. **Combined total 2019** attendance for the 2 leagues was 1,594,657, with a 2,158 average per date. These leagues officially merged after the 2019 season.
- The league adds the Down East (Kinston, NC) Bird Dogs and the Mississippi (Pearl) Mud Monsters in 2025. Both these locations had MLB-affiliated teams through 2024.
- Teams played extra home games in seasons with a road team operating. With no road team in 2024, every team, except Sussex, played fewer home dates in 2024 than in 2023. Sussex had the same number of dates in both seasons. This is part of the reason why 14 teams had an increase in average per date for 2024 vs. 2023.

FRONTIER LEAGUE – continued

PRE-2021 AND OTHER FRONTIER LEAGUE NOTES

- The Frontier League had 2 fewer teams in **2019**, than in 2018, and total attendance fell 166,130 (13.9%) to 1,028,721. The 10 returning teams had a combined increase of 3,762 (0.4%). Attendance in the league first surpassed one million in 2003. It has topped one million for 21 years in a row, including 2021 through 2024, and reached 1.5 million in 2007 (with 12 teams), 2012 (14 teams), 2013 (13 teams), 2022 and 2023 (15 teams), and 2024 (16 teams). The league played 81 fewer dates in 2019 than in 2018, and there were 17 rainouts. The 10 returning teams combined for 2 more dates than in 2018.
- **2019** average attendance per date was 2,266, up 33. The 10 returning teams had a combined average per date decline of 2. Frontier League average per date was over 2,200 in from 2006-2009, and above 2,000 from 2003-2019, plus 2022, with a record-high of 2,719 in 2010. Average per date was over 2,500 in 6 seasons (2006-2011).
- Since 2001, when the Frontier League grew to 12 teams, **through 2019**, total attendance was up 42.6% from 719,222, and average per date was up 52.8% from 1,483. These figures don't include the Can-Am League.
- Average attendance per team had surpassed 100,000 for 12 seasons in a row, and in 13 of 14 years through 2017, and then again in 2019, 2022, 2023, and 2024. The average per team was just 13,769 in 1993, the Frontier League's first season. It was 102,872 in 2019. The highest average per team was 133,543 in 2008.
- Normal and Traverse City left this league in 2019, and had teams in summer collegiate wood bat leagues. In 2020, 5 teams from the Can-Am League (Rockland, New Jersey, Sussex, Quebec, Trois Rivieres) joined this league. Ottawa came in for the 2022 season.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- The 2024 Schaumburg Boomers once again had the top attendance and average per date in the Frontier League. They drew a total of 231,322, their highest total since 1999, their first season. The total rose 1,299 (0.6%). Average per date was 4,721, 2nd highest among U.S./Canadian independent teams, and the best since 2001. It was up 211 (4.7%). There were 2 fewer dates than in 2023, but no lost dates. 21 dates drew over 5,000, and 13 topped 6,000, led by a league-high, and team record-high crowd of 8,066.
- The Boomers have topped 150,000 in 22 of their 24 seasons, including 2021 through 2024 (2012 and 2018 are the exceptions), and went over 200,000 in 11 straight years from 1999 through 2009 as a member of the Northern League. The average per date was 5,499 in 1999 and 5,264 in 2000. It surpassed 4,200 each year from 1999 through 2009, and again in 2023 and 2024, and has been above 3,000 every year, except 2012, through 2024. They had no team in 2011.
- The Schaumburg Boomers are named for a male Great Prairie Chicken, a native of Illinois. Other chicken names in sports include Coastal Carolina University's 'Chanticleers', from Chaucer's 'Canterbury Tales,' described as a "proud and fierce rooster who dominates the barnyard." University of Delaware teams are the 'Blue Hens.'
- **Evansville** drew 95,474, in **2024**, down 7,087 (6.9%), with a 2,170 average per date, up 119 (5.8%). 4 dates were lost, and they played 6 fewer dates than in 2023. 8 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 5,523.
- In **2017**, the Otters had the best average per date increase among independent teams. Total attendance has topped 100,000 for 16 of the last 20 'normal' years through 2024. Average per date has been above 2,000 in 24 of the last 26 'normal' seasons through 2024, and reached 2,500 in 12 of those years. 2021, 2016, and 2000 are the only years that the Otters have averaged less than 2,000. Their average per date topped 3,000 in 1999, 2013, and 2014.
- In 2013, Evansville had its highest attendance (140,786) in the 29 seasons they've had an independent team. In 1972, a Triple-A American Association team there drew the city's record-high of 147,807. The Otters play at Bosse Field, which is the oldest regular home ballpark for any Minor League team, and celebrates its 110th anniversary in 2025. The first game there in 1915 drew 8,082. On July 24, 2013, the Otters drew 8,253, the largest attendance ever for a game in this historic gem of a park.

FRONTIER LEAGUE – continued

- The **Florence**, Kentucky Freedom was renamed the Y'Alls for the **2021** season. In **2024**, the Y'Alls drew 100,857, down 11,155 (10.0%). Average per date was 2,187, down 4 (0.2%). This was the only team in the Frontier League with an average per date decline. They played 5 fewer dates than in 2023, with 2 postponements. 5 dates drew above 3,000, with a high of 4,369.
- Through 2024, average per date in Florence has been above 2,000 in 14 of the last 16 'normal' seasons, including the last 11, with a high of 2,495 in 2013. They've drawn better than 100,000 in 10 of the last 15 'normal' years, with a high of 112,844 in 2010.
- In **2024**, the Windy City ThunderBolts (Crestwood, IL) drew their 3rd best total attendance and 2nd highest average per date, in their 25 seasons. The ThunderBolts drew 97,621, down 384 (0.4%), with a 2,122 average per date, up 162 (8.3%). The average per date was their best 2009. They played 4 fewer dates than in 2023, and had 2 lost dates. 8 dates drew over 3,000, and the largest crowd was 4,246.
- 1999, 2009, and 2024 were the only seasons that the ThunderBolts averaged over 2,000 per date, and 2009 was the only year with a total above 100,000. But they came close to 100,000 in 2023 and 2024. Their total has ranged from 60,481 in 2003, to 103,129 in 2009.
- In 2024, Joliet had a total attendance of 104,428, down 10,473 (9.1%), and average per date was 2,270, up 17 (0.8%). 5 fewer dates were played in 2024 than in 2023, with 2 lost dates in 2024. 12 dates drew at least 3,000, with a high of 5,187.
- Joliet had a 33,532 gain in total attendance in 2019 to 121,730, and average per date rose 659 to 2,536. Those were the 2nd best increases among all independent teams, and the team's best figures since 2010. The percentage increases in total attendance (38.0%), and average per date (35.1%) were tops among all teams in the Atlantic, Can-Am, and Frontier Leagues, and the American Association. The Slammers, named for the Illinois State Prison in Joliet, drew 100,000+ from 2002 through 2012, including 2 seasons (2002, 2005) above 200,000, and 180,000+ from 2002 through 2008. They also reached 100,000 in 2017, 2019, and from 2022 through 2024. Their average per date was above 4,000 in the first 5 seasons (2002-2006), with a high of 4,502 in 2003. It topped 3,000 per date in the first 9 seasons (2002-2010).
- The **2024 Lake Erie** (Avon, OH) Crushers drew 97,296, up 5,795 (6.3%), with a 2,070 average per date, up 240 (13.1%). They had one lost date, with 3 less dates than in 2023. 8 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 4,198.
- In both 2018 and 2017, the Crushers had the 2nd best average per date gain by an independent team. The average was above 3,000 in the club's first 2 years, and exceeded 2,000 in 11 of 15 years through 2024. Total attendance topped 100,000 in the first 6 seasons, and again in 2018 and 2019. The Crushers fell 344 short of 100,000 in 2022.
- Les Capitales de Quebec, the 2024, 2023, and 2022 Frontier League Champions, drew 164,925, down 1,991 (1.2%). Average per date was 3,436, up 401 (13.2%). It was the 2nd best total, and 3rd best average per date in the team's 25-year history. There were no lost dates, but 7 fewer dates than in 2023. 22 dates topped 4,000, with a 21 of them drawing a sellout crowd of 4,297.
- Quebec led the Can-Am League in total attendance for 4 straight years until 2012. The Capitales have topped 110,000 in all 24 'normal' years, reached 130,000 in 19 of the last 22 'normal' years through 2024, and surpassed 150,000 in 9 seasons, including 2024. Average per date had topped 2,500 in all seasons until 2018, and again in 2022, 2023, and 2024. It reached 3,000 every year from 2000 through 2013, and in 2023 and 2024, with a high of 3,565 in 2009. Teams from Quebec City led the original Canadian-American League in attendance in 1949 and 1950, and had the best attendance in the Provincial League yearly from 1951 through 1955.

FRONTIER LEAGUE – continued

- Tri-City (Troy, NY) joined the league in 2021 from the MLB-affiliated New York-Penn League. In 2024, the ValleyCats drew 135,036, down 1,195 (0.9%), averaging 3,001 per date, up 163 (5.7%). 23 dates drew at least 3,000, and 9 topped 4,000, with a high of 5,488. There were 3 fewer dates than in 2023, and 3 lost dates. This team had a league-high 7 dates lost in 2022. Only Southern Maryland had as many 2022 lost dates among U.S./Canadian independent teams. Tri-City had 9 lost dates in 2021, the most of any independent team.
- In 2014, Tri-City set a team record in total attendance for 11th time in 12 seasons. That year, the ValleyCats drew a team record-high 161,171. Attendance has been over 100,000 in all 22 seasons, including 2021, topped 140,000 in 11 straight years until 2019, and was above 150,000 from 2010 through 2015. The average per date was over 4,000 in each of 11 consecutive seasons through 2018, and was 3,869 in 2019.
- The **Gateway Grizzlies** of Sauget, Illinois had a **2024** total attendance of 87,388, up 6,935 (8.6%), with an 1,821 average per date, up 179 (10.9%). They had no lost dates, with one less date than in 2023. 6 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 5,071.
- Gateway had topped 150,000 for 12 straight years through 2014, and in 2016. The Grizzlies fell just below that figure in 2015 and 2017. Gateway's average per date surpassed 4,000 in 4 seasons (2003, 2004, 2006, 2007), and has been over 3,000 in 14 years (2003-2014, 2016, 2017), with a high of 4,531 in 2004, when their total was 217,500. Attendance has surpassed 180,000 in 5 seasons.
- Washington, Pa drew 99,150, up 4,251 (4.5%), with a 2,110 average per date, up 212 (11.1%) in **2024**. This was the 2nd best total, and the highest average per date, since 2011. One date was lost, and 3 fewer dates than in 2023 were played. 7 dates drew better than 3,000, with a high of 3,570.
- The Wild Things had 10 consecutive seasons (2002-2011) above 100,000, including 6 years above 150,000. 2022 was the only year above 100,000 since 2011. Washington's average per date had topped 3,000 in their first 6 seasons (2002-2007). Since 2012, it has been below 2,000 every year except 2022 and 2024.
- The Rockland (County) Boulders joined the Frontier League from the Can-Am League, and were renamed the New York Boulders in 2021. In 2024, they drew 136,229, down a league-high 15,061 (10.0%). Average per date rose 9 (0.3%) to 3,096. This was the 3rd best average per date figure in this team's 13-year history. 5 fewer dates were played than in 2023, and 4 dates were lost. Attendance was over 4,000 at 12 dates, with a high of 6,241.
- Rockland led the Can-Am League in total attendance for the 8th straight year in **2019**. The Boulders topped 120,000 in each of their 9 seasons through 2019, and again in 2022, 2023, and 2024, and have been above 140,000 from 2012 through 2017, and in 2023. The average per date has topped 3,000 in 5 seasons.
- **2024** total attendance for **Les Aigles deTrois Rivieres** (Three Rivers Eagles) was 76,548, up 7,734 (11.2%). Average per date rose 205 (13.7%) to 1,701. 3 dates were lost, with one less date than in 2023. 11 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 3,407.
- Trois Rivieres drew 85,506 in 2019, down 6,099. Average per date was 1,677, down 193 from a team record-high 1,869 in 2018. The current version of Les Aigles has averaged between 1,434 and 1,869 per date in their 10 'normal' seasons. NAPBL MLB-affiliated teams played in Trois Rivieres in the original Canadian-American League in 1941, 1942, and from 1946 through 1950, and played in the Eastern League from 1971 through 1977. Their all-time NAPBL attendance high was 119,751 in 1972. The 2015 total of 96,997 was higher than Trois Rivieres drew in all but 2 of 14 NAPBL seasons with listed attendance.

FRONTIER LEAGUE – continued

- **2023 New Jersey Jackals** attendance had to be estimated. The league did not list attendance for 10 of their games, and attempts to get those figures were unsuccessful. The 909 average for the 40 dates with listed attendance was assigned to the other 10 games. So take these **2024 vs. 2023** figures with a big grain of salt:
- In 2024, the Jackals drew 85,518, up an estimated 40,051 (88.1%), with a 1,900 average per date, up an estimated 991 (109.0%). This was their highest total since 2017, and best average per date since 2010. These were the best increases in total attendance and average per date among all U.S./Canadian Minor League teams. The percentage average per date gain was the highest of any Minor League team. They had 3 lost dates, with 5 fewer dates than in 2023. 3 dates drew at least 3,000, with a high of 7,122.
- The Jackals topped 100,000 in 10 of their first 11 seasons (1998-2008), but have been below it in each of the last 15 years. Average per date was above 3,000 in 1999 and 2000, with a high of 3,312 in 1999, and better than 2,000 from 1998 through 2009. It hasn't reached 2,000 since then. Through 2022, the Jackals played at Yogi Berra Stadium, adjacent to the Yogi Berra Museum and Learning Center on the campus of Montclair State University. In 2023, they moved to historic Hinchliffe Stadium in Paterson, NJ. This park, which opened in 1932, was the longtime home of numerous Negro League teams. Hall-of-Famer, and Paterson native, Larry Doby, broke the color line in the American League in 1947.
- Sussex County (Augusta, New Jersey) also joined the Frontier League from the Can-Am League in 2021. The Miners drew 88,180 in 2024, their best total since 2016, and up 19,929 (29.2%). The averaged 2,051 per date, the highest since 2006, and up 463 (29.2%). The Miners had the same number of dates in 2024 and 2023, with 5 lost dates in 2024. 6 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 5,126.
- Sussex County returned to the Can-Am League in 2015, after being in the league from 2006 through 2010. Their top Can-Am League attendance was 101,638 in 2007. From 1994 through 2005, Sussex County was in the MLB-affiliated New York-Penn League, and was named the New Jersey Cardinals. Attendance for that team topped 100,000 every season, was above150,000 in the team's first 5 years, and topped 130,000 in the first 9 years, with a high of 176,788 in 1995. Average per date reached 4,000 from 1994 through 1998, with a high of 4,652 in 1995, and stayed above 3,000 through 2004.
- In 2016, Sussex had gains in both total attendance and average per date that were the best among all independent teams, and 7th best among all Minor League teams. Total attendance was up 58.3%, and average per date rose 55.2%. Puebla of the Mexican League was the only Minor League team that played in the same market as in 2015, that had higher percentage increases in those two categories.
- Ottawa, a former Can-Am League and International League city, joined the Frontier League in 2022. The renamed **Titans** didn't operate in 2021 due to Covid regulations and stadium lease issues. Their **2024** total attendance was 85,214, up 8,709 (11.4%), and average per date was 1,982, up 354 (21.7%). 5 dates were lost, with 4 fewer dates than in 2023. 8 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 4,404.
- The **2019** Ottawa Champions drew 88,119, a low for the 5 years of that team. The top total for the Champions was 127,618 in 2016. Average per date was 1,798 in 2019, at that time, the lowest average since pro baseball returned to Ottawa in 1993. Prior to 2015, Ottawa had a team in the Can-Am League in 2008, and it drew 101,073. There was no Minor League team in Canada's capital city from 2009 through 2014.
- Ottawa was in the International League from 1993 through 2007. In 1993, they drew 663,926, and in 1994, their attendance was 596,858. But then attendance fell sharply, down to 195,979 in 1999. The Lynx drew under 200,000 in 8 of their final 9 years in Ottawa, with a low of 122,594 in 2006. Average per date also had a very big decline from 9,764 in 1993, to 8,908 in 1994, 6,888 in 1995, 5,423 in 1996, 4,165 in 1997, 3,205 in 1998, to a low of 1,915 in 2006.
- Before 1993, Ottawa had teams in other leagues as late as 1954. Their highest recorded attendance was 153,152 in 1952, in the International League.

2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE HIGHLIGHTS - FRONTIER LEAGUE – continued

- Brockton, MA, a former Can-Am League city, joined this league for 2024. The team is named the New England Knockouts. In 2024, they drew 51,295, averaging 1,115 per date. There were 2 lost dates. 7 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 2,996. Brockton played in the Can-Am League from 2002 through 2011. They drew over 150,000 in 4 of those seasons, and topped 3,000 per date 7 times. Brockton holds the Can-Am League records for highest total attendance (203,094) and average per date (3,982), both set in 2004.
- In **2025**, 2 new teams will play in this league. The Down East Bird Dogs (Kinston, NC) replace an MLB-affiliated Carolina League team that moved to Spartanburg, SC. The Mississippi Mud Monsters (Pearl, MS) replace an MLB-affiliated Southern League team that moved to Columbus, GA.
- The Frontier League, established in 1993, played its 31st season in **2024.** The Northern League also began play in 1993, and they were the first independent leagues in decades. There were 8 Frontier League teams in 1993, but two of them disbanded early in the season. Total attendance was 82,615, led by the Zanesville Greys, who drew 21,547. The Greys name was used by a road team that played in 2015, 2022, and 2023. None of cities in the Frontier League in 1993 are still in pro baseball. The Northern League had 6 teams, drawing 651,452, led by St. Paul, who attracted 167,956. St. Paul, now with the MLB-affiliated International League, and Sioux City, and Sioux Falls, in the American Association, are still active.

Some Recent Frontier League Teams No Longer in Professional Baseball

- The **Southern Illinois** (Marion) Miners played their final season in **2021**, and drew 66,099, with a 1,502 average per date. They had 2 lost dates, and played the same number of dates as in 2019. This team disbanded after the season. In **2023**, Marion got a new team (Thrillville Thrillbillies) in the Summer Collegiate Prospect League, and it averaged 2.336 per date in 2023, and 3,637 in 2024.
- In 2019, the Miners' average per date decline of 437 to 2,305, was the worst drop in the league, and the 3rd worst among all independent teams. Total attendance dipped 8,250 to 101,441, with 4 more dates. It was the lowest total and average in this team's 13 seasons through 2019. In 2007, the Miners became the first Frontier League team to average over 5,000 per date. In 2014, total attendance rose 21,203, the best increase among all independent teams. Attendance in Marion topped 125,000 in the first 11 seasons, and was over 200,000 from 2007 through 2010. The Miners drew over 150,000 in 8 of those years (2007-2011, 2015-2017). Their average per date was 5,086 in 2007, topped 4,000 through 2010, and was above 2,500 every year until 2019.
- In **2018**, their final Frontier League season, **Traverse City** drew 88,176, averaging 2,261 per date. It was the low total and average in 13 years of play. The Beach Bums topped 200,000 in their first 2 seasons (2006 and 2007), and drew over 150,000 in their first 8 years. 2018 was the first season under 119,000. The average per date was 4,241 in 2006, 4,041 in 2007, and topped 3,000 in the first 9 seasons. Record-high total was 206,102 in 2007. Traverse City now has a team in the Northwoods Summer Collegiate League. It averaged 1,674 per date in 2019, 1,652 in 2021, 2,268 in 2022, 2,528 in 2023, and 2,548 in 2024.
- **2018** was also a final Frontier League year for **Normal**. They drew 81,716. Average per date was 1,857. The CornBelters averaged above 2,000 per date in their first 7 years (2010-2016). Their record-high total (132,309), and average per date (2,646) were in 2009, their first season. Normal fielded a team in the Summer Collegiate Prospect League, since 2019. It averaged 705 per date in 2019, 732 in 2021, 671 in 2022, 1,069 in 2023, and 1,198 in 2024.
- In 2015, their final season, Rockford drew 44,674, its lowest total in 14 years as an independent league market. Average per date was 993. Those were the lowest figures for any team in the Frontier, Atlantic, and Can-Am Leagues, or in the American Association. The dip of 27,666 in total attendance, and 615 in average per date, were 4th worst among the independent teams in 2015. Rockford had topped 100,000 each year from 2004 through 2010. Their Frontier League high was 138,234 in 2008. The city had its top attendance of 158,674 in 1988 in the Midwest League, where they had a team from 1988 through 1999. Their Midwest League low was 50,900 in 1992. Rockford now is in the Summer Collegiate Northwoods League. That team drew an average per date of 1,180 in 2024, 1,097 in 2023, 874 in 2022, 720 in 2021, 527 in 2020, 1,021 in 2019, 894 in 2018, 874 in 2017, and 604 in 2016.

FRONTIER LEAGUE – continued

FRONTIER LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

Manag	_# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	16	1,736,211	98,652	6.0	2,372	159	7.2
2023	16	1,637,559	34,371	2.1	2,213	32	1.5
2022	16	1,603,188	496,894	44.9	2,181	362	19.8
2021	14	1,106,294			1,820		
			(//	(12.2)			
2019	10	1,028,721	(166,130)	(13.9)	2,266	33	1.5
2018	12	1,194,851	(93,691)	(7.3)	2,233	(140)	(5.9)
2017	12	1,288,542	2,657	0.2	2,373	(17)	(0.7)
2016	12	1,285,885	(108,699)	(7.8)	2,390	152	6.8
2015	13	1,394,584	(49,738)	(3.4)	2,238	(118)	(5.0)
2014	13	1,444,322	(96,847)	(6.3)	2,356	(83)	(3.4)
2013	13	1,541,169	(5,464)	(0.4)	2,439	56	2.3
2012	14	1,546,633	134,720	9.5	2,383	(152)	(6.0)
2011	12	1,411,913	(86,148)	(5.8)	2,535	(184)	(6.8)
2010	14	1,498,061	53,835	3.7	2,719	93	3.5
2009	12	1,444,226	(24,751)	(1.7)	2,626	26	1.0
2008	11	1,468,977	(34,243)	(2.3)	2,600	(118)	(4.3)
2007	12	1,503,220	241,825	19.2	2,718	5	0.2
2006	10	1,261,395	79,190	6.7	2,713	602	28.5
2005	12	1,182,205	(112,506)	(8.7)	2,111	(309)	(12.8)
2004	12	1,294,711	185,301	16.7	2,420	203	9.2
2003	12	1,109,410	160,144	16.9	2,217	280	14.5
2002	12	949,266	230,044	32.0	1,937	454	30.6
2001	12	719,222	110,906	18.2	1,483	(101)	(6.4)
2000	10	608,316	(103,420)	(14.5)	1,584	(200)	(11.2)
1999	10	711,736	0283,598	66.2	1,784	347	24.1
1998	8	428,138	(20,643)	(4.6)	1,437	(34)	(2.3)
1997	8	448,781	31,162	7.5	1,471	N/A	N/A
1996	8	417,619	100,819	31.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
1995	8	316,800	100,572	46.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
1994	8	216,228	133,613	161.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
1993	6	82,615			N/A	N/A	N/A

<u>CAN-AM LEAGUE</u> (6 teams in 2019 – merged with Frontier League in 2021) RECORD HIGHS: League – 1,040,107 (2007) 9 home teams; Team – Brockton – 203,094 (2004) set in the Northeast League, Brockton – 190,675 (2005) in the Can-Am League

- The league merged into the Frontier League for the 2021 season. All of the 2019 teams, except Ottawa, played in 2021. Quebec and Trois Rivieres were combined into the Province of Quebec team for the 2021 season, but the two individual teams returned in 2022. Ottawa also rejoined the Frontier League in 2022. Brockton joined the Frontier League in 2024.
- There were 6 teams again in the Can-Am League in 2019, its final season as an independent entity. There were some games with foreign teams that counted in the attendance totals.
- 2019 total attendance fell 33,583 (5.6%) to 565,936, with 12 fewer dates than in 2018, and 13 lost dates. Average per date was 1,986, the lowest since 2013, down 33.
- Average attendance per team was 94,323 in 2019, lowest since 2013. The league averaged above 100,000 per team from 2005 through 2008, and from 2014 through 2017. Average per date topped 2,000 in 12 of the league's last 16 years, and 16 times in this league's 23-year history. 2018 was the 5th year in a row above 2,000. These figures include seasons when it was the Northeast League and also when it was part of the Northern League.
- No teams had gains in total attendance in 2019. All teams had small total attendance declines. New Jersey and Sussex were up in average per date.

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2019	6	565,936	(33,583)	(5.6)	1,986	(33)	(1.6)
2018	6	599,519	(31,625)	(5.0)	2,019	(92)	(4.4)
2017	6	631,144	(36,572)	(5.5)	2,111	(137)	(6.1)
2016	6	667,716	26,632	4.2	2,248	153	7.3
2015	6	641,084	224,430	53.9	2,095	(233)	(10.0)
2014	4	416,654	(37,712)	(8.3)	2,328	352	17.8
2013	5	454,366	(40,332)	(8.2)	1,976	(111)	(5.3)
2012	5	494,698	(132,415)	(21.1)	2,087	237	12.8
2011	7	627,113	103,219	19.7	1,850	(127)	(6.4)
2010	6	523,894	(39,314)	(7.0)	1,977	(232)	(10.5)
2009	6	563,208	(280,452)	(33.2)	2,209	(141)	(6.0)
2008	8	843,660	(196,447)	(18.9)	2,350	54	2.4
2007	9	1,040,107	230,066	28.4	2,296	(159)	(6.5)
2006	8	810,041	(20,963)	(2.5)	2,455	20	1.0
2005	7	832,717	72,000	9.5	2,435	203	8.9
2004	8	759,004	96,962	14.6	2,232	273	13.9
2003	8	662,042	(46,301)	(6.5)	1,959	(106)	(5.1)
2002	8	708,343	116,883	19.8	2,065	(254)	(11.0)
2001	6	591,460	(34,048)	(5.4)	2,319	268	13.1
2000	8	625,508	(51,349)	(7.6)	2,051	(32)	(1.5)
1999	8	676,857	96,851	16.7	2,083	230	12.4
1998	8	580,006	147,096	34.0	1,853	474	34.4
1997	8	432,910	192,794	80.3	1,379	N/A	N/A
1996	6	240,116	54,645	29.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
1995	6	185,471			N/A	N/A	N/A

CAN-AM AND NORTHEAST LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

PIONEER BASEBALL LEA	(8 teams – 76-games, short-season in 2019, 96-game independent schedule in 2021) (10 teams in 2022, 2023, 12 teams in 2024, 2025 – 96-game schedule 2022 - 2025)
Pre-2021 League Records:	Total Attendance: 728,952 (2008 – 8 teams); Avg. per Team: 91,119 (8 teams - 2008); Average per Date: 2,504 (2019). Longer season in 1948 drew 802,682.
Post-2020 League Records:	: Total Attendance: 1,052,267 (2024–10 teams); Average per Team: 106,753 (9 teams-2023); Average per date: 2,310 (2023).
Pre-2021 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Salt Lake City–217,263 (1992); Avg./Date: Salt Lake City - 5,717 (1992) Current Team: Total – Ogden-146,201 (2019); Average per Date – Ogden – 3,951 (2019)
Post-2020 Team Records:	Total Attendance: Ogden–167,484 (2022); Average per Date: Ogden - 3,641 (2022)

- Pioneer Baseball League 10 teams in 2022 and 2023, 12 in 2024 and 2025. 7 of these teams played in the MLBaffiliated Rookie Class Pioneer League in 2019. Boise joined from the Short-A Northwest League in 2021. 2024 was the Pioneer League's 4th season as an independent pro league. In **2022**, the league added teams in Kalispell, Montana (Glacier Range Riders), and Windsor, Colorado (Northern Colorado Owlz). However Northern Colorado's park has not been ready since 2022, so the team has played on various fields. They listed attendance as 27,581 in 43 dates in 2023, and no attendance was listed in 2024. Northern Colorado's 2023 attendance is excluded from the league's official attendance figures, and from this report's listed attendance totals and average per date.
- In 2024, the league added teams in Oakland and Yolo (Davis), CA. Yolo did not have reported attendance. Top crowd in the league in 2024 was 8,427 at Rocky Mountain.
- The league continued to play a 96-game schedule in 2024, and drew a league record-high total of 1,052,267, averaging 2,220 per date. The total was up 91,492 (9.5%), but average per date fell 90 (3.9%), with 58 more dates than in 2023. 6 dates were lost. 5 teams had no lost dates. The league averaged 105,227 per team. The 9 teams with attendance in both 2024 and 2023 had combined declines of 554 (0.1%) in total attendance, and 56 (2.4%) in average per date. 5 of the 9 teams had gains in total attendance vs. 2023, and 4 teams were up in average per date.
- Boise drew 150,906, averaging 3,211 per date, to lead this league, ending Ogden's 23-year steak as league leaders. Ogden finished a close 2nd with a 147,009 total and 3,128 average per date. Glacier set new team record-highs in total attendance (110,858), average per date (2,310), and for a single game (5,365), in their 3rd season.
- Grand Junction had the league's largest attendance increases, with the total up 11,917, and average per date rising by 248. Ogden had the biggest declines, down 17,552 in total attendance, and down 373 in average per date.
- The **pre-2021** league record-high was 802,682 in 1948, when this league played a full-season schedule. The **2019** Pioneer League had a 76-game schedule, and drew 721,268, averaging a league record-high 2,504 per date.
- Yuba-Sutter (Marysville, CA) replaces Yolo (Davis, CA) in 2025.
- **2024** was the 21st year in a row where the average per date was at least 2,000. The league did not average 2,000+ per date in any season before 2003, going back to at least 1992.
- Pioneer League total attendance didn't top 600,000 from 1953 through 2002. It has done so every year since then.
- The relocation of Helena to Colorado Springs led to a significant attendance increase in 2019. Total attendance rose 116,931 (19.4%) to 721,268, the 3rd best total in league history. Only 2008 and 2009 had a higher total. The percentage gain was best among all U.S./Canadian Minor Leagues. Average per date was a league record-high 2,504, up 434, breaking the mark of 2,463 in 2008. The league had 4 fewer dates than in 2018, with 16 rainouts.
- Pioneer League **short-season** record-high average attendance per team was 91,119 in 2008. The only other years above 90,000 were 2009, and 2019, when the average was 90,159. The short-season average per team reached 70,000 for the first time in 2002, and topped this figure every year after. This league began to play a short-season schedule in 1964. The longer season record-high average per team, **until broken in 2021**, was 100,335 in 1948.

PIONEER BASEBALL LEAGUE – continued

- From 1964 through 1980, league average per team never topped 40,000. The low was 15,862 in 1965. That year, the league's 4 teams drew a combined total of just 63,446. 5 of the 8 teams in the league in 2019 individually drew more than that in 2019. In 1965, each team played a total of 66 games. Lowest team attendance was 8,692 by the Tommy Lasorda-managed Pocatello Chiefs. The last year with an average per team below 50,000 was 1993 (41,921).
- The league added 2 new teams in 2024. The Oakland Ballers in West Oakland, CA, and the Yolo High Wheelers in Davis, CA. This was the first professional team in Davis. They move to Marysville, CA in 2025. Oakland had a long history of Minor League Baseball, most notably a 53-year run in the Pacific Coast League from 1903 through 1955. Their highest attendance was 634,311 in 1946. The 1947, 1948, and 1949 Oakland teams also topped 500,000.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- After an amazing 23 straight years of leading the Pioneer League in attendance, the Ogden Raptors fell just a bit short in 2024. They drew 147,009, down 17,552 (10.7%). Average per date was 3,128, down 373 (10.7%), the largest decline among U.S./Canadian independent teams. There was one lost date, with the same number of dates in 2024 and 2023. Attendance topped 4,000 at 7 dates. Top crowd was 5,996.
- The Raptors have topped 100,000 and averaged over 3,000 per date for 23 straight years, including 2021. In 16 of those seasons, the average per date topped 3,400. They've reached 125,000 in 18 of the last 22 seasons, and surpassed 120,000 in 21 of those years. Ogden, Rocky Mountain, and Grand Junction have the largest parks in this league, with capacities of about 7,000.
- In 2022, Ogden drew a team record-high total of 167,484.
- Ogden drew a then-record-high 146,201 in 2019, up 16,916. Average per date rose by 549 to a team-recordhigh 3,951. The previous records were set in 2009. The increases in attendance were the best among all short-season teams, and the average per date gain was 10th best among all MLB-affiliated clubs. 13 dates drew at least 4,000, and 7 dates topped 5,000, with a high of 5,905.
- The **Boise Hawks** took over as the Pioneer League attendance leader in **2024**. This team moved from the MLB-affiliated Northwest League (now a High-A league) to the Pioneer League in **2021**. They drew 150,906 in **2024**, down 12,016 (7.4%). Average per date was 3,211, down 256 (7.4%). There was one lost date, and the same number of dates as in 2023. 8 dates drew better than 4,000, with a high of 4,657.
- Boise's 2019 attendance of 129,805 was, at that time, their best total since 2000. From 1989 through 2010, the Hawks topped 100,000 every year except 2001, when they missed by just 160, and then reached 100,000 again from 2015 through 2024, including 2021. It was above 120,000 from 1989 through 2000, and from 2018 through 2024. 2019 average per date was 3,416, the best at that time since 2000. The Hawks' average was over 4,000 each year from 1994 through 1998, with a high of 4,590 in 1997. Boise's ballpark seats 3,426. There have been talks about building a new ballpark in Boise for both the Hawks and Boise State University.
- The Idaho Falls Chukars drew 92,551, up 3,202 (3.6%) in 2024. The Chukars averaged 1,969 per date, down 61 (3.0%), which ended a streak of 16th straight years above 2,000. 7 dates drew over 3,000, led by a crowd of 3,699.
 2022 was the 4th straight year above 100,000, but just the 5th time in the 79 seasons with recorded attendance, that Idaho Falls reached that level.
- Idaho Falls had a team record-high total attendance of 109,647 in 2021, up 6,788 from 2019, breaking the old record of 104,960 set in 2007. The Chukars averaged a team record-high 2,780 per date in 2019, breaking the 2007 record. Total attendance was 102,859 in 2019. That was the 3rd best total (to 2007 and 2021) in Idaho Falls. 2007 was the first year that the total reached 90,000, but it has surpassed that in all but 3 years since then. The Chukars' park seats 3,400, and 17 of their top 18 attendance totals have come in the last 17 seasons, including 2021 through 2024. The highest attendance for a full-season team in Idaho Falls was 81,157 in 1948. From 2007 through 2019, the Chukars drew above that with their short-season team every year except 2014.

PIONEER BASEBALL LEAGUE - continued

- In 2024, Great Falls had a 4,640 (7.4%) gain in total attendance to 67,280, the highest since 2009. Average per date was up 8 (0.6%) to 1,431, tying 2021 for the best since 2013. The Voyagers played 3 more dates than in 2023, with one lost date. It was the 13th 'normal' year in a row under 100,000. 4 dates topped 2,000, with a high of 3,100.
- Great Falls drew 47,207 in 2019. It was the 6th year in a row under 50,000. Average per date was 1,388. Through 2019, attendance in Great Falls had been cut by more than half since 2003. The Voyagers did not reach 60,000 in their last 9 years as a short-season team, after topping 100,000 in 5 of 7 seasons from 2003 through 2009. A full-season team in Great Falls topped 100,000 each year from 1949 through 1953. The next year above 100,000 was 2003. Average per date reached 2,000 yearly from 1998 through 2009, but not since. The high was 3,183 in 2003. Great Falls is the 2nd smallest TV market (ranked #191 of 210 by A.C. Nielsen) with a Minor League team in 2024.
- Total **2024** attendance in **Billings** fell 1,420 (1.3%), to 108,693. Average per date was 2,264, down 238 (9.5%). The Mustangs had 4 more dates than in 2023, and no dates were lost. 4 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 3,813.
- Billings drew 96,594 in 2019. It was the 2nd straight year under 100,000 after 10 straight years above 100,000. Prior to this streak, Billings had reached 100,000 just 8 times in the previous 48 seasons. The Mustangs' 2019 average per date was 2,611, their lowest since 2007. Including 2021 through 2024, the average per date has been above 2,100 every year since 1983. It's been over 2,800 in 14 of those seasons, and topped 3,000 in 1987, 1995, 2003, 2008, and 2012. Billings led the Pioneer League in attendance 14 times between 1973 and 1999, and had the 2nd best attendance in the league 25 times from 1973 through 2017.
- The **Rocky Mountain Vibes** (Colorado Springs) drew 121,419 up 7,378 (6.5%) in **2024**, with a 2,530 average per date, up 103 (4.3%). There were no lost dates, and one more date was played than in 2023. 11 dates drew over 3,000, topped by **an independent Pioneer League record-high crowd of 8,427**. (The single game record-high for the Pacific Coast League team in Colorado Springs was 9,505 in 2004.) This team plays at a higher altitude than any U.S. pro baseball team. Their park is 6,531 feet above sea level.
- Rocky Mountain played its first season in Colorado Springs in 2019 after moving from Helena. Total attendance was 137,294, up 106,928 from what Helena drew in 2018. Average per date was 3,923, up 3,083 from Helena's average. 15 dates topped 4,000, with 9 of them drawing better than 5,000. The largest crowd was 7,048. Helena's best total was 49,015 in 1992, and their top average per date from 1992 on, was 1,290 in 1992.
- In 2018, the Pacific Coast League club in Colorado Springs drew 262,657, averaging 4,104 per date. That club's record-high total was 350,374 in 2014, and their top average per date was 5,181 in 2013. In their 31 Triple-A seasons, Colorado Springs drew a total of 7,846,619, averaging 253,117 per year.
- **Grand Junction**, in its 12th season, had a **2024** total attendance of 79,417, up 11,917 (17.7%), with a 1,655 average per date, up 248 (17.7%). The increases were the best in the league. There were no lost dates in both 2024 and 2023. 7 dates topped 2,000 with a high of 4,268. In 2023, the team's name changed from Rockies to Jackalopes.
- In **2019**, Grand Junction drew 88,476, and average per date was 2,391. This was the best total and average since 2013. Rockies' attendance reached 100,000 only in 2012, their first season in Colorado. The team moved to Grand Junction from Casper WY, where the top attendance ever was 57,120 in 2010.
- The **Oakland (CA) Ballers** played their first season in **2024**, and drew 92,046, averaging 1,918 per date, with no lost dates. 6 dates topped 3,000 with a high of 4,100. This is the first Minor League team in Oakland since 1955. The 1955 Oakland Oaks drew 141,397, their lowest attendance since 1938. The Minor League season high in Oakland was 634,311 in 1946. That same year, across The Bay, the San Francisco Seals drew a Minor League then-record-high 670,563. The Oaks also topped 500,000 in 1947, 1948, and 1949.

PIONEER BASEBALL LEAGUE - continued

- The **Missoula** Osprey were renamed the PaddleHeads for the **2021** season. Their **2024** total attendance was 82,088, down 6,900 (7.8%). Average per date was 1,785, down 109 (5.7%), with one less date, and 2 dates lost. 12 dates drew over 2,000, with 3 of them surpassing 3,000. The largest crowd was 3,503.
- Through 2014, Missoula had drawn over 80,000 for 8 straight years after never reaching that level. Attendance fell below that figure from 2015 through 2019, and in 2021, but rose above it in 2022, 2023, and 2024. In **2019**, the total was 57,076, the lowest since 2003. The Osprey averaged 1,679 per date in 2019, the lowest average since 2003. Average per date exceeded 2,000 each year from 2007 through 2015.
- Kalispell, Montana, located in the Flathead Valley, got a pro Minor League team for the first time in 2022. This team is named the **Glacier Range Riders**, after Montana's Glacier National Park. **2024** total attendance was 110,858, up 10,197 (10.1%), with a 2,310 average per date, up 212 (10.1%). The same number of dates were played in 2024 and 2023, with no postponements each year. 4 dates drew over 3,000, and the largest crowd was 5,365. **The 2024** total attendance, average per date, and single-game high, were all the best in this team's 3 seasons.
- While not officially counted in **2023** league attendance, **Northern Colorado** (Windsor) drew 27,581 at their temporary park, averaging 641 per date, with a high of 1,657. Some **2024** attendance was reported in the box scores, but again, the league is not including it in their official attendance.
- The Yolo (Davis, CA) High Wheelers, a 2024 expansion team, and 2024 Pioneer League Champions, had no listed attendance. They played all home games during the day, due to no lights at their field. This team becomes the Yuba-Sutter High Wheelers (Marysville, CA) in 2025. Marysville had a team in the Western League in 2000 and 2002, and in the Pecos Baseball League in 2023 and 2024. Top attendance was 87,179 (1,937 per date) in 2000.

Recent Former Pioneer League Teams and League Historical Notes

- Until 2016, **Orem** had surpassed 75,000 in all of their 11 seasons, with 4 of those years topping 100,000. But the Owlz (yes, that is how the team spelled its name) had their toughest attendance year in **2019**, their final season in Orem. Total 2019 attendance fell 5,531 to 45,561, and average per date was down 114 to 1,231, both the lowest in this team's 15-year history. 3 dates topped 2,000. Average per date had been above 2,000 from 2005 through 2015. This franchise was inactive in 2021.
- The Owlz name returned to the Pioneer League in **2022**, with a new team in Windsor, Colorado, named the **Northern Colorado Owlz**. This is the first pro Minor League team for that city. Their ballpark, located in a big sports complex, with 2 stadiums, and an indoor arena, was not ready for the season, so the team played at various fields in the area. Their listed attendance of 3,004 in 40 dates is not included in the Pioneer League totals. Only 9 of the dates played had a reported attendance of at least 100. The new park was not ready in 2023 or 2024 either.
- It was 13 years in a row, through their final season of 2018, with total attendance under 40,000 for the **Helena** Brewers, who played in a 2,100-seat park. Teams in Helena failed to reach 30,000 in any season from 1978 through 1988, and topped 40,000 just 6 times in 39 years, none since 2005, and never reached 50,000. Lowest total was 10,694 in 1983. The 2018 total was 31,086 and the average per date was 840. The average per date topped 1,000 in 12 of the 25 seasons that Helena has fielded a team since 1992, but only in 2016 since 2007. Record-high average per date since 1991 was 1,290 in 1992. Helena, ranked #205, was the smallest market with a team.
- Highest attendance ever for any Pioneer League game was 12,870 at Salt Lake City in 1992. Salt Lake City went to the Pacific Coast League in 1993, where they still play. But they had a Pioneer League team from 1939-1942, 1946-1957, 1967-1969, and 1985-1992. In their final Pioneer League season, Salt Lake City drew 217,263, the highest total ever in this league. They also topped 200,000 as a Pioneer League team in 1946 and 1991. Pioneer League attendance in Salt Lake City reached 100,000 in 1940, then 8 times between 1946 and 1956, all with longer-season schedules, and each year from 1986 through 1992 as a short-season team.

PIONEER BASEBALL LEAGUE - continued

PIONEER LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	[Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year		Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	12	1,052,267	91,492	9.5		2,220	(90)	(3.9)
2023	10	960,775	37,412	4.1		2,310	121	5.6
2022	10	923,363	83,989	10.0		2,188	(118)	(5.1)
2021	8	839,374				2,306		
		,				,		
2019	8	721,268	116,931	19.4		2,504	434	21.0
2018	8	604,337	(13,705)	(2.2)		2,070	24	1.2
2017	8	618,042	1,356	0.2		2,046	(59)	(2.8)
2016	8	616,686	(16,926)	(2.7)		2,105	(80)	(3.7)
2015	8	633,622	10,581	1.7		2,185	37	1.7
2014	8	623,031	(50,093)	(7.4)		2,148	(134)	(5.9)
2013	8	673,124	(21,928)	(3.2)		2,282	(35)	(1.5)
2012	8	695,052	24,166	3.6		2,317	88	3.9
2011	8	670,886	20,497	3.2		2,229	46	2.1
2010	8	650,389	(71,553)	(9.9)		2,183	(264)	(10.8)
2009	8	721,942	(7,010)	(1.0)		2,447	(16)	(0.6)
2008	8	728,952	10,616	1.5		2,463	61	2.5
2007	8	718,336	56,712	8.6		2,402	211	9.6
2006	8	661,624	45,292	7.3		2,191	130	6.3
2005	8	616,332	15,225	2.5		2,061	(19)	(0.9)
2004	8	601,107	(27,158)	(4.3)		2,080	(64)	(3.0)
2003	8	628,265	62,773	11.1		2,144	214	11.1
2002	8	565,492	25,434	4.7		1,930	93	5.1
2001	8	540,058	78,177	16.9		1,837	282	18.1
2000	8	461,881	7,519	1.7		1,555	15	1.0
1999	8	454,362	(15,276)	(3.3)		1,540	(108)	(6.6)
1998	8	469,638	(5,654)	(1.2)		1,648	(87)	(5.0)
1997	8	475,292	33,354	7.5		1,735	173	11.1
1996	8	441,938	38,526	9.6		1,562	95	6.5
1995	8	403,412	(13,573)	(3.3)		1,467	(12)	(0.8)
	-	446.555					465	46.1
1994	8	416,985	81,619	24.3		1,479	139	10.4
1993	8	335,366	(211,241)	(38.6)		1,340	(585)	(30.4)
1992	8	546,607	14,237	2.7		1,925	N/A	N/A
1991	8	532,370	(9,708)	(1.8)		N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	8	542,078	58,910	12.2		N/A	N/A	N/A

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE (16 teams, includes a road team in 2022 and 2024; 16 teams in 2023, 2024, and 2025 20-32 home dates per team)

RECORD HIGHS: League – Total Attendance: 130,635 – (2023), 16 teams with attendance; Average per Team – 8,725 (6-teams-2012); Average per Date: 324 (2023)

Team: Total Attendance: Lancaster, CA - 32,580 (2023), Avg. per Date: Lancaster – 1,810 (2023)

- **Pecos Baseball League** 16 teams in 2024. North Platte, NE and Pecos, TX were added in 2024, and Austin became a road team. Monterey and Lancaster, both in California, did not return.
- The Pecos League has operating for 14 seasons, the longest tenure of any 'small-market' independent Minor League since the rebirth of independent leagues in 1993. Most of the league's parks are tiny.
- The Pecos League was the only North American professional baseball league, on any level, to have higher attendance in 2021 than it did in 2019, playing a roughly similar-length or shorter, schedule.
- 2024 total attendance was an estimated 125,234, and average per date was 298. The total was down 5,401 (4.1%) vs. 2023, and average per date dipped by 26 (8.0%). 17 more dates were played. Of the 13 teams that played in 2024 and 2023, 9 had gains in total attendance, and 10 were up in average per date, with Trinidad posting the same average in both years. Bakersfield led the league in total attendance (23,458), average per date (634), and had the highest gains, up 12,436 in total, and up 300 in average per date. Garden City and Santa Fe also topped 500 per date. The declines were very small, with Vallejo, down 716 in total and 60 in average per date, having the top losses.
- The same teams that played home games in this league in both **2024 and 2023** had a combined total attendance increase of 27,590 (29.4%), and an average per date gain of 56 (20.7%), with 25 more dates.
- Lancaster, CA, in 2023, drew an all-time league record-high total of 32,580, and a league record-shattering 1,810 average per date. The prior league record-high average was 631 by Garden City, KS in 2022. Lancaster's average per date in 2023 was higher than the reported average of 17 MLB-affiliated teams, and 17 teams from the larger-capacity independent leagues.
- Bakersfield, Alpine (as Pecos League teams), Dublin, and Blackwell drew record-highs in total attendance in 2024. These same teams, plus Santa Fe, set new team record-highs in average per date.
- In 2025, Monterey, CA will return to the league, and Kansas City, MO will be added. Road team Austin will not return, and Marysville is moving to the Pioneer League.
- The number of home dates played in **2024** ranged from 17 by Tucson, and 18 by Dublin, CA, up to 32 by San Rafael, Trinidad, and Garden City, 34 by Alpine, and 37 by Bakersfield.
- The league is divided into two divisions (Mountain and Pacific). There is no interdivisional play until the playoffs, in order to reduce team travel. The number of 2025 scheduled home dates per team ranges from 20 for Pecos and Monterey (CA), and 23 for Tucson, to 29 for Blackwell, 30 for Roswell, 31 for San Rafael, and 32 for Santa Fe.
- Only one day game (in North Platte) was scheduled for a weekday in 2024.
- Attendance figures were provided by the league office. The Pecos League is the only Baseball Minor League, and perhaps the only North American professional sports league, that does not include 'no-shows' in its attendance. This causes their announced attendance to be lower than it would be if they followed the attendance-listing procedures of other leagues by including 'no shows.' Due to the relatively low figures, yearto-year percent changes have less value.

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE - continued

- The Bakersfield Train Robbers led the league in 2024 attendance. They drew 23,458, up 12,436 (112.8%), and averaged 634 per date, up 300 (89.8%), their best total and average per date as a member of this league. These were the best 2024 vs. 2023 increases in this league. They had 4 more dates than in 2023.
- Bakersfield and High Desert played in the California League through 2016. Those teams were relocated to the Carolina League in 2017, and these two markets then joined the Pecos League. Bakersfield's record-high as an MLB-affiliated team was 158,714 in 1992. Teams there reached 100,000 in 1947, 1948, 1949, and 1953, and then 12 times between 1984 and 2002, but not after that.
- In 2022, Garden City (Kansas) had the highest total attendance and average per date of any team in the history of the Pecos League through 2022. The Wind drew a total of 24,609, and averaged 631 per date. Lancaster, CA broke these records in 2023. In 2024, their total attendance was 19,136, up 3,874 (25.4%). Average per date rose 11 (1.9%) to 598, with 6 more dates vs. 2023.
- Garden City also led the league in 2021, with a then-team record-high total of 18,540, and a then-team record-high 412 average per date. The Wind averaged 275 per date in 2019, up 200, the 5th best gain among independent teams.
- In 2024, Martinez drew 7,134, down 561 (7.3%), averaging 246 per date, down 39 (13.7%). They had 2 more dates in 2024 than in 2023. The Sturgeon did not play in 2019. They had been in the Pacific Association in 2018.
- The **Tucson Saguaros**, in a tiny park, had a total attendance of 5,831 in **2024**, up 1,171 (25.1%), with a 343 average per date, up 110 (47.2%), with 3 fewer dates.
- There were Pacific Coast League teams in Tucson for many years. Attendance reached 300,000 from 1991 through 1996, and in 1998, with a high of 317,347 in 1991. Tucson's independent league high is 139,149 in 2009.
- **Trinidad** drew a total of 5,600 in **2024**, up 875 (18.5%). The average per date of 175 was the same as in 2023. There were 5 more dates than in 2023.
- Santa Fe had a 2024 total of 15,531, up 2,539 (19.5%), the 2nd best total in this club's 12 years in the league. They missed the record by just 21. Average per date rose 53 (11.8%) to a team record-high 501. There were 2 more dates. Their average per date has increased 4-fold since 2016.
- 2024 total attendance in Roswell fell 287 (8.1%) to 3,248. Average per date was 112, up 11 (10.9%). There were 6 fewer dates. Teams listing attendance played in Roswell from 1949 through 1959. Top attendance was 82,671 in 1950.
- The 2024 Pecos League Champion Alpine Cowboys had an increase of 2,728 (26.2%) in total attendance to a team record-high 13,328. Average per date was 392, the 2nd highest in this team's 13 seasons, and up 40 (11.4%. 4 more dates were played than in 2023. The record-high total for any pro team in Alpine is 22,630 in 1959, in the Sophomore League.
- San Rafael, which had been the most successful team in attendance in the Pacific Association, joined the Pecos League in 2021. The Pacifics drew 11,936 in 2024, down 412 (3.3%). Average per date was 373, up 30 (8.7%), with 4 fewer dates than in 2023.
- The Monterey, CA Amerjacks did not play in 2024, but will return in 2025. In 2023, they had a 3,844 total, and a 124 average per date.

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE - continued

- Vallejo drew a total of 3,400 in 2024, down 716 (17.4%). Average per date was 136, down 60 (30.6%), with 4 more dates than in 2023.
- The Austin Weirdos played only 6 home dates in **2023**, and drew 240, down 2,672 (91.8%), averaging 40 per date, down 72 (64.3%). Austin was a road team in **2024**, and will not play in **2025**. Round Rock of the Triple-A Pacific Coast League, and one of the most successful Minor League teams in attendance, plays nearby.
- **Blackwell, OK** played its 2nd season in **2024**, drawing 4,959, up 2,176 (78.2%), and averaging 171 per date, up 50 (41.3%), with 6 more dates. The Flycatchers are the first Minor League team there since 1954.
- **Marysville, CA** was also a newcomer to the league in **2023**. In **2024**, the Drakes drew a total of 5,516, up 2,315 (72.3%), with a 197 average per date, up 100 (103.1%). They had 5 fewer dates than in 2023. In 2025, Marysville will play in the Pioneer League as the Yuba-Sutter High Wheelers.
- **Dublin, CA** played only 8 home dates in **2023**, their first year in the league. In **2024**, they had 18 home dates, and drew a total of 2,484, up 1,412 (131.7%). Average per date was 138, up 4 (3.0%).
- The Pecos (Texas) Bills played their first season in 2024, and drew 1,053, averaging 39 per date. This is the first pro team to play in that town.
- The North Platte (Nebraska) 80's also played their first Pecos League season in 2024. They drew 2,620, with a 131 average per date. North Platte had teams in the Nebraska State League from 1928-1932, and from 1956-1959. Highest reported attendance was 38,578 in 1956. North Platte, ranked #209, is the smallest TV market to ever have a Minor League team. Glendive, Montana, which has never had a team, is the only smaller TV market in the U.S.
- The Kansas City (MO) Hormigas join the league in 2025. They will play in Satchel Paige Memorial Stadium, named in honor of the first Negro Leagues player inducted into the Baseball Hall-of-Fame.
- Lancaster, CA, played its only season in this league in 2023, but they made it a memorable one. The Sound Breakers drew an all-time league record-high total of 32,580, and a league record-shattering 1,810 average per date. The previous league record-high average was 631 by Garden City, KS in 2022. Lancaster's average per date was higher than the reported average per date of 17 MLB-affiliated teams, and 17 teams from the larger-capacity independent leagues. This becomes more impressive considering that the Pecos League does not include 'no-shows' in its reported attendance, and all other Minor leagues do include them. Lancaster almost certainly outdrew even more teams if only tickets sold and used are compared.
- Prior to 2023, Lancaster last had a team (the JetHawks) in the MLB-affiliated California League from 1996 through 2019. They had their best total attendance (316,390), and average per date (4,520) in their first season. The total topped 200,000 from 1997 through 1999, but not after that. Average per date was also above 4,000 in 1997, and topped 3,000 in 1998 and 1999, but never again. The JetHawks drew 161,595, averaging 2,342 per date, in 2019, their final California League season.
- Due to a different use of their ballpark, Lancaster was unable to return to this league in 2024.
- **High Desert (Adelanto)** played in the Pecos League from 2017 through 2019. They were in the California League through 2016. The Mavericks drew over 200,000 in their first 2 years (1991, 1992), and total attendance was over 100,000 each year through 2012. But attendance fell under 100,000 in 3 of that team's last 4 years.

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE - continued

Year	# of Teams	Total Attendance	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year	Average per Date	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year
2024	16	125,234	(5,401)	(4.1)	298	(26)	(8.0)
2023	16	130,635	13,764	11.8	324	17	5.5
2022	16	116,871	27,245	33.4	307	48	18.5
2021	16	87,626			259		
2019	12	76,058	9,714	14.6	217	20	10.2
2018	12	66,344	(11,269)	(14.5)	197	(20)	(9.2)
2017	12	77,613	10,451	15.6	217	8	3.8
2016	10	67,162	24,506	57.5	209	28	15.5
2015	7	42,656	1,531	3.7	181	12	7.1
2014	7	41,125	(8,461)	(17.1)	169	(26)	(13.3)
2013	8	49,586	(2,764)	(5.3)	195	(62)	(24.1)
2012	6	52,350	14,152	37.0	257	56	27.9
2011	6	38,198			201		

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

EMPIRE BASEBALL LEAGUE – (6 teams–35 game schedule in 2019, 16-23 home dates per team)

(4 teams – 5-34 home dates per team, total of 75 dates played in 2021) (4 teams, including a road team, 5-28 home dates per team, 65 dates, in 2022) (5 teams, including a road team, 13-27 home dates per team, 61 dates in 2023) 4 teams, 9-24 home dates per team, 67 dates in 2024)

- Empire Baseball League This league has never reported attendance. 4 teams in 2024, (Malone, Plattsburgh, Saranac Lake, Tupper Lake) all located in the Adirondack Mountains area of upstate New York. The Tupper Lake River Pigs were the 2024 Empire League Champions.
- As of mid-January 2025, no 2025 schedule has been released.
- In 2024, Plattsburgh played 9 home dates, Saranac Lake had 11, Tupper Lake had 24, and Malone had 23.
- Malone is the only city in this league to have ever had a Minor League team in the past, and that club lasted just one season. According to the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball, in 1887, Malone had a team in the Northeastern League that went 3-10 before disbanding. Attendance for that team is not yet available, but efforts will be made to contact that 1887 team's Media Relations Director or broadcaster, to get the data. No success on that thus far.
- The Empire Baseball League played its first season in 2016. It took on 2 teams from the North Country League (Watertown and Old Orchard Beach), and added New Hampshire and Sullivan County, NY. No attendance was reported, but it was very low. There have been numerous changes in teams since then. In **2019**, 5 teams played home games, with a total of 94 dates. Saranac Lake replaced Old Orchard Beach.
- The North Country League played its only season in 2015. It started with 4 teams, including one road team. Newburgh ran into financial difficulty early, and became a road team. Watertown was the only team with any announced attendance, and they drew 9,250, averaging 237 per date. Watertown last had a team in the New York-Penn League from 1983 through 1998. Top attendance was 78,460 in 1983. 2015 attendance for Old Orchard Beach was not available. The Ballpark at Old Orchard Beach was home to a Class AAA team, the Maine Guides (later renamed the Phillies) from 1984 through 1988. Attendance ranged from a high of 183,289 in 1984, to a low of 80,071 in 1988. That team became the Scranton-Wilkes Barre Red Barons (now the RailRiders) in 1989.

UNITED SHORE BASEBALL LEAGUE (4 teams in 2019 through 2024 – 75 game schedule in 2019, 66 dates in 2021, 81 dates in 2022 and 2023. All teams play in Utica, Michigan.

- 2024 estimated total attendance for the United Shore Baseball League was a record-high 273,182, up 46,872 (20.7%). Average per date was 3,291, up 497 (17.8%), with 2 more dates than in 2023. The number of sellouts was not available, but the 2024 average per date is about 1,150 above the fixed seating capacity of Jimmy John's Field. The Birmingham-Bluefield Beavers won the 2024 league championship.
- In its 2025 brochure, the league notes that its all-time attendance since its start in 2016 is 1,885,418 through 2024. That figure is close to the combined yearly announced figures and estimates listed here, which total 1,895,812. Based on the league reported total, average per date for the league's 7 seasons with fans in attendance (so it excludes 2020) is 3,071, in a park with just 2,100 regular seats. Exclude 2021, and the average per date is around 3,186. This includes an estimated 2022 attendance of 251,100 with a 3,100 average per date.
- The United Shore Baseball League drew an estimated 150,000 in 2021, averaging an estimated 2,273 per date. In 2019, estimated attendance was 258,720, an average of 3,450 per date. There were 9 fewer dates in 2021 than in 2019. In 'normal' times, this league has sold out around 80% of its games.
- This league, originally with 3 teams playing home games, began play in 2016. All teams played in new 2,100-seat Jimmy John's Field in Utica, MI, a suburb of Detroit. The park has plenty of lawn seating as well. Another team, also playing all games in Utica, was added in 2017. No team-by-team attendance totals were provided. But for 2016, the league claimed a 3,200 average per date, with 42 sellouts in the 73 dates played. This average multiplies to a total of 233,600. In 2017, total attendance for the league was up 14,300 (6.1%) to 247,900. Average per date rose 150 to 3,350. 60 of the 74 dates played were sellouts. In 2018, the league drew 255,000, up 7,100. Average per date was 3,400, up 50. There were 61 sellouts in 75 dates.
- In 2019, the league averaged a record-high 3,450 per date, up 50, including an all-time best crowd of 4,926 at the league's Championship Game. This translates to a record-high total attendance of 258,720, up 3,720 (1.5%).
 62 of 75 dates were sold out. These figures include playoff games. In its first 4 seasons, through 2019, 224 of 297 dates drew above the seating capacity of Jimmy John's Field.

	# of	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Dates	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	per Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	4	83	273,182	46,872	20.7	3,291	497	17.8
2023	4	81	226,310	(24,790)	(9.9)	2,794	(306)	(9.9)
2022	4	81	251,100	101,100	67.4	3,100	827	36.4
2021	4	66	150,000			2,273		
2019	4	75	258,720	3,720	1.5	3,450	50	1.5
2018	4	75	255,000	7,100	2.9	3,400	50	1.5
2017	4	74	247,900	14,300	6.1	3,350	150	4.7
2016	3	73	233,600			3,200		

UNITED SHORE BASEBALL LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

MAVERICKS BASEBALL LEAGUE – (4 teams, all in Keizer, Oregon- 85 dates in 2021, 96 dates in 2022, 99 in 2023, and 98 in 2024)

- 2024 Mavericks League total attendance was 119,480, up 3,480 (3.0%). This includes playoff games. Average per date was 1,219, up 47 (4.1%). These were record-highs for the 4-year-old league. There was one less date in 2024. The Salem-Keizer Volcanoes were the 2024 league champions.
- Compared to what Salem-Keizer drew in 2019, the 2024 Mavericks League total was up 38,647 (47.8%), and the average per date was down 908 (42.7%), with 60 more dates in 2024. In 2019, the Salem-Keizer Volcanoes, playing 38 home dates in the Northwest League, drew 80,833, averaging 2,127 per date.
- The Salem-Keizer Volcanoes had played in the MLB-affiliated Northwest League through 2019. They were dropped from the MLB roster of affiliated Minor League teams for 2021. So they formed the 4-team independent Mavericks Baseball League which played all of its games in their ballpark in Keizer, Oregon. This is the same type of format used by the United Shore Baseball League, which has all 4 of its teams sharing a park in Utica, Michigan.
- The league drew 86,202 in **2022**, averaging 898 per date. The total rose 5,837 (7.3%), and the average per date fell 48 (5.0%) **vs. 2021**, with 11 more dates. 96 dates were played, and none were lost.
- In **2021**, its first season, the 4 teams in the Mavericks League drew a total of 80,365 in 85 dates, averaging 945 per date.
- Salem-Keizer reached 100,000 in all years except 2010, and from 2013 through 2019, in their 23 seasons of operation in the Northwest League. Their 2019 total attendance was up 8,739 from 2018. They set their all-time highs of 136,836 in total attendance, and 3,698 in average per date, in 1997, which was this team's first year of play. 2019 average per date rose by 230. The gains in total attendance and average per date were the biggest in the Northwest League in 2019. 3 dates topped 3,000. The average per date topped 3,000 from 1997 through 2004, and in 2006 and 2007, but not after that.

Former Leagues

PACIFIC ASSOCIATION

The Pacific Association did not operate in 2021.

PACIFIC ASSOCIATION BASEBALL LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE (Only one team listed attendance in 2013)

Year	# of Teams	Total Attendance	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year	Average per Date	# Change vs. Previous Year	% Chg. vs. Prev. Year
2019	4	45,239	(16,761)	(27.0)	285	26	10.0
2018	6	62,000	25,146	68.2	259	20	8.4
2017	4	36,854	(1,861)	(4.8)	239	(11)	(4.4)
2016	4	38,715	(8,456)	(17.9)	250	(56)	(18.3)
2015	4	47,171	7,754	19.7	306	(34)	(10.0)
2014	3	39,417	11,099	39.2	340	(351)	(50.8)
2013	1	28,318			691		

NORTHERN LEAGUE

The Northern League, along with the Frontier League, were the first two independent leagues in a long time, when both leagues began play in 1993. Many of the teams in the Northern League moved to the American Association. The 2008 average per date of 4,621 was the highest by a post-1993 independent league, until the Mexican League averaged 5,304 in 2023.

NORTHERN LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.	Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year	Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2010	8	1,478,694	258,394	21.2	3,851	(570)	(12.9)
2009	6	1,220,300	(69,030)	(5.4)	4,421	(200)	(4.3)
2008	6	1,289,330	(182,367)	(12.4)	4,621	686	17.4
2007	8	1,471,697	39,367	2.7	3,935	85	2.2
2006	8	1,432,330	(756,821)	(34.6)	3,850	(38)	(1.0)
2005	12	2,189,151	186,787	9.3	3,888	(381)	(8.9)
2004	10	2,002,364	87,750	4.6	4,269	(102)	(2.3)
2003	10	1,914,614	172,475	9.9	4,371	421	39.8
2002	10	1,742,139	239,324	16.4	3,950	(283)	(6.7)
2001	8	1,502,815	195,752	14.5	4,233	308	13.4
2000	8	1,307,063	7,907	0.6	3,925	(36)	(0.9)
1999	8	1,299,156	266,234	25.8	3,961	868	(2.2)
1998	8	1,032,922	5,409	0.5	3,093	(59)	(1.9)
1997	8	1,027,513	(25,305)	(2.4)	3,152	(118)	(3.6)
1996	8	1,052,818	163,968	18.4	3,270	(242)	(6.9)
1995	6	888,580	(22,081)	(2.4)	3,512	N/A	N/A
1994	6	910,931	259,479	39.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
1993	6	651,452			N/A		

2024 vs. 2023 INDEPENDENT AND MLB PARTNER LEAGUE ATTENDANCE

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LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	# OF HOME <u>DATES</u>	2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	 2023 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. <u>2024 v. 2023</u>	# CHG. AVG. <u>'24 v. '23</u>	YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u>
MEXICAN LEAGUE	146 610	43	3.410	 75.000	1 0 2 2	71.619	1 407	1938
Aguascalientes Railroadmen	146,619		-, -	- ,	1,923	,	1,487	
Campeche Pirates	62,272	42	1,483	66,785	1,670	(4,513)	<mark>(187)</mark> 377	2001
Cancun (Quintana Roo) Tigers	218,978	42	5,214	212,804	4,836	6,174		2006 2005
Chihuahua Dorados	72,193	35	2,063		2 6 4 4	12 600		
Dos Laredos Owls	172,917	47	3,679	160,218	3,641	12,699	30	2008, '12
Durango Generals	76,206	43	1,772	 83,570	1,990	(7,364)	(218)	1986
Jalisco (Guadalajara) Charros	166,568	42	3,966	106.405	2.475	60,163	1,491	2011
(Union) Laguna Cotton Makers	332,273	47	7,070	260,250	5,915	72,023	1,155	1932
Leon Braves	168,531	42	4,013	193,402	4.605	(24,871)	(592)	1973
Mexico City Red Devils	505,726	43	11,761	451,884	10,509	53,842	1,252	2019
,	,					,	,	
Monclova (del Norte) Steelers	189,443	44	4,306	186,175	4,231	3,268	74	1975
Monterrey Sultans	354,094	42	8,431	371,262	8,438	(17,168)	(7)	1990
Oaxaca Warriors	108,954	40	2,724	96,090	2,235	12,864	489	1950
Puebla Parrots	210,570	41	5,136	169,463	4,460	41,107	676	1972
Queretaro Conspirators	84,945	38	2,235					2024
						<i>(</i> - , -)	()	
Saltillo Sarape Makers	292,105	45	6,491	300,240	7,323	(8,135)	(832)	1963
Tabasco Olmecas	165,910	44	3,771	188,208	4,953	(22,298)	(1,182)	1964
Tijuana Toros	419,200	44	9,527	418,462	9,299	738	228	1976
Veracruz Eagles	150,585	44	3,422	194,320	4,858	(43,735)	(1,436)	1992
Yucatan Lions	134,781	41	3,287	506,765	10,558	(371,984)	(7,270)	1982
LEAGUE TOTAL	4,032,870	849	4,750	 4,041,303	5,304	(8,433)	(553)	

In 2024, Dos Laredos split its home schedule between Laredo, TX (86,600 (24) 3,608) and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico (86,317 (23) 3,753). In 2023, the Dos Laredos split was: Laredo, TX (77,105 (22) 3,505) and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico (83,113 (22) 3,778).

ATLANTIC LEAGUE Charleston (WV) Dirty Birds Gastonia Honey Hunters Hagerstown Flying Boxcars High Point (NC) Rockers Lancaster (PA) Stormers	156,510 71,462 175,079 102,994 246,807	60 59 62 62 60	2,609 1,211 2,824 1,661 4,113	146,336 91,090 116,925 242,961	2,360 1,423 1,886 3,983	10,174 (19,628) (13,931) 3,846	248 (212) (225) 130	2005 2021 2024 2019 2005
Lexington (KY) Legends Long Island (Central Islip) Ducks S. Maryland (Waldorf) Blue Crabs Staten Island Ferry Hawks York Revolution Spire Cty(Fred. MD)Ghost Hounds	112,537 290,073 161,115 81,419 202,502	60 62 57 58 61	1,876 4,679 2,827 1,404 3,320 	92,806 297,745 181,291 68,938 196,968 57,836	1,547 4,652 3,022 1,149 3,283 <i>1,345</i>	19,731 (7,672) (20,176) 12,481 5,534 	329 26 (195) 255 37	2001 2000 2008 2001 2007 1990
LEAGUE TOTAL Spire City (Frederick, MD) did not pla	1,600,498 y in 2024.	601	2,663	1,492,896	2,505	107,602	158	
AMERICAN ASSOCIATION								
Chicago Dogs	218,897	49	4,467	206,258	4,125	12,639	342	2018
Cleburne (TX) Railroaders	82,134	50	1,643	59,817	1,196	22,317	446	2017
Fargo - Moorhead RedHawks	150,965	48	3,145	155,331	3,170	(4,366)	(25)	1996
Gary Southshore RailCats	152,985	48	3,187	148,354	3,156	4,631	31	2003
Kane County (IL) Cougars	274,694	49	5,606	261,836	5,571	12,858	35	1991
Kansas City (KS) Monarchs	76,279	43	1,774	87,244	1,818	(10,965)	(44)	2003
Lake Country (WI) Dockhounds	87,440	49	1,784	91,839	1,874	(4,399)	(90)	2022
Lincoln Saltdogs	162,132	47	3,450	151,265	3,087	10,867	363	2001
Milwaukee Milkmen	80.844	49	1.650	87,849	1.793	(7,005)	(143)	2019
Sioux City (IA) Explorers	60,449	48	1,259	54,899	1,193	5,550	66	1993
Sioux Falls (SD) Canaries	85,475	48	1,781	71,972	1,439	13,503	341	1964
Winnipeg Goldeyes	183,046	48	3,813	178,393	3,641	4,653	173	1999
LEAGUE TOTAL	1,615,340	576	2,804	1,555,057	2,667	60,283	137	

2024 vs. 2023 INDEPENDENT AND MLB PARTNER LEAGUE ATTENDANCE

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FRONTIER LEAGUE Evanswille Otters 95,474 44 2,170 102,561 2,051 (7,067) 119 1915 Florence (KY) YAlls 100,887 46 2,187 111,742 2,191 (11,155) (4) 2002 Gateway (Sauget, IL) Grizzlies 87,388 48 1,821 80,453 1,642 6,935 179 2002 Lake Erie (Avon, OH) Crushers 97,296 47 2,070 91,501 1,830 5,795 240 2009 New Jersey Jackals 85,518 45 1,900 45,467 909 40,051 991 2023 New York (Rockland) Boulders 136,229 44 3,086 151,290 3,088 (16,016) 9 2011 Otawa Titans 85,518 45 1,902 4,636 166,916 3,035 (1,991) 401 1933 Ouebec (City Capitales 164,925 48 3,436 166,916 3,0351 1,991 463 1994 Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 </th <th>LEAGUE AND TEAM</th> <th>2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u></th> <th># OF HOME <u>DATES</u></th> <th>2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u> </th> <th>2023 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u></th> <th>2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u></th> <th># CHG TOTAL ATT. <u>2024 v. 2023</u></th> <th># CHG. AVG. <u>'24 v. '23</u></th> <th>YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u></th>	LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	# OF HOME <u>DATES</u>	2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	2023 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. <u>2024 v. 2023</u>	# CHG. AVG. <u>'24 v. '23</u>	YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u>
Florence (KY) Y'Alls 100,587 46 2,187 111,742 2,191 (1,115) (4) 2004 Gateway (Sauget, IL) Grizziles 87,388 48 1,821 80,453 1,642 6,935 179 2002 Jollet Slammers 104,428 46 2,270 91,501 1,830 5,795 240 2009 New Eng. (Korokton) Knockouts 51,295 46 1,175 2002 New Jersey Jackals 85,518 45 1,900 45,467 909 40,051 991 2023 New York (Rockland) Boulders 136,229 44 3,096 151,290 3,088 (15,061) 9 2011 Ottawa Tians 85,214 43 1,982 76,505 1,628 8,709 354 1993 Quebec (City) Capitales 164,925 48 3,436 166,916 3,035 (1,991) 401 1938 Schaumburg Boomers 231,322 49 4,721 230,023 4,510 1,299 211 1999 Sussex (NJ) Miners 88,180 43 2,051 68,251 1,587 19,929 463 1994 Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,383 (1,195) 163 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 1999 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE PIONEER LEAGUE Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Linction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junction Jackatopes 79,417 48 1,855 167,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand	FRONTIER LEAGUE								
Gateway (Sarget, IL) Grizzlies 87,388 48 1.821 80,453 1.642 6,935 179 2002 Joliet Slammers 104,428 46 2.270 114,901 2,253 (10,473) 17 2002 Lake Erie (Avon, OH) Crushers 97,296 47 2,070 91,501 1,830 5,795 240 2009 New Dork (Rockland) Boulders 136,229 44 3,096 151,290 3,088 (15,061) 9 2023 New York (Rockland) Boulders 136,229 44 3,096 151,290 3,088 (15,061) 9 2011 Otawa Titans 85,214 3 1,982 76,505 1,628 8,709 354 1993 Sussex (NJ) Miners 88,180 43 2,051 68,251 1,587 19,929 463 1994 Trickly (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,838 (1,195) 163 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 <td< td=""><td>Evansville Otters</td><td>95,474</td><td>44</td><td></td><td>102,561</td><td></td><td></td><td>119</td><td>1915</td></td<>	Evansville Otters	95,474	44		102,561			119	1915
Joliet Slammers 104,428 46 2.270 114,901 2.253 (10,473) 17 2002 Lake Erie (Avon, OH) Crushers 97,296 47 2.070 91,501 1,830 5,795 240 2009 New Eng. (Brockton) Knockouts 51,295 46 1,115									
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Ottawa Titans 85,214 43 1,982 76,505 1,628 8,709 354 1993 Quebec (City) Capitales 164,925 48 3,436 166,916 3,035 (1,991) 401 1938 Schaumburg Boomers 231,322 49 4,721 230,023 4,510 1,299 463 1994 Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,838 (1,195) 163 2002 Trois Rivieres Aigles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,898 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,980 (384) 162 1999 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 <td< td=""><td>New Jersey Jackals</td><td>85,518</td><td>45</td><td>1,900</td><td>45,467</td><td>909</td><td>40,051</td><td>991</td><td>2023</td></td<>	New Jersey Jackals	85,518	45	1,900	45,467	909	40,051	991	2023
Quebec (City) Capitales 164,925 48 3,436 166,916 3,035 (1,991) 401 1938 Schaumburg Boomers 231,322 49 4,721 230,023 4,510 1,299 211 1999 Sussex (NJ) Miners 88,180 43 2,051 68,251 1,587 19,929 463 1994 Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,838 (1,195) 163 2002 Trois Riverse Aigles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,898 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 1999 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 108,693 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes	New York (Rockland) Boulders	136,229	44	3,096	151,290	3,088	(15,061)	9	
Schaumburg Boomers 231,322 49 4,721 230,023 4,510 1,299 211 1999 Sussex (NJ) Miners 88,180 43 2,051 68,251 1,587 19,929 463 1994 Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,838 (1,195) 163 2002 Trios Rivieres Aigles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,898 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 1999 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 3,466 (12,016) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (238) 2022 202 Grand Junction Jackal								354	
Sussex (NJ) Miners 88,180 43 2,051 68,251 1,857 19,929 463 1994 Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,837 (1,195) 163 2002 Trois Rivieres Aigles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,888 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 1999 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 100,861 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,341		164,925	48	3,436	166,916		(1,991)	401	
Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,838 (1,195) 163 2002 Trois Rivieres Algles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,898 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 2099 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Grand Junckion packalopes 79,417 <td>Schaumburg Boomers</td> <td>231,322</td> <td>49</td> <td>4,721 </td> <td>230,023</td> <td>4,510</td> <td>1,299</td> <td>211</td> <td>1999</td>	Schaumburg Boomers	231,322	49	4,721	230,023	4,510	1,299	211	1999
Tri-City (Troy, NY) ValleyCats 135,036 45 3,001 136,231 2,838 (1,195) 163 2002 Trois Rivieres Algles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,898 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 2099 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,55	Sussex (NJ) Miners	88.180	43	2.051 I	68.251	1.587	19.929	463	1994
Trois Rivieres Aigles 76,548 45 1,701 68,814 1,496 7,734 205 1938 Washington (PA) Wild Things 99,150 47 2,110 94,899 1,898 4,251 212 2002 Windy City ThunderBolts 97,621 46 2,122 98,005 1,960 (384) 162 1999 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,		,							
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LEAGUE TOTAL 1,736,211 732 2,372 1,637,559 2,213 98,652 159 PIONEER LEAGUE Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997 2024		99,150	47	2,110	94,899	1,898	4,251	212	2002
PIONEER LEAGUE Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Northern Colorado Owlz 0 27,581 641 (27,581) (641) 2024 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997	Windy City ThunderBolts	97,621	46	2,122	98,005	1,960	(384)	162	1999
Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Oakland Ballers 92,046 48 1,918 2024 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997 Rocky Mtn. Vibes (Colorado Spr.) 121,419 <	LEAGUE TOTAL	1,736,211	732	2,372	1,637,559	2,213	98,652	159	
Billings Mustangs 108,693 48 2,264 110,113 2,503 (1,420) (238) 2008 Boise Hawks 150,906 47 3,211 162,922 3,466 (12,016) (256) 1989 Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Oakland Ballers 92,046 48 1,918 2024 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997 Rocky Mtn. Vibes (Colorado Spr.) 121,419 <				ļ					
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Glacier (MT) Range Riders 110,858 48 2,310 100,661 2,097 10,197 212 2022 Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Northern Colorado Owlz 27,581 641 (27,581) (641) 2024 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997 Rocky Mtn. Vibes (Colorado Spr.) 121,419 48 2,530 114,041 2,426 7,378 103 1988 Yolo (Davis, CA) High Wheelers 1,052,267 474 2,220 988,356 2,310 63,911 (90)								· · · ·	
Grand Junction Jackalopes 79,417 48 1,655 67,500 1,406 11,917 248 1958 Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Northern Colorado Owlz 27,581 641 (27,581) (641) 2024 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997 Rocky Mtn. Vibes (Colorado Spr.) 121,419 48 2,530 114,041 2,426 7,378 103 1988 Yolo (Davis, CA) High Wheelers 1,052,267 474 2,220 988,356 2,310 63,911 (90)									
Great Falls (MT) Voyagers 67,280 47 1,431 62,640 1,424 4,640 8 1956 Idaho Falls Chukars 92,551 47 1,969 89,349 2,031 3,202 (61) 2007 Missoula Paddleheads 82,088 46 1,785 88,988 1,893 (6,900) (109) 2004 Northern Colorado Owlz 27,581 641 (27,581) (641) 2024 Oakland Ballers 92,046 48 1,918 2024 Ogden Raptors 147,009 47 3,128 164,561 3,501 (17,552) (373) 1997 Rocky Mtn. Vibes (Colorado Spr.) 121,419 48 2,530 114,041 2,426 7,378 103 1988 Yolo (Davis, CA) High Wheelers 1,052,267 474 2,220 988,356 2,310 63,911 (90)									
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Rocky Mtn. Vibes (Colorado Spr.) 121,419 48 2,530 114,041 2,426 7,378 103 1988 Yolo (Davis, CA) High Wheelers 1,052,267 474 2,220 988,356 2,310 63,911 (90)									
Yolo (Davis, CA) High Wheelers 1986 LEAGUE TOTAL 1,052,267 474 2,220 988,356 2,310 63,911 (90)		,							
LEAGUE TOTAL 1,052,267 474 2,220 988,356 2,310 63,911 (90)		121,419	40	2,330 					
		4 959 955			000.050	0.040	00 0 <i>4 i</i>		
The league did not include limited attendance by Yolo and Northern Colorado.						2,310	63,911	(90)	

The league did not include limited attendance by Yolo and Northern Colorado.

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE - Attend	lance is estin	nated by th	ne league, a	nd does not includ	le 'no-show	s'		
Alpine Cowboys	13,328	34	392	10,560	352	2,768	40	1947
Bakersfield Train Robbers	23,458	37	634	11,022	334	12,436	300	1941
Blackwell (OK) FlyCatchers	4,959	29	171	2,783	121	2,176	50	
Dublin Leprechauns	2,484	18	138	1,072	134	1,412	4	
Garden City (KS) Wind	19,136	32	598	15,262	587	3,874	11	1936
Martinez Sturgeon	7,134	29	246	7,695	285	(561)	(39)	
Marysville (CA) Drakes	5,516	28	197	3,201	97	2,315	100	
North Platte (NE) 80's	2,620	20	131					1956
Pecos (TX) Bills	1,053	27	39					
Roswell Invaders	3,248	29	112 j	3,535	101	(287)	11	1939
San Rafael Pacifics	11,936	32	373	12,348	343	(412)	30	1950
Santa Fe Fuego	15,531	31	501 j	12,992	448	2,539	53	1947
Trinidad Triggers	5,600	32	175	4,725	175	875	0	1960
Tucson Saguaros	5,831	17	343	4,660	233	1,171	110	
Vallejo Seaweed (S. Cruz in 2022)	3,400	25	136	4,116	196	(716)	(60)	
Austin Weirdos (2024 Road Team)				240	40			
Lancaster (CA) Sound Breakers			j	32,580	1,810			
Monterey (CA) Amerjacks				3,844	124			
LEAGUE TOTAL	125,234	420	298	130,635	324	(5,401)	(26)	

2024 vs. 202	3 INDEPEN	DENT AN	ID MLB P	ARTNER LEAG	UE ATTE	ENDANCE		Page 263
LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>		2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	2023 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. <u>2024 v. 2023</u>	# CHG. AVG. <u>'24 v. '23</u>	YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u>
UNITED SHORE BASEBALL LEAC Birmingham-Bloomfield Beavers East Side Diamond Hoppers Utica Unicorns Westside Wooly Mammoths	<u>BUE</u> - All games	s in Utica, I	мі					
LEAGUE TOTAL	273,182	83	3,291	226,310	2,794	46,872	497	2016
EMPIRE PRO LEAGUE Saranac Lake (NY) Surge Malone Border Hounds Plattsburgh (NY) Thunderbirds Tupper Lake Riverpigs	N/A N/A N/A N/A	11 23 9 24		N/A N/A N/A				1984 2003
LEAGUE TOTAL Empire League number of dates are	N/A not included in t	61 the totals b	elow. The le	 N/A eague does not repo	ort attenda	nce.		
MAVERICKS LEAGUE - All games Campesinos de Salem-Keizer Portland Mavericks Salem Senators Salem-Keizer (OR) Volcanoes	in Keizer, OR.							
LEAGUE TOTAL	119,480	98	1,219	116,000	1,172	3,480	47	1997
INDEPENDENT TOTAL	10,555,082	3,833	2,754	10,188,116	2,761	366,966	(7)	
ALL MINOR LEAGUES	41,901,551	11,700	3,581	42,340,500	3,663	(438,949)	(82)	

SEASON RECORD-HIGH ATTENDANCE – LEAGUES – (Mostly through 2019, but some records were set after that)

The table below lists each MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) and some independent leagues record-highs for total attendance, average attendance per team, and average attendance per date. Included are records for the combined groups of Triple-A, Double-A, full-season Class A, and short-season teams. Also, the records for the old Triple-A American Association, the Southern Association, and the independent Northern and United Leagues, none of which were in operation in 2019, are listed. Average per date records only cover the period since 1992. Figures for earlier years were not available. The Pacific Coast League had the same record-high average per date in 2006 and in 2007.

Record-high average per team for all independent leagues combined, and for the combined NAPBL/independent leagues are not listed. This is because extra independent leagues that drew poorly played during some seasons, but not in others, would lead to distorted data. The 2021 realignment makes some of the figures below very difficult to break.

The Pioneer League became an independent league in 2021, played a longer schedule, and set record-highs for total attendance in 2024, and in average per team in 2023. The New York-Penn League disbanded after 2020.

	Total		Average per		Average	
League	Attendance	Year	Team	Year	per Date	Year
International	7,097,411	2008	506,958	2008	7,348	2009
Pacific Coast	7,420,095	2007	508,547	1947	6,625	2006-7
All Class AAA	14,316,767	2008	477,226	2008	6,883	2008
	, ,		,		,	
Eastern	3,966,241	2010	330,520	2010	4,904	1998
Southern	2,589,072	1994	258,907	1994	4,002	1994
Texas	3,129,865	2008	391,233	2008	5,691	2008
All Class AA	9,361,036	2008	312,035	2008	4,603	2007
California	2,061,889	1997	206,189	1997	2,988	1997
Carolina	2,027,878	2017	247,709	2014	3,811	2014
Florida State	1,296,962	2011	108,080	2011	1,642	2011
Midwest	4,233,904	2015	264,619	2015	3,924	2015
South Atlantic	3,862,077	2007	241,380	2007	3,630	2007
All Full-season A	11,990,753	2014	199,846	2014	3,010	2014
New York-Penn	1,890,053	2002	135,004	2002	3,664	2007
Northwest	1,115,614	2019	185,408	2023	3,670	2019
Appalachian	442,755	1993	44,276	1993	1,404	1994
All Short-A/Rookie	3,780,608	2008	96,758	2007	2,727	2007
Old Amer. Assoc.	4,158,401	1992	519,800	1992	7,588	1992
Southern Assoc.	2,180,344	1947	272,543	1947	N/A	
NAPBL Total	43,263,740	2008	245,817	2008	4,174	2008
INDEPENDENTS						
Atlantic	2,367,578	2012	295,947	2012	4,409	2012
Frontier	1,736,211	2024	133,543	2008	2,719	2010
Mexican	4,618,131	2019	288,633	2019	5,304	2023
American Assoc.	2,244,238	2012	172,634	2012	3,508	2012
Pioneer	1,052,267	2024	106,500	2023	2,504	2019
Can-Am	1,040,107	2007	118,715	2005	2,455	2006
Pecos	130,635	2023	8,725	2012	324	2023
United	549,014	2007	91,502	2007	2,049	2007
Northern	2,189,151	2005	214,888	2008	4,621	2008
All Independent	8,485,921	2007			3,000	2004
All Leagues Total	51,576,409	2008			3,892	2008

LEAGUE RECORD-HIGHS

SEASON RECORD-HIGH TOTAL ATTENDANCE - INDIVIDUAL TEAMS

In **2024**, 6 MLB-affiliated teams, and 6 independent teams, set record-highs for total attendance, 3 MLB-affiliated teams and 11 independent teams had new average per date highs, and 12 MLB-affiliated teams and 5 independent teams set or tied single-game highs.

98 of the 176 NAPBL teams that played in **2019** set their all-time total attendance records between 2005 and 2019. The longest-standing total attendance records for individual team-high attendance by 2019 or 2023 teams are: Mexico City – Current team's high was set in 1967; Batavia – 1971; Bristol – 1976 as a short-season team. Veracruz drew a record-high in 2012, breaking a mark set in 1964, which had been the longest-standing current-team record-high.

This section lists the season record-high attendance figure for each team that played in an MLB-affiliated or independent league in **2019**, **and/or 2024**, and reported attendance. Many independent league teams shifted to different leagues in 2011, and MLB-affiliated leagues reorganized in 2021. Pecos League data is estimated by the league office.

The records listed are for each <u>current</u> team in its particular market. If there is information that a former team in that same market had a higher record attendance than the current team's record-high, it is listed in a footnote. This often occurs when a market that had or has, either a short-season or independent team, once was home to an MLB-affiliated full-season team, or in the case of the Brooklyn Cyclones, a Major League team. All short-season NAPBL leagues that charged admission once played longer or full-season schedules. Short-season leagues were eliminated in 2021.

There are a few cases of markets with a full-season team, where a former team holds that market's all-time attendance record. Richmond, Jupiter/Palm Beach, and Hagerstown (no team from 2021-2023, but joined the Atlantic League in 2024) are examples of that, and here, attendance records of both current and the former teams are listed.

The data used to compile this section goes back to at least 1947 for all U.S./Canadian MLB-affiliated NAPBL teams, and in some cases, as far back as the first decade of the 20th Century. For the Mexican League, the data begins in 1955, when this league joined the NAPBL, after being independent. It also covers all seasons for all current independent teams. Independent leagues started to return in 1993.

Records set in 2024 are listed in **bold**. If those years were the team's first season, the figure is in italics.

Since independent league teams often switch leagues, most independent league records listed are for the independent league team in that city, regardless of the league it played in. Check the footnotes below each league's listing to see if a current independent league city once had an MLB-affiliated team with a higher record attendance.

SEASON RECORD-HIGH AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER DATE - INDIVIDUAL TEAMS

Starting in 1992, the MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) attendance reports listed the number of home dates played by each team. This allows an average attendance per date to be compiled for each team and league. Average attendance per date for most independent league teams is available from 1997 forward, though in some cases, earlier figures were found.

The tables on the following pages show each team's highest average per date since 1992. In a few cases, data was available for prior seasons as well. Most of the time, the figure listed is that team's actual record-high average per date. But, especially in cases where the record-high total attendance figure was set prior to 1992, the record-high average per date may have been set before 1992 as well.

SINGLE GAME RECORD-HIGH ATTENDANCE

The Minor League Baseball Information Guide (which covered the MLB-affiliated teams) listed the single-game record-high attendance for each team. In some cases, the listed single-game record may be only for the current team, or current ballpark, in that market, and may exclude a higher figure set by a team in the same market, playing in a different league or ballpark. This also appears in the tables in this section. Single-game record-highs from the Mexican League set prior to 2005, are not available. When the word 'Many' appears in the year column, this is the official full-sellout figure, which has been reached numerous times.

Single-game records are also available for those Independent teams that posted this information in media guides that were available online, or on Websites, in game notes, or in press releases. If your team's single game record-high figure isn't listed, and you know what it is, please e-mail d.kronheim@verizon.net, and it will be added to the table.

RECORD HIGHS FOR SEASON TOTALS, AVERAGE PER DATE, AND SINGLE GAMES

Sources

Attendance data for NAPBL (MLB-affiliated) teams was obtained from The Sporting News Baseball Guides for the following seasons: 1969-1980; 1989-1991. The Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball provided data from 1902 through 1968, and 1981 through 1988 for U.S./Canadian NAPBL teams, Mexican League attendance from 1955 through 1991, and independent league data from 1993 through 1997. Major League-affiliated (NAPBL) data for 1992 through 2024 came from the office of Minor League Baseball and the MLB Stats Reporting Platform.

Thanks to Jeff Lantz, Steve Densa and Mary Marandi of Minor League Baseball for providing yearly MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) Minor League figures. Thanks also to Pete Palmer, editor of The ESPN Baseball Encyclopedia, for providing some of the information. Also, thank you to Brennan Mense, Director of Broadcasting and Media Relations of the Daytona Tortugas, for providing some of the single-game record-highs for independent teams, and for data from a Summer Collegiate League. Data from independent leagues from 1997 through 2024 came from the Website of each league in most cases, with the offices of the Pecos, Mavericks, and United Shore Leagues, the MLB Stats Reporting Platform, and the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball, providing the rest.

What's Missing?

The 1981 attendance for the Mexican League was not available. Hopefully, in the future, these figures can be obtained. Also, attendance data from many leagues prior to 1947 is not available. Average per date prior to 1992 for affiliated leagues, and prior to 1997 for independent leagues was generally unavailable, unless published in team media guides that are available on team Websites. If you have any of this data, and wish to share it, getting it would be much appreciated.

League Record-High Attendance

The record-high attendance for all MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) and independent leagues can be found on page 264, and also in the League and Team Highlights sections of this report. Also listed at the start of the Highlights section for each league is the highest season attendance for an individual team in that league. This covers seasons through 2019 for many leagues, and also has an additional listing for the years after the realignment, covering 2021 through 2024.

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Buffalo	1,188,972	1991	17,235	1991	38,211	1987
Charlotte	687,715	2014	9,686	2014	11,211	2024
Columbus, OH	666,797	2009	9,526	2009	20,131	1980
Durham	554,788	2015	7,814	2015	12,000	2019
Gwinnett County, GA	423,556	2009	5,966	2009	10,427	2009
Indianapolis	662,536	2015	9,839	1998	16,168	2000
lowa	576,310	2007	8,233	2007	15,188	2007
Jacksonville, FL	420,495	2004	6,276	2004	12,943	2003
Lehigh Valley, PA	645,905	2010	9,249	2011	10,100	Many
Louisville	1,052,438	1983	16,191	1983	14,658	2018
Memphis	887,976	2001	12,507	2001	18,620	2008
Nashville	603,135	2018	8,861	2017	22,315	1982
Norfolk	560,211	1995	8,162	1994	14,263	1996
Omaha	449,753	1997	6,713	1997	24,989	2004
Rochester	515,436	1998	7,766	1997	13,605	2024
St. Paul	473,911	2022	8,438	2016	10,631	2019
Scranton-Wilkes Barre	580,908	2007	8,802	2007	11,515	2017
Syracuse	446,025	1999	6,464	1999	14,098	2010
Toledo	590,159	2007	8,431	2007	13,300	2015
Worcester	532,152	2022	7,424	2023	9,700	2024

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Buffalo and Louisville set their season records in the Triple-A American Association. The single-game high for **Buffalo** was set at War Memorial Stadium. Record-high in the current park is 21,050, set many times. The **Columbus** single-game high was at Cooper Stadium. Their high in the current park is 12,517 in 2010. **Louisville's** actual record for a single game was set at 30,000+ seat Cardinal Stadium, their home until 2000. **Charlotte's** single game record is for their current park. **Nashville's** record-highs were set as a P.C.L. team. In 1980 **Nashville** drew 575,676 and 8,343 per date in the Double-A Southern League. Game record-high in **Nashville's** current park is 11,824 in 2019. The largest crowd in **Omaha's** current and much smaller park is 9,023, set multiple times. **St. Paul** drew 352,911 in the American Association in 1949. Minneapolis drew 318,326 in 1956.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

_	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Albuquerque	602,129	2009	8,363	2009	16,975	2018
El Paso	578,952	2015	8,154	2015	10,169	2015
Las Vegas	650,934	2019	9,299	2019	14,855	1998
Oklahoma City	542,095	2005	7,744	2005	14,066	1998
Reno	466,606	2009	6,481	2009	10,520	2016
Round Rock	700,277	2005	9,726	2005	13,475	2006
Sacramento	901,214	2001	12,517	2001	15,808	2008
Salt Lake City	713,224	1994	10,189	1994	16,531	2000
Sugar Land, TX	465,511	2012	6,650	2012	8,606	2016
Tacoma	401,027	2024	5,494	2024	12,720	1987

Round Rock averaged 9,847 per date in 2004 while a member of the Double-A Texas League. A game at the old ballpark in **El Paso** (Independent American Association) drew 13,406 in 2011. Game record-high at current **Las Vegas** park is 12,111 in 2019.

Teem	Record-High	Veer	Record-High	Veer	Record-	Veer
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Akron	522,459	1999	7,572	1999	9,328	2011
Altoona	394,062	2004	5,971	2004	10,164	2023
Binghamton	259,183	1992	4,180	1992	7,491	2022
Bowie	463,976	1995	6,925	1995	14,109	1998
Erie	246,404	2001	3,613	2007	7,070	2023
Harrisburg	301,588	2015	4,371	2015	8,637	2001
Hartford	414,946	2019	6,293	2023	8,672	2015
New Hampshire	386,991	2009	5,609	2009	8,903	2009
Portland, ME	434,684	2004	6,483	2007	7,368	Many
Reading	486,570	2002	7,138	2004	9,976	2016
Richmond	463,842	2010	6,689	2013	9,845	2019
Somerset	376,315	2004	5,433	2008	8,537	2009

EASTERN LEAGUE

Erie averaged 5,163 per date in 1997, while in the short-season New York-Penn League. **Hartford's** game high record was set in the neighboring city of New Britain. Hartford's current park single game high is 7,587, set in **2023**. Sellouts in Hartford – 40 in 2022, 9 in 2021, 29 in 2019, 28 in 2018, 11 in 2017. AAA team in **Richmond** drew its record-high total of 533,076 in 1993, and record average per date of 8,065 in 1996. **Somerset's** records were set in the Atlantic League.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Biloxi	180,384	2016	2,692	2016	6,231	2015
Birmingham	467,867	1994	6,983	1994	16,247	1994
Chattanooga	292,920	1994	4,372	1994	6,477	2024
Mississippi (Pearl)	246,674	2007	3,848	2005	7,652	2006
Montgomery, AL	322,946	2004	4,820	2004	7,591	2010
Pensacola	328,147	2012	4,826	2012	5,038	Many
Rocket City (Madison, AL)	327,007	2022	5,726	2021	7,500	Many
Tennessee (Kodak)	313,796	2017	4,981	2017	8,164	2017

Record-high game attendance at the current ballpark in **Birmingham** is 8,683 in 2018. Huntsville, near **Rocket City** (Madison) drew 300,810 in 1985.

TEXAS LEAGUE

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Amarillo	427,791	2019	6,291	2019	7,704	2024
Arkansas	377,977	2008	5,644	2007	9,787	2018
Corpus Christi	506,398	2006	7,234	2006	10,446	2018
Frisco	666,977	2003	9,264	2003	12,067	2018
Midland	317,233	2013	4,598	2013	9,108	2005
N.W. Arkansas	358,792	2008	5,200	2008	8,998	2009
San Antonio	411,959	1994	6,149	1994	12,673	1994
Springfield, MO	526,630	2005	7,523	2005	11,818	2013
Tulsa	408,183	2010	6,211	2014	16,934	1994
Wichita	322,637	2023	4,676	2023	10,442	2023

Arkansas' game record high in the old park was 12,246 in 1991. 1971 Wichita drew 280,320 in the American Association.

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
			v			
Beloit	104,411	2023	1,654	2024	4,217	2000
Cedar Rapids	196,066	2002	2,883	2002	5,879	2013
Dayton	597,433	2010	8,624	2008	9,796	2015
Fort Wayne	413,701	2016	6,084	2016	9,508	2019
Great Lakes (Midland, MI)	324,564	2007	4,773	2007	6,906	2023
Lake County, OH	437,515	2003	6,341	2003	10,253	2003
Lansing	538,325	1996	7,813	1997	12,692	2013
Peoria	275,673	2008	4,241	2008	9,692	2005
Quad Cities	260,471	1994	4,087	1995	8,207	2015
South Bend	354,070	2017	5,285	2017	8,169	2024
West Michigan	547,401	1996	8,000	1997	12,171	2005
Wisconsin (Appleton)	253,240	2009	3,970	2014	7,722	2003

MIDWEST LEAGUE

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Aberdeen	247,836	2008	6,560	2011	6,904	2012
Asheville	187,718	2019	3,001	2023	4,904	2006
Bowling Green, KY	237,070	2011	3,538	2011	6,886	2009
Brooklyn	317,124	2002	8,345	2002	10,073	2007
Greensboro	441,106	2007	6,487	2007	10,312	2015
Greenville, SC	349,116	2008	5,104	2012	7,839	2022
Hickory	283,727	1993	4,053	1993	5,525	2017
Hudson Valley	195,791	2024	4,609	2009	6,176	2024
Jersey Shore (Lakewood)	482,206	2001	6,889	2001	13,003	2002
Rome	246,718	2003	3,979	2003	6,314	2014
Wilmington, DE	358,766	1995	5,235	1994	7,535	2005
Winston-Salem	312,416	2011	4,743	2023	10,200	2023

Brooklyn Dodgers drew 1,807,526 (25,458 per date) in 1947.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE - All teams	played in the Short-season Northwest	League through 2019

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Eugene	153,067	2024	4,008	1996	5,178	2019
Everett	140,937	2023	3,187	2001	5,189	2016
Hillsboro	158,723	2023	3,774	2015	5,506	2018
Spokane	254,807	2024	5,315	2017	7,413	2006
Tri-City (Pasco, WA)	121,949	2024	2,332	2018	3,871	2012
Vancouver, BC	313,256	2022	6,303	2017	6,583	2006

Eugene's - PCL team drew 168,094 in 1972.Game record-high in Eugene's old park is 7,288 in 2007.Spokane PCL team drew 287,185 in 1947.Tri-City Independent Western League team drew 109,101 in 1997.Vancouver PCL team drew 386,220 in 1988.Portland's (near Hillsboro) record-highs are 454,197 (6,779 per date) in the PCL in 2002, and 249,995 (6,579 per date) in the Northwest League in 1996

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Augusta, GA	266,569	2019	4,195	2023	6,026	2018
Carolina	328,207	1993	4,899	1993	8,329	2014
Charleston, SC	305,622	2017	4,494	2017	8,426	2007
Columbia, SC	315,034	2017	4,773	2017	9,629	2017
Delmarva	324,412	1997	4,915	1997	11,486	2006
Down East (Kinston, NC)	151,953	1997	2,374	1997	4,267	2017
Fayetteville	246,121	2019	3,632	2019	6,711	2022
Fredericksburg, VA	267,400	2023	4,178	2023	5,802	2022
Kannapolis	195,795	2024	3,055	2023	6,153	2003
Lynchburg	169,367	2011	2,529	2007	6,306	2007
Myrtle Beach	268,600	2023	4,197	2023	6,600	2024
Salem	258,469	2007	3,916	2007	8,856	2018

CAROLINA LEAGUE

Fredericksburg records at Potomac: Total – 243,559 (2014); Average per Date – 3,866 (2014); Game – 10,789 (2009).

FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Bradenton	109,845	2013	1,772	2013	6,557	2014
Clearwater	200,201	2017	2,988	2017	10,055	2019
Daytona	164,007	2008	2,518	2013	5,219	2015
Dunedin	80,126	1994	1,248	1993	5,188	2015
Fort Myers (a)	133,817	2015	2,028	2015	9,478	2017
Jupiter (b)	114,301	2001	1,657	2001	7,498	2017
Lakeland (c)	64,396	2014	1,177	2013	5,349	2011
Palm Beach (b)	105,122	2006	1,593	2006	6,834	2005
St. Lucie	132,359	2017	2,005	2017	7,157	1991
Tampa (d)	149,191	1997	2,331	1997	10,257	2007

(a) – A previous team in Fort Myers drew 137,553 in 1984. (b) – West Palm Beach record-high – 165,656 in 1981. (c) – A previous team in Lakeland drew 81,878 in 1951.

(d) - St. Petersburg record-high - 202,383 in 1989.

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Tean		rear	Average/Date	rear	Figh/Game	rear
Fresno	563,079	2002	8,044	2002	16,916	2015
Inland Empire (S. Bern.)	273,739	1997	3,911	1997	10,033	2006
Lake Elsinore	383,297	1995	5,476	1995	12,876	1998
Modesto	180,785	2011	2,692	2010	5,424	2009
Rancho Cucamonga	446,146	1995	6,374	1995	7,099	2002
San Jose	222,547	2011	3,225	2011	7,143	1988
Stockton	218,497	2007	3,121	2007	6,285	2008
Visalia	129,118	2019	1,934	2024	4,039	2019

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Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Charleston, WV	248,766	2007	3,746	2006	10,103	2005
Frederick, MD (2023)	351,146	1993	5,301	1994	11,006	1997
Gastonia	114,416	2021	1,973	2021	5,000	2021
Hagerstown, MD (2024)	193,753	1991	2,824	2024	6,758	2011
High Point, NC	144,486	2019	2,157	2019	5,019	2019
Lancaster, PA	378,310	2005	5,404	2005	8,636	2024
Lexington, KY	451,076	2001	6,444	2001	9,222	2006
Long Island	443,142	2001	6,158	2002	7,602	2016
Southern Maryland	242,894	2013	3,629	2009	8,213	2013
Staten Island	209,018	2010	5,904	2009	7,583	2015
York	293,967	2008	4,351	2008	8,053	2011

Frederick, **Hagerstown (1991 & 2011)**, **Charleston, Lexington, and Staten Island** records were set in MLB-affiliated leagues. Average per date for 1991 Hagerstown is not available, but it was higher than the figure listed in this table.

PIONEER LEAGUE – INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUE NAPBL SHORT-SEASON ROOKIE LEAQGUE (1964-2019) – (Full Season League Prior to 1964)

Team	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	м
	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Billings	122,090	2003	3,213	2003	4,861	2012
Boise	165,255	1995	4,590	1995	4,898	2019
Glacier (Kalispell, MT)	110,858	2024	2,310	2024	5,365	2024
Grand Junction	101,496	2012	2,671	2012	6,429	2018
Great Falls	114,603	2003	3,183	2003	4,654	2009
Idaho Falls	109,647	2021	2,780	2019	4,170	2007
	00.040	0040	0.000	0040	4.040	00.47
Missoula	89,812	2012	2,363	2012	4,919	2017
Northern Colorado (Windsor)	27,581	2023	641	2023	1,657	2023
Oakland	92,046	2024	1,918	2024	4,000	2024
Ogden	167,484	2022	3,951	2019	6,476	2008
Rocky Mtn. (Colorado Springs)	137,294	2019	3,923	2019	8,469	2021

Record highs as full-season teams in this league: **Billings** – 174,080 in 1949; **Great Falls** – 129,640 in 1949. **Colorado Springs** Class AAA records: Total – 350,374 (2014); Average per Date – 5,181 (2013); Game - 9,505 (2004) **Boise's** game record-high in their park's old configuration is 6,451 in 1995.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION - INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUE

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Chicago	218,897	2024	4,467	2024	6,827	2023
Cleburne	103,264	2017	1,780	2017	4,375	2017
Fargo-Moorhead	193,364	2002	4,388	1999	7,300	1997
Gary – Southshore	181,612	2017	3,632	2017	8,208	2011
Kane County, IL	523,222	2001	7,941	2003	14,872	2009
Kansas City, KS	289,162	2007	6,024	2007	10,403	2008
Lake Country	93,711	2022	1,874	2023-T	3,999	2022
Lincoln	247,471	2002	5,334	2001	8,298	2023
Milwaukee	86,028	2022	1,793	2023	3,694	2023
Sioux City, IA	149,770	1995	3,587	1996	9,187	1996
Sioux Falls, SD	161,131	2013	3,620	2000	5,721	2008
Winnipeg	323,241	2004	7,161	2003	8,668	2005

Kansas City, MO drew 425,064 in 1923. **Winnipeg** drew 22,081 in 1997 for a game in the Blue Bombers' football stadium. **Kane County** records set in the MLB-affiliated Midwest League.

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Evansville	140,786	2013	3,200	2013	8,253	2013
Florence, KY	112,844	2010	2,495	2013		
Gateway (Sauget, IL)	217,500	2004	4,531	2004	8,189	2011
Joliet	202,755	2002	4,502	2003		
Lake Erie (Avon, OH)	159,580	2010	3,129	2010		
New England (Brockton)	203,094	2004	3,982	2004		
New Jersey Jackals	129,179	1999	3,312	1999		
New York (Rockland)	161,796	2015	3,293	2012	7,336	2018
Ottawa	127,618	2016	2,454	2016	7,886	2016
Quebec City	166,916	2023	3,565	2009	4,618	2016
Schaumburg	236,476	1999	5,499	1999	8,066	2024
Southern Illinois	259,392	2007	5,086	2007	6,718	2007
Sussex County	101,638	2007	2,183	2006		
Tri-City (Troy, NY)	161,171	2014	4,342	2011	7,119	2011
Trois Rivieres	96,997	2015	1,869	2018	6,022	2015
Washington, PA	159,857	2005	3,552	2003		
Windy City, IL	103,129	2009	2,242	2009	4,532	2023

FRONTIER LEAGUE - INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUE

Evansville–AAA American Association team drew 147,807 in 1972. **Ottawa**–AAA International League team drew 663,926 (9,764 per date) in 1993. The record-high game figure is as an independent league team. **Sussex County** - NY-Penn League team drew 176,788 (4,652 per date) in 1995. **Quebec City**-1949 Canadian-American League team drew 176,779. **Trois Rivieres**–Eastern League team drew 119,751 in 1972.

MEXICAN LEAGUE - INDEPENDENT PROLEAGUE – NAPBL (1955-2019) (Was an Independent League Prior to 1955, and starting in 2021) Game Record-Highs are since 2005 only

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Aguascalientes	351,326	1978	4,213	2005	8,810	2007
Campeche	287,749	1983	4,466	2022	12,018	2022
Cancun-Quintana Roo	226,525	2019	5,214	2024	10,285	2024
Chihuahua	249,126	2008	4,530	2008	12,507	2007
Dos Laredos	220,110	2019	4,064	2022	8,755	2021
Durango	230,919	1978	N/A		8,234	2019
Jalisco (Guadalajara)	373,219	1967	N/A		9,513	2024
(Union) Laguna	350,717	2008	7,070	2024	11,125	2007
Leon	195,538	1990	4,605	2023	6,448	2019
Mex. City Reds	536,743	1967	11,761	2024	28,753	2011
Monclova	425,738	1998	7,142	2017	12,060	2012
Monterrey	989,454	2006	17,990	2006	29,734	2017
Oaxaca	209,984	2008	3,962	2008	8,720	2007
Puebla	363,011	2011	7,118	2011	13,968	2012
Queretaro	89,945	2024	2,235	2024	4,672	2024
Saltillo	613,551	2001	12,688	2004	17,500	2011
Tabasco	441,835	1979	4,953	2023	10,203	2012
Tijuana	677,464	2019	12,764	2004	18,397	2007
Veracruz	245,057	2012	4,858	2023	8,121	2011
Yucatan	560,000	1982	10,558	2023	16,431	2005

Mexico City also had a team named the Tigers, whose attendance high was 441,885 in 1965.

UNITED SHORE BASEBALL LEAGUE – INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUE All Teams Play in Utica, MI

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Utica, MI (all 4 teams)	273,182	2024	3,450	2019	4,926	2019

<u>MAVERICKS LEAGUE - INDEPENDENT</u> <u>All Teams Play in Keizer, OR</u>

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Keizer, OR (all 4 teams)	136,836	1997	3,698	1997	5,627	2006

Record listed is for **Salem-Keiser** of the Northwest League. The current Mavericks League set record highs for total attendance (119,480) and average per date (1,219) in 2024.

PECOS BASEBALL LEAGUE – INDEPENDENT PRO LEAGUE

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Alpine	22,630	1959	415	2011		
Austin, TX (2022)	188,193	1949				
Bakersfield	23,458	2024	634	2024		
Blackwell, OK (2023)	51,000	1952				
Colorado Springs	1,281	2021	61	2021		
Garden City, KS	24,609	2022	631	2022		
Dublin	2,284	2024	138	2024		
Lancaster, CA (2023)	32,580	2023	1,810	2023	7,122	2000
Martinez	17,723	2022	479	2022		
Marysville, CA (2023)	87,179	2000	1,937	2000		
Monterey, CA	8,896	2019	300	2018		
North Platte, NE (2024)	38,578	1956				
Pecos, TX (2024)	1,053	2024	39	2024		
Roswell	82,671	1950	231	2022		
Salina, KS	1,809	2016	201	2016		
San Rafael	31,411	2012	766	2012		
Santa Cruz	1,056	2021	132	2021		
Santa Fe	15,552	2012	501	2024		
Santa Rosa (2022)	20,880	1948				
Trinidad	10,624	2012	332	2012		
Tucson	139,149	2009	4,480	1992	12,935	2006
Vallejo						
Wasco	5,950	2019	175	2019		
Weimar, TX (2022)	1,040	2022	65	2022		

P.C.L. team in **Tucson** drew 317,347 in 1991. **Roswell** drew 82,671 in 1950. Highs for **Bakersfield** (158,714, 2,442 per date) set in the California League in 1992. **San Rafael** highs were set in the Pacific Association. **Santa Rosa** record was set in the Far West League. **Austin** record-high was set in the Big State League. Round Rock (near Austin) has drawn higher than this every year. **Lancaster** records set in the California League were 316,390 total and 4,520 average, both in 1996. **Blackwell** record was set in the Kansas-Oklahoma-Missouri League. **Marysville** records were set in the independent Western League.

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Frederick	351,146	1993	5,301	1994	11,006	1997
Mahoning Valley	206,287	2000	5,641	1999	7,869	2024
State College	153,350	2008	4,205	2007	7,183	2021
Trenton	457,344	1998	6,628	1998	9,212	2011
West Virginia (Morgt'n)	83,796	2015	2,265	2015	3,019	2015
Williamsport	83,346	2003	2,253	2003	4,363	2001

MLB DRAFT LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE)

All records set by MLB Draft League teams were in MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) Minor Leagues.

<u>APPALACHIAN LEAGUE – (SUMMER COLLEGIATE)</u> <u>SHORT-SEASON NAPBL ROOKIE LEAGUE (1957-2019) – (Full-Season League Prior to 1957)</u>

Team	Record-High Total	Year	Record-High Average/Date	Year	Record- High/Game	Year
Bluefield	55,373	1991	1,478	1993	N/A	
Bristol	32,409	1976	1,351	2023	N/A	
Burlington, NC	76,653	1987	2,039	1992	4,722	1986
Danville	80,539	1993	2,441	1993	3,289	2018
Elizabethton	30,134	2007	1,010	2023	2,236	2023
Greeneville, TN	54,796	2024	2,491	2024	5,077	2024
Johnson City	87,719	2023	3,655	2023	5,261	2023
Kingsport	55,457	1999	2,093	2023	4,354	2023
Princeton	39,426	1994	1,264	2001	4,050	1994
Pulaski	95,897	2019	2,821	2019	4,872	2019
Tri-State Huntington, WV	23,185	2024	966	2024	2,093	2024

Record-highs as full-season teams in this league: Bluefield - 116,572 in 1949; Elizabethton - 38,947 in 1947; Johnson City - 51,846 in 1948; Kingsport - 65,646 in 1951; Bristol - 68,504 in 1946; Pulaski - 49,472 in 1947. Burlington drew 140,148 in 1947, and Danville drew 110,000 in 1946, both in the full-season Carolina League

RECENT MINOR LEAGUE TEAMS NO LONGER PRO BASEBALL, OR IN THE MLB DRAFT OR APPALACHIAN LEAGUES

RECORD-HIGH TOTALS, AND SOME RECORD-HIGH AVERAGES MAY NOT BE FOR THE MOST RECENT TEAM IN THAT CITY

	Record-High		Record-High		Record-	
Team	Total	Year	Average/Date	Year	High/Game	Year
Pawtucket	688,421	2005	9,561	2005	11,982	2009
New Orleans	519,584	1998	7,530	1998	11,925	2003
Bridgeport	342,857	1999	4,571	1999		
Jackson, TN	313,775	1998	4,483	1998	6,814	2015
Mobile	332,639	1997	4,820	2004	6,677	1997
California City	3,584	2017	112	2017		
Burlington, IA	91,946	1955	1,384	1993	3,666	2008
Clinton	127,251	1988	1,910	2016	6,200	1963
High Desert, CA	218,444	1992	3,361	1992	0,200	1000
Napa	6,264	2018	157	2018		
0	45.047	0045	447	0045		
Sonoma	15,847	2015	417	2015		
Vallejo	6,776	2015	174	2015		1000
Brevard County, FL	144,688	1994	2,234	1996	7,802	1996
(Port) Charlotte, FL	171,450	2010	2,855	2009	7,515	2017
White Sands	8,800	2011	289	2018		
Grand Prairie (Texas)	143,627	2008	3,056	2008	7,101	2012
Florida (Kissimmee)	57,324	2017	1,082	2017	5,515	2017
Lancaster, CA	316,390	1996	4,520	1996	7,122	2000
Hagerstown	193,753	1991	2,260	2006	6,758	2011
New Britain	368,523	2010	5,867	2011	8,672	2015
Southern Illinois (Marion)	259,392	2007	5,086	2007	6,718	2007
Auburn	59,637	1947	1,990	2007	3,741	1995
Batavia	67,680	1946	1,230	2004	3,021	2008
Connecticut (Norwich)	281,473	1995	4,201	1995	6,195	2000
Lowell	201,512	2010	5,446	2010	5,778	2017
Vermont	124,496	1996	3,557	1996	6,106	1994
0.000	100 105	2007	0.007	2000	6.000	2012
Orem	109,125	2007	2,927	2008	6,209	2013
Normal	132,309	2010	2,646	2010		
River City, MO	185,333	2004	4,119	2004		
Pittsburg, CA	3,938	2015	101	2015	0.044	0010
Traverse City	206,102	2007	4,241	2006	8,211	2010

In 2023, Clinton averaged 2,790 per date, and in 2024, Batavia averaged 2,341 per date, playing in Summer Collegiate Leagues. These figures may be record-highs for those cities. Lancaster, CA played in the Pecos League in 2023.

HOW BIG IS THE BALLPARK? - LISTED CAPACITY OF MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BALLPARKS

The table below shows the average listed capacities for each Major and Minor League, along with each league's biggest and smallest parks. MLB figures come from each team's 2024 Media Guide. Most MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues data is from the 2024 Minor League team Media Guides. Mexican League data is from Wikipedia, as is data from the independent Atlantic League. Frontier League and American Association figures are from their 2024 Media Guides. The United Shore League and Mavericks League figures are from their Websites. Each of those two leagues play in one park.

Capacity estimate in some parks is for fixed seating only. Others list a full sellout figure as capacity. The Florida State League has 11 parks, as Palm Beach and Jupiter play in the same park. Nuevo Laredo of the Mexican League splits its games between Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, Laredo, TX. So the Mexican League has 21 parks.

PRO BASEBALL BALLPARK CAPACITY - MLB -2024, 11 Minor Leagues - 2024

(Northwest, California, Florida State, Mexican, Atlantic, Pioneer – 2021 or 2024, Frontier, American Association - 2024)

League	# of Parks	Average Capacity	League's Biggest Park	Capacity	League's Smallest Park	Capacity
BASEBALL						
American	15	40,449	Seattle	47,376	Tampa Bay	25,025
			Oakland	46,847	Cleveland	34,631
			New York	46,543	Boston – day	37,105
					Boston – night	37,555
National	15	43,287	L.A. Dodgers	56,000	Miami	37,446
			Arizona	48,330	Pittsburgh	38,048
			Colorado	46,896	San Diego	39,860
MLB Average	30	41,868				
International	20	10,880	Buffalo	17,600	St. Paul	7,210
Pacific Coast	10	10,634	Salt Lake City	16,531	Tacoma	6,500
AAA Average	30	10,798				
Eastern	12	7,329	Bowie	10,000	Erie	6,000
Southern	8	6,922	Birmingham	8,500	Pensacola	5,038
Texas	10	7,771	Frisco	10,216	Midland	4,922
AA Average	30	7,368				
Midwest	12	6,705	Lansing	11,000	Beloit	3,500
South Atlantic	12	5,809	Greensboro	7,499	Asheville	4,000
Northwest	6	4,850	Spokane	6,803	Everett	3,682
High-A Average	30	5,975		0,000		0,002
Carolina	12	5,683	Columbia, SC	9,902	Down East (Kinston)	3,410
Florida State	9	8,027	Tampa	10,031	Daytona	4,200
California	8	5,464	Fresno	10,500	Visalia	2,468
Single-A Average	30	6,350		10,000		2,400
MLB-Affiliate Avg.	119	7,634	Buffalo	17,600	Visalia	2,468
Mexican	21	10,792	Monterrey	22,061	Durango	4,983
Atlantic	10	5,726	Lexington	8,394	Hagerstown	4,000
Frontier	16	5,392	Schaumburg	7,365	Windy City, IL	2,557
American Assn.	12	5,453	Kane County, IL	10,923	Lake Country, WI	3,641
Pioneer	12	4,757	Rocky Mtn. (Col. Spr)	8,890	Billings	3,071
Mavericks	1	4,300		-,		
United Shore	1	4,500				
Independ. Average	73	6,870	Monterrey	22,061	Windy City	2,557
7 leagues listed						
Total Minors Avg.	192	7,343	Monterrey	22,061	Visalia	2,468

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM GROWTH - 2019 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

Due to the reorganization of MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues, any league's post-2019 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979, and 1969 average attendance by team comparison for these years would be somewhat distorted. It is because the number of teams in many individual leagues has changed so much. But new tables, comparing 2024 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989,1979, and 1969, Triple-A, Double-A and combined Class A, plus the Mexican League and other independent leagues, average total attendance per team, appear in the second part of this section.

Minor League Baseball attendance had increased very sharply over the past 5 decades through 2019. New parks, better marketing and promotion programs, and reasonable prices have all been factors in this attendance boom.

Tables in the first part of this section compare **2019** Major League and Minor League attendance with attendance for the 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979, and 1969 seasons. Note the sub-total *(in italics)* provided for Triple-A. The old Triple-A American Association teams were moved into either the International or Pacific Coast Leagues after the 1997 season. The sub-total is a more accurate way to compare Triple-A attendance between years.

Both the Major and Minor leagues have more teams today than 35, 45 and 55 years ago. So the tables look at **average attendance per team** for each league, in addition to the comparisons of total season attendance.

Figures for Minor Leagues average attendance per date were not available for 1989, 1979, and 1969. No independent leagues were in operation in those years either. The National League didn't count 'no-shows' in its official attendance until 1993, so keep that in mind when comparing 2019 Major League figures with 1989, 1979, and 1969.

ONE MORE LOOK AT MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE IN 2019-THE FINAL SEASON BEFORE REORGANIZATION

The 176 MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) teams that charged admission drew 41,504,077, an average of 235,819 per team. Average per date was 4,044. 53 independent teams that compiled home attendance drew 5,690,513, an average of 107,368 per team, and an average per date of 2,341. The 4-team United Shore Baseball League, which plays all of its games in Utica, MI, counts as one team in these tables. Most independent teams played shorter seasons than NAPBL teams. Combined NAPBL and independent attendance was 47,194,590, averaging 206,090 per team, and 3,718 per date. Major League total attendance was 68,493,093, an average of 2,283,103 per team, and 28,338 per date.

2019 COMPARISON WITH 2009

NAPBL **2019** figures are quite similar to the 2009 numbers. Both years had 176 teams. Total attendance, average per team, and average per date were 0.3% lower in 2019 than in 2009. Average per date was 4,044 in 2019, and 4,055 in 2009. 2019 total attendance was down 140,441 vs. 2009, with 7 fewer dates in 2019 than in 2009. Total attendance for the independent teams was 28.6% lower in 2019 than in 2009. There were 61 independent teams with announced attendance in 2009. Their average per team was down 17.8%, and average per date was down 18.5% (2,341 in 2019 vs. 2,872 in 2009). Independent teams had 342 fewer dates with announced attendance in 2019 than in 2009. Combined NAPBL and independent league total attendance was 4.9% lower in 2019 than in 2009, the average per team was 1.5% lower, and the average per date was 2.3% lower, down 86 from the 2009 average per date of 3,804.

5 of the 15 NAPBL leagues had a higher <u>average attendance per team</u> in 2019 than in 2009. The Mexican League was up 50.0%, the Appalachian League had a 32.6% gain, and the Northwest League grew by 23.0%. The Eastern and Carolina Leagues each had gains of less than 2%. On the downside, average per team for the New York-Penn League fell 26.3%, the Florida State League was down 16.3%, and the International League had an 8.1% loss.

Average per date for the Triple-A clubs combined was 6,697 in 2019 vs. 6,820 in 2009. For Double-A, it was 4,429 in 2019 and 4,462 in 2009. The full-season Class A teams averaged 2,807 in 2019 and 2,978 in 2009. Short-season teams had a 2,514 average per date in 2019, vs. a 2,646 average in 2009.

Columbus had the top attendance in 2009, drawing a total of 666,797, averaging 9,526 per date. Sacramento was close behind with a 657,095 total, and a 9,126 average per date. Lehigh Valley drew 641,335, averaging 9,162 per date. Frisco led Double-A with a 553,916 total, and an 8,028 average per date. Dayton topped Class A (586,193 total, 8,496 average), Brooklyn drew 264,102 (7,138 per date) to lead all short-season teams. Monterrey led the Mexican League in both categories (400,310 total, and 7,698 per date). Long Island had the top independent total (414,973), and Winnipeg posted the best independent average per date (6,180).

Major League total attendance, average per team, and average per date were all down 6.6% when comparing **2019 with 2009**. In 2009, MLB drew 73,367,659, averaging 2,445,589 per team, and 30,330 per date.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM GROWTH - 2019 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

2019 COMPARISON WITH 1999

By 1999, the boom in Minor League attendance was well underway. Comparing **2019** with 1999 attendance won't have the same dramatic growth as comparisons with 1989, 1979, and 1969. But there were some healthy gains.

The MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) **2019** total was up 18.0% from 1999, despite 128 fewer dates than in 1999. Average attendance <u>per date</u> rose 658 (19.4%) from 3,386. There were 176 NAPBL teams, which includes the Mexican League, in both 2019 and 1999. 44 independent teams had home games in 1999. The total for independent leagues was up 16.8% vs. 1999, with 527 more dates, but their average <u>per date</u> fell 218 (8.5%) from 2,559. The decline in the independent average is partly due to current smaller leagues that do not draw large crowds. Combined 2019 NAPBL and independent total attendance rose 17.8% from 1999, and average <u>per date</u> was up 460 (14.1%) from 3,258.

2019 NAPBL <u>average attendance per team</u> was also up 18.0% vs. 1999, and was at least 25% higher for 5 leagues. The Texas League's average attendance per team rose 56.1%. The Mexican League was up 60.6%, the Pacific Coast League had a 25.8% increase, the South Atlantic League gained 45.3%, and the Pioneer League increased 58.7%. The Appalachian League had a 24.4% gain, and the Midwest League was up 20.6%. Independent league teams had a combined loss of 3.0%. Combined NAPBL and independent average per team rose 13.2%.

But 5 NAPBL leagues had a lower <u>average attendance per team</u> in 2019 than in 1999. The Eastern League was down 3.1%, the Southern League fell 3.9%, the Carolina League declined 2.3%, the California League was down 4.4%, and the New York-Penn League had a dip of 4.0%.

The 30 Triple-A teams averaged 450,013 per team in 2019. In 1999, the 30 Triple-A teams averaged 401,475 per team. Triple-A <u>average per date</u> was 6,697 in 2019, compared to 5,913 in 1999. Double-A teams averaged 4,429 per date in 2019, up 488 from the 1999 average of 3,941. Full-season Class A teams averaged 2,807 per date in 2019, compared to 2,296 in 1999. Short-season teams averaged 2,514 in 2019, vs. 2,231 in 1999.

Buffalo drew 684,051 to lead all teams in total attendance in 1999. The Bisons also had the highest average per date (10,060) of any team. Indianapolis drew 658,250. Overall, 6 teams topped 500,000. Akron was the Double-A leader, drawing 522,459. Lansing had the best full-season Class A attendance (462,515). The short-season attendance leader was Portland, OR, who drew 206,136. Among independent league teams, Bridgeport had the highest total attendance (342,857), and St. Paul had the best average per date in 1999 (6,329), and in 2019 (8,061).

The Major League 2019 total attendance and average per team was down 2.3% from 1999. 30 teams operated each year. Average attendance per date was 28,338 in 2019, down 872 (3.0%) from the 1999 average of 29,210.

A NOTE ABOUT THIS, AND THE NEXT, SECTIONS

Since the first part of this section only covers data through 2019, the term NAPBL (National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues) is often used to cover those leagues that were affiliated with Major League Baseball. So in this section, it includes the Mexican and Pioneer Leagues, which were part of the NAPBL through 2019, but became independent leagues in 2021.

The second part of this section makes comparisons for Triple-A, Double-A, and combined High-A, and Single-A, the Mexican League, and the other independent leagues for **2024 vs**, **2009**, **1999**, **1989**, **1979**, **and 1969**. Comparing average attendance per team for each individual MLB-affiliated league, from seasons starting in 2021, has limited value, since these leagues have undergone so many changes since 2019.

The third part of this section, comparing Major League and Minor League Baseball, the NFL, NBA, WNBA, NHL, Minor League Hockey, and Major League Soccer **2024** attendance with 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979, and 1969 has been updated.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM GROWTH - 2019 COMPARISON WITH 1989

164 MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) teams that charged admission, operated in 1989. They drew a total of 23,103,593, an average of 140,876 per team. 2019 NAPBL total attendance was 79.6% higher than in 1989, and the <u>average per</u> team was up 67.4%. Independent leagues did not operate in 1989. But if independent leagues attendance is included in the 2019 figures, the results are gains of 104.3% in total attendance, and 46.3% in average per team.

The Florida State League had a 14.0% gain in <u>average attendance per team</u>. Every other league drew at least 32% higher than their 1989 average per team. The Appalachian and Southern Leagues had the next smallest gains.

2 leagues more than doubled their 2019 per team averages compared to 1989. The South Atlantic League average per team was 140.6% higher in 2019 than in 1989, and the Mexican League gained 104.5%. Also up at least 60% were the Pacific Coast, Texas, Eastern, New York-Penn, Northwest, Carolina, Midwest, and California Leagues. The combined Triple-A average per team was up 32.4%.

Among individual teams, Buffalo had the highest 1989 attendance, drawing an incredible 1,132,183. Louisville and Columbus, OH also topped 500,000. 16 teams reached 500,000 in 2019. Highest Double-A attendance in 1989 was at Arkansas (296,428). In 2019, 16 Double-A teams topped 300,000. Durham led full-season Class A in 1989, drawing 272,202. That figure was topped by 10 Class A teams in 2019. Durham is now in Triple-A, and the Bulls drew 529,105 in 2019. Yucatan drew 310,715 to lead the Mexican League in 1989. They drew 520,350 in 2019.

In 1989, just 2 of the 26 teams in either the Midwest or South Atlantic Leagues topped 200,000. But in 2019, 16 of the 30 teams in those leagues reached that milestone. Salt Lake City drew 173,256 to top all short-season teams in 1989. Just 4 of the 40 short-season teams in 1989 drew at least 100,000. 15 short-season teams did that in 2019, with Vancouver and Spokane surpassing 200,000.

Major League total attendance was up 24.1% vs. 1989. Average per team (26 teams in 1989), rose 7.6%. The average per date of 28,338 in 2019 was 1,568 (5.9%) higher than the 1989 average per date of 26,770.

2019 COMPARISON WITH 1979

142 NAPBL teams charging admission operated in 1979. Total attendance was 15,265,633, an average of 107,504 per team. NAPBL 2019 total attendance was 171.9% higher than in 1979, with the <u>average per team</u> up 119.4%. When independent league attendance is added to the 2019 totals, the result is a 209.2% increase in total attendance, and a 91.7% gain in average per team.

11 of the 15 NAPBL leagues more than doubled their <u>average attendance per team</u> since 1979. There was a better than 4-fold increase in 3 leagues: Eastern – 329.9%; Carolina – 328.9%; Northwest – 423.4%. The only leagues that did not at least double their average attendance per team were the Southern, Florida State, Mexican, and Appalachian Leagues, who had increases between 7.9% and 91.6%. The Triple-A leagues had a combined 150.3% increase from the 1979 average per team of 179,784.

In 1979, Columbus (OH) had the top Minor League attendance, drawing 599,544 to newly re-built Cooper Stadium. That figure was topped by Tijuana and Las Vegas in 2019. 3 Mexican League teams (Mexico City Reds, Tabasco, and Yucatan) topped 400,000 in 1979. But Denver (335,684) and Albuquerque (266,586) were the only other Triple-A teams to top 240,000. All Triple-A teams drew over 188,000 in 2019, and all these teams, except Gwinnett and New Orleans, topped 327,000.

Nashville drew 515,482 to lead Double-A in 1979, the first of 4 straight years the Sounds topped 500,000. Memphis and El Paso were the only other Double-A teams to reach 200,000. 25 of the 30 Double-A teams topped 200,000 in 2019. Just 2 of the 34 full-season Class A teams attracted more than 100,000 fans in 1979. West Palm Beach drew 125,213, and Greensboro's attendance was 165,596. In 2019, 47 of the 60 full-season Class A teams, and 15 short-season teams, drew more than 100,000. Greensboro's Class A leading total of 1979 was topped by 32 full-season Class A teams, and 3 short-season teams in 2019. Eugene drew 66,156 to lead the 32 short-season teams in 1979. 25 of the 40 short-season NAPBL teams drew more than that in 2019.

Major League 2019 total attendance was up 57.3% vs. 1979. <u>Average per team</u> (26 teams in 1979), rose 36.3%. <u>Average per date</u> was up 6,398 (29.2%) from the 1979 figure of 21,940. National League teams did not count 'no-shows' in their official attendance until 1993.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM GROWTH - 2019 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

2019 COMPARISON WITH 1969

The 148 NAPBL teams that charged admission in 1969 drew just 9,984,263, an average of 67,461 per team. 2019 total NAPBL attendance was 315.7% higher, and average per team showed a 249.6% gain. Add independent teams to the 2019 figures, and the total attendance growth is 372.7%, with average per team up 205.5%.

There have been some incredible increases in <u>average attendance per team</u> since 1969. The Midwest League was up 485.6%. The South Atlantic League (named the Western Carolinas League until 1980) had a 456.8% gain with 7 2019 teams each individually drawing better in 2019 than the entire league drew in 1969. The Northwest League's average per team grew by 448.7%, with 6 of the 8 teams in 2019 individually outdrawing the whole league's 1969 total.

The Eastern League's average per team was up 389.5%. The Carolina League had a gain of 323.3%, and the Southern League had a 303.4% gain. The International, Pacific Coast, Texas, New York-Penn, Pioneer, and California Leagues were each up better than 200%. The Florida State League, up 101.3%, the Appalachian League, up 137.1%, and the Mexican League, up 17.0%, were the only leagues whose 2019 average per team was not at least 3 times more than their 1969 figure. Combined Triple-A average per team was up 232.9% from the 1969 average of 135,181, which was the lowest Triple-A average per team since 1934.

In 1969, the Mexico City Reds led the Minors in attendance, drawing 428,548. Among U.S. based teams, Hawaii (Honolulu) was the top draw, with a total of 280,477. In 2019, Hawaii's 1969 total attendance was topped by 64 NAPBL teams, and by 5 independent league teams. Honolulu no longer has a team. Rochester (267,987) had the top 1969 attendance among U.S. mainland teams.

Only 5 teams below the Triple-A level topped 100,000 in 1969. Dallas-Fort Worth, then in the Double-A Texas League, attracted 235,827. Albuquerque and Memphis, also in the Texas League, drew over 100,000, as did Charlotte of the Southern League, and Ciudad Madero of the Class A Mexican Center League. No United States based Class A team reached 100,000.

Miami had the best full-season Class A attendance in the U.S., drawing 77,354. 49 of 60 full-season Class A teams, and 23 of 40 short-season teams topped that figure in 2019. Salt Lake City drew 76,789 in 1969 to lead all short-season teams. 6 Double-A teams, and 38 full-season Class A teams, failed to reach 50,000 in 1969. Also that year, just 5 of 33 short-season teams drew at least 30,000, and 16 short-season teams didn't even reach 20,000.

Major League total attendance rose 151.5% vs. 1969. Average per team (24 teams in 1969), rose 101.2%. The 2019 MLB average per date was 28,338, up 12,980 (84.5%) from the 1969 average per date of 15,358.

INDIVIDUAL TEAMS OUTDRAWING ENTIRE LEAGUES

The following individual teams drew more fans in 2019 than their <u>entire league</u> drew in 1979 and/or 1969: (Example: Dayton of the Midwest League drew 545,108 in 2019. In 1979, the Midwest League's total attendance was 485,915, and in 1969, that league drew 367,420.)

- Eastern League Reading, Richmond, Hartford (1969)
- Southern League Birmingham (1969)
- Midwest League Dayton (1979 & 1969); Fort Wayne (1969)
- South Atlantic Lea. Greensboro, Augusta, Charleston SC, Columbia SC, Lakewood, Greenville, Lexington (1969)

Northwest League - Vancouver (1979 & 1969), Spokane, Boise, Everett, Eugene, Hillsboro (1969)

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MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2019 vs. 2009

	<u>2019</u>				% Chg. in Avg./Team		
League	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>2019 vs. 2009</u>
American National	30,591,020 <u>37,902,073</u>	15 <u>15</u>	2,039,401 <u>2,526,805</u>	32,239,466 <u>41,128,193</u>	14 <u>16</u>	2,302,819 <u>2,570,512</u>	(11.4) <u>(1.7)</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	68,493,093	30	2,283,103	 73,367,659 	30	2,445,589	(6.6)
American Assoc.	Teams now in	the I.L. &	P.C.L.				
International	6,445,838	14	460,417	7,017,469	14	501,248	(8.1)
Pacific Coast	<u>7,054,538</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>440,909</u>	<u>7,133,386</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>445,837</u>	(1.1)
Class AAA Total	13,500,376	30	450,013	<i>14,150,855</i>	30	471,695	(4.6)
Mexican	4,618,131	16	288,633	3,079,774	16	192,486	50.0
Eastern	3,749,124	12	312,427	 3,694,397	12	307,866	1.5
Southern	2,242,303	10	224,230	2,284,201	10	228,420	(1.8)
Texas	2,791,180	8	348,898	2,964,170	8	370,521	(5.8)
California	1,280,811	8	160,101	1,721,279	10	172,128	(7.0)
Carolina	2,018,496	10	201,850	1,586,588	8	198,324	1.8
Florida State	935,187	12	77,932	1,117,363	12	93,114	(16.3)
Midwest	3,824,807	16	239,050	3,629,038	14	259,217	(7.8)
South Atlantic *	2,978,718	14	212,766	3,690,958	16	230,685	(7.8)
New York-Penn	1,316,873	14	94,062	1,786,735 	14	127,624	(26.3)
Northwest	1,115,614	8	139,452	907,094	8	113,387	23.0
Appalachian	411,189	10	41,119	310,124	10	31,012	32.6
Pioneer	721,268	<u>8</u>	90,159	<u>721,942</u>	<u>8</u>	90,243	(0.1)
NAPBL TOTAL	41,504,077	176	235,819	 41,644,518	176	236,617	(0.3)
Independent Lgs.	5,690,513	53	107,368	 7,965,185 	61	130,577	(17.8)
GRAND TOTAL	47,194,590	229	206,090	49,609,703	237	209,324	(1.5)

* The South Atlantic League was named the Western Carolinas League until 1980.

Independent league totals exclude teams that only played road games. The United Shore League is shown as one team.

Sources: Minor League Baseball (NAPBL), Independent Leagues, Total Baseball - 8th Edition

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MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2019 vs. 1999

	<u>2019</u>				<u>1999</u>		% Chg. in Avg./Team
League	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	2019 vs. 1999
American National	30,591,020 <u>37,902,073</u>	15 <u>15</u>	2,039,401 <u>2,526,805</u>	31,816,532 38,322,848	14 <u>16</u>	2,272,609 <u>2,395,178</u>	(10.3) <u>5.5</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	68,493,093	30	2,283,103	70,139,380 	30	2,337,979	(2.3)
American Assoc.	Teams now in		-	Teams now in		-	
International	6,445,838	14	460,417	6,437,251	14	459,804	0.1
Pacific Coast	<u>7,054,538</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>440,909</u>	5,606,999	<u>16</u>	<u>350,437</u>	25.8
Class AAA Total	13,500,376	30	450,013	 12,044,250	30	401,475	12.1
Mexican	4,618,131	16	288,633	2,875,289	16	179,706	60.6
Eastern	3,749,124	12	312,427	3,868,732	12	322,394	(3.1)
Southern	2,242,303	10	224,230	2,332,712	10	233,271	(3.9)
Texas	2,791,180	8	348,898	1,787,915	8	223,489	56.1
California	1,280,811	8	160,101	 1,675,245	10	167,525	(4.4)
Carolina	2,018,496	10	201,850	1,652,256	8	206,532	(2.3)
Florida State	935,187	12	77,932	941,861	14	67,276	15.8
Midwest	3,824,807	16	239,050	2,774,427	14	198,173	20.6
South Atlantic *	2,978,718	14	212,766	2,049,461	14	146,390	45.3
New York-Penn	1,316,873	14	94,062	1,371,054	14	97,932	(4.0)
Northwest	1,115,614	8	139,452	1,021,390	8	127,674	9.2
Appalachian	411,189	10	41,119	330,517	10	33,052	24.4
Pioneer	721,268	<u>8</u>	90,159	454,362	<u>8</u>	56,795	58.7
NAPBL TOTAL	41,504,077	176	235,819	 35,179,471	176	199,883	18.0
Independent Lgs.	5,690,513	53	107,368	4,871,797	44	110,723	(3.0)
GRAND TOTAL	47,194,590	229	206,090	40,051,268	220	182,051	13.2

* The South Atlantic League was named the Western Carolinas League until 1980.

Independent league totals exclude teams that only played road games. The United Shore League is shown as one team.

Sources: Minor League Baseball (NAPBL), Independent Leagues, Major League Baseball Information System

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MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2019 vs. 1989

	<u>2019</u>				<u>1989</u>		% Chg. in Avg./Team
League	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>2019 vs. 1989</u>
American	30,591,020	15	2,039,401	29,849,262	14	2,132,090	(4.3)
National	<u>37,902,073</u>	<u>15</u>	2,526,805	<u>25,323,834</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>2,110,320</u>	<u>19.7</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	68,493,093	30	2,283,103	55,173,096	26	2,122,042	7.6
American Assoc.	Teams now in	the I.L. &	P.C.L.	, 3,667,142	8	458,393	
International	6,445,838	14	460,417	2,613,247	8	326,656	40.9
Pacific Coast	<u>7,054,538</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>440,909</u>	<u>2,554,417</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>255,442</u>	72.6
Class AAA Total	13,500,376	30	450,013	8,834,806	26	339,800	32.4
Mexican	4,618,131	16	288,633	1,975,723	14	141,123	104.5
Eastern	3,749,124	12	312,427	1,272,812	8	159,102	96.4
Southern	2,242,303	10	224,230	1,687,844	10	168,784	32.9
Texas	2,791,180	8	348,898	1,511,610	8	188,951	84.6
California	1,280,811	8	160,101	933,883	10	93,388	71.4
Carolina	2,018,496	10	201,850	1,006,738	8	125,842	60.4
Florida State	935,187	12	77,932	957,344	14	68,382	14.0
Midwest	3,824,807	16	239,050	1,716,443	14	122,603	95.0
South Atlantic *	2,978,718	14	212,766	1,060,964	12	88,414	140.6
New York-Penn	1,316,873	14	94,062	714,561	14	51,040	84.3
Northwest	1,115,614	8	139,452	636,187	8	79,523	75.4
Appalachian	411,189	10	41,119	311,510	10	31,151	32.0
Pioneer	<u>721,268</u>	<u>8</u>	90,159	<u>483,168</u>	<u>8</u>	60,396	49.3
NAPBL TOTAL	41,504,077	176	235,819	23,103,593	164	140,876	67.4
Independent Lgs.	5,690,513	53	107,368	0	0	0	
GRAND TOTAL	47,194,590	229	206,090	23,103,593	164	140,876	46.3

* The South Atlantic League was named the Western Carolinas League until 1980.

Independent league totals exclude teams that only played road games. The United Shore League is shown as one team.

Sources: Minor League Baseball (NAPBL), Independent Leagues, Major League Baseball Information System

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE-2019 vs. 1979

		<u>2019</u>			<u>1979</u>		% Chg. in Avg./Team
League	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	2019 vs. 1979
American National	30,591,020 <u>37,902,073</u>	15 <u>15</u>	2,039,401 <u>2,526,805</u>	22,371,979 <u>21,178,419</u>	14 <u>12</u>	1,597,999 <u>1,764,868</u>	27.6 <u>43.2</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	68,493,093	30	2,283,103	 43,550,398	26	1,675,015	36.3
American Assoc.	Teams now in		-	1,296,740	8	162,093	
International Pacific Coast	6,445,838 <u>7,054,538</u>	14 <u>16</u>	460,417 <u>440,909</u>	1,616,151 <u>1,761,487</u>	8 <u>10</u>	202,019 <u>176,149</u>	127.9 150.3
Class AAA Total	13,500,376	30	450,013	 <i>4,674,378</i>	26	179,784	150.3
Mexican	4,618,131	16	288,633	 4,591,286	20	229,564	25.7
Eastern Southern	3,749,124 2,242,303	12 10	312,427 224,230	436,040 1,482,437	6 10	72,673 148,244	329.9 51.3
Texas	2,791,180	8	348,898	826,207	8	148,244	237.8
California Carolina	1,280,811 2,018,496	8 10	160,101 201,850	504,487 282,371	10 6	50,449 47,062	217.4 328.9
Florida State	935,187	12	77,932	722,258	10	72,226	7.9
Midwest South Atlantic *	3,824,807 2,978,718	16 14	239,050 212,766	485,915 347,237	8 6	60,739 57,873	293.6 267.6
New York-Penn	1,316,873	14	94,062	298,538	10	29,854	215.1
Northwest Appalachian	1,115,614 411,189	8 10	139,452 41,119	213,163 128,735	8 6	26,645 21,456	423.4 91.6
Pioneer	<u>721,268</u>	<u>8</u>	90,159	<u>272,581</u>	<u>8</u>	34,073	164.6
NAPBL TOTAL	41,504,077	176	235,819	15,265,633	142	107,504	119.4
Independent Lgs.	5,690,513	53	107,368	0	0	0	
GRAND TOTAL	47,194,590	229	206,090	15,265,633	142	107,504	91.7

* The South Atlantic League was named the Western Carolinas League until 1980.

Independent league totals exclude teams that only played road games. The United Shore League is shown as one team.

1979 figures for Inter-American League which folded in mid-season are not included.

Sources: Minor League Baseball (NAPBL), Independent Leagues, Total Baseball - 8th Edition

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MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2019 vs. 1969

	<u>2019</u>				<u>1969</u>		
League	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	 <u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	% Chg. in Avg./Team 2019 vs. 1969
American	30,591,020	15	2,039,401	12,134,745	12	1,011,229	101.7
National	<u>37,902,073</u>	<u>15</u>	2,526,805	<u>15,094,946</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>1,257,912</u>	<u>100.9</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	68,493,093	30	2,283,103	27,229,691 	24	1,134,570	101.2
American Assoc.	Teams now in	the I.L. & I	P.C.L.	 882,547	6	147,091	
International	6,445,838	14	460,417	1,035,457	8	129,432	255.7
Pacific Coast	<u>7,054,538</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>440,909</u>	<u>1,055,988</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>131,999</u>	234.0
Class AAA Total	13,500,376	30	450,013	2,973,992	22	135,181	232.9
Mexican	4,618,131	16	288,633	1,973,825	8	246,728	17.0
Eastern	3,749,124	12	312,427	382,933	6	63,822	389.5
Southern	2,242,303	10	224,230	333,516	6	55,586	303.4
Texas	2,791,180	8	348,898	828,268	8	103,534	237.0
California	1,280,811	8	160,101	 369,217	8	46,152	246.9
Carolina	2,018,496	10	201,850	476,856	10	47,686	323.3
Florida State	935,187	12	77,932	464,662	12	38,722	101.3
Midwest	3,824,807	16	239,050	367,420	9	40,824	485.6
South Atlantic *	2,978,718	14	212,766	229,290	6	38,215	456.8
New York-Penn	1,316,873	14	94,062	190,519	8	23,815	295.0
Northwest	1,115,614	8	139,452	101,658	4	25,415	448.7
Appalachian	411,189	10	41,119	138,763	8	17,345	137.1
Pioneer	<u>721,268</u>	<u>8</u>	90,159	180,625	7	25,804	249.4
Northern				128,964	6	21,494	
Mexican Center				356,809	8	44,601	
Mexican Northern				145,244	6	24,207	
Mexican So. East	<u></u>	<u></u>		<u>341,702</u>	<u>6</u>	56,950	
NAPBL TOTAL	41,504,077	176	235,819	 9,984,263	148	67,461	249.6
Independent Lgs.	5,690,513	53	107,368	 0	0	0	
GRAND TOTAL	47,194,590	229	206,090	9,984,263	148	67,461	205.5

* The South Atlantic League was named the Western Carolinas League until 1980

In 1969, the Gulf Coast League listed attendance of 8,817, as one team charged admission. It is not included here.

Independent league totals exclude teams that only played road games. The United Shore League is shown as one team.

Sources: Minor League Baseball (NAPBL), Independent Leagues, Total Baseball - 8th Edition

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE PER TEAM GROWTH - BY CLASSIFICATION - 2024 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

The tables on the next 2 pages make the same comparisons as the previous group of 5 tables, but instead of comparing leagues, they compare the Triple-A, Double-A, and the combined full-season Class-A classifications. This is a way to make a good comparison of average per team, despite the Minor League changes that took effect in 2021.

This group of tables only includes teams that were in full-season MLB-affiliated leagues, the Mexican League, which was a member of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues through 2019, and for most independent teams. The Pecos Baseball League's 2024 figures, and the Continental League's 2009 figures are excluded since attendance from those leagues, which were in very small markets, would distort the average per team figures. Also excluded are the MLB-affiliated short-season teams, since this too, would distort comparisons with 2024. Since 2021, the MLB-affiliated leagues have not included short-season teams which charge admission.

Note that the National League did not count 'no shows' in their attendance until 1993, and decades ago, discounted tickets, such as for school and camp days, were often not included in the reported attendance figures.

2024 vs. 2009

Despite the significant Major League attendance gain in 2024 and 2023, and the Minor League attendance increase in 2023, average attendance per team, with the exception of the Mexican League, was still lower in 2024 than in 2009. The Mexican League had a 4.8% increase in average attendance per team. The largest decline was for the whole group of MLB-affiliated leagues who were down a combined 10.0%. Triple-A had the largest decline (11.7%) among the MLB-affiliated classifications. In the Major Leagues, the National League surpassed its 2009 average per team in 2024. The American League did not.

<u>2024 vs. 1999</u>

The American League was the only entity in this comparison that had a lower average attendance per team (4.0%) in 2024 than in 1999. Class-A teams drew a combined 15.1% higher per team in 2024 than in 1999, and all full-season MLB-affiliated teams had a combined 7.6% gain. The Mexican League's average per team rose 12.2%.

<u>2024 vs. 1989</u>

Independent leagues didn't begin play until 1993, so this, and the 2024 vs. 1979, and 2024 vs. 1969 tables don't include them in the 2024 listing either. But the Mexican League did play, and is included in all these comparisons.

Minor League average per team grew at a much faster pace than Major League average per team since 1989. Combined full-season MLB-affiliated Minor League teams were up a combined 88,653 (51.3%) per team. The Mexican League averaged 42.9% higher per team in 2024 than in 1989. The Major Leagues were up 12.1% per team.

<u>2024 vs. 1979</u>

Major League average per team was up 42.0%. But full-season MLB-affiliated Minor League average per team more than doubled, up 140.8%. The full-season Class-A teams nearly tripled their average attendance per team from 1979 to 2024, up 197.8%. But the Mexican League, which had record-high league attendance in 1979, showed a 12.2% decline in average per team for 2024 vs. 1979.

2024 vs. 1969

Except for the Mexican League, the 2024 vs. 1969 gains were huge. Major League average attendance per team was up 127.1%. Triple-A, Double-A, and full-season Class-A, combined to more than triple their average per team, with a 253.7% gain. The full-season Class-A group had a better than 4-fold increase, up 311.4%. The Mexican League had an 18.3% decline in average per team. That league had only 8 teams in 1969. Monterrey and the Mexico City Diablos Rojos (Red Devils) both drew over 400,000 in 1969.

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 2009 BY CLASSIFICATION

		2024			2009		
				1			% Chg. in Avg./Team
<u>League</u>	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	2023 vs. 2009
American	32,717,629	15	2,181,175	32,239,466		2,302,819	(5.3)
National	<u>38,630,784</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>2,575,386</u>	<u>41,128,193</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2,570,512</u>	<u>0.2</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	71,348,413	30	2,378,280	73,367,659	30	2,445,589	(2.8)
Triple-A Total	12,492,947	30	416,432	14,150,855	30	471,695	(11.7)
Double-A Total	8,389,769	30	279,659	8,942,768	30	298,092	(6.2)
Class-A Total	10,463,753	60	174,396	11,745,226	60	195,754	(10.9)
Full-Season - MLB Aff.	31,346,469	120	261,221	34,838,849	120	290,324	(10.0)
Mexican	4,032,870	20	201,644	3,079,774	16	192,486	4.8
Other Major							
Independent Lgs.	6,381,096	50	127,622	7,900,576	57	138,607	(7.9)
ALL MINORS TOTAL	41,760,435	190	219,792	45,819,199	193	237,405	(7.4)

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 1999 BY CLASSIFICATION

		<u>2024</u>			<u>1999</u>		
			ĺ				% Chg. in Avg./Team
<u>League</u>	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	Avg./Team	Attendance	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>2023 vs. 1999</u>
American	32,717,629	15	2,181,175	31,816,532	14	2,272,609	(4.0)
National	<u>38,630,784</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>2,575,386</u>	<u>38,322,848</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2,395,178</u>	<u>7.5</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	71,348,413	30	2,378,280	70,139,380	30	2,337,979	1.7
Triple-A Total	12,492,947	30	416,432	12,044,250	30	401,475	3.7
Double-A Total	8,389,769	30	279,659	7,989,359	30	266,312	5.0
Class-A Total	10,463,753	60	174,396	9,093,250	60	151,554	15.1
Full-Season - MLB Aff.	31,346,469	120	261,221	29,126,859	120	242,724	7.6
Mexican	4,032,870	20	201,644	2,875,289	16	179,706	12.2
Other Major							
Independent Lgs.	6,381,096	50	127,622	4,871,797	44	110,723	15.3
ALL MINORS TOTAL	41,760,435	190	219,792	36,873,945	180	204,855	7.3

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 1989 BY CLASSIFICATION

		<u>2024</u>			<u>1989</u>		
<u>League</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	 <u>Avg./Team</u> 	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	% Chg. in Avg./Team <u>2023 vs. 1989</u>
American	32,717,629	15	2,181,175	29,849,262	14	2,132,090	2.3
National	<u>38,630,784</u>	<u>15</u>	2,575,386	25,323,834	<u>12</u>	<u>2,110,320</u>	<u>22.0</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	71,348,413	30	2,378,280	55,173,096	26	2,122,042	12.1
Triple-A Total	12,492,947	30	416,432	8,834,806	26	339,800	22.6
Double-A Total	8,389,769	30	279,659	4,472,266	26	172,010	62.6
Class-A Total	10,463,753	60	174,396	5,675,372	58	97,851	78.2
Full-Season - MLB Aff.	31,346,469	120	261,221	18,982,444	110	172,568	51.4
Mexican	4,032,870	20	201,644	1,975,723	14	141,123	42.9
ALL MINORS TOTAL	35,379,339	140	 252,710	20,958,167	124	169,017	49.5

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 1979 BY CLASSIFICATION

% Chg. in Avg./Team
<u>Avg./Team</u> <u>2023 vs. 1979</u>
1,597,999 36.5
<u>1,764,868</u> <u>45.9</u>
1,675,015 42.0
179,784 131.6
114,362 144.5
58,557 197.8
108,459 140.8
229,564 (12.2)
130,478 93.7
:

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE - 2024 vs. 1969 BY CLASSIFICATION

		<u>2024</u>			<u>1969</u>		
<u>League</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	Avg./Team	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	% Chg. in Avg./Team 2023 vs. 1969
American National	32,717,629 <u>38,630,784</u>	15 <u>15</u>	2,181,175 <u>2,575,386</u>	12,134,745 <u>15,094,946</u>	12 <u>12</u>	1,011,229 <u>1,257,912</u>	115.7 <u>104.7</u>
MAJORS TOTAL	71,348,413	30	2,378,280	27,229,691	26	1,047,296	127.1
Triple-A Total Double-A Total Class-A Total	12,492,947 8,389,769 10,463,753	30 30 60	416,432 279,659 174,396	2,973,992 1,544,717 1,907,445	22 20 45	135,181 77,236 42,388	208.1 262.1 311.4
Full-Season - MLB Aff.	31,346,469	120	261,221	6,426,154	87	73,864	253.7
Mexican	4,032,870	20	201,644	1,973,825	8	246,728	(18.3)
ALL MINORS TOTAL	35,379,339	140	252,710	8,399,979	95	88,421	185.8

All short-season teams are excluded from these 5 tables. No independent teams were in operation in 1989, 1979, or 1969.

2024 vs. 2009 comparisons exclude the Pecos League (2024) and the Continental League (2009).

MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE GROWTH vs. OTHER SPORTS - 2024 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) Minor League Baseball attendance grew at a faster pace than any other United States-based major professional team sports when comparing 2024 with 1989, 1979, and 1969. Minor League Baseball (NAPBL) also posted a larger increase than MLB and the NHL in average per team attendance since 1999. Both MLB and the Minors had declines vs. 2009.

The tables in this section compare 2024 full-season MLB-affiliated Minor League Baseball **average per team** growth in attendance vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979, and 1969 with attendance growth for Major League Baseball, the National Football League, the National Basketball Association, and the National Hockey League. In addition, the comparison with 2009 and 1999 includes the Women's National Basketball Association, Minor League Hockey, and Major League Soccer. 1996 was the first season for Major League Soccer, and the WNBA began play in 1997.

For the NBA and NHL, the comparisons are with the 2009-10, 1999-2000, 1989-90, 1979-80, and 1969-70 seasons. Minor League hockey data is for 2009-10 and 1999-2000. The most recent NFL attendance total is for 2023. These tables exclude the Mexican League, independent leagues, and MLB-affiliated short-season leagues.

Comparisons are made for total attendance, and for average yearly attendance per team, as these leagues have undergone expansion. **Figures in bold represent record-high total attendance.**

SOURCES: – Minor League Baseball, Major League Baseball, Total Baseball; National Football League 2023 Record and Fact Book; Basketball – NBA, WNBA, and ABA Guides, databasebasketball.com; Hockey - NHL Guide and Record Book, Minor League hockey Websites; Major League Soccer

	2024 or 2023-24 Total Attendance	Number of Teams	Average Attendance per Team
MLB-Affiliated Full Season Minor League Baseball	31,346,469	120	261,221
Major League Baseball	71,348,413	30	2,378,280
National Football League (2023)	18,206,594	32	568,956
National Basketball Association	22,538,436	30	751,281
National Hockey League	22,873,142	32	714,786
Women's NBA (WNBA)	2,353,755	12	196,146
Major League Soccer	11,294,907	29	389,480
Minor League Hockey	13,775,623	87	158,340

2024 or 2023-24 ATTENDANCE (NFL-2023)

Major League Soccer had the best growth rate in terms of average attendance per team when comparing 2024 with 2009, followed by the WNBA, NFL, and NBA.

2024 (NFL 2023) ATTENDANCE COMPARISON WITH 2009 (2009-2010 NBA, NHL, MINOR LEAGUE HOCKEY)

	2009 or 2009-2010 Total Attendance	Number of Teams	Average Attendance per Team	% Chg 2024 vs. 2009 in Total Attend.	% Chg 2024 vs. 2009 in Avg. /Team
MLB-Aff. Full Sea. Minors	34,838,849	120	290,324	(10.0)	(10.0)
Major League Baseball	73,367,659	30	2,445,589	(2.8)	(2.8)
National Football League	16,651,126	32	520,348	9.3	9.3
National Basketball Assoc.	21,112,728	30	703,758	6.8	6.8
National Hockey League	20,996,455	30	699,882	8.9	2.1
Women's NBA (WNBA)	1,773,321	13	136,409	32.7	43.8
Major League Soccer	3,609,048	15	240,603	212.9	61.9
Minor League Hockey	12,598,841	85	148,222	9.3	6.8

MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE GROWTH vs. OTHER SPORTS - 2024 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

Full-season MLB-affiliated Minor Leagues grew at a faster pace than MLB, NHL, and Minor League Hockey, but slower than the NFL, MLS, NBA, and WNBA, when comparing 2024 average per team attendance with 1999.

	1999 or 1999-2000 Total Attendance	Number of Teams	Average Attendance per Team	% Chg 2024 vs. 1999 in Total Attend.	% Chg 2024 vs. 1999 in Avg. /Team
MLB-Aff. Full Sea. Minors	29,126,859	120	242,724	7.6	7.6
Major League Baseball	70,139,380	30	2,337,979	1.7	1.7
National Football League	16,206,640	31	522,795	12.3	8.8
National Basketball Assoc.	20,058,513	29	691,673	12.4	8.6
National Hockey League	18,800,139	28	671,434	21.7	6.5
Women's NBA (WNBA)	1,956,281	12	163,023	20.3	20.3
Major League Soccer	2,742,102	12	228,509	311.7	70.4
Minor League Hockey	19,736,526	109	181,069	(30.2)	(12.5)

2024 (NFL 2023) ATTENDANCE COMPARISON WITH 1999 (1999-2000 NBA, NHL, MINOR LEAGUE HOCKEY)

Full-season MLB-affiliated Minor League Baseball average per team attendance grew at a rate that was more than 2 times faster than any other sport in terms of average attendance per team when comparing 2024 with 1989. The National Hockey League's total attendance grew at a higher pace than Minor League Baseball due to the addition of 11 teams since the 1989-1990 season. Attendance for hockey minor leagues is not available for 1989-90, 1979-80, or 1969-70. Note that for Major League Baseball, the National League didn't count 'no-shows' in its official attendance until 1993.

	1989 or 1989-1990 Total Attendance	Number of Teams	Average Attendance per Team	% Chg 2024 vs. 1989 in Total Attend.	% Chg 2024 vs. 1989 in Avg. /Team
MLB-Aff. Full Sea. Minors	18,982,444	110	172,568	65.1	51.4
Major League Baseball	55,173,096	26	2,122,042	29.3	12.1
National Football League	13,625,662	28	486,631	33.6	16.9
National Basketball Assoc.	17,368,659	27	643,284	29.8	16.8
National Hockey League	12,579,651	21	599,031	81.8	19.3

Growth in average attendance per team for full-season MLB-affiliated Minor League Baseball increased at a pace that was more than twice as fast as the other sports leagues when comparing 2024 attendance with 1979. Total attendance also grew at a faster rate for full-season MLB-affiliated Minor League Baseball compared to other sports, increasing 221.1%. Both the NBA and the NHL have more than doubled their total attendance since their 1979-1980 seasons. The NBA had added 8 teams since then, and the NHL has 11 more teams.

2024 (NFL 2023) ATTENDANCE COMPARISON WITH 1979 (1979-1980 NBA, NHL)

	1979 or 1979-1980 Total Attendance	Number of Teams	Average Attendance per Team	% Chg 2024 vs. 1979 in Total Attend.	% Chg 2024 vs. 1979 in Avg. /Team
MLB-Aff. Full Sea. Minors	9,761,330	90	108,459	221.1	140.8
Major League Baseball	43,550,398	26	1,675,015	63.8	42.0
National Football League	13,182,039	28	470,787	38.1	20.9
National Basketball Assoc.	9,937,575	22	451,708	126.8	66.3
National Hockey League	10,533,623	21	501,601	117.1	42.5

MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE GROWTH vs. OTHER SPORTS - 2024 vs. 2009, 1999, 1989, 1979 and 1969

1969 was the final year that the American Football League and the National Football League played separately. Those leagues fully merged in 1970. The 1969 football attendance figures in the table below are for combined AFL and NFL attendance. The AFL had 10 teams in 1969, and drew 2,843,373, an average of 284,337 per team. The NFL had 16 teams and drew 6,096,127, averaging 381,008 per team. Both the AFL and NFL played 14-game schedules in 1969, compared to a 16-game schedule from 1978 through 2020, and a 17-game schedule beginning in 2021.

The basketball line below is for combined NBA and ABA attendance. The American Basketball Association was in its 3rd season in 1969-70, and had 11 teams. Their total attendance was 1,752,987, an average of 159,362 per team. The 14 NBA teams that played in 1969-70 drew 4,341,028, an average of 310,073 per team. If the basketball growth comparison is made for the NBA only, and excludes the ABA, total attendance is up 419.2% since 1969-70, and average per team increased 142.3%. 4 ABA teams were merged into the NBA in 1976-77.

	1969 or 1969-1980 Total Attendance	Number of Teams	Average Attendance per Team	% Chg 2024 vs. 1969 in Total Attend.	% Chg 2024 vs. 1969 in Avg. /Team
MLB-Aff. Full Sea. Minors	6,426,154	87	73,864	387.8	253.7
Major League Baseball	27,229,691	24	1,134,570	162.0	109.6
National Football League	8,939,500	26	343,827	103.7	65.5
National Basketball Assoc.	6,094,015	25	243,761	269.8	208.2
National Hockey League	5,992,065	12	499,339	281.7	43.1

2024 (NFL 2023) ATTENDANCE COMPARISON WITH 1969 (1969-1970 NBA, NHL)

NEW BALLPARKS

New ballparks have been a major factor in the growth of Minor League attendance. According to team websites, ballparkdigest.com, and baseballparks.com, 107 of the 119 MLB-affiliated parks in use in **2025**, opened from 1988 to 2025. 89 of these parks have been built since 1995, and 70 of them have opened since 2000, with 30 opening since 2010. (Palm Beach and Jupiter of the Florida State League share a ballpark.) 10 teams play in a park that opened prior to 1970, while the homes of 2 teams were built between 1970 and 1987. Many older parks have been totally refurbished, and bear little resemblance to their original structures.

Data is available about 84 ballparks of independent teams that operate in **2025**. All teams in the United Shore League play in the same park, with the same true for the Mavericks League. Dos Laredos of the Mexican League uses a park in Mexico, and one in Texas. 57 of these parks opened since 1988, (49 since 1995, 42 since 2000, and 16 since 2010), and 22 were built prior to 1970, and 6 from 1970 to 1987. Overall, 164 of 203 Minor League ballparks in use in 2025 opened since 1988, with 138 of them opening since 1995, 112 opening since 2000, and 46 since 2010.

New parks were opened by: Birmingham, Scranton, and Hillsboro in 2013; Charlotte, NC and El Paso in 2014; Nashville, Biloxi, Morgantown, and St. Paul in 2015; Columbia, SC in 2016; Hartford and Cleburne in 2017; Augusta and Rosemont, IL in 2018; Fayetteville NC, Las Vegas, Amarillo, High Point NC, Franklin WI, and Mexico City in 2019; Worcester, Fredericksburg VA, Wichita KS, Beloit, Kannapolis and Gastonia NC, and Rocket City (Madison, AL) in 2021; Lake Country (Oconomooc) Wisconsin, Glacier (Kalispell) Montana, in 2022. No new parks opened in 2023. The New Jersey Jackals moved to a rebuilt old stadium. Hagerstown, MD got a new park in 2024.

According to Ballparkdigest.com, new ballparks are expected to be completed in **2025** for the Northern Colorado Owlz of the Pioneer League, in Spartanburg, SC for the new Hub City Spartanburgers, in Knoxville for the Knoxville (formerly Tennessee) Smokies, and for the Salt Lake Bees. Sports Business Journal reported that ground has been broken for a new park near Portland, OR for the Hillsboro Hops. It will open in 2026. The Mississippi Braves are relocating to Columbus, GA in 2025, where the ballpark, originally opened in 1926, has undergone a major renovation. Chattanooga, Hillsboro, Ontario CA, Wilson NC, and Richmond are expected to open new parks in 2026.

Construction has begun on a new park in Ontario, CA, opening in 2026, that will likely host the Dodgers' California League team currently in Rancho Cucamonga. Reports indicate that an Angels' farm club will then move from San Bernadino (Inland Empire) to Rancho Cucamonga. No official announcements have been made about these moves. Another 2026 move has the Carolina Mudcats relocating to Wilson, NC. They will be named the Wilson Warbirds.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE COMPARED TO MINOR LEAGUE HOCKEY ATTENDANCE

Professional hockey has a system of minor leagues quite similar to that of baseball, with some minor league hockey teams being affiliated with teams in the National Hockey League. But while Minor League Baseball attendance has continued to grow in the first 20 years of the 21st Century, minor league hockey attendance is down.

In the 1999-2000 season, there were 109 professional minor league hockey teams in the United States and Canada. By the 2018-19 season, the number of teams was down to 80. There were 82 teams in the 2021-2022 season, and 88 teams began the **2022-23** season. Vermillion County of the Southern Professional Hockey League did not complete the 2022-23 season. 87 teams played in **2023-24**. 93 teams played in **2024-25**, the most teams since 2008-09. Contact the author (<u>d.kronheim@verizon.net</u>) to get an Excel worksheet listing of each Minor League Hockey team and league 2023-24 total attendance and average per game. The **2024-25** data will be ready in late April, 2025.

Total regular season minor league hockey attendance fell 37.9% from 19,736,526 in 1999-2000, to 12,259,292 in 2018-19, with 29 fewer teams. Average attendance per game dropped 334 from 4,900 in 1999-2000, to 4,566 in 2018-19, a decline of 6.8%. The 2017-18 average of 4,581 was the best since 2001-02. National Hockey League average per game attendance in 2018-19 was 17,456, up 1,080 (6.6%) from the 1999-2000 average of 16,376. Due to shorter seasons, 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 data is not relevant. **In 2023-24, the NHL drew a league record-high 22,873,142,** averaging 17,434 per game. The average is not a record-high. (Sources: hockey minor league Web sites, nhl.com.)

The structure of minor league hockey has similarities with baseball. The American Hockey League is the Triple-A league, with each National Hockey League team having an affiliate in that league. The ECHL is the Double-A league. Other leagues are the Southern Professional and Federal Prospects Hockey Leagues, and the semi-pro Ligue Nord-American. Many of the cities with minor league hockey also have Minor League Baseball.

2023-24 Minor League Hockey teams drew 13,775,623, up 853,330 (6.6%) from 2022-23. Average per game was 4,835, up 323 (7.2%). It was the best total attendance since 2006-07, and the highest average per game since 1999-2000.

In 2023-24 – The AHL, ECHL, SPHL, and the Federal Prospects League all set record-highs in total attendance. The SPHL and Federal Leagues also set record highs in average per game. The AHL posted its 3rd best-ever average per game, and the ECHL had its 4th highest-ever average per game. The top ranked AHL drew 6,822,875, up 322,256 (5.0%) from the revised 2022-23 figure. Average per game was 5,923, up 281 (5.0%).

2023-24 AHL leaders were Cleveland (372,500, 10,347 per game), Hershey (339,819, 9,439 per game), and Laval (333,222, 9,256 per game). Coachella Valley, Chicago, Grand Rapids, Ontario CA, Providence, and San Diego also averaged above 7,000 per game. Leaders in the ECHL were Jacksonville (315,649, 8,768 per game), Fort Wayne (293,639, 8,157 per game), Toledo (284,894, 7,914 per game), and Tulsa (265,606, 7,378 per game). Colorado of the AHL, and Jacksonville, Idaho, and Toledo of the ECHL, all drew at least 100% of their arena's listed seating capacity.

In **2022-23**, the 88 Minor League hockey teams drew a total of 12,857,070, up 2,548,638 (24.7%) from **2021-22**. Average per game was 4,489, up 638 (16.6%). The top-ranked AHL played a slightly shorter schedule, and drew 6,435,391, up 1,260,897 (24.4%) from **2021-22**. Average per game was 5,586, up 958 (20.7%). **Vs. 2018-19**, the last really normal season, the AHL total was down 233,523 (3.5%), and average per game declined 213 (3.7%).

2022-23 AHL league leaders were Cleveland (342,752, 9,521 per game), Hershey (318,983, 8,861 per game), and Chicago (309,818, 8,606 per game). Coachella Valley (Thousand Palms, CA), Grand Rapids, Laval, Ontario CA, and Providence, also averaged above 7,000 per game. Leaders in other leagues were Jacksonville FL (278,958, 7,749 per game), Fort Wayne (278,634, 7,740 per game), and Toledo (277,683, 7,713 per game). Combined **2022-23 vs. 2018-19** total attendance for the 5 minor leagues was up 597,778 (4.9%), but average per game declined by 77 (1.7%), with 8 more teams and 179 more games played in 2022-23. In 2022-23, the ECHL drew its highest total since 1999-2000. Their total was up 8.0% vs. 2018-19, and average per game rose 4.2%. Savannah, Colorado (Windsor), Utica, Idaho (Boise), and Toledo, had average per game of at least 100% of their arena's capacity.

MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE COMPARED TO MINOR LEAGUE HOCKEY ATTENDANCE

The **2021-22** season was much closer to being a normal season, but not quite there. Total regular season attendance for the 5 pro minor hockey leagues was 10,308,435, averaging 3,851 per game, with 82 teams.

In the **2018-19** season, the last really normal season until **2022-23**, the 31-team American Hockey League drew a 6,668,914 (5,799 per game) to its regular season games, accounting for more than half of all minor league hockey attendance. Hershey had the best total attendance (338,452), averaging 8,907 for its 38 home games. (Hershey has never had a Minor League baseball team.) San Diego had the top average (9,021 – 34 home games). Some AHL teams play a shorter schedule than others. Cleveland drew an average of 8,901 per game. Ontario CA, Chicago, Providence, Lehigh Valley (Allentown, PA), and Grand Rapids of the AHL also topped 7,000 per game. Minor League Baseball teams in the Allentown (Lehigh Valley IronPigs), Providence or Worcester (Pawtucket Red Sox, who have moved to Worcester, and continue to do well there), and Grand Rapids (West Michigan Whitecaps) areas have also drawn very well. The AHL league record-highs are 6,693,526 in total attendance, and 5,982 in average per game, both in 2015-16.

In the lower levels of minor league hockey, the ECHL Fort Wayne Komets averaged 7,932 per game in 2018-19. This was the 17th straight year the Komets topped 7,000 per game. They've reached that figure 22 times in 28 seasons through 2019, and 25 times through 2023-24. Fort Wayne is very successful at the gate in Minor League Baseball as well. The Tincaps of the Midwest League drew 406,715 in 2014, 400,036 in 2015, record-highs of 413,701 (6,084 per date) in 2016, 409,253 in 2017, 376,422 in 2018, and 371,259 in 2019. Toledo (7,783) of the ECHL also averaged above 6,000 per game.

Bakersfield, now in the AHL, is one of minor league hockey's better draws. They averaged over 5,000 per game for 7 straight years through 2010-11, and again in 2015-16, 2016-17, and 2018-19. But the Blaze, that city's Minor League Baseball team, averaged just 572 per date in 2011, and 637 per date in 2012, the lowest average among all NAPBL teams. Attendance rose to 805 per date in 2013 and to 827 in 2014, fell to 740 in 2015, and increased to 899 in 2016. That team was moved to the Carolina League for 2017, and was replaced by a team in the Pecos League that continues to be active in 2025.

MINORS TO MAJORS-MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE IN CITIES THAT LATER JOINED THE MAJOR LEAGUES

Until 1953, there were only 10 markets with Major League teams. New York had 3 teams, while Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, and St. Louis had 2 teams each. Since then, Major League Baseball has come to 16 more markets. It arrived in, and left Montreal, arrived, left, and returned to both Milwaukee and Seattle, and left Washington after 1971, only to return in 2005. Las Vegas will join this list in 2028, as the Athletics move there.

All Major League markets added from 1953 on had Minor League teams. Many were among the most successful teams in attendance in Minor League Baseball. Most of the Minor League teams that were replaced by Major League teams were in Triple-A. But a few, such as those in Florida, were in lower classifications.

The table below lists the highest level Minor League teams that were replaced by teams in the Majors. It shows the record-high listed attendance for those Minor League teams, and also lists the years for which attendance data was available. It also shows attendance for each city's final Minor League season before the arrival of a Major League team. (Seattle drew 155,090 in 1968, its final Triple-A year.) In some of these markets, there were other Minor League teams in lower classifications. For many years, the New York market had 2 Triple-A teams, as well as 3 Major League teams, and so it has been added to this list.

Most of the markets listed below currently have Minor League teams in them, many of whom draw quite well.

	Year	Top Former Leading	Record-High	Year of	Years of Available	Minor Lg.
Major League	Joined	Minor League	Recorded	Record	Attendance Data	Final Year
Team/Market	Majors	Team(s) in Market	Attendance	High	for That Team	Attendance
Arizona (Phx.)	1998	Phoenix Firebirds	315,859	1994	1947-1997	209,698
Atlanta	1966	Atlanta Crackers	404,584	1947	1903, 1913, 1915-1965	151,614
Baltimore	1954	Baltimore Orioles	620,726	1946	1921-1953	207,182
Colorado	1993	Denver Bears	565,214	1980	1902-04, 13, 23-29,	
					47-92	347,615
Dallas-Ft. W.	1972	Dallas Eagles	404,851	1949	1922-1958	116,085
"		Fort Worth Cats	354,288	1948	1922-1959, 1964	93,574
"		Dallas-Ft. W. Spurs	329,294	1965	1960-1971	213,249
Houston	1962	Houston Buffalos	401,383	1049	1922-1961	120 104
Houston			,	1948		120,104
Kansas City	1955	Kansas City Blues	425,064	1923	1903, 1908-1954	141,905
Los Angeles	1958	Los Angeles Angels	622,485	1947	1919-1957	220,547
"		Hollywood Stars	513,056	1946	1926-1957	198,012
•		Vernon Tigers	353,209	1924	1919-1925	252,069
Miami	1993	Miami Marlins	288,582	1956	1947-1991	56,557
"		Ft. Lauderdale Yanks	111,907	1992	1947-1993	28,240
"		Miami Bch Flamingos	90,682	1949	1947-1954	14,407
Milwaukee	1953, 70	Milwaukee Brewers	365,473	1927	1903-1952	195,839
Minnesota	1961	Minneapolis Millers	318,326	1956	1903-1960	115,702
"		St. Paul Saints	352,911	1949	1903-1960	119,926
Montreal	1969	Montreal Royals	477,638	1948	1928-1960	111,991
New York		Newark Bears	342,001	1932	1921-1949	88,170
		Jersey City Giants	378,325	1939	1921-1950	63,191
San Diego	1969	San Diego Padres	493,780	1949	1936-1968	203,369
San FranOak.	1958	San Francisco Seals	670,563	1946	1919-1957	284,532
"		Oakland Oaks	634,311	1946	1919-1955	141,397
"		Mission Bears	299,670	1926	1926-1937	124,052
Seattle	1969, 77	Seattle Rainiers	548,308	1947	1919-1968, 1972-1976	16,294
Tampa Bay	1998	Tampa Yankees	149,191	1997	1928, 1947-Present	,
"		St. Pete. Cardinals	202,283	1989	1947-2000	61,962
Toronto	1977	Toronto Maple Leafs	446,040	1952	1920-1967	94,308

SOURCE OF ATTENDANCE DATA: Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball

MINOR LEAGUE TEAMS THAT OUTDREW MAJOR LEAGUE TEAMS

In every season from 1902 through 1955, except the World War I-shortened 1918 season, at least one Minor League team had a higher total attendance than at least one Major League team in that season. In some seasons, over 30 Minor League teams drew better than a Major League team. As Major League attendance grew, this became far less common. From 1956 through 1978, no Major League team ever drew less than any Minor League team in one season. Since 1979, there have been 10 seasons where a Major League team was outdrawn by a Minor League team in total attendance in a particular season, but none since the Montreal Expos drew less than Sacramento in 2004.

These Mexican League teams had a higher average per date than Oakland: In **2022**, Tijuana (10,088), in **2023** Yucatan (10,558) and Mexico City (10,509), and in **2024**, Mexico City (11,761). Oakland averaged 9,973 per date in 2022, 10,276 per date in 2023, and 11,529 per date in 2024. Oakland's total attendance in each of these seasons was higher than the total for these Mexican League teams.

The following table lists the years and the Major League teams that were **outdrawn in total attendance** by at least one Minor League team that season. Providing a total list of which Minor League clubs outdrew a Big League team is not doable since early 20th Century attendance for many Minor League teams is not available. Very few teams listed attendance in the early years. Note that for a long time, the Pacific Coast League played a longer schedule than the Major Leagues did. Many of the Minor League cities that outdrew Major League teams in the first half of the 20th Century eventually were awarded Major League teams of their own.

Source for this data is the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball, Third Edition, edited by Lloyd Johnson and Miles Wolff, and published by Baseball America in 2007. Special thanks to Mitchell Manoff of the Society of American Baseball Research for asking the question that resulted in this research.

	Major League Teams that had Lower Total	Notes and Number of Major League Teams that
Year	Attendance than Some Minor League teams	were Outdrawn by These Minor League Teams
1902	Wash, Det, Balt, Pit, Bost (N), Cin, Bkn, StL(N), Phi(N)	All outdrawn by Buffalo
1903	NY(A), Det, Chi(A), Wash, Bkn, Bost(N), StL(N), Phi (N)	All outdrawn by Buffalo
1904	Detroit, Washington, Brooklyn, Boston (N), Phila. (A)	All outdrawn by Buffalo
1905	Detroit, Washington, Brooklyn, Boston (N)	Topped by Columbus(4), Buffalo(3), Milwaukee(1)
1906	Detroit, Washington, Boston (N)	All outdrawn by Buffalo
1907	Boston (N), St. Louis (N)	Outdrawn by Buffalo
1908	Boston (N), St. Louis (N)	Both outdrawn by Indianapolis
1909	Washington, Boston (N)	Milwaukee, Indy, Minneapolis(2), Louisville (1)
1910	Washington, St. Louis (A), Boston (N), Brooklyn	Rochester (4), Buffalo (1)
1911	Washington, St. Louis (A), Boston (N)	Kansas City (3), Indy (2), Buffalo (2), Minneapolis (2)
1912	St. Louis (A), Boston (N)	Boston outdrawn by 6 teams, St. Louis by Buffalo
1913	Boston (N), St. Louis (N)	Both by Milwaukee and Buffalo
1914	Cleveland, Brooklyn, Philadelphia (N), Pittsburgh, Cinci.	Louisville (5), Milwaukee (4), Columbus (4)
1915	Washington, St. Louis (A), Cleveland, Philadelphia (A)	Buffalo (5), Memphis (5), Minneapolis (1)
1916	Washington, Philadelphia (A), Cincinnati, St. Louis (N)	Buffalo (4)
1917	Washington	Outdrawn by 10 Minor League teams
1918	Shorter season due to World War I	Limited attendance listed
1919	St.L(A), Wash., Phila.(A), Bos(N), St.L(N), Phi.(N), Pitt.	San Francisco (7), 5 others top at least 1 MLB team
1920	Washington, Phi (A), St. Louis (N), Boston (N), Phi. (N)	San Francisco(5), 15 others top at least 1 MLB team
1921	Boston (A), Phil. (A), Boston (N), Phil.(N), St.L (N), Cin.	San Francisco (6), 4 others top at least 1 MLB team
1922	Phila. (A), Boston (A), Phila. (N), Boston (N)	San Francisco(4), 11 others top at least 1 MLB team
1923	Wash., Boston (A), St. Louis (N), Boston (N), Phila. (N)	Kansas City (5), 6 others top at least 1 MLB team
1924	Boston (A), St. Louis (N), Philadelphia (N), Boston (N)	San Francisco(4), 16 others top at least 1 MLB team
1925	Boston (A), Boston (N), Philadelphia (N)	San Francisco (3), Los Angeles (1), Atlanta (1)
1926	St. Louis (A), Boston (A), Boston (N), Philadelphia (N)	San Francisco (4), Milwaukee (4), 5 others top 1
1927	St. Louis (A), Boston (A), Boston (N), Phila. (N), Cleve.	San Francisco (5), 7 others top at least 1 MLB team

Year	Major League Teams that had Lower Total Attendance than Some Minor League teams	Notes and Number of Major League Teams that were Outdrawn by These Minor League Teams
1928	St.L(A), Wash., Cleveland, Bost.(A), Phila.(N), Bost.(N)	San Francisco (6), 17 others top at least 1 MLB
1929	St. Louis (A), Washington, Philadelphia (N), Cincinnati	San Francisco (4), Rochester, Hollywood, Los Angeles
1000		
1930	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (N)	Rochester, Los Angeles (2), 16 others (1)
1931	St. Louis (A), Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Philadelphia (N)	Newark, Rochester, Hollywood (4), 7 others (1)
1932 1933	St.L(A), Chi. (A), Bos. (A), Pittsburgh, Phila. (N), St.L(N) St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (N), Cincinnati	Newark, Columbus (6), 13 others top 1 MLB team
1933	St. Louis (A), Chicago (A), Philadelphia (N), Cincinnati	Buffalo, Los Angeles (3), 18 others top 1 MLB team Buffalo (3), Dallas (2), 13 others top St. Louis
1935	Washington, St. Louis (A), Phila. (A), Bos. (N), Phila (N)	Atlanta (5), Seattle, Montreal (4), 27 others top St.L.
1936	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (A), Philadelphia (N)	Atlanta (3), Buffalo, Seattle (2), 28 others top St. L.
1937	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (N)	9 teams top both teams, 18 others top St. Louis
1938	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (N), St. Louis (N)	Seattle (3), 13 others top 2, 8 others top St.Louis (A)
1939	Washington, St. L. (A), Pittsburgh, Boston (N), Phi. (N)	Jersey City (5), Seattle (4), 32 others top St. Louis
1940	St. Louis (A), Boston (N), Philadelphia (N)	Seattle (3), Jersey City, San Francisco, Scranton (2)
1941	St. Louis (A), Boston (N), Philadelphia (N)	Seattle, Louisville (3), 8 others top St. Louis (A)
1942	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (N)	Los Angeles (2), Seattle (1)
1943	St. Louis (A), Boston (N)	Milwaukee (2), Indianapolis, Los Angeles (1)
1944	Boston (N)	Topped by 10 teams
1945	Boston (N), Cincinnati, Philadelphia (N)	Portland, Seattle, San Francisco (3), 7 others top at least one team
1946	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (A)	San Francisco, Oakland (3), Baltimore (2),
1947	St. Louis (A)	19 teams including all 8 in the Pacific Coast League
1948	St. Louis (A)	14 teams, including 7 of 8 teams in the PCL
1949	St. Louis (A)	19 teams, including all 8 PCL teams
1950	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (A)	14 top Philadelphia, 17 top St. Louis
1951	St. Louis (A)	Montreal, Toronto, Seattle, Los Angeles, Houston, Portland, OR, Denver, Birmingham
1952	Boston (N)	Hollywood, Seattle, Portland OR, San Diego, Los Angeles, Montreal, Toronto, Denver
1953	St. Louis (A), Philadelphia (A)	Los Angeles, Toronto (2), Toledo, Denver (1)
1954	Philadelphia (A)	Toronto, Atlanta, Houston
1955	Washington	Denver
1979	Oakland	Denver, Columbus, Tabasco, Mexico City Diablos Rojos, Yucatan, Nashville
1983	Cleveland, Minnesota, Seattle	Louisville
1983	Cleveland, Pittsburgh	Louisville
1988	Chicago (A), Seattle, Atlanta	Buffalo
1989	Chicago (A), Atlanta	Buffalo
1990	Atlanta	Buffalo
1991	Cleveland, Montreal	Buffalo
2001	Montreal	Buffalo, Pawtucket, Louisville, Memphis, Sacramento, Round Rock
2002	Montreal, Florida	Sacramento
2004	Montreal	Sacramento

A LOOK BACK AT THE BOOM, DECLINE, AND REBIRTH OF MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

Minor League Baseball enjoyed a huge post-World War II attendance boom. But then there was a big decline in the number of teams and leagues, along with attendance, that lasted through the 1960's.

This section takes a look back at 1949, when total Minor League attendance reached levels that would not be seen again until a half-century later. It also examines 1961 and 1962, when Minor League attendance fell below 10 million, and for many of the leagues still operating then, survival was not assured.

There are tables listing 1949, 1961, and 1962 Minor League attendance by league and by classification. The number of teams in every league, and the <u>average attendance per team</u> in each league, is also included. The team with the highest attendance in every league, and the team with the lowest attendance in every league, is listed.

The old classification system of Class B, C, and D leagues was still in use in 1949, 1961, and 1962. In 1963, most surviving leagues from those classifications became full-season Class A, short-season Class A, and Rookie Leagues. There were no short-season leagues in 1949. The Pacific Coast League played a 188-game schedule, and other Triple-A, and Double-A leagues played 154 games. Class B leagues generally played between 140-154 games, Class C leagues played 124-150 games, and most Class D leagues played 120-140 games.

Major League teams had many more Minor League affiliates about 75 years ago. In 1950, the Brooklyn Dodgers had 22 Minor League teams, while the St. Louis Cardinals had 21. The Giants, Yankees, Athletics, Indians, and Cubs each had at least 15 affiliates. Today, most Major League teams have from 5 to 8 Minor League affiliates.

Data in this section comes from the 1950 and 1962 editions of The Sporting News Official Baseball Guide. These books were downloaded from the archive.org Website, which obtained them from the University of Florida library. The books were donated to the University by Red Barber, a UF alumnus, who along with Mel Allen, was the first broadcaster inducted into the Baseball Hall-of-Fame. 1962 attendance data is from the Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball – Third Edition.

1949 - WHEN MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL SET A RECORD THAT LASTED DECADES

In the late 1940's professional baseball attendance was at an all-time high, up to that point. Major League attendance reached 20,920,842 in 1948. This was up from just 8,772,746 in 1944. The 1948 total would not be topped until 1962, when there were 4 more Major League teams. The 1948 average attendance per MLB team was 1,307,553. That average figure was not surpassed until 1977. In 1949, Major League attendance was 20,215,365.

There were other leagues that were not part of 'Organized' baseball in 1949, and whose statistics were not reported in The Sporting News Guide. What were called the 'Negro Leagues' were still in operation, just two years after Jackie Robinson and Larry Doby integrated the Major Leagues. Limited attendance data for the Negro Leagues can be found on Retrosheet.org, and appears in the Number Tamer 2019 through 2023 Major League Baseball Attendance Analyses. Some of those teams drew well until the late 1940's. They featured many players who would have been big Major League stars, had they been allowed to play there. Also operating in 1949 was an independent Mexican League, which did not join Organized Baseball (NAPBL) until 1955. Attendance figures from that league are also not available.

Minor League total regular season attendance reached 39,640,443 in 1949, according to Minor League Baseball. The 1950 Sporting News Baseball Guide reports a 1949 regular season total of 39,684,550. Post-season 1949 Minor League attendance was 2,083,394. The NAPBL affiliated leagues did not top the 1949 regular season record until 2004. The combined NAPBL-Independent league total surpassed the 1949 record in 1999.

In 1949, there were 448 teams in the 59 leagues that compiled attendance. 47 of those leagues had 8 teams, and the other 12 leagues had 6 teams each. In 2019, there were 15 NAPBL leagues that charged admission to their games. Those leagues had 176 teams. The Pacific Coast, Mexican, and Midwest Leagues had 16 teams each. 8 independent leagues operated, and 56 of their teams reported 2019 attendance. Among the 1949 leagues still operating in 2019 was the P.O.N.Y. (Pennsylvania, Ontario, New York) League, now named the New York-Penn League. Since 2021, there are 120 MLB-affiliated teams in the 11 leagues that charged admission. 98 independent teams, counting all 'road' teams, and all teams in the United Shore and Mavericks Leagues, in 9 leagues that operated in 2024.

The Pacific Coast League, then thought to be almost as good as the Majors, had the highest attendance in the Minors. In 1949, the 8-team league, with a 188-game schedule, drew 3,751,929, an average of 468,991 per team. This average per team compares with the 440,909 per team that the 16-team P.C.L. averaged in 2019, when it played a 140-game schedule. 6 of the 8 teams in the league in 1949 played in markets that later joined the Major Leagues.

1949 - WHEN MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL SET A RECORD THAT LASTED DECADES

The other Triple-A leagues drew considerably less than the P.C.L., yet averaged better than 250,000 per team. The overall Triple-A average per team of 336,625 compares with a 450,013 average in **2019**, and 416,432 in **2024**.

There were only 2 Double-A leagues. Both the Southern Association and the Texas League averaged more than 240,000 per team. In **2019**, the 3 Double-A leagues averaged 292,754 per team, and in **2024**, they averaged 279,659.

Among the 4 Class A leagues, the Western League had the most success at the gate, averaging 227,309 per team, with all 6 teams topping 100,000. Denver led that league, drawing 463,039, which would remain as the highest attendance by a Class A team until 1994, when it was topped by West Michigan of the Midwest League.

Class B, C, and D leagues had much lower attendance. For a team to draw 100,000 in those leagues was exceptionally good. Some teams outside of the United States did well. Havana, Cuba topped all Class B teams, drawing 226,293. Quebec City led all Class C teams with attendance of 176,779. Just 5 of 190 teams, playing in the 25 Class D leagues, reached 100,000, with the highest figure of 137,340 at Hamilton, Ontario.

INDIVIDUAL TEAMS

The San Francisco Seals of the Pacific Coast League drew 670,563 in 1946. That single season Minor League attendance record was not broken until 1982 when Louisville drew 868,418.

There were 13 teams that topped 400,000 in attendance in 1949. This included 7 of the 8 teams in the Pacific Coast League. Seattle of that league had the highest Minor League attendance with 545,434. 5 other teams drew at least 300,000, and there were 18 teams with attendance between 200,000 and 300,000. In **2019**, there were 27 MLB-affiliated teams that drew at least 400,000. An additional 33 MLB-affiliated and 4 independent teams drew between 300,000 and 399,999 in **2019**. In **2024**, 23 MLB-affiliated, and 2 independent teams, reached at least 400,000. 20 other MLB-affiliated teams, and 2 other independent teams, had a total attendance between 300,000 and 399,999.

Major League Baseball only had 16 teams, located in 10 different markets in 1949. Quite a few cities that had Minor League teams in 1949 later joined the Majors. Listed below is the 1949 attendance for Minor League teams located in, or very close to, cities that later had Major League teams.

<u>Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u>Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>
Seattle	545,434	Oakland	534,711	Hollywood, CA	502,445
San Diego	493,780	Montreal	473,798	Denver	463,039
San Francisco	447,022	Dallas	404,851	Los Angeles	402,089
Atlanta	370,361	Toronto	364,962	St. Paul	352,911
Milwaukee	266,061	Fort Worth	265,982	Houston	263,965
Minneapolis	247,637	Kansas City	216,754	Baltimore	203,823
Miami	170,466	Phoenix	126,347	St. Petersburg	108,397
Tampa	105,949	Miami Beach	90,682	Fort Lauderdale	e 66,544

In addition to the cities listed above, there were 2 Triple-A teams in the New York City area. Newark drew 88,170, the lowest attendance in Triple-A, and Jersey City's attendance was 174,314.

INTO THE 1950'S

Television cut into Major League attendance starting in 1949. By 1953, MLB attendance had fallen to 14,383,797, before team relocations helped it begin a gradual climb.

But the Minor Leagues were not that fortunate. Televised Major League games, and just television in general, along with easier access to Major League ballparks, home air conditioning, and rundown Minor League ballparks, drastically reduced attendance. Many Minor League cities were simply too small to support a team in the long run. In 1954, total Minor League attendance was 18,674,503, which was less than half of the 1949 total. 7 years later, that 1954 total was cut in half. By the early 1960's, more than two thirds of the cities that hosted a Minor League team in 1949 no longer had one.

1949 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

League	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Highest/Team</u>	Attendance	Lowest/Team	Attendance
American Assoc.	2,004,270	8	250,534	Indianapolis	413,973	Toledo	108,712
International	2,322,801	8	290,350	Montreal	473,798	Newark, NJ	88,170
Pacific Coast	3,751,929	8	468,991	Seattle	545,434	Portland, OR	378,892
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Class AAA Total	8,079,000	24	336,625				
Southern Assoc.	1,947,573	8	243,447	Birmingham	421,305	Mobile	152,117
Texas	2,007,927	8	250,991	Dallas	404,851	Beaumont	116,264
Class AA Total	3,955,500	16	247,219				
Central	557 709	6	02.066	 Charleston,WV	183,352	 Muskegon	46,560
Eastern	557,798 1,016,789	6 8	92,966 127,099	Albany, NY	198,256	Utica	40,500 72,689
	988,088		127,099			1	94,816
South Atlantic	•	8		Macon	212,416	Charleston, SC	
Western	1,363,854	6	227,309	Denver	463,039		125,356
Class A Total	3,926,529	28	140,233				
	0,020,020	20	140,200				
Big State	784,082	8	98,010	Austin	188,193	Greenville	58,500
Carolina	789,539	8	98,692	Winston-Salem	153,110	Martinsville	32,489
Colonial	225,097	6	37,516	Bristol, CT	62,485	Poughkeepsie	25,123
Florida Internat'l	899,571	8	112,446	Havana, Cuba	226,293	Lakeland	50,108
Inter-State	585,053	8	73,132	Allentown, PA	100,788	Hagerstown	34,762
New England	362,002	8	45,250	Springfield, MA	102,387	Providence	7,305
	002,002	0	40,200		102,007		7,000
Piedmont	804,390	6	134,065	Richmond	177,354	Newport News	101,708
Southeastern	563,586	8	70,448	Jackson, MS	129,140	Anniston	40,640
Three I	782,910	8	97,864	Waterloo	146,421	' Springfield, IL	48,952
Tri-State	722,914	8	90,364	Spartanburg	128,490	Sumter	55,309
Western Int'l	793,996	8	99,250	Spokane	186,648	Bremerton	35,440
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Class B Total	7,313,140	84	87,061				
Arizona-Texas	494,208	6	82,368	 Phoenix	126,347	I Tucson	53,771
Border	359,916	6	59,986	Ottawa	78,577	Kingston, ONT	38,671
California	789,940	8	98,743	Fresno	145,946	Ventura	53,071
Canadian-American	696,726	8	87,091	Quebec City	176,779	Rome, NY	40,331
Central Association	265,581	6	44,264	Cedar Rapids	84,185	Rockford	19,304
Contrairy locoolation	200,001	Ũ	11,201		01,100		10,001
Cotton States	437,383	8	54,673	Pine Bluff	82,442	' Helena, AR	34,468
East Texas	423,790	8	52,974	Paris	66,509	Henderson	34,500
Evangeline	545,121	8	68,140	Alexandria	107,597	Abbeville	48,780
Middle Atlantic	471,811	8	58,976	Johnstown, PA	105,776	New Castle	28,233
Northern	661,111	8	82,639	Duluth	107,548	Grand Forks	49,757
		-					-,
Pioneer	830,395	8	103,799	Billings	174,080	Idaho Falls	41,195
Sunset	367,899	8	45,987	Porterville	66,280	Riverside	32,450
Western Assoc.	606,340	8	75,793	St. Joseph	126,301	Leavenworth	33,132
W.Texas-New Mex	674,465	8	84,308	Amarillo	111,487	Clovis	47,697
Class C Total	7,624,686	106	71,931				

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1949 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

League	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Highest/Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	Lowest/Team	<u>Attendance</u>
Alabama State	219,910	8	27,489	Andalusia	39,958	Troy	18,323
Appalachian	390,768	8	48,846	Bluefield	116,572	Kingsport	23,967
Blue Ridge	171,557	6	28,593	Mount Airy	36,230	Wytheville	19,753
Coastal Plain	566,873	8	70,859	Kinston	88,814	Tarboro	41,212
Eastern Shore	195,164	6	32,527	Salisbury	39,063	Rehoboth Bch.	22,358
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Far West	222,842	8	27,855	Klamath Falls	58,474	Vallejo	5,999
Florida State	453,707	8	56,713	Gainesville	84,718	Orlando	42,425
Georgia-Alabama	379,263	8	47,408	LaGrange	59,952	Carrollton	36,029
Georgia-Florida	406,875	8	50,859	Albany, GA	93,096	Moultrie	28,911
Georgia State	351,881	8	43,985	Dublin	62,049	Baxley	29,257
K-O-M	359.078	8	44,885	Ponca City	62.082	Miami, OK	32.887
Kitty	293,048	8	36,631	Owensboro	67,700	Mayfield	23,244
Longhorn	426,863	8	53,358	San Angelo	83,245	Sweetwater	33,770
Missouri-Ohio Val.	203,064	6	33,844	Paducah	54,859	Belleville	13,500
Mountain State	203,004 229,726	8	28,716	Harlan	49,615	Newport	14,148
Woullian State	229,720	0	20,710		49,013	Newport	14,140
North Atlantic	242,021	8	30,253	Stroudsburg	39,890	Nazareth	17,716
North Carolina St.	346,386	8	43,298	Hi Point	95,792	Landis	24,806
Ohio - Indiana	430,790	8	53,849	Springfield	67,568	Lima	31,298
P.O.N.Y.	602,273	8	75,284	Hamilton,ONT	137,340	Oleon	40,264
Rio Grande Valley	271,139	6	45,190	Corpus Christi	97,192	Robstown	19,753
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Sooner State	369,439	8	46,180	Pauls Valley	61,085	Seminole	33,258
Tobacco State	353,844	8	44,231	Lumberton	60,038	Red Springs	33,303
Virginia	269,313	6	44,886	Petersburg	76,000	Lawrenceville	29,000
Western Carolina	401,365	8	50,171	Newton	82,481	Hendersonville	21,235
Wisconsin State	628,506	8	78,563	Oshkosh	115,956	Wisconsin Rap	52,828
Class D Total	8,785,695	190	46,241				
GRAND TOTAL	39,684,550	448	88,582				

NOTE: 'Highest/Team' and 'Lowest/Team' indicate teams in that league with the highest and lowest attendance

SOURCE FOR THIS TABLE: 1950 Sporting News Official Baseball Guide

1961 AND 1962 - MINOR LEAGUE ATTENDANCE HITS BOTTOM

By 1961, the number of leagues was down to 22 with just 147 teams. Both the number of teams and leagues continued to fall through the early 1960's. The Southern Association had its last year in 1961, as did the Sophomore League (named the Longhorn League in 1949), and the Three I (Illinois, Iowa, Indiana) League. A new, short-lived Georgia-Florida League began in 1962. All 1961 leagues had 6 or 8 teams, with the exception of the Florida State League, which had 7. Two leagues in Mexico were now part of the NAPBL. By 1962, only 134 teams operated. The Midwest League had 10 teams that year, but the Western Carolina and Georgia-Florida Leagues had just 4 teams. Some of what had been the best-drawing markets in the Minors now had Major League teams.

Total attendance in 1961 was just 9,766,505, an average of 66,439 per team, the lowest average per team since at least the 1930's. Post-season attendance was 208,729. The lowest total was reached in 1962, when attendance fell to 9,732,582, but because there were fewer teams, the average per team rose to 72,631.

In 1961 and 1962, some leagues played shorter schedules than in 1949, but still longer than they play today. The Triple-A leagues played 154 games in 1961, while the Double-A leagues had 136, 140 or 154 game schedules. Class A leagues had 140 game schedules, while the Class B and C leagues played 128-140 games. Most Class D leagues played 120-140 games. The Western Carolinas League had a 104 game schedule, and the Appalachian League was the Minors' first short-season league, playing 68 games.

In 1961, the Pacific Coast League had the highest attendance, just as it did in 1949. The International League had the best total attendance in 1962. In each of those years, the Mexican League was the only league whose average attendance per team surpassed 200,000. The 3 Triple-A leagues were the only others to average at least 100,000 per team in both 1961 and 1962. Texas League teams averaged 100,000+ in 1962. Average attendance per team was under 60,000 in all Class B, C, and D Leagues in both seasons. In 1961, the average Triple-A, Double-A, and A team drew less than half of what it drew in 1949.

INDIVIDUAL TEAMS

In 1961, Baltimore, Kansas City, Milwaukee, Minneapolis-St. Paul, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles, which had been Minor League markets in 1949, had Major League teams. Houston joined the Majors in 1962.

The Mexico City Reds led the Minors in attendance in 1961, drawing 285,301, and in 1962, with a total of 349,753. That team frequently had the best Minor League attendance in the 1960's and 1970's. Buffalo had the highest attendance among U.S. teams in 1961, with a total of 259,724. By 1969, Buffalo's attendance was down to 77,808, and the team moved to Winnipeg in the middle of the 1970 season. But the Bisons were back in Western New York in 1979. They opened a new ballpark in 1988, and became the biggest draw in Minor League history, surpassing one million for 6 years in a row. The Bisons had topped 500,000 for 32 straight years through **2019**. That streak has ended.

Just 6 other teams, besides the Mexico City Reds, and Buffalo reached 200,000 in 1961. Veracruz, Poza Rica, and the Mexico City Tigers of the Mexican League did it, along with Rochester, Tacoma, and Vancouver.

Double-A Tulsa, Little Rock, Birmingham, Chattanooga, and Class A Greenville were the only U.S. teams below the Triple-A level to reach 100,000 in 1961. None of the 91 Class B, C or D teams drew at least 100,000, and just 18 of these teams topped 50,000.

In 1962, Rochester topped all U.S./Canadian teams with a total attendance of 272,178. Jacksonville, Buffalo, and San Diego, along with the Mexico City Red Devils, Mexico City Tigers, Monterrey, and Poza Rica of the Mexican League, were the other teams to surpass 200,000.

El Paso, Tulsa, Albuquerque, and San Antonio of the Double-A Texas League surpassed 100,000 in 1962. Class A Macon, and Class B Kinston, were the only other teams below the Double-A level to reach 100,000. Just 22 of the 86 Class B, C, and D teams topped 50,000.

In 1963, the Minor Leagues were reorganized into the system used through 2019. The Eastern and South Atlantic (renamed the Southern League in 1964) Leagues became Double-A leagues. Class B, C, and D leagues, with one exception, became Class A leagues. That exception was the Appalachian League, which was placed in a new classification called 'Rookie' League. A year later, the Pioneer League was given a 'Rookie' classification.

The next reorganization was in 2021, when short-season leagues were eliminated. There are now 2 Triple-A Leagues, and 3 leagues each in Double-A, High-A, and Single-A. The Mexican and Pioneer Leagues still maintain a partnership with Major League Baseball, but are now independent pro leagues.

1961 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

League	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Highest/Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	Lowest/Team	<u>Attendance</u>
American Assoc.	788,704	6	131,451	Indianapolis	179,423	Dallas-Ft.Wor.	105,933
International	1,244,631	8	155,579	Buffalo	259,724	∣ Jersey City	61,940
Pacific Coast	1,349,810	8	168,726	Tacoma	243,790	Salt Lake City	106,454
					,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
Class AAA Total	3,383,145	22	153,779				
Mexican	1,245,923	6	207,654	Mex City Reds	285,301	I Monterrey	152,776
Southern	647,801	8	80,975	Little Rock	136,316	Shreveport	28,349
Texas	468,181	6	78,030	Tulsa	130,443	Rio Grande	43,184
Class AA Total	2,361,905	20	118,095				
Eastern	382,132	6	63,689	l Williamsport	79,183	l Lancaster, PA	51,311
South Atlantic	492,490	8	61,561	Greenville	100,168	Jacksonville	25,156
	074 000		00.470				
Class A Total	874,622	14	62,473				
Carolina	261,266	6	43,544	Winston-Salem	70,236	l Raleigh	26,480
Northwest	287,312	6	47,885	Salem	72,703	Wenatchee	31,338
Three I	286,554	6	47,759	Cedar Rapids	69,617	Des Moines	33,337
Class B Total	835,132	18	46,396				
California	171,503	6	28,584	 Bakersfield	45,992	 Stockton	11,660
Mexican Center	193,040	6	32,173	S. Luis Potosi	61,274	Celaya	15,904
Northern	207,325	6	34,554	Duluth-Superior	47,163	St. Cloud	24,320
Pioneer	260,896	6	43,483	Magic Valley	61,405	Idaho Falls	29,576
			,		,		
Class C Total	832,764	24	34,699				
Alabama - Florida	138,086	6	23,014	l Pensacola	46,993	l Dothan	7,963
Appalachian	151,261	8	18,908	Salem	34,125	, Morristown	11,772
Florida State	190,852	7	27,265	St. Petersburg	53,330	Leesburg	10,605
Midwest	415,961	8	51,995	Davenport	74,617	Keokuk	25,064
New York-Penn	271,098	8	33,887	Jamestown	65,402	Wellsville	17,385
Sophomore	179,447	6	29,908	 El Paso	79,115	 Alpine	9,392
Western Carolina	132,202	6	23,300	Statesville	34,954	Belmont	10,081
		0	,00 P		01,007		10,001
Class D Total	1,478,907	49	30,182				
GRAND TOTAL	9,766,475	147	66,439				

NOTE: 'Highest/Team' and 'Lowest/Team' indicate teams in that league with the highest and lowest attendance

SOURCE FOR THIS TABLE: 1962 Sporting News Official Baseball Guide

1962 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

<u>League</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	<u># Teams</u>	<u>Avg./Team</u>	<u>Highest/Team</u>	<u>Attendance</u>	Lowest/Team	<u>Attendance</u>
American Assoc.	765,358	6	127,560	Oklahoma City	184,683	Louisville	70,550
International	1,473,596	8	184,200	Rochester	272,178	Richmond	101,853
Pacific Coast	1,055,745	8	131,968	San Diego	211,514	Spokane	80,519
	, ,		,	U U U	,		,
Class AAA Total	3,294,699	22	149,759				
Mexican	1,423,013	6	237,169	Mex City Reds	349,753	 Puebla	127,985
Texas	661,445	6	110,241	Tulsa	182,895	Austin	41,057
Class AA Total	2,084,458	12	173,705				
Eastern	422,222	6	70,370	Elmira	83,328	Charleston,WV	53,935
South Atlantic	520,066	8	65,008	Macon	100,297	Augusta, GA	39,476
Class A Total	942,288	14	67,306				
Carolina	479,522	8	59,940	Kinston	141,227	Raleigh	29,552
Northwest	279,124	6	46,521	Tri-City	68,399	Yakima	35,059
			- 4 4 9 9				
Class B Total	758,646	14	54,189				
California	070 500	0	24.049	San Jose	62,695	 Dama	22,819
Mexican Center	279,583 283,939	8 6	34,948 47,323	San Jose S. Luis Potosi	62,695 68,624	Reno Aguascalientes	22,019 35,794
-		8	47,323 40,006		66,624 83,645	Eau Claire	20,906
Northern Pioneer	320,051 196,789	о 6		Winnipeg		Eau Claire Pocatello	20,908
Pioneer	190,709	0	32,798	Magic Valley	49,297		10,092
Class C Total	1,080,362	28	38,584				
	1,000,302	20	50,504				
Alabama - Florida	112,403	6	18,734	Pensacola	25,201	ı I Ozark/Andalus	15,183
Appalachian	136,021	6	22,670	Salem	40,913	Middlesboro	14,523
Florida State	389,937	8	48,742	Miami	90,887	Palatka	28,037
Midwest	533,079	10	53,308	Quad Cities	75,568	Keokuk	28,787
New York-Penn	208,749	6	34,792	Jamestown	68,632	Olean	11,104
	, -		- , -		,		, -
Georgia-Florida	92,875	4	23,219	Brunswick	36,123	Moultrie	18,560
Western Carolina	77,379	4	19,345	Statesville	28,723	Newton-Con.	10,452
							-
Class D Total	1,550,443	44	35,237				
						-	
GRAND TOTAL	9,710,896	134	72,469			-	

NOTES: 'Highest/Team' and 'Lowest/Team' indicate teams in that league with the highest and lowest attendance NAPBL Minor League Baseball reported a total attendance of 9,732,582 in 1962.

SOURCE FOR THIS TABLE: Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball - Third Edition

ATTENDANCE FOR OTHER LEAGUES IN 1962

MLB: 21,375,215 in 1962, averaging 14,958 per date. 2019 total attendance was 68,493,093, an average of 28,338 per date. 2024 total attendance was 71,348,413, averaging 29,568 per date.

NFL: 4,003,421 (40,051 average per game); AFL 1,147,302 (20,487 average); Combined NFL/AFL 5,150,723 (33,446 average). 2023 NFL attendance was a record high 18,206,594, an average of 66,936 per game. The average was not a record high.

NBA: 1,433,878 in 1961-62 (4,566 per date). 2018-19 attendance was 21,964,447, an average of 17,857 per game. In 2023-24, record highs were set with a total of 22,538,436, and an average per game of 18,324.

NHL: 2,435,424 in 1961-62 (11,597 per game). 2018-19 attendance was 22,186,851, an average of 17,456 per game. In 2023-24, the total was a record-high 22,873,142, an average of 17,434 per game. The average was not a record high.

JUST HOW LOW DID IT GO?

This is another version of the table on page 295, showing Minor League attendance in markets that later joined the Major Leagues. This table shows just how fast attendance fell in these markets after the post-World War II boom. It lists the highest 1946-1952 attendance, and then the lowest attendance in subsequent seasons. Television was a main reason for the attendance decline, as was the fact that too many cities that couldn't support a team had one.

Newark and Jersey City never had Major League teams, but are included here since they are in the New York metropolitan area.

Some of the markets in this table currently have Minor League teams.

	Year	Top Former Leading	1946-1952		Post-1952	
Major League	Joined	Minor League	High	Year	Low	Year
Team/Market	Majors	Team(s) in Market	Attendance		Attendance	
Arizona (Phoenix)	1998	Phoenix Firebirds	126,347	1949	49,270	1953
Atlanta	1966	Atlanta Crackers	404,584	1947	59,061	1961
Baltimore	1954	Baltimore Orioles	620,726	1946	153,828	1952
Colorado (Denver)	1993	Denver Bears	463,039	1949	112,118	1963
Dallas-Ft. Worth	1972	Dallas Eagles	404,851	1949	116,085	1958
	1972	Fort Worth Cats	354,288	1949	75,188	1957
			001,200	1010	10,100	
Houston	1962	Houston Buffalos	401,383	1948	118,584	1961
Kansas City	1955	Kansas City Blues	379,063	1947	141,905	1954
Los Angeles	1958	Los Angeles Angels	622,485	1947	220,547	1957
"		Hollywood Stars	513,056	1946	165,517	1956
Miami	1993	Miami Marlins	170,466	1949	67,572	1953
"	1000	Ft. Lauderdale	66,544	1949	28,222	1963
Milwaukee	1953, 70	Milwaukee Brewers	364,510	1948	145,868	1950
Minnesota	1961	Minneapolis Millers	274,890	1948	120,185	1952
"		St. Paul Saints	352,911	1949	102,004	1956
Montreal	1969	Montreal Royals	477,638	1948	111,991	1960
New York	1909	Newark Bears	264,758	1946	88,170	1900
"		Jersey City Giants	337,531	1947	63,191	1950
San Diego	1969	San Diego Padres	493,780	1949	120,848	1960
San Francisco-Oakland	1958	San Francisco Seals	670,563	1946	161,570	1955
"		Oakland Oaks	634,311	1946	135,784	1953
0 ///	4000		.		400.000	405-
Seattle	1969, 77	Seattle Rainiers	548,308	1947	130,862	1967
Tampa Bay "	1998	Tampa Yankees	130,242	1947	29,938	1963
		St. Pete. Cardinals	139,464	1951	30,759	1954
Toronto	1977	Toronto Maple Leafs	446,040	1952	94,308	1967

A RESURGENCE IN MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

With low attendance, and many rundown ballparks in the early 1960's, it was thought that much of Minor League Baseball would soon be gone. The Triple-A and perhaps the Double-A leagues would survive. Many baseball people believed that college baseball would replace the lower level leagues as feeders to the Majors.

In the late-1970's, Minor League attendance began a steady increase. Part of it was that more teams were needed due to Major League expansion. Then, starting in the late-1980's, better marketing, and new ballparks led to the attendance boom that continues today. Independent leagues started play in 1993, adding to the number of teams.

Even the availability of more Major League games than ever on television and other devices, in high-definition color, for that matter, has not stopped the growth of Minor League Baseball. In **2019**, total attendance was around 5 times what it was in the 1960's, and NAPBL attendance per team was up better than 3-fold. For what was once seen as a dying industry, Minor League Baseball is quite healthy today, with a very bright future.

The table that starts below, and continues on the next page shows the attendance decline and resurgence in cities that had Minor League teams in the late 1940's, and still had full-season NAPBL Minor League teams in the 1990's and later. It does not include 2019 short-season or independent team markets, except for Spokane, Lancaster and York, since they play a shorter schedule than all teams played prior to the late 1950's.

The table lists the highest attendance for each city in the decade or so from 1946 forward. Nearly all of those highs were set from 1946 through 1949. It then shows each city's lowest post-1945 yearly attendance. This excludes 2021. In most cases, that took place in the 1950's and 1960's. The last columns list the highest attendance achieved in that city. Many of these cities lost their Minor League teams in the 1950's or 1960's, only to regain them later. This list only includes cities that had teams in the late 1940's and/or the early 1950's.

This table shows the incredible decline in attendance that took place in the 1950's as television was adopted in almost all homes. Then it depicts the boom in attendance that took place starting in the 1980's.

Minor League Market	1946-1950's High	Year	Post-1947 Low	Year	Post-1970's Record-High	Year
Orden da	Attendance	4040	Attendance	4004	Attendance	4000
Orlando	61,509	1948	13,554	1961	217,716	1993
Sacramento	447,556	1949	 82,324	1976	 901,214	2001
Charlotte	122,211	1948	30,769	1972	687,715	2014
Raleigh (Carolina in 1993)	150,110	1947	25,562	1966	328,207	1993
Durham	152,095	1947	24,210	1967	554,788	2015
Portland, OR	421,137	1947	87,438	1963	454,197	2002
Indianapolis	494,455	1948	117,415	1972	662,536	2015
Nashville	269,893	1948	54,564	1963	603,135	2018
Hartford-New Britain	140,249	1946	36,281	1952	414,946	2019
San Antonio	295,103	1946	38,024	1969	411,959	1994
Columbus, OH	216,388	1948	78,132	1952	666,797	2009
Salt Lake City	205,861	1946	56,883	1974	713,224	1994
Greenville, SC	130,205	1947	11,481	1972	349,116	2008
West Palm Beach	81,132	1949	16,437	1966	165,656	1981
Austin (Round Rock)	188,193	1949	41,057	1962	700,277	2005
Las Vegas	61,050	1949	23,845	1958	650,934	2019
Oklahoma City	244,835	1947	46,752	1975	542,095	2005
Norfolk (Tidewater area)	140,553	1949	30,000	1955	560,211	1995
St. Paul	352,911	1949	102,004	1956	473,911	2022
	,		,		,	
Reading, PA	106,368	1953	40,594	1965	 486,570	2002
Harrisburg, PA	89,197	1947	 30,592	1952	301,588	2015
Lancaster, PA (Indy now)	85,796	1949	41,913	1952	378,310	2005
York, PA (Indy now)	126,679	1948	27,826	1967	293,967	2008

GROWTH, DECLINCE, AND RESURGENCE IN ATTENDANCE IN MINOR LEAGUE CITIES

2024 MINOR LEAGUE BASEBALL ATTENDANCE

GROWTH, DECLINCE, AND RESURGENCE IN ATTENDANCE IN MINOR LEAGUE CITIES

	1946-1950's		Post-1947		Post-1970's	
Minor League Market	High	Year	Low	Year	Record-High	Year
	Attendance		Attendance		Attendance	
Grand Rapids (W. Michigan)	62,982	1949	21,230	1951	547,401	1996
Birmingham	445,926	1948	28,001	1965	467,867	1994
Greensboro	171,801	1946	26,465	1968	441,106	2007
Winston-Salem	233,507	1947	30,235	1973	312,416	2011
Jacksonville, FL	142,721	1953	25,156	1961	420,495	2004
Albuquerque	116,930	1948	44,526	1960	602,129	2009
Amarillo	132,128	1955	45,691	1974	427,791	2019
Louisville	355,241	1946	70,550	1962	1,052,438	1983
New Orleans (until 2021)	400,036	1947	50,369	1958	519,584	1998
Memphis	361,174	1948	48,487	1960	887,976	2001
Pawtucket (until 2021)	92,787	1947	61,401	1967	688,421	2005
Buffalo	393,843	1949	96,236	1950	1,188,972	1991
Fresno	145,946	1949	22,362	1965	563,079	2002
Richmond, VA	258,661	1957	31,232	1961	533,076	1993
Scranton (ScrWilkes Barre)	181,302	1946	62,266	1953	580,908	2007
Wilkes Barre, PA	131,529	1946	55,184	1948	X	Х
Little Rock	225,780	1951	51,514	1955	377,977	2008
Tulsa	223,569	1948	46,098	1978	408,183	2010
Albany, NY (Indy. now)	210,804	1948	43,385	1958	324,003	1985
Mobile	237,322	1947	35,775	1970	332,639	1997
Pensacola	117,696	1947	24,301	1960	328,147	2012
Knoxville	150,396	1950	21,390	1967	313,796	2017
Dayton	157,837	1948	45,849	1950	597,433	2010
Des Moines	232,038	1948	33,337	1961	576,310	2007
Spokane (Short-Sea. until 2021)	287,185	1947	17,940	1954	254,807	2024
Omaha	316,012	1955	109,851	1962	449,753	1997
Rochester, NY	443,536	1949	106,209	1966	515,436	1998
Columbia, SC	110,853	1948	25,998	1961	315,034	2017
Toledo	343,672	1953	86,428	1970	590,159	2007
Portland, ME	117,606	1948	75,083	1947	434,684	2004
Syracuse	288,141	1947	53,431	1956	446,025	1999
Colorado Springs (Indy. now)	170,041	1952	45,184	1957	350,374	2014
El Paso	107,778	1949	37,337	1970	578,952	2015
Allentown, PA (Lehigh Valley)	102,471	1948	47,795	1958	645,905	2010
Reno	56,702	1957	15,178	1964	466,606	2009
Tacoma	113,783	1947	42,463	1951	401,027	2024
Chattanooga	252,703	1952	25,767	1965	292,920	1994
Montgomery, AL	145,458	1947	20,617	1962	322,946	2004
Corpus Christi	112,625	1956	53,489	1953	506,398	2006
Midland, TX	77,601	1956	17,106	1959	317,233	2013
Wilmington, DE	123,491	1947	24,526	1952	358,766	1995
Charleston, SC	184,851	1947	19,536	1978	305,622	2017
San Jose	113,858	1949	23,845	1958	222,547	2011
Our al Otting	133,505	1949	53,213	1967	260,471	1994
Quad Cities Binghamton, NY	182,778	1343	00,210	1007	259,183	1004

NOTES ON NCAA COLLEGE BASEBALL AND SOFTBALL

NCAA DIVISION I COLLEGE BASEBALL

2024 preliminary data noted that the top 10 teams in total attendance drew 2,821,709, an average of 7,816 per date or game. The top 50 teams drew a combined 6,696,769, an average of 4,088. Arkansas had the highest total (394,146), and averaged 10,106 per game or date, followed by LSU (390,033 – average 10,834), Mississippi State (370,711 – and an average best 10,903, including a 2024 NCAA on-campus top crowd of 14,273), Ole Miss (298,461 – average 9,628), and Texas 269,143 – average 7,476). South Carolina, Florida, Southern Mississippi, Tennessee, Nebraska, and Texas A&M, all averaged above 5,000 a game. 19 teams topped 4,000 a game. The NCAA has not issued a full 2024 attendance report.

Preliminary data shows that the top 10 teams in total attendance in **2023** drew a combined 2,774,001, averaging 7,642 per date or game. The top 50 teams drew a combined 6,463,763, an average of 3,864 per date. (If the 2024 NCAA Baseball Record Book had been issued, attendance statistics would have been updated.) College World Series champion LSU led in total attendance for the 25th time in the last 28 seasons, drawing 447,527, and a record-high average of 11,188 per game. This was followed by Arkansas (370,940, average-9,762), Mississippi State (332,838, average-11,095, including an NCAA on-campus, season high crowd of 16,423), Ole Miss (323,047, average- 10,095), Florida (259,236, average-6,029), and South Carolina (256,075, average-7,113). 16 teams averaged at least 4,000 per date or game. The Southeastern Conference led for the 27th straight year, drawing 2.99 million to their 2023 on-campus home games.

In **2022**, the top 10 teams in College Baseball total attendance drew a combined 2,493,643, averaging 7,673 per date. Arkansas led with a total of 363,153, and a 10,376 average per date. LSU was just a bit behind, with a total of 362,759, and a 10,365 average per date. Following these 2 schools were Mississippi State (318,971 total, 10,289 average), Ole Miss (309,949 total, 9,998 average), and Texas (235,220 total, 6,918 average). The top 50 teams in total attendance drew a combined total of 5,869,094, averaging 3,819 per date. The **2022** total for these 50 teams was 520,513 (9.7%) higher than what the 50 teams with the highest **2019** total attendance drew that year. Those top 50 teams in the 2022 group drew 355 (10.2%) more per date than the teams in the 2019 top 50 group.

Just like Major League and Minor League Baseball, NCAA College Baseball was adversely affected by Covid in **2021**, with reduced capacity, and lower attendance for most teams. Ole Miss led in attendance in 2021, drawing 303,859, and averaged 7,596 per date. They were followed by Arkansas (264,643, 6,964 per date), Mississippi State (235,207, 6,031 per date), LSU (144,982, 3,815 per date), and Texas Tech (119,916, 3,527 per date).

The top 10 teams in **2021** attendance drew a combined 1,504,011, averaging 4,087 per date. The 20 teams with the highest attendance, drew 2,021,596, and averaged 2,947 per date.

When the **2020** season was halted in the middle of March, LSU had the top average per date (10,296), followed by Arkansas (8,953), Mississippi State (8,732), and Ole Miss (8,652).

The top 50 teams in **2019** attendance were listed in the 2020 NCAA Record Book. Those 50 teams drew 5,348,581 in 1,544 dates, averaging 3,464 per date. LSU drew 425,377 (10,634 per date) to lead the NCAA. Through 2019, LSU led the NCAA in total baseball attendance for 24 straight years (since 1996), and in average per date each year since 1996, except for 2007, when Arkansas was the leader. LSU averaged better than 10,000 per date each season from 2010 through 2019, and in 2022. In **2019** college <u>football</u> attendance, LSU had the 6th highest total (705,892), and the 5th best average per game (100,842). In **2022**, LSU was 4th in total attendance (704,172), and average per game (100,596). They were 6th in Women's Basketball attendance (129,752, 8,650 per game) in **2022-23**.

Most of the usual College Baseball attendance leaders finished in the Top 10 in **2019** total attendance: LSU, Mississippi State, South Carolina, Ole Miss, Arkansas, Texas A&M, Texas, and Clemson. They were joined by Louisiana and Texas Tech in 2019. All these teams except Texas Tech also finished in the Top 10 in average per date. Nebraska was in the Top 10 in average per date, but not in the Top 10 in total attendance.

The SEC continues to be the baseball attendance leader among college conferences. In **2022**, the SEC drew 2,659,201 (5,781 per date), topping 2 million for the 10th straight year, excluding 2021. In **2019**, the SEC total attendance was 2,554,427 (5,213 per date). These figures probably include post-season games. The SEC has led the NCAA in total attendance and average per date for the last 20 seasons, and 25 times in the last 31 years, also excluding 2021. Attendance by SEC teams has surpassed one million for 18 years in a row, including 2021. The record-high regular season total attendance for SEC teams may be 2,319,937 in 2014.

NOTES ON NCAA COLLEGE BASEBALL AND SOFTBALL

In **2018**, the top 50 teams drew 5,333,906 in 1,560 dates, an average of 3,419 per date. LSU led in total attendance (399,085), and average per date (10,786).

The top 50 teams in total attendance in **2017** drew 5,534,376 in 1,599 dates, an average of 3,461 per date. LSU was the leader in both categories in 2017, drawing 418,291, an average of 10,725 per date.

In **2016**, the Top 50 teams in total attendance drew 5,511,902 in 1,611 dates, an average of 3,421 per date. LSU had the highest total attendance (433,783) and average per date (10,580).

For the **2015** season, the NCAA listed attendance for 301 teams. Total attendance was 7,495,301. The top 50 teams in attendance drew a combined 5,022,496. Louisiana State University led in total attendance (421,771), and average per date (10,815).

For **2014**, the NCAA listed the top 50 teams in attendance, but did not provide a total for all teams. These top 50 teams drew a total of 5,206,928, an average of 3,285 per date. LSU averaged 10,812 per date.

In **2013**, LSU drew 413,638 for the regular season, averaging an NCAA record-high 10,885 per date. That broke the NCAA regular season average per date of 10,673, set by LSU in 2010. If post-season play is included, LSU's total attendance was a record-high 473,298, and a record-high average per date of 11,007.

THE COLLEGE BASEBALL WORLD SERIES

The College World Series is played every year in Omaha. Through 2010, it was played at Rosenblatt Stadium, which was also home to the Omaha team in the Pacific Coast League. Separate new ballparks opened in 2011. The larger park is in Omaha, and is used for the College World Series. The smaller park is located in the suburbs, and is the home of the Omaha Storm Chasers.

In 2015, total attendance for the 16 different World Series game sessions was 353,378, averaging 22,086 per session, some of which can be double-headers. Record-high for one session is 30,533 in 2008.

The 2016 College Baseball World Series drew 341,667 with 17 sessions, an average of 20,098 per session. Coastal Carolina was the winner.

In 2017, a new record-high total attendance was set as the 16 sessions of the College World Series drew 357,646, an average of 22,352 per session. Florida was the 2017 champion.

Oregon State won the College World Series in 2018, which drew 333,482 in 16 sessions, (20,843 per session).

Vanderbilt was the College World Series champion in 2019. Attendance was 332,454 in 15 sessions, an average of 22,164 per session. There was no College World Series in 2020.

Another record-high was set in 2021, as Mississippi State won the championship. The 16 sessions drew 361,711, an average of 22,607 per session. The final game drew 24,052.

In **2022**, Ole Miss won, as the CWS drew new record-highs in total attendance (366,105), and average per session (24,407).

The College Baseball World Series attendance records were broken again in 2023 as total attendance (392,946 for 16 games), and average per game or session (24,559) reached new highs. LSU won the championship.

In 2024, the 15 games in the College World Series, won by Tennessee, drew 371,818, averaging a new record-high of 24,788 per game. The biggest crowd was 26,498.

NOTES ON NCAA COLLEGE BASEBALL AND SOFTBALL

NCAA WOMEN'S SOFTBALL

In **2024**, there were 307 teams in Division I. The top 20 teams in total attendance drew 1,145,269 in 593 dates, an average of 1,931 per date. The top 50 teams had a 1,682,233 total, and a 1,264 average per date. Oklahoma led in total attendance (110,668) and average per date (4,099), followed by Alabama (106,893/3,818), Arkansas (97,744/3,258), and LSU (83,661/2,202). The 2024 Women's College World Series in Oklahoma City drew 109,798, averaging 12,200 per session. **12,566 attended a May 31 session of the World Series, the largest-ever Women's Softball crowd**.

In **2023**, the top 20 teams in total attendance drew 904,440 in 483 dates, averaging 1,873 per date. Alabama led for the 10th straight year, with a total of 100,052, and a 3,573 average per date or game, followed by Arkansas (83,374 – 2,875 average), Arizona (64,168 – 2,567 average), LSU (54,022 – 2,001 average), Oklahoma (37,774 – 2,222 average), and Missouri (44,870 - 2,001 average). Oklahoma drew 8,930 on March 31, the largest home regular season crowd in NCAA Women's Softball history. The 2023 Women's College World Series in Oklahoma City drew 110,607 in 9 sessions, an average of 12,290 per session.

In **2022**, Alabama led the NCAA in regular season Women's Softball attendance for the 9th straight 'normal' season. The Crimson Tide drew 93,636, averaging 3,745 per date, followed by Arizona (74,028, 2,644 average), Arkansas (57,097, 2,039 average), LSU (47,786, 2,078 average), and Texas A&M (43,628, 1,504 average). The 20 teams with the highest total attendance drew a total of 825,166 in 486 dates, averaging 1,698 per date. The Southeastern Conference drew 507,491 in its regular season, averaging 1,547 per date. 12,533 attended a session of the 2022 Women's College World Series in Oklahoma City on June 4, the largest-ever Women's Softball crowd.

In **2021**, Alabama had the top total attendance (61,991), and average per date (1,442), followed by Arkansas (31,602 total, 1,019 average), and LSU (30,191 total, 915 average). When the **2020** season was suspended, Alabama had the top total (45,048), and average per date (3,465), followed by Arizona (2,051), Auburn (1,611), and Clemson (1,554). In **2019**, the 55 teams drew 1,152,050 in 1,121 dates, an average of 1,028 per date. The 20 teams with the highest total attendance drew a total of 742,122 in 484 dates, an average of 1,533 per date. Alabama led in total attendance, drawing 72,243, averaging 2,750 per date.

In **2018**, the 20 teams with the highest total attendance drew a total of 757,194 in 497 dates, and average of 1,523 per date. Alabama led, drawing 63,038, averaging 3,002 per date. **2017** attendance data listed average per game, instead of average per date. The top 20 teams in attendance drew a total of 842,615, an average of 1,386 per GAME. Average per date is higher since teams play doubleheaders. Alabama led in total attendance (79,218), averaging 2,641 per DATE. In **2016**, Alabama led in both total attendance (76,109) and average per date (2,927). The 10 schools with the highest total attendance in 2016 drew a combined 473,177, averaging 1,947 per date.

Alabama also holds the records for highest regular season total (100,052 in 2023), and average per date (3,745 in 2022). Either Alabama, Fresno State or Arizona has been the leader in all other years since 1991. Largest crowd at a regular season game was 8,930 at Oklahoma in 2023. Top crowd at the Women's College World Series was 12,533 in 2022 at Oklahoma City.

In addition to NCAA play in the spring, there are numerous summer college baseball leagues. These leagues are not affiliated with any school or athletic conference. Their players are amateurs, but these leagues operate in a similar way to the pro minor leagues. They use wood bats, and some leagues charge admission to games, and keep attendance figures. Many of the cities with teams in these leagues once hosted professional Minor League teams. Sources for attendance data from these leagues were league Websites and Ballpark Digest.

In **2024**, 193 teams from 21 leagues reported attendance. These teams drew 5,831,063, an average of 1,196 per date. The Northwoods League again had the top total (1,339,157). The MLB Draft League had the highest average per date (2,660). Madison had the top total (217,070), and average (6,202). Trenton of the MLB Draft League averaged 5,320 per date. Other teams topping 3,000 per date were Okotoks of the Western Canadian League (4,774), Edmonton (4,675), and Portland, OR (3,613), both of the West Coast Collegiate League, Thrillville (Marion, IL) of the Prospects League (3,637), Johnson City of the Appalachian League (3,546), Elmira of the Perfect Game League (3,212), and Martha's Vineyard of the New England Collegiate League (3,056).

195 Collegiate Summer League teams listed attendance in **2023**, and they drew a total of 5,592,207, averaging 1,203 per date. As usual, the Northwoods League had the top total attendance (1,297,864). The MLB Draft League had the highest average per date (2,669). **Madison, WI led all teams in total attendance (228,692), and average per date (6,353).** Trenton of the MLB Draft League finished second in total attendance (196,669) and average per date (5,463). Savannah continued to be very successful as an exhibition team, but no longer plays in any Collegiate Summer League.

The 178 Collegiate Summer League teams with **2022** reported attendance drew 5,402,435, an average of 1,178 per date. The Northwoods League had the highest announced league total (1,160,821). The 6-team MLB-Draft League, made up of former MLB-affiliated pro Minor League teams, had the highest average per date (2,839).

Madison, WI of the Northwoods League, had the 2022 top team total (199,785), and the best average per date (5,550), among all Summer Collegiate teams. Trenton of the MLB-Draft League drew 195,610, averaging 5,016 per date. Savannah, which has a very unique and entertaining way of presenting its games, sold out every game as usual, averaging 4,256 per date.

More detail on **2024 and 2023 Summer Collegiate leagues** and teams that were MLB-affiliated teams can be found in this section, including team-by-team summaries for teams that were in the Minors in 2019, and historical data. A table at the end of this section shows 2023 attendance for each of these teams. Another table has 2023 Collegiate Summer Leagues attendance by league, and lists the team in each league that had the highest attendance.

The 173 Collegiate Summer League teams with **2021** reported attendance drew 3,981,808, an average of 959 per date. The Northwoods League had the highest announced league total (981,040). The 6-team MLB-Draft League likely had the highest average per date. But attendance from the West Virginia Black Bears and the Trenton Thunder (who only played one series in their home park, (because the Triple-A Buffalo Bisons were using it), was not available.

Frederick, which was in the Class A Carolina League in 2019, had the top total (125,378), and the best average per date (4,179) in 2021. This team plays in the MLB-Draft League. Savannah sold out every game as usual, averaging 3,757 per date.

In **2020**, some teams from 5 Summer Collegiate leagues allowed fans in their parks, with limited capacity. Total attendance was 383,912 in 817 dates, averaging 470 per date.

164 teams in 19 leagues reported attendance in **2019**. They drew 3,998,646 in 3,985 dates, averaging 1,003 per date. The Northwoods League, with 22 teams, drew a Summer Collegiate league record-high 1,262,625 in 769 dates, an average of 1,642 per date. The Cape Cod, Coastal Plain, Futures, and West Coast Leagues also topped 1,000 per date. Madison, WI of the Northwoods League led all teams (218,866 – 6,080 per date). Savannah averaged 4,205 per date, selling out every game again. Okotoks averaged 3,937. Overall, 15 teams reached 2,000 per date. Two teams moved from the pro independent Frontier League to collegiate leagues, and played shorter seasons. Traverse City averaged 1,674 per date in the Northwoods League in 2019, compared to 2,261 in the Frontier League in 2018. Normal averaged 705 per date in the collegiate Prospect League in 2019, compared to 1,857 per date in the 2018 Frontier League.

In **2018**, 174 teams in 20 leagues reported attendance. These teams drew 4,162,081 in 4,138 dates, averaging 1,006 per date. The 20-team Northwoods League just missed another record-high, drawing 1,162,164 in 707 dates, an average of 1,644 per date. Also topping 1,000 per date were the Cape Cod, Futures, Coastal Plain, Prospect, and West Coast Leagues. Madison had the top attendance (218,712 – 6,249 per date). Savannah sold out all 25 dates, and averaged 4,229 per date. Ballpark Digest noted that Okotoks averaged 3,676 per date, La Crosse, Kenosha, and Worcester topped 2,500 per date, and 10 other teams drew at least 2,000 per date.

19 leagues and 172 teams reported attendance in **2017**. The total for these teams was 4,108,188 in 4,099 dates, an average of 1,002 per date. The 20 teams in the Northwoods League drew a record-high 1,164,745 in 703 dates, averaging 1,657 per date. The Cape Cod, Futures, Coastal Plain, Great West, Prospect, and West Coast Leagues also averaged at least 1,000 per date. Madison of the Northwoods League outdrew all teams with a total of 214,485, averaging 6,308 per date. The Savannah Bananas sold out all 26 dates, and averaged 4,173. Data compiled by Ballpark Digest showed that Okotoks and Elmira topped 3,000 per date, and LaCrosse, Kenosha, Worcester, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph, Valley, and Newport averaged at least 2,000 per date.

Attendance was reported by 20 leagues and 169 teams in **2016**. The total was 4,087,385 in 4,181 dates, an average of 978 per date. The 18 team Northwoods League drew 1,084,297, an average of 1,713 per date. Madison once again had the best attendance of any Summer Collegiate team, drawing 205,324, an average of 6,039 per date. According to data compiled by Ballpark Digest, Savannah GA, Elmira NY, and Okotoks Alberta also averaged better than 3,000 per date. Teams in Kenosha, St. Joseph, Kalamazoo, Victoria BC, Worcester, Holyoke, and Newport RI averaged at least 2,000 per date.

21 of these leagues reported attendance in **2015**. The highest attendance was by the Northwoods League. That league drew 1,088,747, an average of 1,776 per date in 2015. In 2014, the Northwoods League became the first Summer Collegiate league to top one million, drawing 1,096,433, an average of 1,766 per date. Madison, WI from that league had the best 2015 attendance of any Summer Collegiate league team, drawing a total of 216,159 in 34 dates, and a record-high average of 6,358 per date. Altogether, 154 teams in the 21 leagues that compiled attendance data drew a total of 3,759,090, an average of 958 per date.

In **2014**, the 159 teams in the 21 leagues that reported attendance drew 3,819,955, an average of 1,000 per date. Madison was the leader, drawing 214,849 in 35 dates, an average of 6,139 per date.

There were 171 teams from 20 leagues that recorded attendance in **2013**. These teams drew a total of 3,427,260, an average of 854 per date. Madison led all teams, drawing 213,833 in 35 dates (6,110 per date).

2012 attendance was available for 153 teams in 15 summer leagues. They drew 3,364,786, averaging 962 per date, led by Madison, who attracted a record-high 217,143 in 35 dates, which was 6,204 per date.

Starting in 2006, **Madison's** total attendance has topped 200,000, and their average per date has been above 6,000, in all but 3 years (2009, 2010, and 2022, when it was just below those levels, and 2021). From **2006 through 2024**, Madison has drawn 3,713,945 in 623 dates, an average of 206,330 per year and 5,961 per date. If 2021 is excluded, the total is 3,589,738 in 587 dates, an average of 211,161 per year, and 6,115 per date.

Madison had professional Minor League teams in the past. From 1982 through 1994, there was a Madison ballclub in the Midwest League. Their highest attendance was 131,646 in 1983. This team played many more dates each season than the Summer Collegiate league teams play. From 1996 through 2000, Madison played in the independent Northern League. Their highest attendance in that league was 83,573 in 1996.

2024 SUMMER COLLEGIATE TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN THE MINOR LEAGUES IN 2019

24 teams that played in pro Minor Leagues in **2019** joined Summer Collegiate leagues in 2021. All these teams also played in these leagues in 2022, and were joined by 2 more teams (in Jackson, TN and Marion, IL) in 2023. 6 teams played in the MLB Draft League from 2021-2024. The Appalachian League became an MLB-Partner Summer Collegiate League in 2021, and all its 2019 teams continued to play there in 2021. 2022, and 2023. Princeton relocated to Huntington, WV in 2024. In 2019, 23 of these teams were in MLB-affiliated leagues, and 3 were independent teams.

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE) 10 teams-68 games in 2019, 54 in 2021, 58 in 2022, 48 in 2023-25 RECORD HIGHS: League – 442,755-1993; Team Total–Pulaski-95,897-2019, Avg. per date: Johnson City–3,655-2023

- Appalachian League 10 teams, all of whom, except Tri-State (Huntington, WV), played in the Rookie class Appalachian League in 2019. All the 2019 teams played in their same markets in 2021, 2022, and 2023, but all were given new team names. Princeton was relocated to Huntington in 2024.
- The league drew 373,967 in **2024**, averaging 1,640 per date, with 12 lost dates. Total attendance was up 13,741 (3.8%) from 2023. Average per date fell by 67 (3.9%). There were 17 more dates played than in 2023. 4 of the 9 returning teams had gains in total attendance, with 2 up in average per date. The returning teams had a 983 (0.3%) gain in total attendance, and a 102 (5.6%) decline in average per date, with 17 more dates.
- Greeneville, TN posted the largest increases, up 9,545 in total attendance, and up 228 in average per date. Johnson City had the highest total attendance decline (9,710), and Burlington, NC had the largest average per date loss (296). The largest crowd in 2024 was 5,169 at Johnson City.
- Johnson City led the league in **2024** total attendance (78,009), and in average per date (3,546). Their record-high average per date of 3,655 in **2023** may have been the highest average per date ever in this league's long history. It is certainly the highest average per date in this league since at least 1991.
- Greeneville, TN set team record-highs in total attendance (54,796), average per date (2,491), and for a single game (5,077). These figures are higher than this team ever drew when the Appalachian League was a pro league.
- In **2019**, Pulaski drew 95,897, with a 2,821 average per date. That was the highest total attendance for any team in this league since it began playing a short-season schedule in 1957.
- Huntington, WV replaced Princeton in 2024, with a team named the Tri-State Coal Cats. This team is run by Marshall University, and shares a ballpark with that school's baseball team.
- This league raised more than \$2.5 million for charity in 2021, \$3.5 million in 2023, and \$3.1 million in 2024.
- 2017 was a good year for the Appalachian League. 2018 was even better. **2019** was better still. Total attendance rose 21,330 (5.5%) to 411,189, which was the best total for this league since 1994. The league had the best total attendance percentage increases of any NAPBL Minor League in 2018 (10.1%), 2015 (8.5%), and 2014 (16.2%).
- There were 29 lost dates in 2023, 30 were lost in 2022, 25 in 2021, 12 in 2019, 25 in 2018, 19 in 2017, 22 in 2016, 20 in 2015, 16 in 2014, and 32 in 2013. There were 35 lost dates in 2012, and just 5 in 2011.
- **2019** average attendance per date was up 12 to 1,254, the league's best average since the record-high of 1,404 in 1994. It was the 5th straight pro year with average per date above 1,000. 2021-2023 also surpassed 1,000.
- Both Johnson City and Pulaski drew over 60,000 in total attendance in 2019, 2018, and 2017. That made it 6 times that at least 2 teams from this league reached 60,000 in a season since the Appalachian League began to play a short-season schedule in 1957. 3 teams did it in 1990, and 2 teams did it in 1992 and 1993.
- In 2019 and 2016, for the only times since 1999, at least 4 Appalachian League teams drew over 40,000 (Greeneville, Johnson City, Burlington, Pulaski). 4 teams also topped 40,000 in 1991, 1992, 1995, 1998, 1999, and 2023. A record-high of 5 teams did it in 1993, 1994, and 1997, and 3 teams reached this level in 2024, 2018, 2015, and 2014.
- The Appalachian League has topped 400,000 in attendance in 1947 as a full-season league, and in 1991, 1993, 1994, 1997, and 2019 as a short-season league.

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE - continued

- This league has small markets and parks, with capacity ranging from 1,500 in Elizabethton to 3,000 in Burlington.
- Due to ballpark construction, Bristol played their 'home' games in other Appalachian League parks in 2024. They'll play their 2025 home games in Johnson City.
- In 1957, the Appalachian League became the first league to play a short-season schedule. Total attendance for the league as a short-season entity didn't reach 200,000 until 1986.
- The highest average attendance per team for this league was 51,736 in 1947, when it played a longer schedule (126 games) than it did from 1957 on. From 1957 through 1985, the average total attendance per team was below 20,000 in 17 seasons. It didn't reach 30,000 per team until 1988. The short-season record-high average per team is 44,276 in 1993. It topped 40,000 again in 1997, and was 41,119 in 2019, the highest since 1994.
- From 2013 to 2019, total attendance in the league went up 136,070 (49.3%), and average per date was up 360.
- Lowest average per team was just 12,983 in 1983. That year, the 7 teams in this league drew a total of 90,878. Pulaski alone drew more than that in 2018 and 2019. Bluefield had the highest 1983 attendance – 25,767. 4 teams attracted less than 10,000 in 1983. Pikeville drew just 4,998.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- The Johnson City Doughboys led the league in 2024 attendance by a wide margin, with a total of 78,009, down 9,710 (11.1%), and a 3,546 average per date, down 109 (3.0%). This was the 3rd best total, and 2nd best average per date in team history. If the Doughboys were a pro Minor League team, their 2024 average per date would have ranked 19th among the 86 independent teams, and 67th among the 120 MLB-affiliates. They had 2 fewer dates than in 2023, with 2 lost dates. 13 dates drew over 3,000, 8 of them topped 4,000, with a league-high crowd of 5,169.
- In 2023, Johnson City led the league in attendance, and had a record setting season, not just for the team, but likely for the league as well. They drew a team record-high total of 87,719, up a league-best 30,853 (54.3%), and a team-record-high, and a likely all-time league-record-high average per date of 3,655, up 1,549 (73.5%).
- Johnson City's increase in average per date was higher, both numerically, and by percentage, than any MLBaffiliated team had in 2023, and higher than all but 2 independent pro teams. Their total attendance increase, by percentage, was better than all MLB-affiliated teams, and all but 3 independent pro teams. Of the 24 dates played, 18 drew over 3,000, with 9 dates topping 4,000. The largest crowd was a 2023 league-high, and an alltime team high, 5,261.
- In 2019, for the 4th straight year, the Johnson City Cardinals had a record-setting season. Total attendance was up 11,731, to a then record-high of 80,612, the 3rd best total (to Pulaski in 2018 and 2019) in this league's short-season MLB-affiliated history. Average per date was a team record-high 2,519, up a league best 297. 11 dates drew over 3,000. A crowd of 4,095 was their largest ever. That was the 13th time that Johnson City had drawn at least 40,000 as a short-season Appalachian League team. (They did it again in from 2021 through 2024.) Total attendance was up 55,000 (214.7%) in Johnson City for 2019 vs. 2013, and the 2019 average per date was up 1,693 (205.0%) since 2013.
- In 2018, Johnson City drew a then-high of 68,881, averaging a record-high 2,222. In 2017, there were then-record-highs in total attendance (65,202), and average per date (1,976). 2016 brought new records for Johnson City. Despite 5 lost dates, total attendance was up 12,737 to 51,855. Not only was this a Johnson City short-season record-high, but it also topped, by 9, the high of 51,846 that this city drew with a longer-season team in 1948. Average per date rose 369 to a new record of 1,673. These increases were the best of any short-season team. The average per date increase was 4th best among all U.S. MLB-affiliated teams, and the percentage gains of 32.6% in total attendance, and 28.3% in average per date, were tops among U.S.-based MLB-affiliated teams.
- Johnson City also had the best total increase among all short-season teams in **2014**. That year, the Cardinals' average per date gain of 435 was not only the best among all short-season teams, but also the 13th highest average per date increase, among all MLB-affiliated teams. Johnson City drew less than 20,000 in 14 seasons from 1958 through 1985, and 3 more times since then. But their attendance more than tripled from 2013 to 2019.

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE) - continued

- In 2024, the Kingsport Axmen drew 43,631, down 325 (0.7%). Average per date dipped 196 (9.4%) to 1,897. 2 more dates were played than in 2023, and one date was lost. 3 dates topped 3,000, with a high of 4,129. In 2023, Kingsport had its highest total attendance since 1999 (43,956), and its best-ever average per date (2,093).
- The Axmen had a rather strange and scary season in **2021**. The team was broken up after a threat of violence from one of their players. They did get back together, expecting to play all games after July 11 on the road. But eventually, they resumed playing in Kingsport.
- **Kingsport** drew 29,553 in **2019**, up 625. The Mets had topped 30,000 in 9 of the previous 12 seasons prior to 2016, and 25 times overall as a short-season team. They drew over 45,000 from 1997 through 1999, with a high of 55,457 in 1999, but did not top 40,000 again until 2022. Average per date was 896 in 2019, down 8, the 10th straight year below 1,000, with 13 dates topping 1,000. They hope for a new park, replacing Hunter Wright Stadium, which opened in 1995.
- The Greeneville, Tennessee Flyboys drew a team record-high 2024 total attendance of 54,796, up a leaguehigh 9,545 (21.1%). Average per date was a team record-high 2,491, up a league-best 228 (10.1%). 5 dates drew over 3,000, with a team record-high of 5,077. There were 2 lost dates, and 2 more dates than in 2023.
- Greeneville led the league in total attendance and average per date in their first 11 years (2004-2014) in the league. In **2015**, the Astros (later named the Reds) set team record-highs in total attendance and average per date. In **2019**, they drew 43,617. Greeneville had topped 40,000 in 13 straight years from 2004 through 2016, a streak that no current team in this league has ever achieved. In 4 seasons, the total was above 50,000. Average per date has surpassed 1,300 in 18 of this club's 20 seasons, including 2021 through 2024.
- The **Burlington (North Carolina) Sock Puppets** drew 39,947, down 6,813 (14.6%) in **2024**. Average per date fell 296 (14.6%) to 1,737. 6 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 4,042. There was one lost date, and the same number of dates were played as in 2023.
- Burlington drew 40,142, up 3,601 in 2019. Average per date was 1,216, up 74. In 2017, Burlington's 30.0% declines in total attendance and average per date were the worst percentage losses among all U.S. NAPBL teams.
 2016 attendance had been, at that time, the best since 1993 for Burlington. This team drew over 40,000 in 14 of 15 years from 1986 through 2000, and reached 60,000 in 6 of 8 seasons between 1986 and 1993, topping 70,000 in 1987 and 1988. But the total didn't reach 40,000 from 2001 through 2013. It has been above 40,000 in 7 seasons since 2014, including 2021 through 2023, and missed by just 53 in 2024. Average per date has been above 1,000 every year, except from 2008 through 2011, since the current team began play in 1986.
- Due to stadium unavailability, the **Bristol State Liners** (the Virginia-Tennessee state line runs right through Bristol), played all their **2024** home games in other Appalachian League parks. Total attendance to their 'home' games was 26,740, up 1,066 (4.2%). Average per date was 1,215, down 136 (10.1%). 2 dates were lost, and there were 3 more dates than in 2023. 4 dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 3,933, all in Johnson City. The State Liners will play all 2025 home games in Johnson City, and hope to have a new park in 2026.
- In 2023, only 3 MLB-affiliated teams, and 6 independent teams had a higher average per date numerical gain, than Bristol (810), and no pro team had a better average per date percentage increase than Bristol's 149.8%. Just 2 independent teams, and no MLB-affiliated teams, had a higher percentage increase in total attendance.
- In **2019**, Bristol had a 3,191 decrease to 18,750, the lowest total of any short-season team. Average per date fell by 122 to a 2019 short-season low 586. In **2015**, Bristol drew the lowest total and average per date of any MLB-affiliated team. This team has not topped 30,000 since 1976, when they drew a record-high total of 32,409. Lowest total was 7,835 in 1982. Their full-season high was 68,504 in 1946. Until 2021, average per date had been under 1,000 since at least 1991.

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE) – continued

- The **Pulaski River Turtles** had no lost dates in **2024**, and played 6 more dates than in 2023. Their **2024** attendance was 34,172, up 8,022 (30.7%), with a 1,424 average per date, down 29 (2.0%). The average per date was the lowest since 2014. 2 dates topped 2,000, with a high of 2,346.
- Pulaski led the Appalachian League in total attendance (64,508), and average per date (2,389) in **2021**. It was the 6th straight year with attendance above 57,000 for Pulaski. They had not topped 35,000 in any of their previous 42 seasons through 2014.
- Pulaski had an incredible 2019 attendance season for a team in this league. The Yankees drew 95,897 in 2019, the highest total ever for an Appalachian League team since it went to a short-season schedule in 1957, and the 5th straight year with a new record-high. This was the best total in the league in any season since Bluefield, playing a much longer schedule, drew 116,572 in 1949. The 2019 total was up 4,671. Average per date was up 57 to an all-time team and league record-high of 2,821. 11 dates drew over 3,000, including a team record-high, and 2019 league high, crowd of 4,872.
- From 2014 through 2019, total attendance was up 69,737 (266.6%), and average per date rose by 2,003 (244.9%). From 2015 through 2019, Pulaski drew a total of 380,021. In the previous 5 seasons (2010-2014), they drew 139,785. Calfee Park, built in 1935, seats just 2,500. The Yankees drew above this level at 25 of 34 dates in 2019.
- In 2018, the Pulaski Yankees drew 91,226, the best total in the league, (broken in 2019), in any season since Bluefield in 1949. The 2018 total was up 13,346, which was the 2nd best increase (to Brooklyn) among all shortseason teams. Average per date was up 404 to 2,764. This was the 5th best average per date gain among all MLBaffiliated teams, and 2nd best among those in short-season leagues.
- In 2017, Pulaski drew a then-team record-high 77,880, up 19,885. Average per date rose 489 to a team then-record-high 2,360. These were the best gains among all short-season teams. The 34.3% increase in total attendance was the 4th best percentage gain among all affiliated teams, and the 26.1% increase in average per date was 6th best. No Appalachian League team had drawn as well as Pulaski did in 2017 since Danville drew a short-season Appalachian League best total of 80,539, and 2,441 per date, in 1993. Danville's records were broken by Pulaski in 2018.
- **2016** was also a record-setting year for Pulaski. The Yankees led the league, and set new team record-highs. They drew 57,995 in total attendance, and averaged 1,871 per date. These were the highest total attendance and average per date figures in this league since Danville drew 75,745, and averaged 2,228 per date, in 1997.
- Pulaski had very strong growth in **2015**. Total attendance more than doubled to a then-team record-high of 57,023, up 30,863. It was the top attendance by an Appalachian League team since Danville drew 57,044 in 1999. The old short-season high in Pulaski was 33,679 in 2008, while the full-season high was 49,472 in 1947. Average per date was a then-record-high 1,677 in 2015, up 859.
- Pulaski has surpassed 30,000 in 12 of the last 16 seasons, including 2021, 2022, and 2024, after doing it just once in the previous 35 years with a team. In 1998, this franchise drew just 8,812, an average of 275 per date. Pulaski drew less than 20,000 in 22 of the 27 seasons that the city had a team from 1954 through 1999. From 1992 through 2014, average per date reached 1,000 only in 2008. They became a Yankees affiliate in 2015.
- The **2024 Appalachian League Champion Danville Otterbots** drew 33,748, down 1,591 (4.5%). Average per date was 1,406, down 130 (8.5%). 2 dates drew at least 2,000, and the top crowd was 2,714. No dates were lost, and one more date was played than in 2023.
- **Danville's** total attendance was 30,007 in **2019**, with a 909 average per date. In their first 7 seasons (1993-1999), Danville topped 50,000 each year, and drew a then-league record-high 80,539 in 1993 (broken by Pulaski in 2018). After 1999, they've only reached 40,000 in 2006 and 2007. Average per date topped 2,000 from 1993 through 1997, with a high of 2,441 in 1993.

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE) – continued

- The **Bluefield Ridge Runners** had a **2024** total attendance of 19,250, up 2,522 (15.1%). They averaged 875 per date, the best since 2009, and up 115 (15.1%). Top crowd was 1,902, with 7 dates drawing at least 1,000. There were 2 lost dates, same as in 2023.
- 2009 was the only year above 30,000 since 1999 for Bluefield. This team drew 55,373 in 1991. It had 10 straight years above 30,000 from 1990 through 1999. 2009 was also the only year since 2001 with average per date above 1,000.
- In 2023, their final season, the Princeton Whistle Pigs drew 10,427 with a 549 average per date.
- Princeton had topped 30,000 in 9 of their first 14 seasons. But they didn't reach that total level, or 1,000 in average per date, in their last 21 years, including 2021, 2022, and 2023.
- Huntington, WV replaced Princeton for the 2024 season. The team is named the Tri-State Coal Cats, and shares a new ballpark with Marshall University. Huntington had a team in the Appalachian League from 1990 through 1995. Their highest total attendance was 66,042 in 1990. In 2024, the Coal Cats drew 23,185, averaging 966 per date. 4 dates drew over 1,000, with a high of 2,093. There were no postponements. Marshall University's baseball team drew 43,659 in 2024, averaging 1,679 per date.
- Elizabethton's River Riders drew 20,489, down 1,733 (7.8%) in **2024**. Average per date was 931, down 79 (7.8%). There were 2 lost dates, with the same number played as in 2023. 5 dates topped 1,000, with a high of 1,644.
- In 2023, the River Riders had a record-high average per date of 1,010. 8 dates topped 1,000, with a recordhigh crowd of 2,236, in a park that seats only 1,500.
- Elizabethton, which had the smallest seating capacity of any 2019 MLB-affiliated ballpark, has reached 30,000 just once (in 2007) since rejoining this league in 1974. But they drew over 20,000 from 2001 through 2015, and in 2019, and from 2021 through 2024, after doing it just twice (1978 and 1994) from 1974 through 2000. The E-Twins drew 27,569 in 2019, up a league best 12,240, their highest total since 2011. Average per date rose 282 to 811. Although this is from a small base, the total percentage gain of 79.8% was 4th best in the NAPBL for 2019, and the 53.3% increase in average per date, was the 5th best percentage gain.
- **1993** was a record setting year in attendance for the Appalachian League. The league drew a record high 442,755, and Danville's attendance of 80,539 was, until 2018, the highest by a team since this league went to a short-season schedule in 1957. 3 other teams also topped 50,000 in 1993. Burlington drew 61,088, Martinsville had a total of 58,368, and Huntington's attendance was 51,365. Prior to 2015, the last team in this league to reach 50,000 was Greeneville in 2008. Greeneville and Pulaski did it in 2015, and Johnson City and Pulaski reached this level each year from 2016 through 2021. Johnson City also topped 50,000 in 2022, 2023, and 2024. Greeneville did it in 2024.
- The Encyclopedia of Minor League Baseball lists team attendance for the Appalachian League starting in 1945. This was a full-season league through 1955. Bluefield had the 3 highest individual team totals of that era, drawing 86,303 in 1947, 83,208 in 1948, and 116,572 in 1949.
- The late Lee Landers, whose last position was President Emeritus of the Appalachian League, was named the 2017 'King of Baseball' by Minor League Baseball. It is the highest individual honor that is awarded by Minor League Baseball. Mr. Landers served as President of this league starting in 1996, and his career in baseball spanned nearly 60 years. He retired after the 2018 season.

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (SUMMER COLLEGIATE) - continued

APPALACHIAN LEAGUE YEARLY ATTENDANCE

	# of	Total	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.		Average per	# Change vs.	% Chg. vs.
Year	Teams	Attendance	Previous Year	Prev. Year		Date	Previous Year	Prev. Year
2024	10	373,967	13,741	3.8		1,640	(67)	(3.1)
2023	10	360.226	24,309	7.2		1,707	410	31.6
2022	10	335,917	3,832	1.2		1,297	(58)	(4.3)
2021	10	332,085				1,355		
2019	10	411,189	21,330	5.5		1,254	12	1.0
2018	10	389,859	35,769	10.1		1,242	139	12.6
2017	10	354,090	20,678	6.2		1,103	51	4.8
2016	10	333,412	(13,739)	(4.0)		1,052	(37)	(3.4)
2015	10	347,151	27,048	8.4		1,089	101	10.2
2014	10	320,103	44,684	16.2		988	94	10.5
2013	10	275,419	(3,366)	(1.2)		894	(20)	(2.2)
2012	10	278,785	(16,778)	(5.7)		914	32	3.6
2011	10	295,563	5,634	1.9		882	(13)	(1.5)
2010	10	289,929	(20,195)	(6.5)		895	(96)	(9.7)
2009	10	310,124	(6,934)	(2.2)		991	(19)	(1.9)
2008	10	317,058	28,476	9.9		1,010	(13)	(1.3)
2007	9	288,582	(33,558)	(10.4)		1,023	7	0.7
2006	10	322,140	10,656	3.4		1,016	14	1.4
2005	10	311,484	19,103	6.5		1,002	62	6.6
2004	10	292,381	26,396	9.9		940	32	3.5
2003	10	265,985	(26,492)	(9.1)		908	(6)	(0.7)
2002	10	292,477	7,645	2.7		914	(48)	(5.0)
2001	10	284,832	8,401	3.0		962	50	5.5
2000	10	276,431	(54,086)	(16.4)		912	(102)	(10.1)
				(2, -)			(5.5)	(5.5)
1999	10	330,517	(2,420)	(0.7)		1,014	(33)	(3.2)
1998	10	332,937	(68,520)	(17.1)		1,047	(181)	(14.7)
1997	10	401,457	61,633	18.1		1,228	0	0.0
1996	9	339,824	(23,676)	(6.5)		1,228	16	1.3
1995	10	363,500	(74,570)	(17.0)		1,212	(192)	(13.7)
400.4	40	400.070	(4.005)	(4.4)	<u> </u>	4 40 4	40	
1994	10	438,070	(4,685)	(1.1)		1,404	12	0.9
1993	10	442,755	80,408	22.2	<u> </u>	1,392	216	18.4
1992	10	362,347	(41,240)	(10.2)	<u> </u>	1,176	N/A	N/A
1991	10	403,587	19,831	5.2	<u> </u>	N/A	N/A	N/A
1990	10	383,756	72,246	23.2		N/A	N/A	N/A

<u>MLB DRAFT LEAGUE</u> – 6 teams (68-game schedule in 2021, 80-game schedule in 2022 through 2025)

- MLB Draft League 6 teams. 2024 was the 4th year for this league. It is a combination of a Summer Collegiate League for the first part of the season (34 games) using amateur draft/eligible players. It becomes a pro Minor League for the remaining 46 games, using players who get paid, as they no longer have amateur status.
- Frederick came from the Class A Carolina League, Trenton played in the Class AA Eastern League, and State College, Mahoning Valley OH, West Virginia (Morgantown), and Williamsport, had all been in the short-season Class A New York-Penn League in 2019.
- In 2024, the league drew 593,263, averaging 2,660 per date, with 17 lost dates. Total attendance rose 3,448 (0.6%), and average per date was down 8 (0.3%). 2 more dates played than in 2023. Top crowd was 8,246 in Frederick. The league averaged 98,877 per team. League record-highs are 647,109 in total, and 2,838 in average, both in 2022.
- 3 teams had increases in total attendance, and 2 teams were up in average per date. Mahoning Valley posted the best gains in total attendance (13,641), and in average per date (232). State College had the biggest declines, with total attendance down 8,455, and average per date down 147.
- Trenton led the league in 2024. See below for details.
- Frederick had led the 30 MLB-affiliated High-A teams in attendance in 7 of 8 years from 2012 through 2019. Since 1991, they topped 300,000 in attendance in 16 seasons, and drew over 250,000 each year from 1990 through 2019.

TEAM SUMMARIES

- As just noted, Trenton was the league's attendance leader in 2024, with a total attendance of 196,837, up 168 (0.1%). Average per date was 5,320, down 143 (2.6%). This was the 2nd best total and average per date figure among all Summer Collegiate teams. 19 dates drew over 5,000, with 15 of them topping 6,000, and a high of 7,579. There were 3 lost dates, and one more date than in 2023.
- If Trenton were in an MLB-affiliated league, its 2024 average per date would have ranked 28th among the 120 teams there. If the Thunder were an independent pro team, their 2024 total would have been 15th best among the 85 teams, and 8th best among the 65 U.S./Canadian teams. Trenton would have had the 7th best average per date among all independent teams, and the 2nd best among those teams in the U.S. and Canada, trailing only Kane County.
- **Trenton** did not report attendance in **2021**, other than 2,530 for one game, and 2,297 for another. Except for their final home series in August, they played all their 2021 home games at nearby Rider University, with fans admitted for free. This was because the Triple-A Buffalo Bisons were using the ballpark in Trenton as a temporary home. The Bisons' park in Buffalo was host to the Toronto Blue Jays in June and July. Once the Blue Jays returned to Toronto, the Bisons were able to play in Buffalo.
- The Thunder drew 340,705 in 2019, the lowest total since 1994, the team's first year. The Thunder were hurt by bad weather, playing 5 fewer dates than in 2018. Average per date was 5,242, the highest since 2013. The Thunder drew above 360,000 from 1995 through 2014, and were over 400,000 for 14 straight years from 1995 through 2008. Average per date through 2024, has topped 5,000 each year, except 2015, since the team began play in 1994. There were 8 seasons where average per date surpassed 6,000.
- The **Mahoning Valley Scrappers** (Niles, OH) had a **2024** total attendance of 98,856, up 13,641 (16.0%), with a 2,535 average per date, up 232 (10.1%). These were the best gains in the league. There were 2 more dates than in 2023, with one postponement. Crowds above 4,000 attended 6 dates, with a high of 7,869.
- 2016 was the first season with total attendance of under 100,000, and average per date below 3,000. The Scrappers topped 200,000 in 1999 and 2000, their first 2 seasons, but haven't done it since. They have not reached 130,000 since 2005. Average per date was 5,641 in 1999, the Scrappers' first season, and also topped 5,000 in 2000 and 2001. It was above 4,000 in the club's first 7 years, but not since.

MLB DRAFT LEAGUE - continued

- In **2024**, the **Frederick Keys** drew 96,706, up 4,357 (4.7%). Average per date rose 121 (4.7%) to 2,686. 4 dates were lost, with the same number played as in 2023. 7 dates drew over 4,000, led by a league-high crowd of 8,246.
- **Frederick** shared their ballpark with an Atlantic League team in **2023**. As a result, total attendance fell 62,422 (40.3%) to 92,349. Average per date declined 1,857 (42.0%) to 2,565. The Atlantic League team moved to Hagerstown in 2024.
- In 2021, Frederick led all Summer Collegiate Leagues in total attendance (125,378), and all these leagues (based on data from Ballparkdigest.com) in average per date (4,179). This average per date would have ranked as the 30th best in average per date among the 120 MLB-affiliated teams, 2nd best (to Dayton) among the 60 Class A teams, and 3rd best (behind Tijuana and Monterrey, Mexico) among the 67 independent teams.
- Frederick led teams from all High-Class A leagues (Carolina, California, Florida State) in average per date for 7 of 8 years from 2012 through 2019. (Winston-Salem led in 2018.) 2017 was also the 6th consecutive year, and the 16th time since 1991, with attendance over 300,000. In 2019, weather hit the Keys hard, with 10 lost dates, and 4 fewer dates than in 2018. Total attendance fell 11,473 to 263,528, the lowest since 1989. But average per date rose 95 to 4,392. 21 dates drew over 5,000, topped by a crowd of 8,254. The Keys did top 250,000 for the 30th straight year. In their 31-year history as an MLB-affiliated Minor League team, they averaged around 4,500 per date at 5,400 seat Harry Grove Stadium, surpassing 4,000 each year since at least 1991, topping 4,500 in 14 years, and reaching 5,000 in 1993 and 1994. The total for these 31 years was 9,187,014, an average of 296,355 per year.
- In **2024**, the **West Virginia Black Bears** drew 39,847, down 4,339 (9.8%). They averaged 1,023 per date, down 141 (12.1%). 4 dates drew over 1,500, with a high of 2,310. There was one lost date, and one more date than in 2023.
- This club plays in Granville, which is right next to the campus of West Virginia University in Morgantown, and shares their ballpark with the WVU baseball team. The Black Bears drew 62,846 in 2019, with a 1,699 average per date. That total and average per date were the lowest in this team's 5 seasons in the New York-Penn League.
- In 2018, West Virginia University averaged 1,596 per date for home games. In 2019, the WVU Mountaineers drew 49,229, averaging 1,972 per date. In 2022, they drew 45,732, averaging a then-record-high 2,287. 2023 was a record year in WVU total attendance (59,894), average per date (2,496), and for single game (4,387). In 2024, new records for total attendance (67,084), average per date (2,917), and for a single game (4,614), were set.
- The **State College Spikes** drew 103,754 in **2024**, down 8,455 (7.5%), with a 2,730 average per date, down 147 (5.1%). There were 2 lost dates, and one less date than in 2023. 14 dates drew over 3,000, with a high of 4,490.
- State College topped 119,000 in all 14 of their seasons in the New York-Penn League. Their average was over 4,000 in 2007 and 2008. The Spikes, who play on the campus of Penn State University, drew 6,111 for a game in 2016, the biggest crowd ever for pro baseball in State College. Penn State's baseball team averaged 746 per date in 2018, 440 per date in 2019, 497 per date in 2022, 777 per date in 2023, and 1,615 per date in 2024.
- Next door, at 106,572-seat Beaver Stadium, home of Penn State Football, the largest crowd ever was 111,030 vs. Ohio State in 2024. Penn State drew over 100,000 to 7 of its 13 home and away games, including a bowl game, in the 2019 season. Their 2019 home high crowd was 110,669 vs. Michigan. In 2021, all 7 Penn State home games drew at least 105,000, with a high of 109,934 vs. Michigan. All 7 home games in 2022 also drew at least 105,000, averaging 107,379 per game, with a high of 109,813 vs. Minnesota. Penn State had the 3 largest NCAA Football crowds of 2023, with a high of 110,856 vs. Michigan. They averaged 108,409 per game. In 2024, they averaged 108,083, 2nd to Michigan in average per game.

MLB DRAFT LEAGUE - continued

- **2024** total attendance in **Williamsport** was 57,213, down 1,924 (3.3%), with a 1,683 average per date, down 7 (0.4%). Weather was a problem, with 6 lost dates, and one less date than in 2023. 10 MLB Draft League dates drew over 2,000, with a high of 2,493.
- Williamsport drew 64,148 in 2019. It was the 11th straight year in the New York-Penn League below 70,000 for the Crosscutters. But the average per date of 1,944 was the best since 2005. This market has drawn 100,000 only in 1948, 1960, and 1988, when it had full-season teams. The New York-Penn League Crosscutters began play in 1994, and averaged at least 2,000 per date only from 2002 through 2005. From 2008 through 2019, total attendance ranged between 60,429 and 68,475. Average per date ranged from 1,700 to 1,944 during this period.
- In 2017, the first Little League Classic was played at Historic Bowman Field in Williamsport, home to the Crosscutters. In preparation for the game between the Pittsburgh Pirates and St. Louis Cardinals, \$4 million in renovations were made to the ballpark. The game drew 2,596. The Mets and Phillies played in this game in 2018, which drew 2,429. The 2019 game featured the Cubs and Pirates, and drew 2,503. The Orioles and Red Sox were supposed to meet in 2020, but that game was cancelled. The Cleveland-Los Angeles Angels game in 2021 drew 1,832. Boston and Baltimore played in the Classic in 2022, and drew 2,467. Washington and Philadelphia played in the 2023 Classic, which drew 2,473. The Yankees and Tigers met in the 2024 Classic in front of 2,532. Seattle and the Mets will play in the 2025 Classic.

OTHER 2019 (AND A 2015) MINOR LEAGUE TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN SUMMER COLLEGIATE LEAGUES IN 2024

- The Clinton LumberKings played in the Prospect League in 2024, and drew 75,372, down 5,532 (6.8%). Their average per date was 2,692, down 98 (3.5%). They had one less date than in 2023.
- Clinton, a community-owned team, drew 121,325 in 2019 in the Midwest League. It was the team's 5th best total ever, topped only by 127,251 in 1988, 123,553 in 2010, 124,154 in 2016, and 121,678 in 2018. Attendance reached 120,000 for the 4th year in a row, and was above 100,000 for the 14th straight year. Before this streak, the LumberKings had failed to reach 100,000 in all but 4 of 60 seasons with recorded attendance, including 17 years in a row between 1989 and 2005. Average per date in 2019 was 1,838. In 2023, the average was 2,790, the best since at least 1991. Clinton's average per date has been over 1,500 for 18 years in a row, and has reached 1,800 in each of the last 8 years, including 2021 through 2024.
- **Burlington (IA)**, Beloit, and Clinton tended to have low attendance in the Midwest League, in part, because their markets are very small. Seating capacity at Burlington is 3,200, and Clinton's capacity was recently raised to 5,000. Beloit now has a new ballpark. Record-high in Burlington is 83,927, achieved in 1994. **The Burlington Bees**, now in the Prospect League, drew 24,946 in **2024**, down 1,743 (6.5%), averaging 860 per date, down 60 (6.5%), with the same number of dates in 2024 and 2023.
- In **2019**, the Bees had the best total attendance gain in the Midwest League, up 14,110 to 67,369. They last reached 80,000 in 1994, and have topped 70,000 only in 2005, 2014, and 2016 since then. Average per date was 1,053 in 2019, at that point, the best since 2014. The Bees have averaged over 1,000 just 14 times in the last 32 seasons, through 2024, but did it in 5 of their last 7 years in the Midwest League, and in the first 2 Prospect League seasons.
- In 2024, Vermont of the Futures Collegiate League, drew a total of 83,993, up 11,926 (16.5%), with a 2,470 average per date, down 15 (0.6%). It was their best total since 2014. There were 5 more dates than in 2023.
- In 2019, they drew 83,122, and finished below 100,000 for the 13th straight year. The Lake Monsters had reached 100,000 in 12 of the 13 seasons (1994-2006) before that. Average per date was 2,247 in 2019. The average has not reached 3,000 since 2002, after topping it for 9 straight years. Attendance had been very steady from 2009 through 2019, with the total ranging between 81,683 to 89,977, and the average per date ranging from 2,209 to 2,549. Centennial Field in Burlington was built in 1922, and has been renovated. In 2018, for the first time in team history, Vermont had no home or road postponements.

OTHER 2019 (AND A 2015) MINOR LEAGUE TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN SUMMER COLLEGIATE LEAGUES IN 2024

- Batavia now in the Perfect Game League, had 2024 total attendance of 46,813, up 1,635 (3.6%). This was the highest total since 1973, despite a shorter schedule than 51 years ago. Average per date was 2,341, up 82 (3.6%), with the same number of dates as in 2023. It was the highest average per date since at least 1991.
- In 2019, Batavia had its best New York-Penn League total attendance and average per date since 2008, and the best increases in that league. The total was up 14,113 to 43,118, and average per date was up an NAPBL 12th best 381 to 1,165. The Muckdogs also had the 6th highest percentage growth in both total attendance and average per date for 2019. Attendance has not reached 45,000 since 1973. The only years since 1950 with attendance above 50,000 were in 1970, 1971, and 1973. A full-season team in Batavia drew 67,680 in 1946.
- The Auburn Doubledays, who also joined the Perfect Game League in **2021**, only listed attendance for 3 dates in **2021** (total-5,271). In **2022**, they drew 32,429, averaging 1,351 per date. They did not list **2023 or 2024** attendance.
- The Doubledays drew 39,381 in **2019** in the New York-Penn League. That was exactly the same figure they drew in 2013. 2006 was the last time attendance was lower than in 2019. Auburn had topped 50,000 in 5 seasons between 2009 and 2016. In the 58 seasons prior to 2009, they reached 50,000 only 6 times, with a low of 9,474 in 1980. Average per date surpassed 1,000 for 25 straight seasons through 2019. Their ballpark is small, with a capacity of 2,800. Average per date was 1,158 in 2019, which tied 2013 for the lowest average since 1994.
- The **Norwich Sea Unicorns** of the Futures Collegiate League, formerly the Connecticut Tigers of the New York-Penn League, drew 45,606, down 7,133 (13.5%) in **2024**, with a 1,471 average per date, down 177 (10.7%). They had one less date than in 2023. Through 2016, **Connecticut** (as they were known then) had set a total attendance record-high (as a short-season market), in 4th straight years. Total attendance was 66,532 in **2019**, and average per date was 1,901. Those were the lowest figures since 2012. The full-season Double-A Eastern League team record in Norwich is 281,473, and the best average per date for that team was 4,201, both in 1995.
- The New Britain Bees went from the independent Atlantic League in 2019, to the Futures Collegiate League in 2021. Their **2024** total attendance was 40,119, down 7,561 (15.9%), with a 1,486 average per date, down 217 (12.7%). They had one less date than in 2023.
- In 2016, this team moved from Camden to the ballpark vacated by the Eastern League New Britain Rock Cats. That team was to play in a new park in the neighboring city of Hartford starting in 2016. But the new park in Hartford was not ready, so the team had to play all its 2016 games in other parks. The Atlantic League New Britain team, named the Bees, drew 214,635 in 2016, and averaged 3,302 per date. In 2015, the New Britain Rock Cats drew 267,377, averaging 4,051 per date.
- The Bees, in **2019**, drew 133,141, down 50,006, with 6 fewer dates. Average per date fell 541 to 2,113. New Britain had the worst total and average per date losses among the independents. This was the lowest total and average per date of any team in New Britain since 1995. The competition with Hartford proved too difficult to overcome, and this club was replaced with a Collegiate Summer League team. Hartford's new ballpark, located 12 miles from New Britain, finally opened in 2017, and the Hartford Yard Goats of the Eastern League (and now in Double-A Northeast) drew 395,196, averaging 5,812 per date that year. In 2019, they drew a Connecticut record-high total of 414,946, and an average of 6,193 per date. In 2023 Hartford had a total attendance of 402,731, with a record-high average per date of 6,293. The Yard Goats drew 411,351, averaging 6,140 per date in 2024.
- The Eastern League team in New Britain drew less than 200,000 from its start in 1983 through 1999. But it topped 300,000 every year from 2004 through 2014, with a high of 368,523 in 2010. Their average per date was over 5,000 each year from 2006 through 2012, with a high of 5,867 in 2011.

OTHER 2019 (AND A 2015) MINOR LEAGUE TEAMS THAT PLAYED IN SUMMER COLLEGIATE LEAGUES IN 2024

- The **O'Fallon (Missouri) Hoots** of the Prospect League drew 28,544, up 174 (0.6%) in **2024**, with a 1,142 average per date, up 163 (16.7%). There were 4 fewer dates than in 2023.
- **River City** (O'Fallon, MO) played its final season in the Frontier League in **2019**, and had the league's worst total attendance loss (18,204). The 2019 total of 66,832 was the lowest in the team's 21 years, and the average per date of 1,714 was the 2nd lowest to 2011. There were 9 fewer dates in 2019 than in 2018. The Rascals topped 150,000 in the team's first 6 seasons (1999-2004), but not afterward. They stayed above 100,000 through 2008, and then again in 2010 and 2012. 2019 was the 9th time that attendance was below 100,000. The average per date was 4,119 in 2004, and topped 3,000 in the club's first 6 seasons. It had been above 2,000 in 13 of 21 seasons.
- The former **Southern Illinois** (Marion) Miners joined the Summer Collegiate Prospect League in **2023**. They played their final pro Frontier League season in **2021**, and drew 66,099, with a 1,502 average per date. This team disbanded after the season. The new team is named the **Thrillville Thrillbillies**. In **2024**, they drew 90,927, up 27,857 (44.2%), and averaged 3,637 per date, up 1,301 (55.7%). It was the best average per date in Marion since 2011. There were 2 fewer dates than in 2023.
- In **2019**, the Miners' average per date decline of 437 to 2,305, was the worst drop in the Frontier League, and the 3rd worst among all independent teams. Total attendance dipped 8,250 to 101,441, with 4 more dates. It was the lowest total and average in this team's 13 seasons through 2019. In 2007, the Miners became the first Frontier League team to average over 5,000 per date. In 2014, total attendance rose 21,203, the best increase among all independent teams. Attendance in Marion topped 125,000 in the first 11 seasons, and was over 200,000 from 2007 through 2010. The Miners drew over 150,000 in 8 of those years (2007-2011, 2015-2017). Their average per date was 5,086 in 2007, topped 4,000 through 2010, and was above 2,500 every year until 2019.
- Also joining the Prospect League in 2023 were the **Jackson, TN Rockabillys**, who last played in the 2019 Southern League. **In 2024,** the Rockabillys drew 51,564, up 4,615 (9.8%), averaging 1,842 per date, up 165 (9.8%), with the same number of dates as in 2023. Jackson was the temporary early-season 2021 home of the Winnipeg Goldeyes of the American Association, who could not play at home due to Canadian border restrictions.
- In 2019, Jackson drew 107,131, the 4th lowest total in the team's 22 seasons. Average per date rose 102 to 1,756. Bad weather hurt attendance as the Generals had 6 fewer dates than in 2018, with 9 lost dates. The average topped 4,000 per date in this team's first 3 seasons (1998-2000), but has been below 3,000 each year from 2003 through 2019, and under 2,000 in 9 of the last 15 years. The Generals had drawn over 300,000 in their first 3 years of operation (1998-2000), but have been below 150,000 for the past 15 years, and under 200,000 in their last 17 years.
- Based on 2024-25 A.C. Nielsen TV market estimates, Jackson, which ranks #174, was the smallest market in terms of TV households, with a Double-A team. Bowling Green, KY (Market #180) is the only smaller market with a full-season MLB-affiliated team. Grand Junction (#187), and Great Falls (#191), both in the Pioneer League, are markets smaller than Jackson that had short-season NAPBL teams in 2019.
- **Savannah** played its final season in the South Atlantic League in **2015**, and drew 125,587. Average per date was 1,962. This version of Savannah's team drew a high of 135,415 in 2011. The record-high for any team in Savannah is 217,000 in 1937. A Savannah team drew 192,975 in 1947. Columbia, SC replaced Savannah in 2016.
- The **Bananas**, a Summer Collegiate league team, whose games are a combination of baseball and entertainment, began play in Savannah in 2016, and drew a league-record-high 80,504, averaging 3,659 per date, with 17 sellouts. The Bananas set a new record in 2017, selling out all 26 dates, and drawing 108,498 (4,173 per date). In 2018, the Bananas sold out all 25 dates, and drew 105,733 (4,229 per date). Savannah sold out all games in 2019 as well, drawing a new record-high total of 117,729 in 28 dates, (4,205 per date). In 2021, they sold out all 23 dates and drew 86,407, averaging 3,757 per date. The Bananas sold out all 24 games in Savannah in 2022, drawing 102,133, and averaging 4,256 per date. Their sellout streak stood at more than 200 dates through 2024. They sold out at Major League parks in 2024.
- 'Banana Ball' continued to be played in Savannah in 2024. All games were already sold out before the season. They took the show on the road, playing various teams in 33 cities in 22 states, with 87 games on their 2023 'World Tour.' They drew over 500,000. Over 100 games are scheduled for 2025.

2024 COLLEGIATE SUMMER TEAMS THAT WERE MLB-AFFILIATED OR INDEPENDENT IN 2019 Page 324 2024 vs. 2023 ATTENDANCE

LEAGUE AND TEAM	2024 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>		2024 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	2023 TOTAL <u>ATTEND.</u>	2023 AVG./ <u>DATE</u>	# CHG TOTAL ATT. 2024 v. 2023	# CHG. AVG. <u>'24 v. '23</u>	YEAR PARK <u>OPENED</u>
MLB DRAFT LEAGUE Frederick Keys Mahoning Valley Scrappers State College Spikes Trenton Thunder West Virginia Black Bears Williamsport Croisscutters	96,706 98,856 103,754 196,837 39,897 57,213	36 39 38 37 39 34	2,686 2,535 2,730 5,320 1,023 1,683	92,349 85,215 112,209 196,669 44,236 59,137	2,565 2,303 2,877 5,463 1,164 1,690	4,357 13,641 (8,455) 168 (4,339) (1,924)	121 232 (147) (143) (141) (7)	1990 1999 2006 1994 2015 1923
LEAGUE TOTAL	593,263	223	2,660	589,815	2,669	3,448	(8)	
APPALACHIAN LEAGUE Bluefield (WV) Ridge Runners Bristol (VA) State Lines Burlington (NC) Sock Puppets Danville (VA) Otterbots Elizabethton (TN) River Riders Greeneville (TN) Flyboys Johnson City (TN) Doughboys Kingsport (TN) Axmen Pulaski River Turtles Tri-State (Hunting.WV) Coal Cats Princeton (WV) Whistle Pigs	19,250 26,740 39,947 33,748 20,489 54,796 78,009 43,631 34,172 23,185 373,967	22 23 24 22 22 22 23 24 24 24 228	875 1,215 1,737 1,406 931 2,491 3,546 1,897 1,424 966 1,640	16,728 25,674 46,760 35,339 22,222 45,251 87,719 43,956 26,150 10,427 360,226	760 1,351 2,033 1,536 1,010 2,263 3,655 2,093 1,453 549 1,707	2,522 1,066 (6,813) (1,591) (1,733) 9,545 (9,710) (325) 8,022 13,741	115 (136) (296) (130) (79) 228 (109) (196) (29) (67)	1939 1969 1960 1993 1974 2004 1956 1995 1935 2024 1988
PROSPECT LEAGUE Burlington (IA) Bees Clinton Lumberkings O'Fallon, MO (River City) - Indy Jackson (TN) Rockabillys Thrillville (Marion, IL) Thrillbillies PERFECT GAME LEAGUE Auburn (NY) Doubledays Batavia Muckdogs	24,946 75,372 28,544 51,564 90,927 N/A 46,813	29 28 25 28 25 25	860 2,692 1,142 1,842 3,637 2,341	26,689 80,904 28,370 46,949 63,070 N/A 45,178	920 2,790 978 1,677 2,426 2,259	(1,743) (5,532) 174 4,615 27,857 1,635	(60) (98) 163 165 1,211 82	1947 1937 1999 1998 2007 1995 1996
FUTURES COLLEGIATE LEAGUE Norwich (CT) Sea Unicorns Vermont Lake Monsters New Britain Bees	45,606 83,993 40,119	31 34 27	1,471 2,470 1,486	52,739 72,067 47,680	1,648 2,485 1,703	(7,133) 11,926 (7,561)	(177) (15) (217)	1995 1922 1996

ARIZONA FALL LEAGUE - FOR MLB-AFFILIATED PRO MINOR LEAGUERS

ARIZONA FALL LEAGUE - Figures from this league are not included in any 'all leagues' totals										
Glendale Desert Dogs	4,192	14	299	3,786	252	406	47	2009		
Mesa Solar Sox	5,301	15	353	6,517	466	(1,216)	(112)	2014		
Peoria Javelinas	6,342	15	423	5,754	411	588	12	1994		
Salt River Rafters	8,668	15	578	7,134	476	1,534	102	2011		
Scottsdale Scorpions	6,257	14	447	5,960	397	297	50	1992		
Surprise Saguros	5,097	13	392	4,564	304	533	88	2011		
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LEAGUE TOTAL	35,857	86	417 İ	33,715	383	2,142	34			

2024 SUMMER COLLEGIATE LEAGUES WITH LISTED ATTENDANCE

<u>LEAGUE</u>	TOTAL <u># TEAMS</u>	# TEAMS LISTING <u>ATTEND.</u>	TOTAL <u>ATTENDANCE</u>	TEAMS W. ATT. <u># DATES</u>	AVERAGE ATTEND. <u>PER DATE</u>	LEAGUE ATTEND. <u>LEADER</u>	TOTAL <u>ATTENDANCE</u>	<u># DATES</u>	AVERAGE ATTEND. <u>PER DATE</u>
Alaska	5	1	6,179	21	294	Peninsula	6,179	21	294
Appalachian	10	10	373,967	228	1,640	Johnson City	78,009	22	3,546
Cal Ripken Collegiate	8	7	20,967	126	166	Bethesda	11,505	20	575
Cape Cod	10	10	311,592	200	1,558	Chatham	44,862	20	2,243
Coastal Plain	15	15	443,630	400	1,109	Macon	62,677	25	2,507
Florida Collegiate	6	3	10,380	47	221	Leesburg	9,506	15	634
Futures Collegiate	7	7	288,977	198	1,459	Vermont	83,993	34	2,470
Great Lakes Summer	7	5	17,403	85	205	Lima	7,319	16	457
Independence	5	5	72,204	165	438	Casper	18,978	33	575
Mid-America	6	4	57,362	143	401	Abilene	30,928	35	884
M.I.N.K.	8	5	86,884	109	797	St. Joseph	77,046	27	2,854
MLB Draft *	6	6	593,263	223	2,660	Trenton	196,837	37	5,320
New England Collegiate	13	13	276,607	267	1,036	Martha's Vineyard	67,232	22	3,056
New York Collegiate	11	7	20,958	121	173	Olean	9,167	17	539
Northwoods	26	25	1,339,157	887	1,510	Madison	217,070	35	6,202
Perfect Game	16	10	188,224	193	975	Elmira	57,822	18	3,212
Prospect	18	18	649,743	479	1,356	Thrillville	90,927	25	3,637
Sunbelt	8	7	17,086	95	180	Gainesville, GA	4,784	13	368
Valley Baseball	12	7	33,889	138	246	Purcellville	15,775	20	789
West Coast Collegiate	16	16	653,331	425	1,537	Edmonton	116,871	25	4,675
Western Canadian	12	12	369,260	326	1,133	Okotoks	127,622	28	4,558
TOTAL	225	193	5,831,063	4,876	1,196	Madison	217,070	35	6,202

Sources: League Websites, Ballpark Digest

SOME CONCLUDING "JUST FOR THE FUN OF IT" STATS

The all-time high MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) Minor League total regular season attendance is 43,263,740 in 2008. Could that record have been broken, fairly soon, if the number of teams wasn't reduced in 2021? Relocated teams, more new ballparks, a sound economy, NO COVID PANDEMIC, and a year with unusually good weather, could have easily resulted in a new record-high attendance, maybe even in 2021.

The great Hall-of Famer Yogi Berra (1925-2015) once said, "It's tough to make predictions, especially about the future." Estimating future attendance records is, at best, an educated guess. But just for fun, based on the 2019 roster of NAPBL leagues and teams, here are a couple of totally unscientific estimates of potential attendance:

If each of the 15 NAPBL Minor Leagues in operation in **2019**, drew its all-time high attendance in the same season, total attendance would be 46,434,694. The odds of each league drawing its record-high attendance in the same year was quite small. But that total was only 7.3% above the pre-2021 record-high total attendance, and was certainly reachable, even fairly soon, had there been no reduction in the number of teams.

Taking this a step further, if each of the 176 MLB-affiliated (NAPBL) **2019** Minor League teams drew its all-time high attendance in the same season, total attendance would be 57,825,512. This figure was very unlikely to be reached any time soon. Of course, not every team would have to set a new record for this total to be reached.

Now if you really want to tackle an interesting math question, figure out what's the probability of all 176 teams setting a new record-high attendance in the same season. It might help to know that 16 of these 176 teams set a record-high in 2017, 6 teams had new total attendance highs in 2018, and 17 teams drew record-high totals in 2019.

Starting in **2021**, all MLB-affiliated teams that charge admission to their games, are full-season teams. The actual record-high total attendance for MLB-affiliated U.S. full-season teams is 35,447,963, for 120 teams, set in 2008. (The 40 short-season teams in operation in 2008 are not included in this total, nor is the Mexican League.) As things get back to normal, and more new ballparks open, this record may well be within reach.

If you add up the record-high total attendance for each of the 120 MLB-affiliated teams that charge admission, and are in operation in **2021**, **2022**, **2023**, **and 2024**, the number you get is 45,970,660. That figure would be tough to reach any time soon. And the probability of each team setting a record-high in the same year? About the same probability that the author of this report will find every single error or typo in it while proofreading and fact-checking.

A NON-SPORTS ATTENDANCE STAT

Taylor Swift's Eras tour sold 10,168,008 tickets for 149 sold-out performances. This is an average of 68,242 per show. Source: TIME Magazine